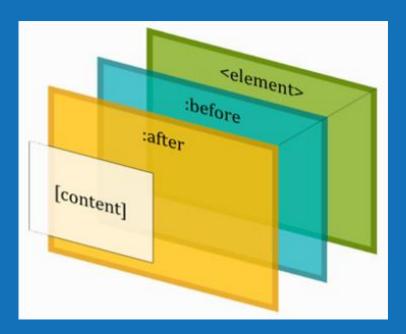




### **Pseudo-Elements**



- > This is used to style specified parts of an element.
- As an example, a pseudo-element can be used to style the first letter or the first line of an element. The pseudo-elements can also be used to insert the content after or before an element.

#### **Syntax:**

```
selector::pseudo-element {
  property: value;
}
```



The most commonly used pseudo-elements are as follows -

pseudo-element	Description
::first-letter (:first-letter)	It selects the first letter of the text.
::first-line (:first-line)	It styles the first line of the text.
::before (:before)	It is used to add something before the element's content.
::after (:after)	It is used to add something after the element's content.
::selection	It is used to select the area of an element that is selected by the user.





As per W3C recommendation, ::pseudo-element is recommended over :pseudo-element although the browser won't give any error if you use any of these syntax's. As per CSS3,Double colon (::) is used while CSS2 uses single colon(:)

For Example:

::first-letter is recommended instead of :first-letter



```
::first-line
                       ::first-letter
  This is paragraph
                        First letter is 30px
      first line
p::first-line{
                     p::first-letter{
color:blue;}
                     font-size:30px;}
               Pseudo Elements
                          ::after
  ::before
                         This paragraph has
  **This paragraph
                           after effects**
  has before effects
p::before{
                       p::after{
                       content:
content: "**";}
```





# Thank you

