In [ ]:

import pandas as pd

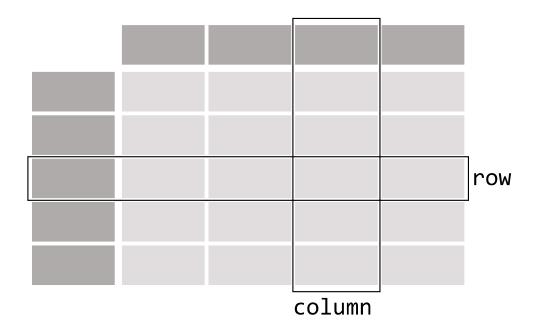
# **Pandas**

Pandas-stands for Panel data and is the core library for data manipulation and data analysis Pandas makes it simple to do many of the time consuming, repetitive tasks associated with working with data



# pandas data table representation

# DataFrame



Pandas Data Structures
Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/fonts/STIX-Web/fontdata.js

1) Series: Pandas is a one-dimensional labeled array and capable of holding data of any type (integer, string, float, python objects, etc.)

Series is nothing but columns of an DataFrame

2) DataFrames: Pandas DataFrame is a two-dimensional size-mutable, potentially heterogeneous tabular data structure with labeled axes (rows and columns).

# Basic example on creation of Series

```
In [57]:
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series(['a','b','c'])
print(s)
0
     а
1
     b
     c
dtype: object
In [58]:
import pandas as pd
s = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5])
print(s)
     1
a
     2
2
     3
3
     4
4
     5
dtype: int64
```

# Basic example on creation of DataFrame

#### In [93]:

```
Name
           Dep Reg_No
      Tom
          CSD
                   320
           CSM
                   126
1
   Joseph
2
    Krish
           CSE
                    55
3
     John
             IT
                    10
```

#### In [71]:

```
import pandas as pd
d1=[['Tom', 'CSD', 320],['Joseph','CSM',126],['krish','CSE',55],['Jhon','IT',10]]
df1=pd.DataFrame(d1,columns=['Name','Sec','Reg_No'],index=['A','B','C','D'])
print(df1)
```

	name	sec	keg_no
Α	Tom	CSD	320
В	Joseph	CSM	126
C	krish	CSE	55
D	Jhon	IT	10

# General Methods

In below code NaN represents null value (or) None

head()---> to access 1st five rows of dataframe

tail()--->to access last five rows of dataframe

info()---->The info() method prints information about the DataFrame

#### In [64]:

```
df.head()
```

#### Out[64]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	Tom	CSD	320
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙΤ	10

#### In [68]:

#As it contains only 4 rows tail returns the last five rows which whole dataframe df.tail()

#### Out[68]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	Tom	CSD	320
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙT	10

```
In [208]:
```

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4 entries, 0 to 3
Data columns (total 3 columns):
     Column Non-Null Count Dtype
 0
     Name
             4 non-null
                             object
             4 non-null
                             object
 1
     Dep
     Reg No 4 non-null
 2
                             object
dtypes: object(3)
memory usage: 224.0+ bytes
```

# Loading a CSV file

### In [264]:

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("Downloads/stack-overflow-developer-survey-2019/survey_results_public.csv")
schema_df=pd.read_csv('Downloads/stack-overflow-developer-survey-2019/survey_results_schema
```

### In [ ]:

```
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 5)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', 5)
```

# In [265]:

# df.head()

# Out[265]:

	Respondent	MainBranch	Hobbyist	OpenSourcer	OpenSource	Employment	Country	s
0	1	I am a student who is learning to code	Yes	Never	The quality of OSS and closed source software	Not employed, and not looking for work	United Kingdom	_
1	2	I am a student who is learning to code	No	Less than once per year	The quality of OSS and closed source software	Not employed, but looking for work	Bosnia and Herzegovina	fı
2	3	I am not primarily a developer, but I write co	Yes	Never	The quality of OSS and closed source software	Employed full-time	Thailand	
3	4	I am a developer by profession	No	Never	The quality of OSS and closed source software	Employed full-time	United States	
4	5	I am a developer by profession	Yes	Once a month or more often	OSS is, on average, of HIGHER quality than pro	Employed full-time	Ukraine	

5 rows × 85 columns

```
In [266]:
```

```
schema_df
```

# Out[266]:

n QuestionTe	Column	
t Randomized respondent ID number (not in order	Respondent	0
Which of the following options best describes	MainBranch	1
bt Do you code as a hobb	Hobbyist	2
r How often do you contribute to open source	OpenSourcer	3
e How do you feel about the quality of open sour	OpenSource	4
Which of the following do you currently ident	Sexuality	80
Which of the following do you identify as? Ple	Ethnicity	81
Do you have any dependents (e.g., children, e	Dependents	82
h How do you feel about the length of the survey	SurveyLength	83
e How easy or difficult was this survey to comp	SurveyEase	84

85 rows × 2 columns

# Arithmetic and data alignment

```
In [251]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
df1 = pd.DataFrame(np.arange(9.).reshape((3,3)), columns=list('bcd'), index=['Ohio', "Texas
df2 = pd.DataFrame(np.arange(12.).reshape((4,3)), columns=list('bde'), index=["Uhah", 'Ohio
```

```
In [253]:
```

```
df1+df2
```

#### Out[253]:

	b	С	d	е
Colorado	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
Ohio	3.0	NaN	6.0	NaN
Oregon	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
Texas	9.0	NaN	12.0	NaN
Uhah	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

```
In [254]:
```

```
df1.add(df2, fill_value=0)
```

### Out[254]:

	b	С	d	е
Colorado	6.0	7.0	8.0	NaN
Ohio	3.0	1.0	6.0	5.0
Oregon	9.0	NaN	10.0	11.0
Texas	9.0	4.0	12.0	8.0
Uhah	0.0	NaN	1.0	2.0

# In [260]:

```
frame = pd.DataFrame(np.arange(12.).reshape((4,3)), columns=list('bde'), index=["Uhah", 'Oh
series2 = pd.Series(range(3), index=['b', 'e', 'f'])
frame + series2
```

# Out[260]:

	b	d	е	f
Uhah	0.0	NaN	3.0	NaN
Ohio	3.0	NaN	6.0	NaN
Texas	6.0	NaN	9.0	NaN
Oregon	9.0	NaN	12.0	NaN

# In [263]:

```
frame.sub(series2, axis=0)
```

# Out[263]:

	b	d	е
Ohio	NaN	NaN	NaN
Oregon	NaN	NaN	NaN
Texas	NaN	NaN	NaN
Uhah	NaN	NaN	NaN
b	NaN	NaN	NaN
е	NaN	NaN	NaN
f	NaN	NaN	NaN

IT

10

```
In [72]:
df['Name']
Out[72]:
        Tom
     Joseph
1
2
      Krish
3
       John
Name: Name, dtype: object
In [73]:
df[['Dep','Reg_No']]
Out[73]:
    Dep Reg_No
  CSD
            320
1 CSM
            126
2 CSE
             55
```

# to assign particular value for a column

```
In [74]:
df['Name']="Krish"
print(df)
   Name Dep Reg_No
  Krish CSD
                 320
  Krish CSM
                 126
  Krish CSE
                  55
2
3
  Krish
           ΙT
                  10
In [75]:
df.columns
Out[75]:
Index(['Name', 'Dep', 'Reg_No'], dtype='object')
```

```
Integer location (iloc) & Non Integer Location (loc)
```

loc syntax--> DataFrame.loc[ ]

Access a group of rows and columns by label(s) or a boolean array

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Purely integer-location based indexing for selection by position

```
In [76]:
```

```
df.iloc[[1,2]]
```

#### Out[76]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
1	Krish	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55

#### In [80]:

```
df.loc[[1,2]]
```

# Out[80]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
1	Krish	CSM	126
2	Krich	CSE	55

# In [77]:

```
df.iloc[[0, 1], 2]
```

# Out[77]:

0 3201 126

Name: Reg\_No, dtype: object

# In [78]:

```
df.loc[[0, 1], ['Name', 'Dep']]
```

#### Out[78]:

	Name	Dep
0	Krish	CSD
1	Krish	CSM

# In [81]:

```
df.loc[[1,2],['Name','Dep','Reg_No']]
```

# Out[81]:

	Name	рер	Reg_No
1	Krish	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55

```
In [ ]:
```

```
#index error
df.iloc[[1,2],['name','team','age']]
df.loc[[0,1],[1,2]]
```

# set\_index method

DataFrame.set\_index(keys, drop=True, append=False, inplace=False,verify\_integrity=False) Set the DataFrame index using existing columns.

Set the DataFrame index (row labels) using one or more existing columns or arrays (of the correct length). The index can replace the existing index or expand on it

```
In [82]:
```

```
df.set_index('Reg_No',inplace=True)
```

```
In [83]:
```

df

#### Out[83]:

```
Name Dep
```

```
Reg_No
```

320 Krish CSD

126 Krish CSM

55 Krish CSE

10 Krish IT

#### In [84]:

```
df.index
```

#### Out[84]:

```
Index(['320', '126', '55', '10'], dtype='object', name='Reg_No')
```

#### In [85]:

```
df.iloc[0]
```

# Out[85]:

Name Krish Dep CSD

Name: 320, dtype: object

# Reset index

syntax=>DataFrame.reset\_index(level=None,drop=False,inplace=False,col\_level=0, col\_fill=")

Reset the index of the DataFrame, and use the default one instead

#### In [86]:

```
df.reset_index(inplace=True)
df
```

# Out[86]:

	Reg_No	Name	Dep
0	320	Krish	CSD
1	126	Krish	CSM
2	55	Krish	CSE
3	10	Krish	ΙΤ

# Re-Indexing

Reindexing changes the row labels and column labels of a DataFrame. To reindex means to conform the data to match a given set of labels along a particular axis

#### In [87]:

```
new_ind=['A','B','C','D']
new_df=df.reindex(new_ind)
print(new_df)
```

```
Reg_No Name
               Dep
     NaN NaN
               NaN
В
     NaN
         NaN
               NaN
     NaN
         NaN
               NaN
C
D
     NaN
         NaN
               NaN
```

above the values are set to NaN, which is the default behaviour when the new index is not the same as the old.

# Rename column by index

Pandas rename() method is used to rename any index, column or row.

**Syntax-->**DataFrame.rename\_axis(mapper=None, index=None, columns=None, axis=None, copy=True, inplace=False)

#### In [90]:

```
import pandas as pd
df2 = pd.DataFrame({'a': [1, 2], 'b': [3, 4], 'c': [7, 8]})
mapping = {df.columns[0]: 'new0', df.columns[1]: 'new1'}
su = df2.rename(columns=mapping)
display(su)
```

```
        new0
        new1
        c

        0
        1
        3
        7

        1
        2
        4
        8
```

# Dropping entries from axis

#### In [96]:

```
Name
            Dep Reg_No
0
      Tom
            CSD
                    320
   Joseph
           CSM
                    126
1
2
    Krish
           CSE
                     55
3
     John
             IT
                     10
```

#### In [97]:

```
#dropping row
ndf=df.drop([0,1],axis=0)
print(ndf)
```

```
Name Dep Reg_No
Krish CSE 55
John IT 10
```

# In [98]:

```
#dropping column
n_df=df.drop(['Name','Dep'],axis=1)
print(n_df)
```

```
Reg_No
0 320
1 126
2 55
3 10
```

```
In [99]:
```

```
#dropping both rows&columns
n_df=df.drop(index=2,columns='Reg_No')
print(n_df)
```

```
Name Dep
0 Tom CSD
1 Joseph CSM
3 John IT
```

# **Filtering**

filt is used to extract a particular rows & columns

# Filtering: Using Conditionals to FilterRows and Columns

```
In [100]:
df['Name']=='Krish'
Out[100]:
     False
     False
1
      True
     False
3
Name: Name, dtype: bool
In [101]:
filt=(df['Dep']=='CSE')
In [102]:
df.loc[filt]
Out[102]:
   Name
         Dep Reg_No
   Krish CSE
                  55
In [103]:
df.loc[filt,'Dep']
Out[103]:
Nameing Rean Jack to Web/fontdata.js
```

```
In [104]:
```

```
df.loc[filt,['Dep','Reg_No']]
```

### Out[104]:

```
Dep Reg_No
2 CSE
           55
```

Can't use python built-in 'AND' and 'OR', so need to use symbols '&' and '|'

#### In [105]:

```
filt = (df['Name']=='Krish') & (df['Reg_No'] == '55')
df.loc[filt]
```

#### Out[105]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No	
2	Krish	CSE	55	

#### In [106]:

```
filt=(df['Name']=='Joseph') | (df['Reg_No']=='55')
df.loc[filt]
```

#### Out[106]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55

#### In [107]:

```
df.loc[filt,['Name','Dep']]
```

### Out[107]:

	Name	рер
1	Joseph	CSM

# Krish CSE

#### In [108]:

2

```
#tilde simply it is the negation of the filter
df.loc[~filt]
```

# Out[108]:

	Name	рер	Reg_No
0	Tom	CSD	320
3 Lo	John pading [Ma	IT thJax]/ja	10 x/output/HTI

# DataFrame Alignments

syntax:DataFrame.align(other,join='outer',axis=None)

# In [112]:

```
df = pd.DataFrame(
    [[1, 2, 3, 4], [6, 7, 8, 9]], columns=["D", "B", "E", "A"], index=[1, 2]
)
df2=pd.DataFrame([[10, 20, 30, 40], [60, 70, 80, 90], [600, 700, 800, 900]],
    columns=["A", "B", "C", "D"],
    index=[2, 3, 4],
)
df
```

#### Out[112]:

```
D B E A1 1 2 3 42 6 7 8 9
```

#### In [113]:

df2

# Out[113]:

	Α	В	С	D
2	10	20	30	40
3	60	70	80	90
4	600	700	800	900

Align on columns:

#### In [114]:

```
x,y=df.align(df2,join='inner',axis=1)
x
```

#### Out[114]:

```
D B A1 1 2 42 6 7 9
```

#### In [115]:

У

# Out[115]:

	D	В	Α
2	40	20	10

- **3** 90 70 60
- 4 900 700 600

align on index

# In [116]:

```
x,y=df.align(df2,join='outer',axis=0)
x
```

# Out[116]:

	D	В	E	Α
1	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0

- **2** 6.0 7.0 8.0 9.0
- 3 NaN NaN NaN NaN
- 4 NaN NaN NaN NaN

#### In [117]:

У

# Out[117]:

	Α	В	С	D
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0
3	60.0	70.0	80.0	90.0
4	600 O	700.0	800 O	900.0

# In [118]:

```
x,y=df.align(df2,join='outer',axis=None)
x
```

# Out[118]:

	Α	В	С	D	E
1	4.0	2.0	NaN	1.0	3.0
2	9.0	7.0	NaN	6.0	8.0
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

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```
In [119]:
```

```
У
```

# Out[119]:

	Α	В	С	D	E
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	NaN
3	60.0	70.0	80.0	90.0	NaN
4	600.0	700.0	0.008	900.0	NaN

# Groupby

It creates a sub DataFrame from existing one

Due to this the descriptive statistical analysis will be easier on required Series

syntax=DataFrame.groupby(by=None,axis=0,level=None) by=mapping---> Used to determine the groups for the groupby

### In [120]:

```
import pandas as pd

data = {
    'co2': [95, 90, 99, 104, 105, 94, 99, 104],
    'model': ['Citigo', 'Fabia', 'Fiesta', 'Rapid', 'Focus', 'Mondeo', 'Octavia', 'B-Max'],
    'car': ['Skoda', 'Skoda', 'Ford', 'Skoda', 'Ford', 'Ford', 'Skoda', 'Ford']
}

df5 = pd.DataFrame(data)
print(df5.groupby(["car"]).mean())
```

co2 car Ford 100.5 Skoda 97.0

```
In [121]:
l = [["a", 12, 12], [None, 12.3, 33.], ["b", 12.3, 123], ["a", 1, 1]]
df5 = pd.DataFrame(1, columns=["a", "b", "c"])
Out[121]:
0
      a 12.0
               12.0
   None 12.3
              33.0
      b 12.3 123.0
         1.0
               1.0
      а
In [122]:
df5.groupby(by="a").sum()
Out[122]:
     b
           С
  13.0
         13.0
b 12.3 123.0
In [123]:
df5.groupby(by="a", dropna=False).sum()
Out[123]:
              С
   a 13.0
   b 12.3
          123.0
```

# Updating columns of DataFrame

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NaN 12.3

33.0

#### In [157]:

```
Dep Reg_No
     Name
                   320
0
      Tom
           CSD
   Joseph
          CSM
                   126
1
                    55
2
    Krish
           CSE
3
     John
            ΙT
                    10
```

#### In [158]:

```
df2.columns=['names','sec','reg no']
df
```

#### Out[158]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	Tom	CSD	320
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙT	10

#### In [159]:

```
df.columns=[x.upper() for x in df.columns]
df
```

# Out[159]:

	NAME	DEP	REG_NO
0	Tom	CSD	320
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙT	10

# In [160]:

```
df.rename(columns={'NAMES':'S_NAMES','SEC':'D_NAME','REG NO':'ROLL_NO'},inplace=True)
df
```

# Out[160]:

	NAME	DEP	REG_NO
0	Tom	CSD	320
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	IT	10

# In [161]:

```
df.loc[2, ['S_NAMES', 'ROLL_NO']] = ['Vijay', '046']
df
```

# Out[161]:

	NAME	DEP	REG_NO	S_NAMES	ROLL_NO
0	Tom	CSD	320	NaN	NaN
1	Joseph	CSM	126	NaN	NaN
2	Krish	CSE	55	Vijay	046
3	John	ΙT	10	NaN	NaN

# In [162]:

```
df.at[2,'D_NAME']='CSD'
df
```

#### Out[162]:

	NAME	DEP	REG_NO	S_NAMES	ROLL_NO	D_NAME
0	Tom	CSD	320	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	Joseph	CSM	126	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	Krish	CSE	55	Vijay	046	CSD
3	John	ΙT	10	NaN	NaN	NaN

# **Updating rows**

```
In [191]:
```

```
Name
           Dep Reg_No
           CSD
                   320
0
      Tom
   Joseph
           CSM
                   126
1
2
    Krish
           CSE
                    55
3
     John
            ΙT
                    10
```

#### In [192]:

```
df.loc[2]
```

#### Out[192]:

Name Krish
Dep CSE
Reg\_No 55

Name: 2, dtype: object

#### In [193]:

```
df.loc[0]=['Vijay','CSD','046']
df
```

#### Out[193]:

	Name	Бер	Reg_No
0	Vijay	CSD	046
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙT	10

#### In [194]:

```
filt = (df['Name'] == 'Vijay')
df[filt]['Reg_No']
```

#### Out[194]:

0 046

Name: Reg\_No, dtype: object

```
In [195]:
```

```
filt = (df['Name'] == 'Vijay')
df.loc[filt,'Dep']="CSM"
df
```

# Out[195]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	Vijay	CSM	046
1	Joseph	CSM	126
2	Krish	CSE	55
3	John	ΙT	10

Apply(): is used to apply a function along an axis of the DataFrame or on values of Series. map(): is used to substitute each value in a Series with another value

Applymap():is used to apply a function to a DataFrame elementwise

	DataFrame	Series
apply		
map		
applymap		

# In [196]:

```
df['Name'].apply(len)
```

# Out[196]:

- 0 5
- 1 6
- 2 5
- 3 4

Name: Name, dtype: int64

```
In [199]:
```

```
def update(Name):
    return Name.upper()
```

# In [201]:

```
df['Name'].apply(update)
```

# Out[201]:

- 0 VIJAY 1 JOSEPH
- 2 KRISH 3 JOHN

Name: Name, dtype: object

# In [202]:

df

# Out[202]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	VIJAY	CSM	046
1	JOSEPH	CSM	126
2	KRISH	CSE	55
3	JOHN	IT	10

# In [170]:

```
df.apply(len, axis='columns')
```

# Out[170]:

- 0 3
- 1 3
- 2 3
- 3 3

dtype: int64

# In [171]:

```
len(df['Dep'])
```

# Out[171]:

4

```
In [172]:
```

```
df.apply(lambda x: x.min())
```

# Out[172]:

Name John Dep CSE Reg\_No 046 dtype: object

#### In [173]:

```
df.applymap(len)
```

# Out[173]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	5	3	3
1	6	3	3
2	5	3	2
3	4	2	2

# In [174]:

```
df.applymap(str.lower)
```

# Out[174]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	vijay	csm	046
1	joseph	csm	126
2	krish	cse	55
3	iohn	it	10

# In [203]:

```
df['Dep'].map({'CSM': 'CSE', 'IT': 'ECE'})
```

# Out[203]:

```
0 CSE
```

1 CSE

2 NaN

3 ECE

Name: Dep, dtype: object

# In [204]:

```
df['Dep']=df['Dep'].replace({'CSM': 'CSE', 'IT': 'ECE'})
```

```
In [205]:
```

df

# Out[205]:

	Name	Dep	Reg_No
0	VIJAY	CSE	046
1	JOSEPH	CSE	126
2	KRISH	CSE	55
3	JOHN	ECE	10

# Add-Remove rows & Columns

```
In [214]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

#### In [217]:

```
data={
     'name_1':['vijay','Gopi','ram'],
     'name_2':['Ram','chand','kishn'],
     'email':['vijayram@gmail.com','gopichand@gmail.com','ramkrishn@gmail.com']
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
df
```

#### Out[217]:

email	name_2	name_1	
vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0
gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1
ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2

# In [218]:

```
df['name_1']+ ' ' +df['name_2']
```

# Out[218]:

```
0 vijay Ram
1 Gopi chand
2 ram kishn
dtype: object
```

```
In [220]:
```

```
df['full_name']=df['name_1']+ ' ' +df['name_2']
df
```

# Out[220]:

full_name	email	name_2	name_1	
vijay Ram	vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0
Gopi chand	gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1
ram kishn	ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2

# In [221]:

```
df.drop(columns=['name_1','name_2'],inplace=True)
df
```

# Out[221]:

#### email full\_name

- **0** vijayram@gmail.com vijay Ram
- 1 gopichand@gmail.com Gopi chand
- 2 ramkrishn@gmail.com ram kishn

#### In [222]:

```
df['full_name'].str.split(" ",expand=True)
```

#### Out[222]:

- 0 1 0 vijay Ram
- 1 Gopi chand
- 2 ram kishn

#### In [223]:

```
df[['name_1', 'name_2']] = df['full_name'].str.split(' ', expand=True)
```

# In [224]:

df

#### Out[224]:

	email	full_name	name_1	name_2
0	vijayram@gmail.com	vijay Ram	vijay	Ram
1	gopichand@gmail.com	Gopi chand	Gopi	chand
2 L	ramkrishn@gmail.com pading [MathJax]/jax/output/H	ram kishn TML-CSS/fonts/S	ram ST <b>I</b> X-Web/fo	kishn ntdata.js

#### In [226]:

```
df.append({'name_1':'arjun'}, ignore_index=True)
```

C:\Users\rajap\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_21844\2126306469.py:1: FutureWar
ning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas
in a future version. Use pandas.concat instead.
 df.append({'name\_1':'arjun'}, ignore\_index=True)

#### Out[226]:

	email	full_name	name_1	name_2
0	vijayram@gmail.com	vijay Ram	vijay	Ram
1	gopichand@gmail.com	Gopi chand	Gopi	chand
2	ramkrishn@gmail.com	ram kishn	ram	kishn
3	NaN	NaN	arjun	NaN

#### In [229]:

```
data2 = {
    'first': ['Tony', 'Steve'],
    'last': ['Stark', 'Rogers'],
    'email': ['IronMan@avenge.com', 'Cap@avenge.com']
}
df2 = pd.DataFrame(data2)
df2
```

#### Out[229]:

email	เสรเ	IIISt	
IronMan@avenge.com	Stark	Tony	0
Cap@avenge.com	Rogers	Steve	1

#### In [231]:

```
df=df.append(df2,ignore_index=True,sort=False)
df
```

C:\Users\rajap\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_21844\1895738197.py:1: FutureWar
ning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas
in a future version. Use pandas.concat instead.
 df=df.append(df2,ignore\_index=True,sort=False)

#### Out[231]:

	email	full_name	name_1	name_2	first	last
0	vijayram@gmail.com	vijay Ram	vijay	Ram	NaN	NaN
1	gopichand@gmail.com	Gopi chand	Gopi	chand	NaN	NaN
2	ramkrishn@gmail.com	ram kishn	ram	kishn	NaN	NaN
3	IronMan@avenge.com	NaN	NaN	NaN	Tony	Stark
4	Cap@avenge.com	NaN	NaN	NaN	Steve	Rogers
Lo	ading [MathJax]/jax/output/H	ΓML-CSS/fonts/S	STIX-Web/fo	ntdata.is		

```
In [232]:
```

```
df.drop(index=4)
```

# Out[232]:

	email	full_name	name_1	name_2	first	last
0	vijayram@gmail.com	vijay Ram	vijay	Ram	NaN	NaN
1	gopichand@gmail.com	Gopi chand	Gopi	chand	NaN	NaN
2	ramkrishn@gmail.com	ram kishn	ram	kishn	NaN	NaN
3	IronMan@avenge.com	NaN	NaN	NaN	Tony	Stark

#### In [233]:

```
filt = df['last'] == 'Stark'
df.drop(index=df[filt].index)
```

#### Out[233]:

	email	full_name	name_1	name_2	first	last
0	vijayram@gmail.com	vijay Ram	vijay	Ram	NaN	NaN
1	gopichand@gmail.com	Gopi chand	Gopi	chand	NaN	NaN
2	ramkrishn@gmail.com	ram kishn	ram	kishn	NaN	NaN
4	Cap@avenge.com	NaN	NaN	NaN	Steve	Rogers

# Sorting

# In [238]:

```
import pandas as pd
data={
    'name_1':['vijay','Gopi','ram'],
    'name_2':['Ram','chand','kishn'],
    'email':['vijayram@gmail.com','gopichand@gmail.com','ramkrishn@gmail.com']
}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
df
```

# Out[238]:

email	name_2	name_1	
vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0
gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1
ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2

#### In [242]:

```
df.sort_values(by='name_2', ascending=False)
```

# Out[242]:

email	name_2	name_1	
ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2
gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1
vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0

# In [244]:

```
df.sort_values(by=['name_1', 'name_2'], ascending=[False,True],inplace=True)
df
```

#### Out[244]:

email	name_2	name_1	
vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0
ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2
gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1

# In [245]:

```
df.sort_index()
```

# Out[245]:

email	name_2	name_1	
vijayram@gmail.com	Ram	vijay	0
gopichand@gmail.com	chand	Gopi	1
ramkrishn@gmail.com	kishn	ram	2

# In [246]:

```
df['name_1'].sort_values()
```

# Out[246]:

```
1 Gopi
2 ram
0 vijay
Name: name_1, dtype: object
```