

## 1. Prime Number

```
public class PrimeNo {  
    // most efficient way to check prime number  
    public static boolean isPrime(int n){  
        if (n <= 1) return false; // 0 and 1 are not prime numbers  
        if (n <= 3) return true; // 2 and 3 are prime numbers  
        if (n % 2 == 0 || n % 3 == 0) return false; // eliminate multiples of 2 and 3  
  
        for (int i = 5; i * i <= n; i += 6) { // check for factors from 5 to sqrt(n)  
            if (n % i == 0 || n % (i + 2) == 0) {  
                return false;  
            }  
        }  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

## 2. Prime no range

```
public static boolean Prime(int a) {  
    if (a <= 1) return false;  
    if (a == 2 || a == 3) return true;  
    if (a % 2 == 0 || a % 3 == 0) return false;  
  
    for(int i = 5; i*i < a; i+=6){  
        if(a % i == 0 || a % (i+2) == 0){  
            return false;  
        }  
    }  
    return true;  
}  
  
public static void PrimeRange(int a, int b){  
    System.out.println("Prime numbers: ");  
  
    for(int i = a; i <= b; i++){  
        if(Prime(i)) {
```

```

        System.out.println(i);
    }
}
}

```

### 3. Sum Even Individuals

```

public static void SumEven(int n){
    int sum = 0;
    for( ; n>0 ; n/=10){
        int rem = n%10;

        if(n%2 ==0){
            sum = sum + rem;
        }
    }
    System.out.println("Sum of the even digits: " + sum);
}

```

### 4. Leap year

```

public static void leapyr(int n){
    if (n%4 == 0 && n%100 != 0 || n%400 == 0){
        System.out.println(n + " is a leap year.");
    } else {
        System.out.println(n + " is not a leap year.");
    }
}

```

### 5. count vowels in a string

```

public class vowels {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str = "VISHNU yelde";
        System.out.println("No. of vowels in the string: " + countVowels(str));

    }
}

```

// the most optimal way to count vowels in a string is as follows:

```

public static int countVowels(String str) {

```

```

int count = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {

    char ch = Character.toLowerCase(str.charAt(i));

    if (ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u') {

        count++;

    }

}

return count;

}

}

```

## 6. MIN MAX ARRAY

```

public static void main(String[] args) {

    int[] arr = {12, 5, 7, 98, 2, 45, 32};

    findMinMax(arr);

}

// most efficient way to find min and max in a single pass

public static void findMinMax(int[] arr) {

    if (arr == null || arr.length == 0) {

        System.out.println("Array must not be null or empty");

        return;

    }

    int min = arr[0];

    int max = arr[0];

    for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) {

        if (arr[i] < min) min = arr[i];

        if (arr[i] > max) max = arr[i];

    }

    System.out.println("Minimum: " + min);

    System.out.println("Maximum: " + max);

}

```

## 7. Fibonacci series

```

public static void fibonacci(int n){

    int a = 0, b = 1;

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

```

```

        System.out.print(a + " ");

        int c = a + b;

        a = b;

        b = c;

    }

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

    int n = 10;

    System.out.println("Fibonacci series up to " + n + " terms:");

    fibonacci(n);

}

```

### 8. count the number of digits in an integer

```

public class NoOfDigits {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int number = 123456789;

        System.out.println("Number of digits in " + number + ": " + countDigits(number));

    }

    // most optimal way to count the number of digits in an integer

    public static int countDigits(int number) {

        if (number == 0) return 1; // Special case for 0

        int count = 0;

        while (number != 0) {

            number /= 10; // Remove the last digit

            count++;

        }

        return count;

    }

}

```

### 9. Reverse a number

```

public class ReverseNo {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int n = 654321;

        System.out.println("Reversed number of " + n + " is: " + reverseNumber(n));

    }

}

```

```

public static int reverseNumber(int n){
    int reversed = 0;
    while (n!=0) {
        int digit = n % 10;           // Get the last digit of n
        reversed = reversed * 10 + digit; // Shift the current reversed number and add the last digit
        n = n/10;                     // Remove the last digit from n
    }
    return reversed;
}
}

```

## 10. Square Root

```

public class SquareRoot {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double n = 49;
        System.out.println("Square root of " + n + " is: " + squareRoot(n));
    }
    // time complexity O(log n) most efficient way to find square root
    public static double squareRoot(double n){
        double temp;
        double sqrt = n / 2.0; // Initial guess for the square root
        do {
            temp = sqrt;
            sqrt = (temp + (n / temp)) / 2.0; // Average of guess and n divided by guess
        }
        while ((temp - sqrt != 0.0)); // Continue until the guess stabilizes
        return sqrt;
    }
}

```