



CSS UNITS (COMPRARISON)



CSS has 2 kinds of units: absolute & relative

absolute: px, pt, pc, in, on, on

relative: en, ren, ch, ex, ww. wh. %

0 is the same. in all units John (margin: 0;

you don't need to easy type or ion, it is always the same.

CSS units

the root element's

font size font-size: 14px; this means tree - 14pc everywhere in the document

in, cm, mm. Great for print stylesheets, not so good for web

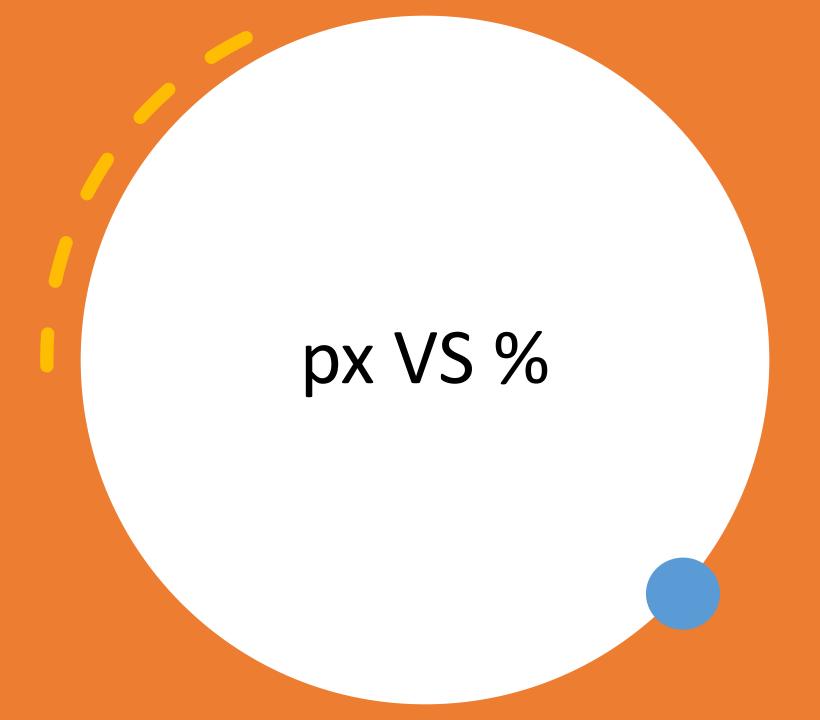
Yes, vis. 188vw is the viewport width 380vh is the viewport height

6273 the current element's font size. band tob, these 2 elements have different. values of Jan.

rem & em help with a.ccessibility

.modal (width: 20mm; this acoles micely if the user increases their browser's

default fort size.







100 px

50 %



100 px

50 %

100 px

50 %



Pixel(px) -> absolute width

(Absolute meaning : fixed)

Percentage (%) -> Width based on parent's size

Therefore, % is Relative.

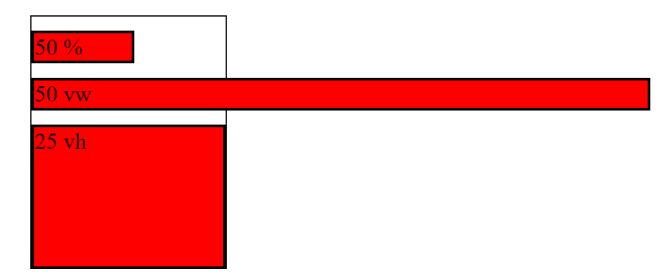














1vw = 1 % of width of entire screen

100 vw = entire width

50 vw = half the width

vw/vh = depend on the entire width of screen.



rem VS em



1 rem 1 em



1 rem
1 em
2 rem
2 rem



1 rem 1 em

2 rem

2 em

1 rem

1 em

2 rem

2 em



rem and em are not relative to height and width of the parent, instead relative to the font-size.

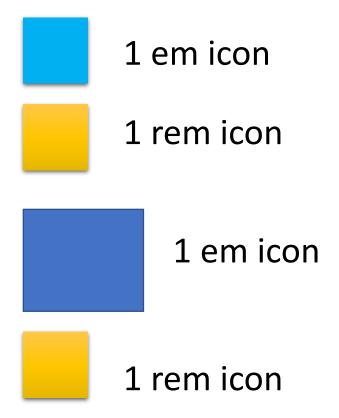
rem -> relative to the font-size of the root.

em -> relative to font-size of parent



Practice problem!

(Apply em and rem on these icons)







Thank you

