



**NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI**  
**DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

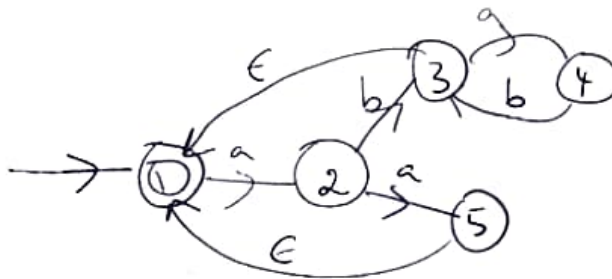
**END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – MAY 2023**

**Session: January 2023**  
**Date: 8<sup>th</sup> May 2023**

**Time: 3 hours**  
**Max Marks: 100**

**Answer ALL Questions**

1. a. Prove that if a language is accepted by a NFA then there exists a DFA. (6)
- b. Construct a DFA for the following languages: (4)
  - i.  $\{a^i b^j \mid i \geq 0, j \geq 0, i+j \text{ is an even number}\}$
  - ii. The set of all strings that begin with 'a' but do not contain 'aab' as a substring.
- c. Construct a DFA for the following NFA by converting to an intermediate  $\epsilon$ -NFA (10)



2. a. Construct a DFA for the language over  $\{0,1\}^*$  that contains odd number of 1's and even number of 0's. Using Arden's theorem construct a regular expression for the same. (10)
- b. Prove that there exists a  $\epsilon$ -NFA for every regular expression (4)
- c. Construct a  $\epsilon$ -NFA for the following regular expression. (6)
 
$$0^*(10)^* + 1^*0^*1$$
3. a. Write a grammar for the 'while' and 'do-while' construct in C language and verify whether your constructed grammar is ambiguous or not. (4)
- b. Convert the following grammar to GNF (8)
 
$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow bS \mid aT \mid \epsilon \\ T &\rightarrow aT \mid bU \mid \epsilon \\ U &\rightarrow aT \mid \epsilon \end{aligned}$$
- c. Prove that every CFL without useless symbols and  $\epsilon$  productions can be represented with an alternate grammar. (6)
- d. Using the properties of CFL show that CFL's are not closed under intersection. (2)

**(P.T.O.)**

4. a. Construct a PDA for the following language using empty stack  
 $\{a^i b^j c^k \mid i = j \text{ or } i > k\}$  (7)
- b. Construct a PDA using empty stack for the language  $\{0^n 1^n \mid n > 0\}$  and  
 convert this PDA to a context free grammar. (10)
- c. Prove using pumping lemma that the following is not a context free  
 language:  $\{a^n b^m c^n d^m\}$  (3)
5. a. Construct TM to implement the rotate left by one and increment, function  
 where the input string is available on the tape in binary over the language  
 $\{0,1\}^*$  (5)  
 Example: Input: 01011101 Output: 10111011
- b. Given two context free grammars G1 and G2, is the problem of finding  
 $L(G1) = L(G2)$  decidable? (4)
- c. Design a TM that accepts the language  $\{w\#ww \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$  (7)
- d. Define  $L_d$  and show that it is not recursively enumerable and not  
 recursive. Comment about its complement. (4)

--- Best Wishes ---