Experiment No. 11

Aim: To study and implement deployment of your app to GitHub Pages.

Theory:

Step 1: Creating a flutter web project.

To create a flutter web project, you have to be in one of the following flutter channels: beta, dev or master. Change your channel and upgrade it, if you were in stable and then proceed to the next step.

Enable support for flutter-web in terminal/command-prompt:

\$ flutter config --enable-web

Now, create your flutter project like you usually do and it will have web support. If you want to add web support to an existing project you can use the following command inside the directory:

\$ flutter create.

After creating your flutter project, you can check if you have the web directory. It shows that your project supports flutter-web.

The sources for the examples are at the end of this page.

Now, you can also publish it on GitHub.

Step 2: Making your flutter-web build.

You can make a release build for the flutter-web using the command:

\$ flutter build web --release

Now, you will have a new directory named build and you will find your web build in it, like this.

Now if you look inside that web folder, you will find the build files. As the dart code trans compiles into javascript code with HTML and CSS, the starting point of the build naturally, is the index.html .

Step 3: Publishing the build to GitHub.

You can now start a new repository or clone a repository you already have in a new folder/location .

This is how the cloned repository will look like (mine is just empty).

Then rename it to web and paste it into flutter-project/build/ directory, before really building the web build.

Now, that you have done everything, you can edit your flutter code just like you want, anytime from the flutter-project and build it. Then the changes can be committed and pushed from flutter-project/build/web . This reduces our worry to handle the build files to host and maintain two different repositories, one for the flutter project and the other exclusively for hosting.

tip: You can add build directory to your .gitignore file in your flutter project folder to avoid confusion and repetition.

Step 4: Hosting it on GitHub Pages.

After you have successfully pushed the build files you got from the flutter project, go to the repository page. Then, navigate to the settings, you will find a title "GitHub Pages". Select your source as main branch and save.

Code:

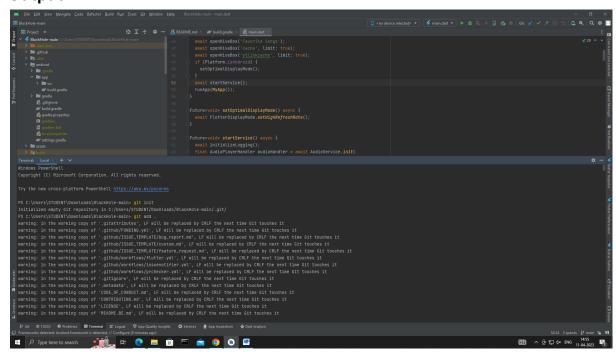
```
Future<void> main() async {
WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensureInitialized();
await openHiveBox('settings');
runApp (MyApp());
Future<void> setOptimalDisplayMode() async {
await FlutterDisplayMode.setHighRefreshRate();
Future<void> startService() async {
await initializeLogging();
 final AudioPlayerHandler audioHandler = await AudioService.init(
  builder: () => AudioPlayerHandlerImpl(),
  config: AudioServiceConfig(
    androidNotificationChannelId: 'com.shadow.blackhole.channel.audio',
    androidNotificationChannelName: 'BlackHole',
GetIt.I.registerSingleton<MyTheme>(MyTheme());
Future<void> openHiveBox(String boxName, {bool limit = false})                async {
final box = await Hive.openBox(boxName).onError((error, stackTrace) async {
```

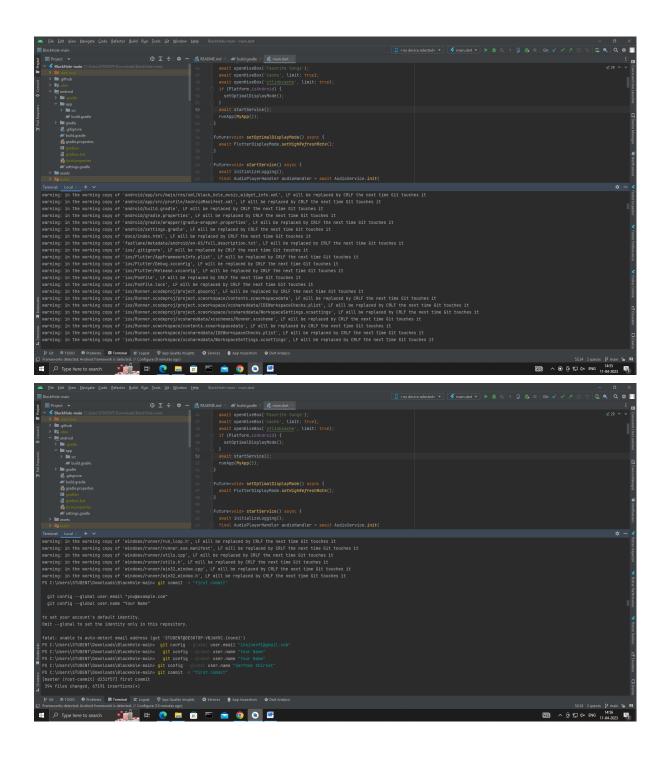
```
lockFile = File('$dirPath/BlackHole/$boxName.lock');
  await dbFile.delete();
  await lockFile.delete();
  await Hive.openBox(boxName);
  box.clear();
class MyApp extends StatefulWidget {
 MyAppState createState() => MyAppState();
final GlobalKey<NavigatorState> navigatorKey = GlobalKey<NavigatorState>();
ReceiveSharingIntent.getTextStream().listen(
    onError: (err) {
```

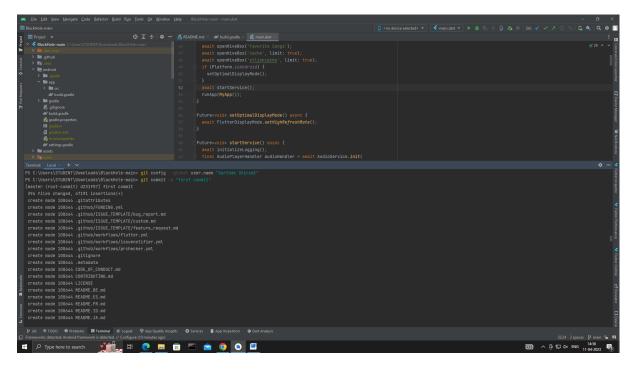
```
ReceiveSharingIntent.getMediaStream().listen(
Widget initialFuntion() {
      ? HomePage()
  SystemChrome.setSystemUIOverlayStyle(
    SystemUiOverlayStyle(
```

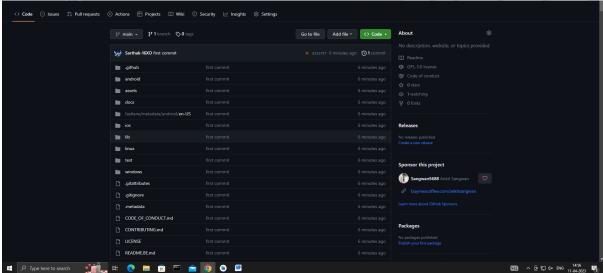
```
GlobalCupertinoLocalizations.delegate,
'/pref': (context) => const PrefScreen(),
'/setting': (context) => const SettingPage(),
'/recent': (context) => RecentlyPlayed(),
  return PageRouteBuilder(
```

Output:-









Github Link: https://github.com/yash1501-arch/blogapp

Conclusion: Hence we have successfully tested and deployed production ready Flutter App on Android platform.