

Comparison of abstract classes and Interfaces

- Interface and Abstract class are Executable.

package practice;

public interface InterfaceExample

{

public static void main (String[] args)

{

System.out.println ("Interface is Executable!");

}

}

output: Interface is Executable!

package practice;

public abstract class AbstractClassExample

{

public static void main (String[] args)

{

System.out.println ("Abstract class is Executing!");

}

}

output: Abstract class is Executing!



- Interface can have a variable. variable inside interface can be public, static, final. if we didn't declare variable as public, static, final. then also it is treated as public, static, final.
- Interface can also have a abstract method.
- Interface can also have a static method.
- Interface can also have a default method.
- Interface can also have a main method.

```
package practice;  
public interface InterfaceExample  
{  
    public static final int x=10;  
    int y=20; //public static final int y=20;  
    public abstract void fun1()  
    void fun2(); //public abstract void fun2();  
    public static void fun3(){  
        System.out.println("This is static method");  
    }  
    public default void fun4(){  
        System.out.println("This is default  
        method");  
    }  
}
```




```
public AbstractClassExample(){
    System.out.println("This is Constructor");
}
static {
    System.out.println("This is static Block");
}
public static void main(String[] args){
    System.out.println("This is main method");
}
}
```

- Abstract class can have reference variable.
public abstract class AbstractClassExample
{
 public static void main(String[] args)
 {
 AbstractClassExample ref;
 }
}

- Interface can have reference variable.
public interface InterfaceExample
{
 public static void main(String[] args)
 {
 InterfaceExample ref;
 }
}



- We can not Create an Object of interface.

```
package practice;  
public interface InterfaceExample  
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)  
    {  
        InterfaceExample ref = new InterfaceExample(); //Error  
    }  
}
```

- We can not Create an Object of Abstract Class.

```
package practice;  
public abstract class AbstractClassExample  
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)  
    {  
        AbstractClassExample ref = new AbstractClassExample();  
    }  
}
```

