## Fun with sorting

How Python makes it easy to sort a list of dictionaries

### The problem

- Mix together and sort query results from two different tables
- Database driven web application
- Using Web2py framework
- Table.field: person.name, company.name

### One SQL Solution

- Union query, something like
  - SELECT name FROM person UNION SELECT name FROM company ORDER BY name
- Not optimal with Web2py
  - Database Abstraction Layer does not support UNION
  - DAL will execute raw SQL, but the results are not DAL row objects. They can be converted, but the process does not seem intuitive.

### as\_list() to the rescue

- Hackish solution: make two queries and combine results.
- DAL rows do not support append() or extend().
- Need lists. These queries will do it:

```
sort_example.py (~/Documents) - GVIM

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I rows = db().select(db.person.id, db.person.name).as_list()
2 rows.extend(db().select(db.company.id, db.company.name).as_list())

*/Documents/sort_example.py
undefined name 'db'
```

#### Results:

```
>>> for r in rows: r

...

{'name': 'Fred', 'id': 1}

{'name': 'Carlos', 'id': 2}

{'name': 'Acme', 'id': 5}

{'name': 'Blouweb', 'id': 15}

>>>
```

# Sorting? Not so much.

```
|>>>
>>> for r in sorted(rows): r
{'name': 'Fred', 'id': 1}
{'name': 'Carlos', 'id': 2}
{'name': 'Acme', 'id': 5}
{'name': 'Blouweb', 'id': 15}
>>>
≽≽≽
|>>> rows.sort()
>>> for r in rows: r
{'name': 'Fred', 'id': 1}
{'name': 'Carlos', 'id': 2}
{'name': 'Acme', 'id': 5}
{'name': 'Blouweb', 'id': 15},
>>>
```

### The key parameter does the trick

```
>>> for r in sorted(rows, key = lambda r: r['name']): r
...
{'name': 'Acme', 'id': 5}
{'name': 'Blouweb', 'id': 15}
{'name': 'Carlos', 'id': 2}
{'name': 'Fred', 'id': 1}
>>>
```

#### For more information

http://wiki.python.org/moin/HowTo/Sorting/

http://stackoverflow.com/questions/72899/in-python-how-do-i-sort-a-list-of-dictionaries-by-values-of-the-dictionary