



Introduction to Data Management PROJECT REPORT

(Project Semester August-December 2021)

PROJECT REPORT ON online store's customer success

Submitted by

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DECLARATION

I, M. Vishnu Vardhan, student of Computer Science & Engineering under CSE/IT Discipline at, Lovely Professional University, Punjab, hereby declare that all the information furnished in this project report is based on my own intensive work and is genuine.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Primarily I'd thank god for being able to complete my project with success. Then I'd like to thank my mentor **Ms. Sandeep Kaur**, whose valuable guidance has been the ones that helped me patch this project and make it full proof success in contribution towards the completion of this project.

Last but not least I'd rather thanks to **Lovely Professional University**, and my parent's inspiration, who gave me this golden opportunity to learn many new things, to learn another aspects of life.

M. Vishnu Vardhan

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INTRODUCTION

- ☐ Data management is important because the data your organization creates is a very valuable resource.
- ☐ The last thing you want to do is spend time and resources collecting data and business intelligence, only to lose or misplace that information.
- ☐ In that case, you would then have to spend time and resources again to get that same business intelligence you already had.
- ☐ And on that data analysis is carried out which show visualization of our problems in efficient way.
- ☐ Data Analysis is a process of inspecting, cleansing, transforming, and modeling data with the goal of discovering useful information, informing conclusions, and supporting decision- making.
- ☐ This project is based on such data analysis on Online store's customer success data
- ☐ This Online store's customer success dataset contains 10 data fields.

OBJECTIVES/SCOPE OF ANALYSIS

After analysis of the dataset, the aim of this project is to give answer of given objectives in easy way:

- Total revenues earned by online store in each year
- Total deliveries are on time
- Total count of revenue to the customer acquisition
- customers statsfaction to count of revenue
- sum of revenue to the STATES
- Total number of returns to the count of revenue

DATASET:

The columns included in the dataset are given below:

- ☐ Date
- ☐ Customer Acquisition Type
- ☐ State
- ☐ Product type
- ☐ Price
- ☐ Units
- ☐ Revenue
- ☐ Delivery performance
- ☐ Return
- ☐ Customer satisfaction

Sample of dataset with the dat fields:

AutoSave Off | excel project work - Saved | Search (Alt-Q) | Miriyala Vishnu Vardhan

File Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Help Data Streamer Inquire Power Pivot Table Design | Comments | Share

PivotTable Recommended PivotTables | Illustrations | Get Add-ins | My Add-ins | Recommended Charts | Charts | Maps | PivotChart | 3D Map | Tours | Line Column Win/Loss | Sparklines | Slicer Timeline | Link | Comment | Text | Symbols

B1 | fx | Customer Acquisition Type

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Date	Customer Acquisition Type	State	Product	Price	Units	Revenue	Delivery Performance	Return	Customer Satisfaction	
2	01-01-2017	Ad	Florida	Product 2	199		4	796 on-time	no	(2) low	
3	01-01-2017	Returning	North Carolina	Product 3	299		9	2691 on-time	no	(1) very low	
4	02-01-2017	Organic	Mississippi	Product 2	199		6	1194 on-time	no	(3) ok	
5	03-01-2017	Organic	Florida	Product 4	99		3	297 delayed	no	(2) low	
6	03-01-2017	Returning	Mississippi	Product 2	199		7	1393 on-time	no	(3) ok	
7	03-01-2017	Returning	Florida	Product 1	499		6	2994 delayed	no	(2) low	
8	03-01-2017	Organic	Georgia	Product 2	199		4	796 on-time	yes	(3) ok	
9	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 4	99		5	495 on-time	no	(3) ok	
10	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 3	299		1	299 on-time	yes	(4) high	
11	03-01-2017	Ad	Georgia	Product 5	399		7	2793 on-time	no	(5) very high	
12	03-01-2017	Returning	Mississippi	Product 5	399		1	399 on-time	yes	(3) ok	
13	03-01-2017	Ad	Alabama	Product 3	299		4	1196 on-time	no	(5) very high	
14	03-01-2017	Returning	North Carolina	Product 2	199		4	796 on-time	no	(3) ok	
15	03-01-2017	Ad	Alabama	Product 1	499		10	4990 on-time	no	(3) ok	
16	03-01-2017	Returning	Alabama	Product 4	99		6	594 on-time	no	(4) high	
17	03-01-2017	Organic	Georgia	Product 1	499		1	499 on-time	no	(3) ok	
18	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 4	99		5	495 on-time	no	(2) low	
19	04-01-2017	Ad	North Carolina	Product 4	99		5	495 on-time	no	(4) high	
20	05-01-2017	Organic	Florida	Product 1	499		10	4990 delayed	no	(4) high	
21	05-01-2017	Returning	South Carolina	Product 4	99		3	297 delayed	no	(3) ok	
22	06-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 3	299		3	897 on-time	no	(3) ok	
23	06-01-2017	Returning	Florida	Product 4	99		10	990 on-time	no	(5) very high	
24	06-01-2017	Ad	Mississippi	Product 1	499		10	4990 on-time	no	(4) high	
25	06-01-2017	Organic	Mississippi	Product 1	499		1	499 on-time	no	(1) very low	
26	06-01-2017	Ad	Tennessee	Product 5	399		7	2793 on-time	yes	(3) ok	

dashboard | Data | Sales line | sales map | delivery performance doughnut | return rate doughnut | customer acqu ...

ETL PROCESS:

- ☐ **ETL** is a process that extracts the data from different source systems, then transforms the data (like applying calculations, concatenations, etc.) and finally loads the data into the Data Warehouse system.
- ☐ Full form of ETL is Extract, Transform and Load.
- ☐ The triple combination of ETL provides crucial functions that are many times combined into a single application or suite of tools that help in the following areas:
 - Enhances Business Intelligence solutions for decision making.
 - Allows verification of data transformation, aggregation and calculations rules.
 - Allows sample data comparison between source and target system.
 - Helps to improve productivity as it codifies and reuses without additional technical skills.

Steps taken to clean dataset thorough ETL process

Step 1

using tableau I have done this process, open tableau connect the excel sheet and click on plus (+) icon, go to clean step

step 2:

Changed data type will change the type of data fields such as product and units converted from text into number, Revenue converted from text into currency

Step 3:

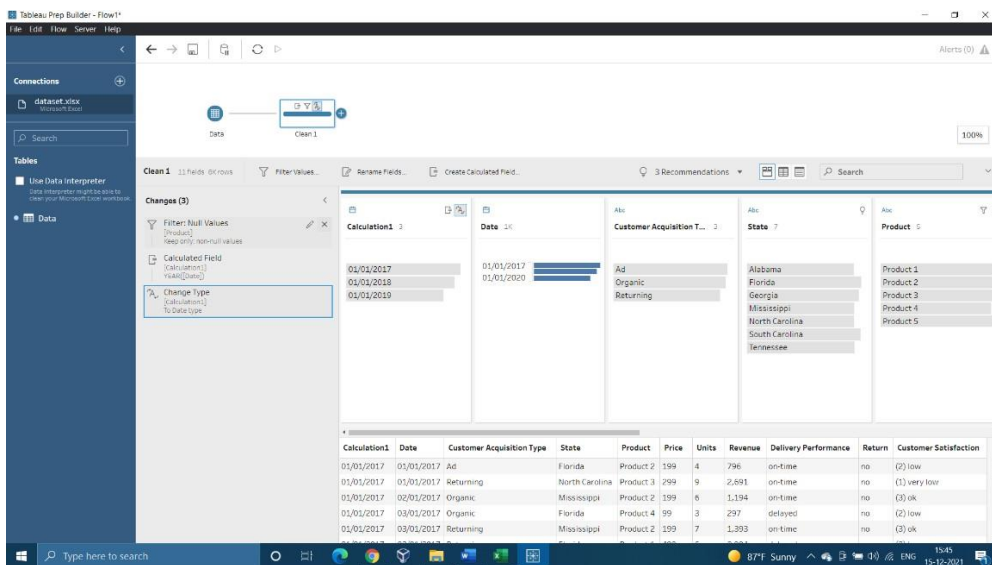
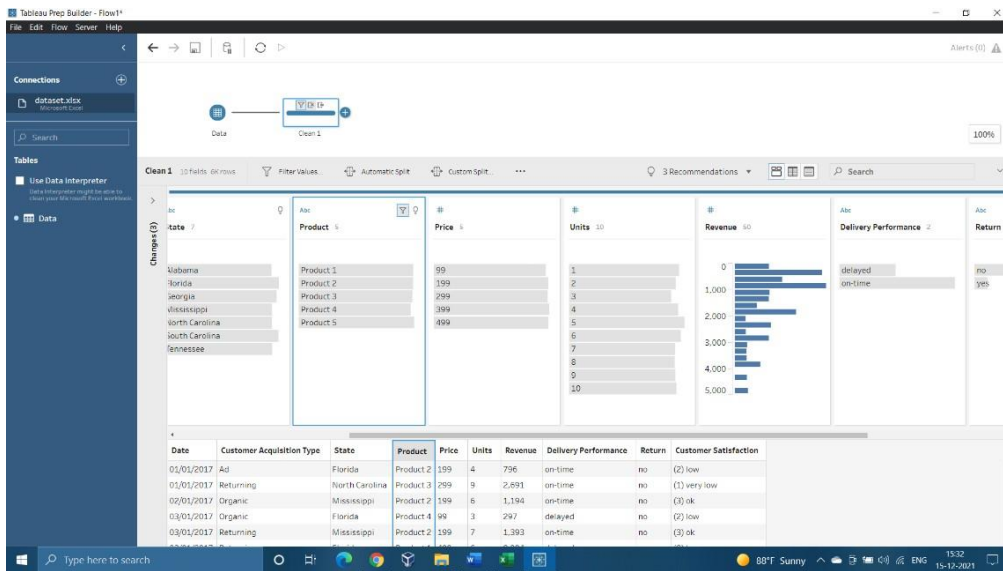
checking for null value sand deleting them

step 4 :

calculating year from date using calculated field

step 5:

click on the plus icon and click output



Finally, after cleaning the data, the final dataset sample is shown below:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
1	Date	Customer Acquisition Type	State	Product	Price	Units	Revenue	Delivery Performance	Return	Customer Satisfaction	
2	01-01-2017	Ad	Florida	Product 2	199	4	\$796.00	on-time	no	(2) low	
3	01-01-2017	Returning	North Carolina	Product 3	299	9	\$2,691.00	on-time	no	(1) very low	
4	02-01-2017	Organic	Mississippi	Product 2	199	6	\$1,194.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
5	03-01-2017	Organic	Florida	Product 4	99	3	\$297.00	delayed	no	(2) low	
6	03-01-2017	Returning	Mississippi	Product 2	199	7	\$1,393.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
7	03-01-2017	Returning	Florida	Product 1	499	6	\$2,994.00	delayed	no	(2) low	
8	03-01-2017	Organic	Georgia	Product 2	199	4	\$796.00	on-time	yes	(3) ok	
9	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 4	99	5	\$495.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
10	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 3	299	1	\$299.00	on-time	yes	(4) high	
11	03-01-2017	Ad	Georgia	Product 5	399	7	\$2,793.00	on-time	no	(5) very high	
12	03-01-2017	Returning	Mississippi	Product 5	399	1	\$399.00	on-time	yes	(3) ok	
13	03-01-2017	Ad	Alabama	Product 3	299	4	\$1,196.00	on-time	no	(5) very high	
14	03-01-2017	Returning	North Carolina	Product 2	199	4	\$796.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
15	03-01-2017	Ad	Alabama	Product 1	499	10	\$4,990.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
16	03-01-2017	Returning	Alabama	Product 4	99	6	\$594.00	on-time	no	(4) high	
17	03-01-2017	Organic	Georgia	Product 1	499	1	\$499.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
18	03-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 4	99	5	\$495.00	on-time	no	(2) low	
19	04-01-2017	Ad	North Carolina	Product 4	99	5	\$495.00	on-time	no	(4) high	
20	05-01-2017	Organic	Florida	Product 1	499	10	\$4,990.00	delayed	no	(4) high	
21	05-01-2017	Returning	South Carolina	Product 4	99	3	\$297.00	delayed	no	(3) ok	
22	06-01-2017	Organic	South Carolina	Product 3	299	3	\$897.00	on-time	no	(3) ok	
23	06-01-2017	Returning	Florida	Product 4	99	10	\$990.00	on-time	no	(5) very high	
24	06-01-2017	Ad	Mississippi	Product 1	499	10	\$4,990.00	on-time	no	(4) high	
25	06-01-2017	Organic	Mississippi	Product 1	499	1	\$499.00	on-time	no	(1) very low	
26	06-01-2017	Ad	Tennessee	Product 5	399	7	\$2,793.00	on-time	yes	(3) ok	

Analysis on dataset

Total revenues earned by online store in each year

1. Total revenues earned by online store in each year

Introduction

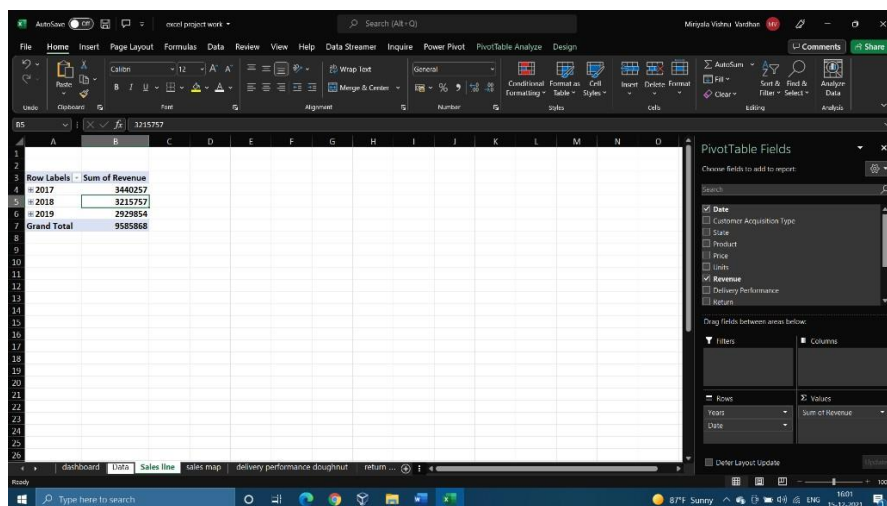
- ☐ By performing this analysis, Total revenues earned by the store by each year (months) .

Description

- ☐ The analysis is based on date, sum of revenue .

Analysis results

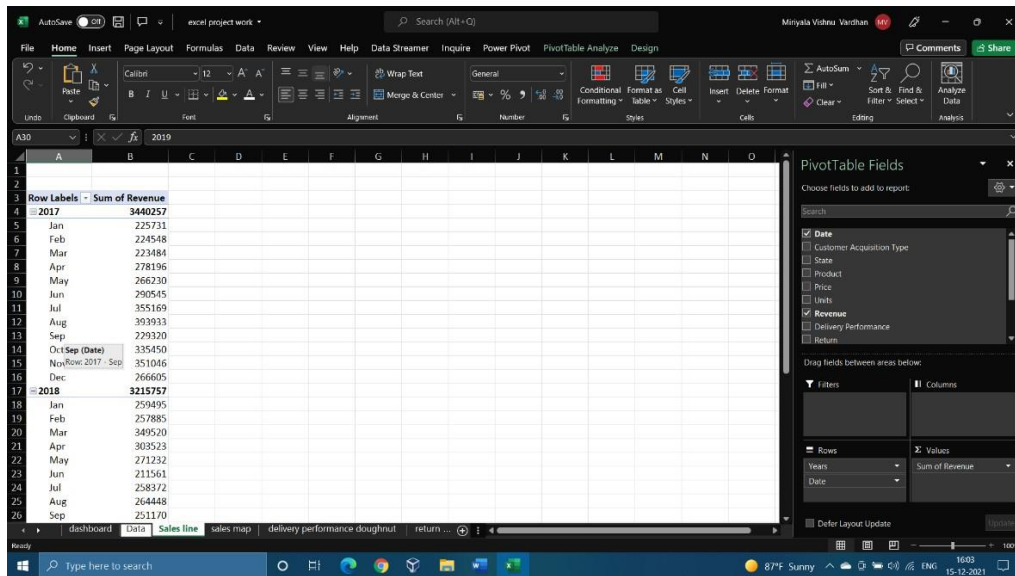
- ☐ Pivot table



The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a PivotTable and the PivotTable Fields task pane. The PivotTable is located in the range B5:D7 and shows the sum of revenue by year. The PivotTable Fields task pane is on the right, showing the 'Date' field in the Filters area and the 'Revenue' field in the Values area.

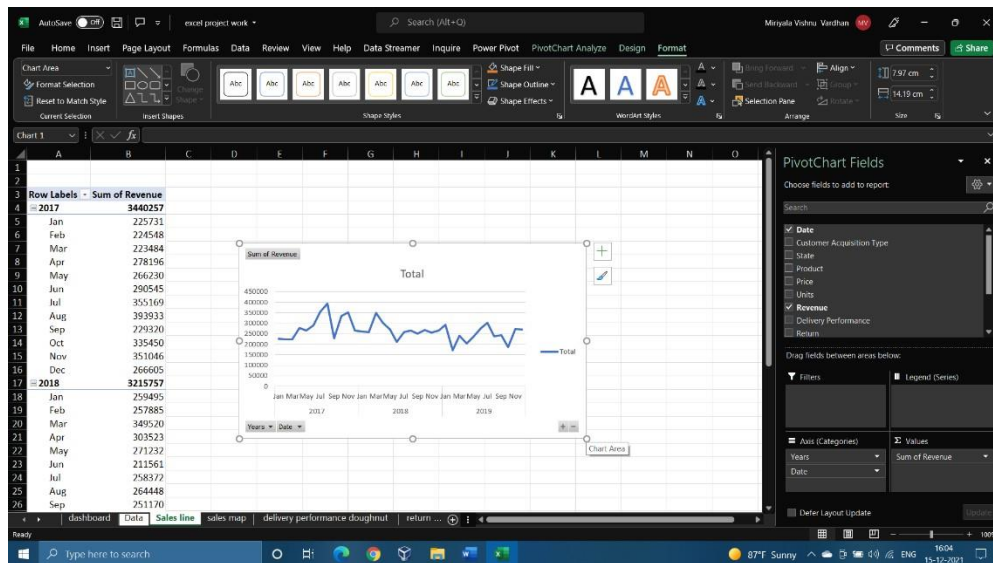
Row Labels	Sum of Revenue
2017	3440257
2018	3215757
2019	2929854
Grand Total	9585868

- When the date with years and months



Visualization

- Sales line



2. Total deliveries are in time

Introduction

- By performing this analysis, we will get to know that how many deliveries or on time

Description

- The analysis based on the delivery performance , revenue of the dataset

Specific requirements, functions and formulas

- Pivot table is used for the analysis.
- count function is used in pivot table for the count of the revenues in the pivot table
- $$=GETPIVOTDATA("Revenue",\$A\$1,"Delivery Performance","on-time")/GETPIVOTDATA("Revenue",\$A\$1)$$

Analysis results

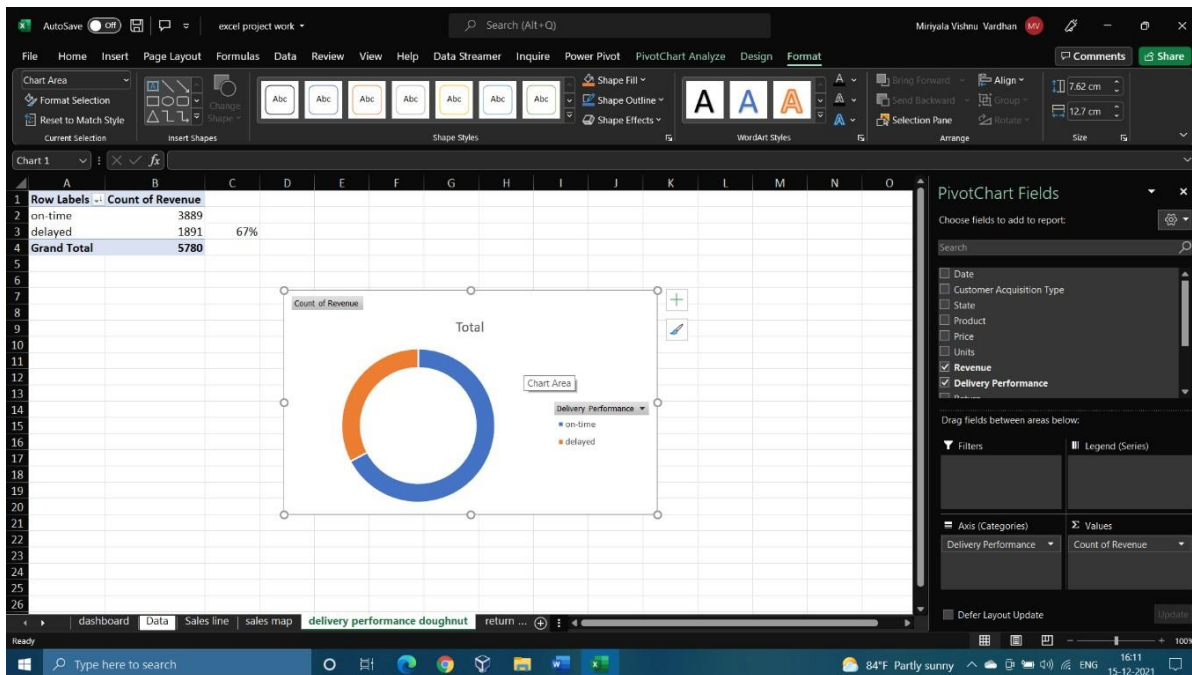
The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a PivotTable and the PivotTable Fields task pane. The PivotTable is titled 'Count of Revenue' and has 'Delivery Performance' as the Row Labels and 'Count of Revenue' as the Values. The data is as follows:

Row Labels	Count of Revenue
on-time	3889
delayed	1891
Grand Total	5780

The PivotTable Fields task pane on the right shows the following configuration:

- Choose fields to add to report:** Revenue, Delivery Performance, Return.
- Drag fields between areas below:**
- Filters:** (Empty)
- Columns:** (Empty)
- Rows:** Delivery Performance
- Values:** Count of Revenue

Visualization



3. Customer acquisition to the count of revenue

Introduction

- By performing this analysis, we will get to know how many are Organic, Ad and Returning

Description

- The analysis based on the customer acquisition, count of revenue

Specific requirements, functions and formulas

- Pivot table is used for the analysis.

- Count function is used in pivot table for the counting of the title in the pivot table

Analysis results

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a PivotTable. The PivotTable is located in the range B5:E6. The PivotTable Fields task pane is open on the right side of the window. The task pane shows the following fields:

- Customer Acquisition Type (checked)
- Date (checked)
- State (checked)
- Product (checked)
- Price (checked)
- Units (checked)
- Revenue (checked)
- Delivery Performance (checked)

The PivotTable is structured as follows:

Row Labels	Count of Revenue
Ad	1982
Organic	1947
Returning	1851
Grand Total	5780

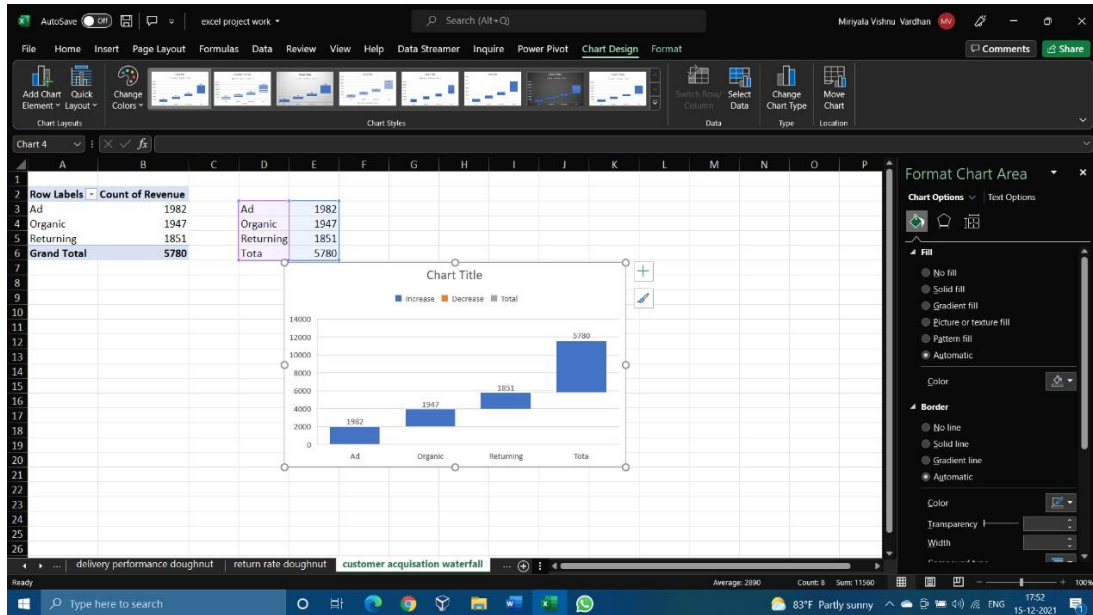
The task pane also shows the following fields:

- Customer Acquisition Type (checked)
- Date (checked)
- State (checked)
- Product (checked)
- Price (checked)
- Units (checked)
- Revenue (checked)
- Delivery Performance (checked)

The task pane also shows the following fields:

- Customer Acquisition Type (checked)
- Date (checked)
- State (checked)
- Product (checked)
- Price (checked)
- Units (checked)
- Revenue (checked)
- Delivery Performance (checked)

Visualization



4. Customer satisfaction to count of revenue

Introduction

- ☐ By performing this analysis, we will know that how many liked the product according to product type

Description

- ☐ The analysis is based on customer satisfaction, count of revenue of the dataset

Specific requirements, functions and formulas

- ☐ Pivot table is used for the analysis.
- ☐ count function is used in pivot table for the count of revenue of the data set

Analysis results

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with a PivotTable and the PivotTable Fields task pane. The PivotTable is located in the range A2:F7. The PivotTable Fields task pane is on the right side of the screen.

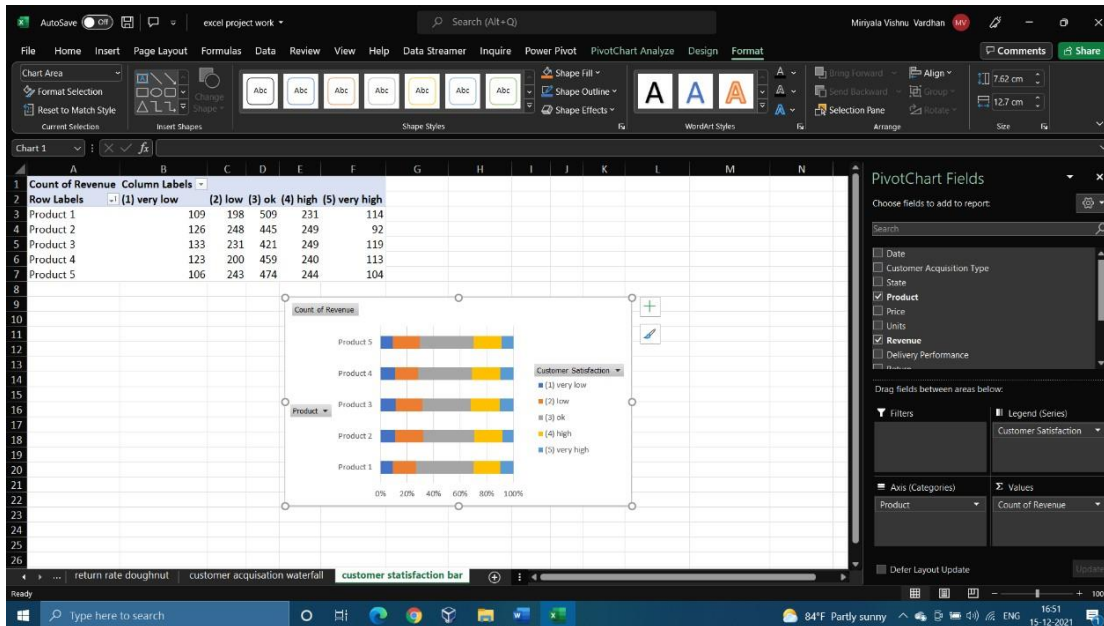
PivotTable Fields:

- Choose fields to add to report: Date, Customer Acquisition Type, State, **Product**, Price, Units, **Revenue**, Delivery Performance.
- Drag fields between areas below:
- Filters: (empty)
- Columns: Customer Satisfaction
- Rows: Product
- Values: Count of Revenue

PivotTable Data:

Count of Revenue	Column Labels	(1) very low	(2) low	(3) ok	(4) high	(5) very high
Product 1		109	198	509	231	114
Product 2		126	248	445	249	92
Product 3		133	231	421	249	119
Product 4		123	200	459	240	113
Product 5		106	243	474	244	104

Visualization



5. Sum of the revenue to the states

Introduction

- By performing this analysis, we will get which states has more revenue

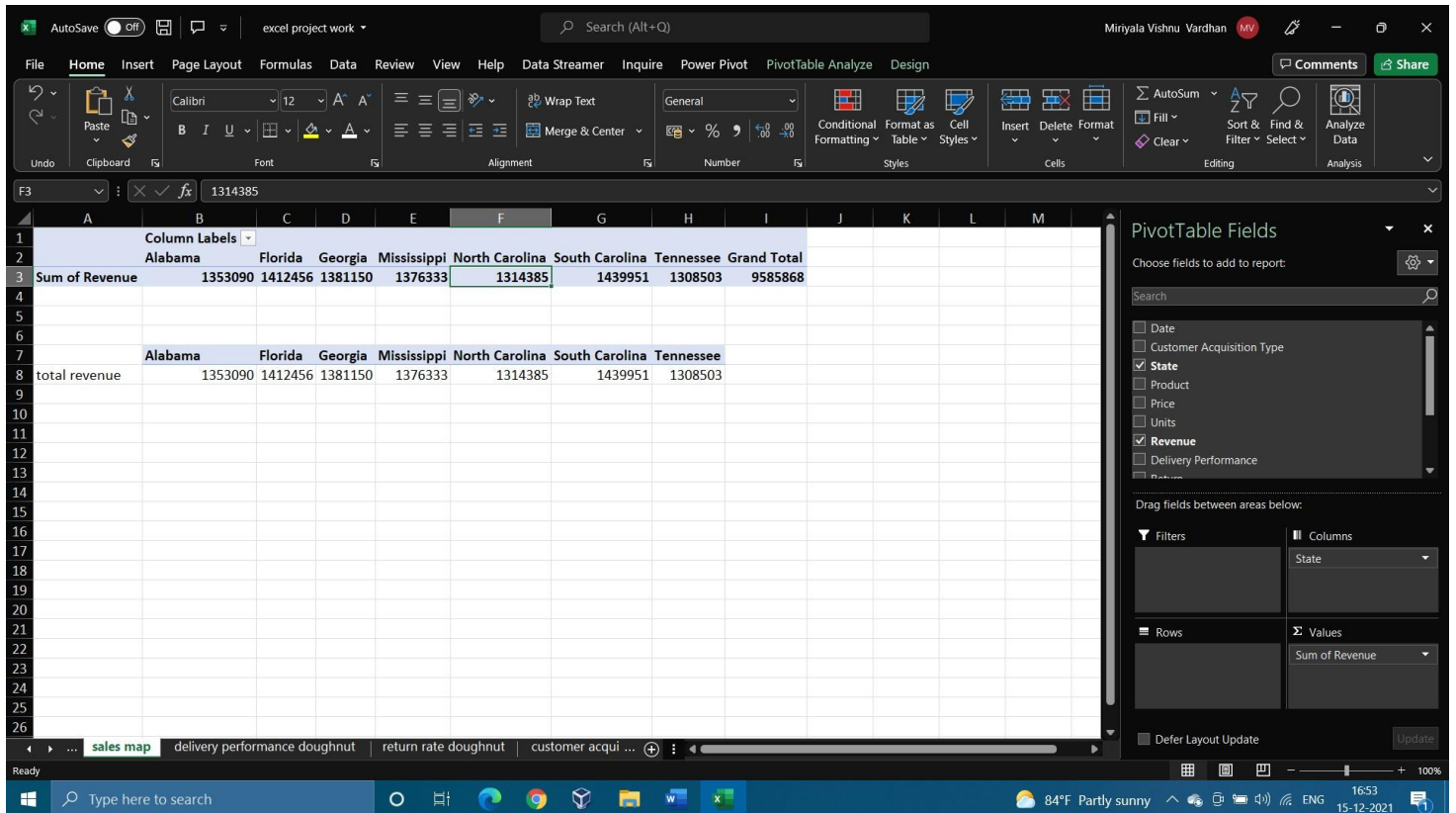
Description

- The analysis is based on state,sum of the revenue

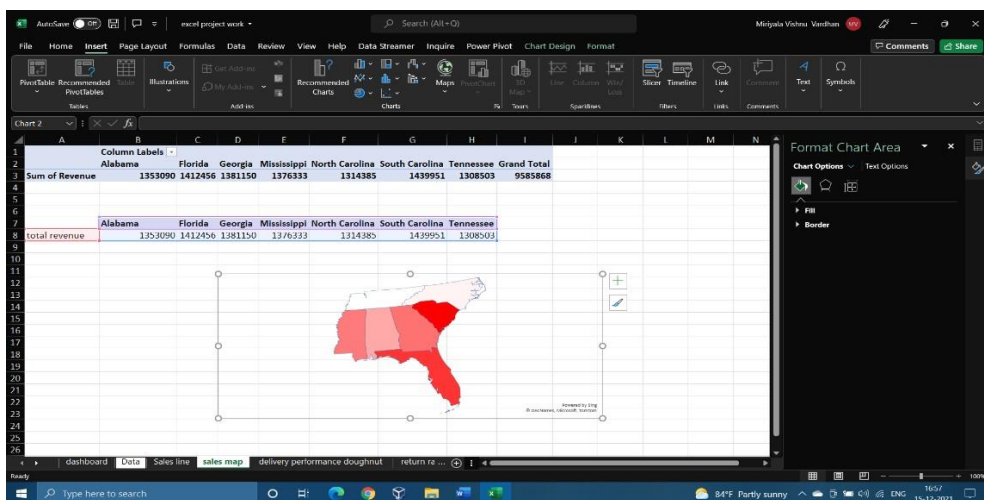
Specific requirements, functions and formulas

- Pivot table is used for the analysis.
- Sum function is used in pivot table for the sum of revenue.

Analysis results



Visualization



6. Return of items

Introduction

- ☐ By performing this analysis, we will know how many returns are happened

Description

- ☐ The analysis is based on return, count of revenue of the dataset

Specific requirements, functions and formulas

- ☐ Pivot table is used for the analysis.
- ☐ Count function is used in pivot table for the count of the revenue

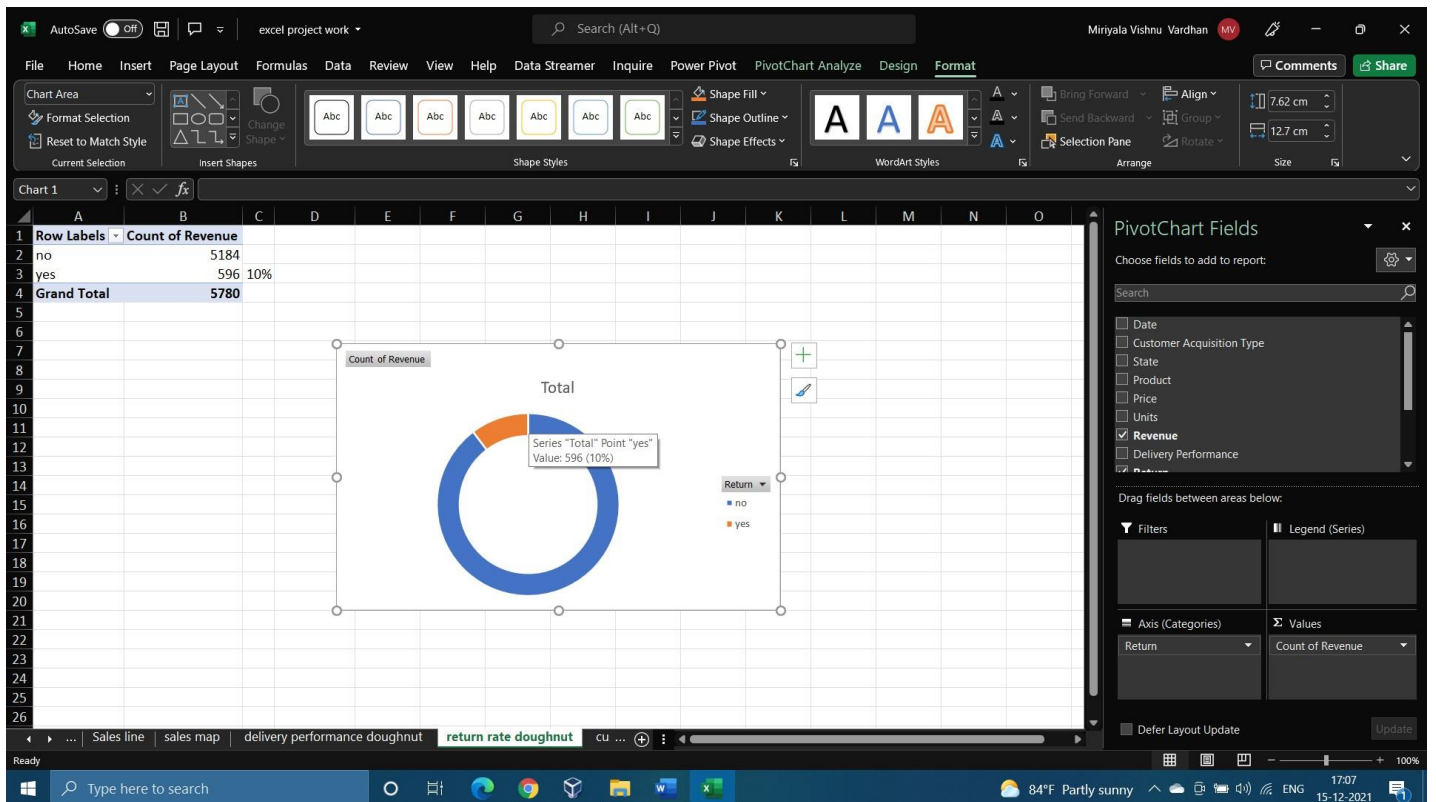
Analysis results

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Excel interface with a PivotTable. The PivotTable is located in the range B2:D4. The PivotTable Fields task pane on the right shows that 'Return' is placed in the Rows area and 'Count of Revenue' is placed in the Values area. The PivotTable data is as follows:

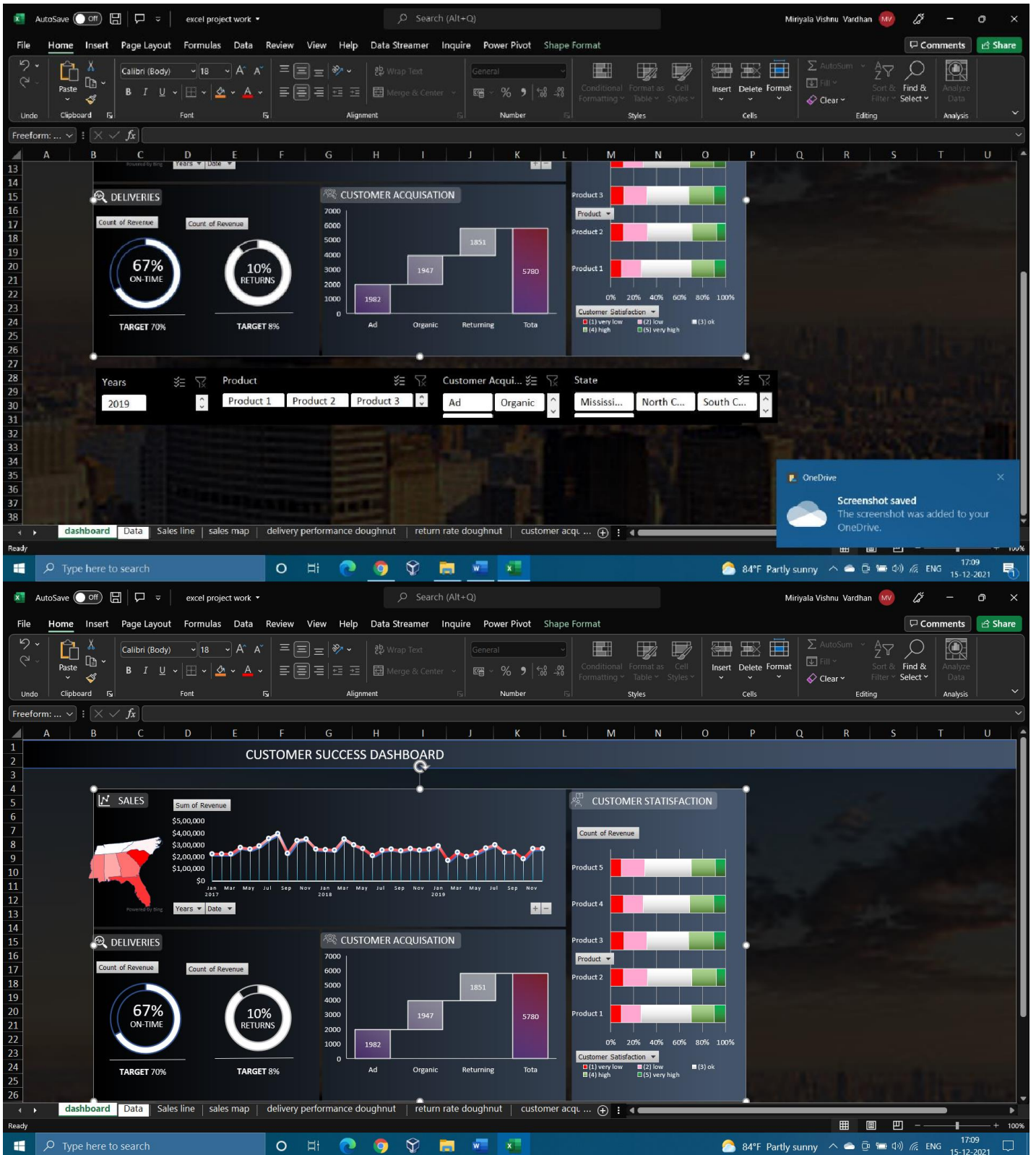
Row Labels	Count of Revenue
no	5184
yes	596 10%
Grand Total	5780

The Excel ribbon shows the 'PivotTable Analyze' tab, and the task pane on the right is titled 'PivotTable Fields'. The status bar at the bottom indicates the file is named 'return ...' and the current view is 'Data'.

Visualization



Dashboard:



List of analysis:

1. We get know the 67% of the deliveries are on time
2. We get know the 10% of the items are returned
3. The trend of the sales in 3 years
4. Maximum number of sales are in south carolina
5. The result gives the satisfaction of the customers to the products

References

1. www.kaggle.com
2. www.youtube.com
3. www.google.com
4. www.stackoverflow.com
5. www.github.com

Bibliography

1. Microsoft Excel 2016 Bible: The Comprehensive Tutorial Resource by John Walkenbach, Wiley