

EXPERIMENT-1

P. VISHNU SAI

Aim:- To implement a C program to perform Symbol Table Operations.

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#define NULL 0

int size=6

void Insert();
void Display();
void Delete();

Case:-1
Insert();
break;

Case:- 2:
Display();
break;

Case:- 3
Delete();
break;

Case:- 4
printf("Enter the label to be searched");
scanf("%s", l);
y = search(l);
if(y == -1)
    printf("The label is present in the symbol table");
else
    printf("The label is not present in the symbol table");


```

else

```
printf("In't The Label is not present in the symbol  
table\n");
```

```
break;
```

```
int a;
```

```
char t[10];
```

```
struct SymbTab * p,* q;
```

```
p=first;
```

```
printf("In' Enter the lab -to be deleted : ");
```

```
scanf("%s", t);
```

```
a = Search(1); If (a == 0)
```

```
printf("In't Label not found\n");
```

```
Size--;
```

```
printf("In't After Deletion : \n");
```

```
Display()
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Sample Output

Symbol table implementation

INSERT

DISPLAY

DELETE

SEARCH

MODIFY

END

Result C program for symbol pattern representation
is Executed.

EXPERIMENT - 2

P.VISHNU Sai

AIM: To write a program for identify identifiers, Constants and operations.

Program :-

```
#include <string.h>
#include <cctype.h>
#include <stdio.h>

FILE *f1,*f2,*f3;
char c,str[10],st[10];
int num[100],lineno=0, tokenvalue = 0, i=0, j=0,
k=0;

f1 = fopen ("input", "w");
while (c = getchar ()) != EOF) putc (c, f1);
fclose (f1);

f1 = fopen ("input", "r");
f2 = fopen ("identifiers", "w");
f3 = fopen ("Specialchar.", "w");

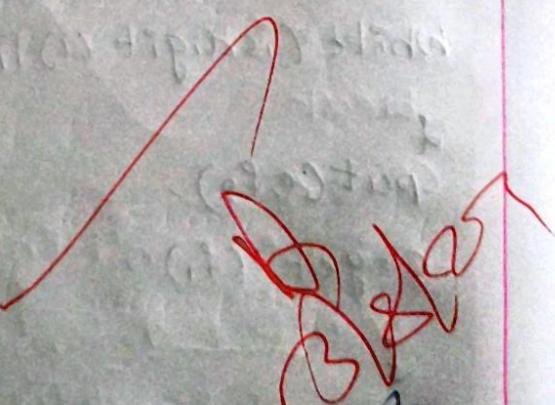
while ((isdigit (c)) || isalpha (c)) || (c == '-' || c == '+')) {
    putc (c, f2);
    c = getc (f1);
}

putc (' ', f2)
engetc (f1);
}
```

```

if(c == ' ') c = 'H';
printf("%c",c);
else if(c == '\n') linenot++;
else
    putc(c,fs);
}
fclose(fs);
fclose(fs);
fclose(f1);
printf("In the nos in the program are:");
for(j=0; j<i; j++)
    printf("%d. num[%d]\n");
f2=fopen("identifier","r");
if(cc == ' ') str[K++] = ' ';
else
    str[K] = '0';
Keyword(str);
K=0;
j
3
fclose(f2);

```



Output:- Variables Operator : + ; is constant

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Keywords : int if then Else endt special symbols : //

Comments : this a comment in line

Result C program to identifying constants Operations.

Experiment - 3

P. VISHNU SOL

Aim:- Implement a C program to eliminate left recursion from a given CFG.

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SIZE 10
int main(){
    char non-terminal,
        char beta, alpha;
    int num;
    char production[10][SIZE];
    int index=0;
    printf("Enter no of production :");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("Enter the grammar E->E->A :ln");
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%s", production[i]);
    }
    non-terminal = production[0][index];
    alpha = production[0][index+1];
    printf("is left recursive :ln");
    while (production[0][index] != 0)
    {
        printf("%c->%c->%c", non-terminal, beta,
               non-terminal);
```

```
printf ("In if. C1->GC + cl'm, non-terminal  
alpha, non-terminal);
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
printf ("can't be reached);
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
printf ("is not left recursive) index -3
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Sample Output

```
Enter number of production: 4 Enter the
```

```
grammar E->E-A: B->EA|A
```

```
A->AT|a T->a
```

```
E->
```

GRAMMER :::: T->a is not left recursive

GRAMMER :::: E-> it not left recursive

Result

To implement a C program to eliminate left recursion CFG is Executed Successfully.

10/10

4. Left factoring

P VISHNU SAI

AIM:- To implement a c program to eliminate left factoring from a given CFG.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char gram[20], part1[20], part2[20], modified
    [20];
    int i, j=0, k=0, pos;
    printf("Enter production : A → ");
    gets(gram);
    part1[0] = '1';
    for(i=0; i<strlen(part1) || i<strlen(part2); i++)
    {
        if (part1[i] == part2[i])
        {
            modified[k] = part1[i];
            k++;
            pos = i+1;
            newGram[i+k] = '1';
        }
    }
    for(i=pos, j=0, part1[i]; j++).
}
```

Output

Enter production $A \rightarrow abcx \mid abcFG$
 $A \rightarrow abc \times x \rightarrow DEFG$

Result - c program for left factoring is executed.

5. COUNT THE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS, WORDS, LINES.

Aim: To write a C program for implementing a Lexical Analyzer to scan and count the number of characters, words & lines in a file.

Program

```
#include <csdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    FILE *file;
    char path[100];
    char ch;
    int characters, words, lines;
    printf("Enter source file path:");
    scanf("%s", path);
    file = fopen(path, "r");
    if (file == NULL)
        printf("In Unable to open file\n");
    printf("please check if file exists & you have read privilege");
    Exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
```

}

characters = words - lines

```
while (ch = fget(file) != EOF)
    characters,
```



```

if (ch == ' ' || ch == '\t' || ch == '\n' || ch == '\0')
    words++;
}

if (character > 0) {
    words++;
    lines++;
}
printf("\n")
printf("Total characters = %.d\n", character);
printf("Total words = %.d\n", words);
printf("Total lines = %.d\n", lines);
return 0;
}

```

Output

Enter source file path: input.txt

Total characters: 8

Total words: 2

Total lines: 1

Result:- c program for implementing a lexical analysis to scan & count the no of characters, words & lines in a file.

6. COMPUTATION OF FIRST

Aim:- To write a C program for to find first & follow for the predictive parser.

Program

```
#include<csdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void FIRST(char S, char);
void addToResultSet(char T, char);
int num of productions;
char productionSet[10][10];
int main()
{
    int i;
    char choice;
    char c;
    char result[10];
    printf("How many no of production");
    scanf("%d", &num of productions);
    for(i=0;i<num of productions;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter production %d", i+1);
        scanf("%s", productionSet[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter start symbol");
    scanf("%c", &c);
    printf("Enter choice");
    scanf("%c", &choice);
    while(choice != 'y' || choice != 'Y')
    {
        FIRST(c, choice);
        choice = 'y';
    }
}
```

```
void FIRST (char* Result, char)
```

{

```
int i, j, k;
```

```
char subresult [20];
```

```
int foundEpsilon;
```

```
subResult [0] = '10';
```

```
Result [0] = '10';
```

```
return;
```

}

```
int k =
```

```
for (k=0; Result[k] != '10'; k++)
```

```
if (Result[k] == -val)
```

```
return;
```

```
Result[k] = val;
```

```
Result[k+1] = '10';
```

}

Output :-

Enter production α_1 , $= E = TD$

Enter production α_2

Enter " α_3

" . α_4

" . α_5

$D = T + TD$

$D = \emptyset$

$T = FS$

$S = ^*FS$

$S = \emptyset$



Result :- C program for computation of Test is
executed successfully.

7 Computation of FOLLOW

Aim:- Write a C program to find FOLLOW set for predictive parser.

Program :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
char production[10][10], array[10];
int main()
{
    int count;
    char option, ch;
    printf("Enter Total no of production");
    scanf("%d", &count);
    for (count = 0; count < limit; count++)
    {
        do
            x = 0;
        printf("Enter production value to find follow");
        scanf("%c", &ch);
        void findFollow(ch);
    }
    int i, j;
    int length = strlen(production[i]);
    if (production[i][length - 1] == ch)
```


8. COMMENT OR NOT

Aim: To implement C program to identify whether a given line is comment or not.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
Void main()
{
    Char Com[30];
    Int i=0, a=0;
    Printf(" Enter comment:");
    a=1;
    break;
    If (a==0)
        Print(" It is not a comment");
    Else {
        Print(" It is a comment");
    }
}
```

Output:

Enter Comment: hello

It is Comment.

Result: C program to identify whether a given line is comment or not is completed.

9. Identifier or not.

P. VISHNU SAI

Aim:- Write a program → to test whether given identifier is valid or not.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
Void main()
{
    char a[10];
    int flag, i=1;
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter a identifier: ");
    gets(a);
    if (!alpha(a[0]))
        flag=1; else
    printf("not valid");
    while (a[i]) i='0';
    if (flag==0) break;
    getch();
}
```

Output :- First
valid identifier.

Brshay

Result The program for identifier is
successfully completed.

No. Predictive Parsing

Aim:- To write a program for
constructing of LLL parsing.

Program:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
int main()
{
    char m[5][6] = { "AB. .:." };
    int size[5][6];
    int j, k, n, str1, str2;
    printf("Enter the input string");
    scanf("%s", &s);
    switch (stack[n])
    {
        case 'c':
            str1 = 0;
            break;
        case 'b':
            str1 = 1;
            break;
        case 't':
            str1 = 2;
            break;
        case 'e':
            str1 = 3;
            break;
    }
```

Switch (STI))

```

{
    case 'i':
        str2 = 0;
        break;
    case 't':
        str2 = 1;
        break;
    case 'x':
        str2 = 2;
        break;
    case '(':
        str2 = 3;
        break;
    case ')':
        str2 = 4;
        break;
    case '$':
        str2 = 5;
        break;
}
printf("In Success");
getch();
}

Output!-
$bt print
$bt SUCCESS

```

Result: C program for constructing cc is completed.

D
B
3
d-23

6. Computation of First

Aim:- To Execute a program to construct
Grecoivive descent parsing.

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
char input[100];
int i, t;
void main();
if (input[Ti+1] == '0')
    printf ("String is accepted");
else
    printf ("String is not accepted");
getch();
else
    return(0);
}
if (input[i] == '+')
{
    i++;
    if T()
    {
        if (EP())
            return(1);
        else
```

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```
return 0;  
Else  
if E()  
return();  
}  
if (input[i] == ' ')  
{  
i++;  
if E()  
Else  
return(0);  
}  
Else  
return(0);  
}  
return(0);
```

Output :-

E → TE'
E → +TE'@
T → RT'
T → *FT'L@
F → (E) / ID



10
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Result :-

- The c program to construct Recursive descent parsing is executed successfully.

12. STACK-SHIFT REDUCE PARSER

Aim:- To write a C program for stack implementation to the shift Reduce parser.

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
char ip[5], sym[5], stack[5]
char act[5];
int main()
{
    printf("SHIFT REDUCE PARSER");
    printf("In GRAMMER");
    len = strlen(ip, sym);
    if(sym[ip - ptr] == '-')
        ip - ptr = ;
    str - pt ++;
}
ptr - ptr + f;
check();
if(flag == 0)
    Err();
return 1;
else if(a+b == $)
    shift a
```

Result:- A C program for stack-shift reduce parser is executed.

13. Operator preceeding parser.

P. VISHNU S9

Aim:- To write a C program for Operation Precedence parsing.

Program

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
char *input, int i=0;
char lasthandle, stack[50], handle[5][5]
top = 0;
char pre[9][9] = {
```

Switch(c)

```
{
```

```
case '+':
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
case '-':
```

```
    return 1;
```

```
case '*':
```

```
    return 2;
```

```
case '^':
```

```
    return 3;
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

else

\$i -(i+i)^p Shift

\$R -(i+i)^p Reduced

D 3) & b5

Result:- c program for operation precedence parsing executed successfully.