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**NETWORKING & SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION LAB**

**Experiment No.: 6**

**Aim**

Familiarization of basic Linux commands part 4

**Procedure**

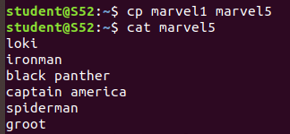
**1. cp**

This commands in Linux allows you to copy a file or an entire directory to another

Directory specified.

**Syntax:-** $ cp file\_to\_be\_copied directory\_name

**Output:-**

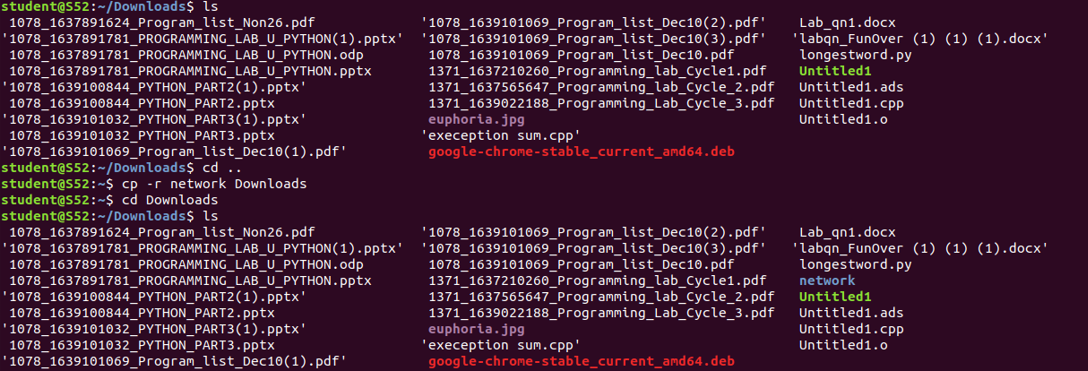


**2. cp –r**

This command in Linux allow us to copy an entire directory into another directory

**Syntax:-** $ cp –r source\_directory destination\_directory

**Output:-**

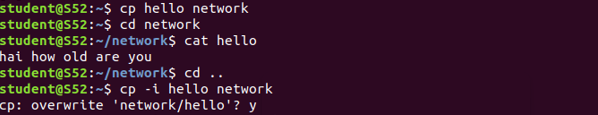


**3.** **cp - i**

This command helps to make a decision regarding overwrite that may happen in case of copying a same named file (but different in content) from the source folder to the destination folder.

**Syntax:-** $ cp - i filename destination\_folder

**Output:-**

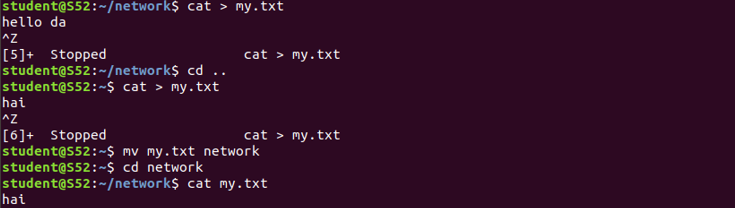


**4. mv**

This command will move a specific file or directory to another directory

**Syntax:-** $ mv file\_name/directory\_name destination\_directory

**Output:-**

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**5. mv -i**

This command enables a dialog to take a wise decision about overwrite in case of moving

A file with the same name as that of one already exist in the destination directory.

**Syntax:-** $ mv - i filename destination\_path

**Output:-**

