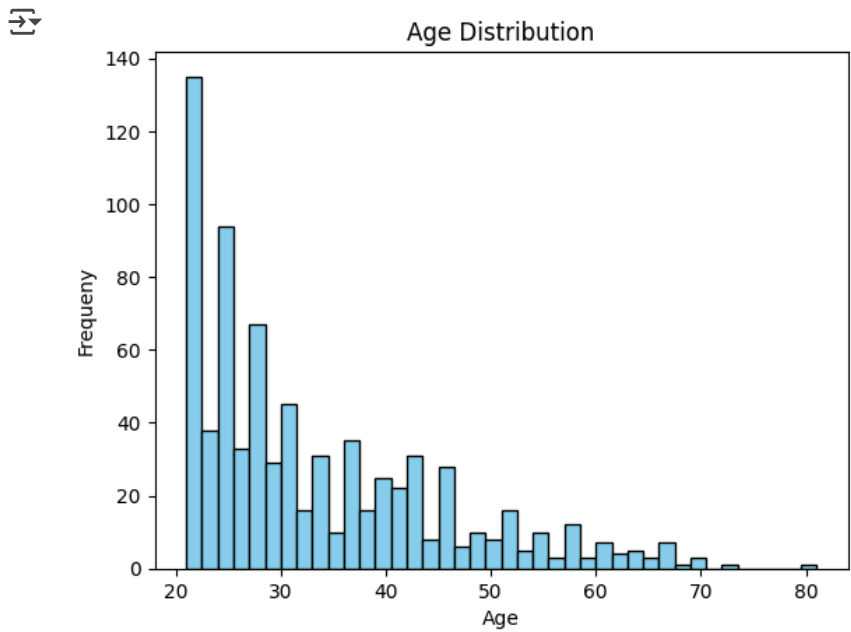


```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df=pd.read_csv('/content/archive (4).zip')
plt.hist(df['Age'], bins=40, color='skyblue',edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Age Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```



```
summary=df.describe()
print(summary)
```

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	I
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.
75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.
max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.

	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcom
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000
mean	31.992578	0.471876	33.240885	0.34895
std	7.884160	0.331329	11.760232	0.47695
min	0.000000	0.078000	21.000000	0.000000
25%	27.300000	0.243750	24.000000	0.000000
50%	32.000000	0.372500	29.000000	0.000000
75%	36.600000	0.626250	41.000000	1.000000
max	67.100000	2.420000	81.000000	1.000000

Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.

Please explain the error:

FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file

## Hypothesis

The error message `FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory: '/content/archive (4).zip'` clearly indicates that the Python interpreter cannot find the file specified in the `pd.read_csv()` function call. This is likely due to one of the following reasons:

- 1. Incorrect file path:** The file `'/content/archive (4).zip'` may not exist in the specified location or the path provided is incorrect. Double-check the file name and path.
- 2. File not accessible:** The file may exist but your script might not have the necessary permissions to access it. Ensure that the file permissions are set correctly.

## Suggested Changes

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Verify the correct file path and name
file_path = '/content/archive (4).zip'

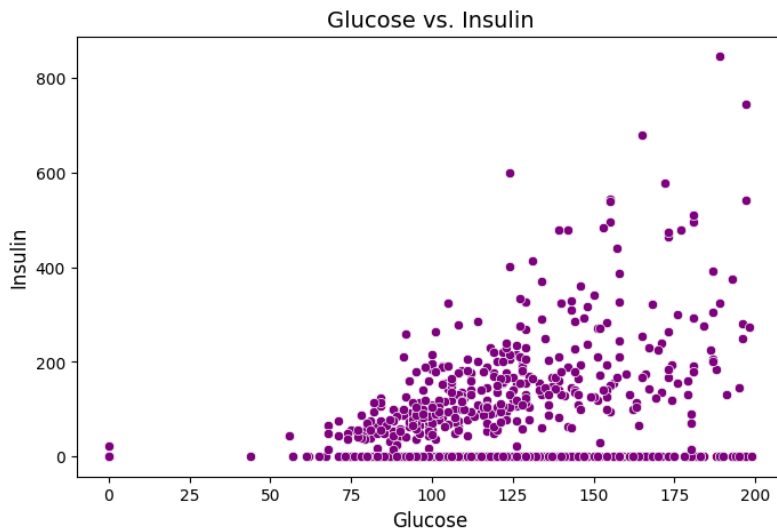
# Try reading the file using the correct
try:
    df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: File not found at '{file_path}'")
    # If running in a Colab or Jupyter notebook, you can use the following
    # from google.colab import files
    # uploaded = files.upload()
    # Then adjust the file_path accordingly
else:
    plt.hist(df['Age'], bins=40, color='skyblue',edgecolor='black')
    plt.title('Age Distribution')
    plt.xlabel('Age')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.show()
```

[Use code with caution](#)

### Explanation of Changes:



- 1. Error Handling:** The code is wrapped in a `try-except` block to gracefully handle the potential `FileNotFoundError`.

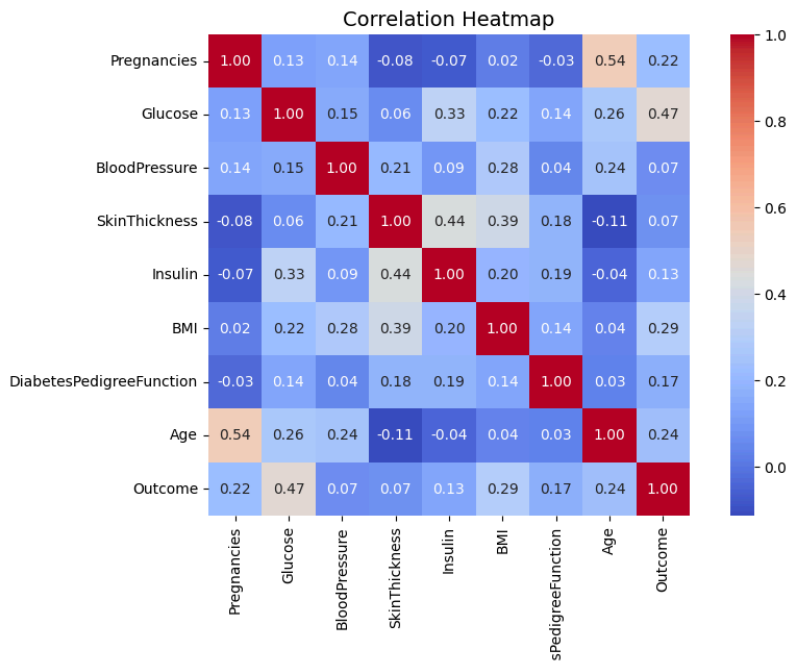
```
import seaborn as sns
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.scatterplot(x=df['Glucose'], y=df['Insulin'], color='purple')
plt.title('Glucose vs. Insulin', fontsize=14)
plt.xlabel('Glucose', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Insulin', fontsize=12)
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
corr_matrix = df.corr()
sns.heatmap(corr_matrix, annot=True, fmt='.2f', cmap='coolwarm', cbar=True)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap', fontsize=14)
plt.show()
```

2. **Printing Error Message:** If the file is not found, a clear error message is printed to the console, guiding the user to check the file path.
3. **Suggestion for File Upload:** If the user is in a Colab or Jupyter notebook environment, the code suggests using `google.colab.files.upload()` to upload the file if it's not already present.

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