NFL Draft Predictor

Introduction

Our project aims to predict the order of the NFL draft and provide valuable insights on player value. This is an important challenge, as the NFL draft is one of the most followed events in sports, with 47.5 million viewers tuning in to the 2019 draft as fans crave analysis on prospective players. Given that the NFL is a \$16 billion business, optimizing drafting strategy is critical for teams, who invest heavily in scouting and analytics for the draft. Sports media also capitalizes on the draft, producing extensive coverage and mock drafts to drive viewership and engagement. By tackling the difficult task of accurately forecasting the draft order and player value, our prediction tool could offer meaningful insights to NFL teams, fans, and media alike.

Any changes since the proposal

No changes have been made to the dataset structure since the proposal.

Data

Our project involves a comprehensive set of features to predict NFL draft outcomes, covering various aspects of player performance. These features can be grouped into several categories, reflecting different roles and skills in football:

- 1. **Defense and Fumbles**: This category includes stats that measure a player's defensive capabilities, such as solo tackles, assisted tackles, sacks, interceptions, and fumbles. These statistics are crucial for evaluating defensive players, showcasing their ability to stop the opposing offense and create turnover opportunities.
- 2. **Passing**: Stats in this group evaluate the performance of quarterbacks, including completions, attempts, completion percentage, passing yards, touchdowns, interceptions, and passer rating. These statistics are key indicators of a quarterback's efficiency, accuracy, and overall ability to lead the offense.
- 3. **Receiving & Rushing**: This category encompasses the performance of running backs, wide receivers, and tight ends, detailing their contributions in both the passing and rushing aspects of the game. Metrics include receptions, receiving yards, yards per reception, rushing attempts, rushing yards, and touchdowns. These stats help assess a player's versatility and impact on the field.
- 4. **Punt & Kick Returns**: Special teams stats, such as punt and kickoff returns, including yards, yards per return, and touchdowns, evaluate a player's ability to contribute to field position and score in special teams play. This aspect is often considered for players with the ability to change the game's momentum through returns.
- 5. **Punting & Kicking**: This group of stats measures the performance of punters and kickers, including field goals made and attempted, extra points, punting yards, and

yards per punt. These statistics are essential for assessing a player's contribution to the team's scoring and field position through kicking and punting.

By analyzing these features, your project aims to predict NFL draft outcomes based on a holistic view of a player's performance across various aspects of the game. The data provides a detailed snapshot of each player's skills, efficiency, and impact, offering valuable insights into their potential success and draft prospects.

SCRAPER to generate the data!

-- All Members

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import pandas as pd
import glob
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from fancyimpute import KNN
import math
from tgdm import tgdm
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
from zenrows import ZenRowsClient
# Read API key from file
with open('zenrows api.txt') as f:
    api key = f.readline().strip()
    f.close()
client = ZenRowsClient(api key)
```

Function to Retrieve Total Player Statistics from College Webpage

```
def get_total_stats(webpage, stat):
    Given a player's college stats page, returns the total stats for
the player.
    stat_html = webpage.select(f'td[data-stat="{stat}"]')
    if stat_html:
        return stat_html[-1].get_text()
    else:
        return None
```

Looping Over Years to Extract Player Data from NFL Draft Combine Pages and College Stats Pages

```
# Loop over all years in the dataset.
current = False
START YEAR = 2012
END_YEAR = 2023
STATS LIST = [
    #Defense and Fumbles
    'tackles_solo',
    'tackles_assists',
    'tackles_total',
    'tackles_loss',
    'sacks',
    'def_int',
    'def_int_yds',
    'def_int_td',
    'pass_defended',
    'fumbles rec',
    'fumbles_rec_yds',
    'fumbles_rec_td',
    'fumbles forced',
    # Passing
    'pass_cmp',
    'pass att',
    'pass_cmp_pct',
    'pass_yds',
    'pass_td',
    'pass_int',
    'pass_rating',
    # Receiving & Rushing
    'rec',
    'rec yds',
    'rec_yds_per_rec',
    'rec_td',
    'rush att',
    'rush_yds',
    'rush_yds_per_att',
    'rush td',
    'scrim_att',
    'scrim_yds',
    'scrim_yds_per_att',
    'scrim td',
    # Punt & Kick Returns
    'punt ret',
    'punt_ret_yds',
    'punt_ret_yds_per_ret',
    'punt ret td',
    'kick ret',
```

```
'kick ret_yds',
    'kick ret yds per ret',
    'kick ret td'
    # Punting & Kicking
    'xpm',
    'xpa',
    'xp_pct',
    'fgm',
    'fga',
    'fg_pct',
    'kick points',
    'punt',
    'punt yds',
    'punt yds per punt'
# Looping over all years within a specified range to scrape data
for year in range(START YEAR, END YEAR + 1):
    # Initializing an empty DataFrame for each year
    df = pd.DataFrame()
    print(year)
    # Building URL for each year's draft combine data
    url = f"https://www.pro-football-reference.com/draft/{year}-
combine.htm"
    response = requests.get(url)
    webpage = BeautifulSoup(response.text, 'html.parser')
    # Extracting player names, positions, draft round, draft pick,
college, and stat URLs from the draft combine webpage
    names html = webpage.select("tbody .left:nth-child(1)")
    all names = [name.get text() for name in names_html]
    names = [name for name in all_names if name != "Player"]
    num players = len(names)
    # Get the position of the players
    pos html = webpage.select("th+ td")
    pos = [pos.get text() for pos in pos html]
    pick = [0] * num_players
    round = [0] * num players
    # Get draft data if this is not the current year.
    if not current:
        draft html = webpage.select(".right+ .left")
        draft info = [info.get text() for info in draft html]
        draft info = ["Undrafted / Oth / Oth / O" if info == "" else
info for info in draft infol
        draft spots = [info.split(" / ") for info in draft info]
        round_ = [int(spot[1][0]) for spot in draft_spots]
```

```
pick = [int(''.join(filter(str.isdigit, spot[2]))) for spot in
draft spots]
    #Get school data
    college elements = webpage.select('td.left + .left')
    college = [element.get text() for element in college elements]
    df["Name"] = names
    df["Position"] = pos
    df["College"] = college
    df["Round"] = round
    df["Pick"] = pick
    # Get the links to the player's college stats
    stat urls = []
    for link in webpage.select('td[data-stat="college"]'):
        if link.find('a'):
            stat urls.append(link.find('a').get('href'))
        else:
            stat urls.append(None)
    df["Stat URL"] = stat urls
    # Get height
    height_html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='height']")
    height = [h.get_text() for h in height html]
    height = [h.split("-") for h in height]
    new height = []
    for h in height:
        if len(h) == 2:
            new height.append((int(h[0]) * 12 + int(h[1])))
        else:
            new height.append(math.nan)
    df["Height"] = new_height
    # Get weight
    weight html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='weight']")
    weight = [w.get text() for w in weight html]
    weight = [int(w)] if w != "" else math.nan for w in weight]
    df["Weight"] = weight
    # Get 40 yard dash
    forty html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='forty yd']")
    forty = [f.get text() for f in forty html]
    forty = [float(f) if f != "" else math.nan for f in forty]
    df["40 Yard Dash"] = forty
    # Get bench press
    bench_html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='bench reps']")
    bench = [b.get text() for b in bench html]
```

```
bench = [int(b) if b != "" else math.nan for b in bench]
df["Bench Press"] = bench
# Get vertical jump
vertical html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='vertical']")
vertical = [v.get_text() for v in vertical_html]
vertical = [float(v) if v != "" else math.nan for v in vertical]
df["Vertical Jump"] = vertical
# Get broad jump
broad html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='broad jump']")
broad = [b.get text() for b in broad html]
broad = [int(b) if b != "" else math.nan for b in broad]
df["Broad Jump"] = broad
# Get 3 cone drill
cone html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='cone']")
cone = [c.get text() for c in cone html]
cone = [float(c) if c != "" else math.nan for c in cone]
df["3 Cone Drill"] = cone
# Get shuttle
shuttle html = webpage.select("td[data-stat='shuttle']")
shuttle = [s.get text() for s in shuttle html]
shuttle = [float(s) if s != "" else math.nan for s in shuttle]
df["Shuttle"] = shuttle
df.dropna(subset=["Stat URL"], inplace=True)
df.reset index(drop=True, inplace=True)
urls = df["Stat URL"]
all stats = {}
for url in tqdm(urls):
    stats = \{\}
    response = client.get(url)
    webpage = BeautifulSoup(response.text, 'html.parser')
    # Get conference from stat page
    conf html = webpage.select('td[data-stat="conf abbr"]')
    if conf html:
        conf = conf html[0].get text()
        stats['conf_abbr'] = conf
    else:
        stats['conf abbr'] = None
    # Get games played and seasons played
    games html = webpage.select('td[data-stat="g"]')
    if games html:
        season = 0
```

```
games played = 0
             for game in games html:
                  if game.get text() != "":
                      games played += int(game.get text())
                      season += 1
             stats['games'] = games_played
             stats['seasons'] = season
         else:
             stats['games'] = None
             stats['seasons'] = None
         # Get total stats
         for stat in STATS LIST:
             stats[stat] = get_total_stats(webpage, stat)
         all stats[url] = stats
    stat df = pd.DataFrame(all stats).T
    stat df.index.name = "Stat URL"
    new df = pd.merge(df, stat df, on="Stat URL")
    new df["Year"] = year
    # Save the data to a CSV file
    new_df.to_csv(f"data/{year}.csv", index=False)
2021
['6', '2']
['6', '1']
['6', '3']
['']
['5',
      '7']
['6', '4']
['6', '5']
['6',
['6',
      '6'1
['5',
      '8'1
['5',
      '8'1
['6',
      '3'1
['6',
      '0'1
['6',
      '7']
['6',
      '5']
['6',
      '1'1
['6', '4']
['6',
      '0'1
      '3']
['6',
['6',
      '0']
['6', '5']
['5', '11']
['5', '10']
['6', '3']
```

```
['6',
       '3'1
['6',
       '2']
['6',
       '1']
['6',
       '5']
['5',
['6',
       '10']
       '6']
['6',
       '0']
['6',
       '4']
['6',
       '4']
['6',
       '3']
       '3']
['6',
['6',
       '5'1
       '4']
['6',
['6',
       '3']
['6',
       '0']
['6',
       '0']
['6',
       '2']
['6',
       '3']
['6',
       '0']
['6',
       '6']
['6',
       '1']
['6',
       '5']
['6',
       '3']
['5',
       '9']
['5',
       '9']
['6',
       '3'1
['6',
       '3']
['6',
       '0']
['5',
['6',
       '11']
       '0']
['5',
       '5'1
['6',
       '6'1
['6',
       '6']
['6',
       '8']
['6',
       '4']
['6',
       '1']
['6',
       '6']
['6',
       '7']
['5',
       '10']
['6',
       '2']
['6',
       '2']
['6',
       '5']
['6',
       '4']
['6',
       '7']
['6',
       '1'1
['6',
       '1']
['5',
       '10'1
['6', '4']
['6', '2']
```

```
['6', '6']
['5', '11']
['6', '0']
['6', '4']
['6', '5']
['6', '2']
['6', '3']
['5', '10']
['6', '3']
['6', '3']
['6', '3']
```

Data Imputation

--Aarsh Patel

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import glob
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from fancyimpute import KNN
```

Combine all years data into one csv file called "combined_data.csv"

```
# Get a list of all csv files
csv_files = ['2012', '2013', '2014', '2015', '2016', '2017', '2018',
'2019', '2020', '2021', '2022', '2023']

# Create an empty list to store the dataframes
dfs = []

# Loop over the list of csv files
for csv in csv_files:
    # Read each csv file into a DataFrame and append it to the list
    dfs.append(pd.read_csv('data/' + csv + '.csv'))

# Concatenate all dataframes in the list into one dataframe
df = pd.concat(dfs, ignore_index=True)

df.to_csv('data/combined_data.csv', index=False)
```

Identifying and Dropping Columns with Less Than 10% Data Availability

```
# Store original column names
original_columns = df.columns
```

```
# Drop columns with less than 10% data available
df = df.dropna(thresh=(0.1 * len(df)), axis=1)
# Get the remaining column names after dropping
remaining columns = df.columns
# Find the dropped column names
dropped_columns = original columns.difference(remaining columns)
# Print the dropped column names
print(dropped columns)
Index(['fg_pct', 'fga', 'fgm', 'kick_points', 'kick_ret',
'kick ret tdxpm',
       'kick_ret_yds', 'kick_ret_yds_per_ret', 'pass_att', 'pass_cmp',
       'pass_cmp_pct', 'pass_int', 'pass_rating', 'pass_td',
'pass yds',
        punt', 'punt ret', 'punt ret td', 'punt ret yds',
       'punt_ret_yds_per_ret', 'punt_yds', 'punt_yds_per_punt',
'xp pct',
       'xpa'],
      dtype='object')
```

Imputing Missing Values Using K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) Algorithm and Label Encoding

```
# Selecting important columns from the original DataFrame
imp df = df[['Position', 'Height', 'Weight', '40 Yard Dash', 'Bench
Press',
             'Vertical Jump', 'Broad Jump', '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle',
             'tackles_solo', 'tackles_assists', 'tackles_loss',
'sacks',
             'def int', 'def int yds', 'def int td', 'pass defended',
             'fumbles rec', 'fumbles rec yds', 'fumbles rec td',
'fumbles forced',
             'rec', 'rec yds', 'rec yds per rec', 'rec td',
'rush att', 'rush yds',
             'rush_yds_per_att', 'rush_td', 'scrim_att', 'scrim_yds',
             'scrim yds per att', 'scrim td']]
# Initialize a label encoder for encoding categorical 'Position'
column
label encoder = LabelEncoder()
imp df.loc[:, 'Position'] =
label encoder.fit transform(imp df['Position'])
# Impute missing values using KNN algorithm with k=5
imp df = KNN(k=5).fit transform(imp df)
imp df = pd.DataFrame(imp df)
```

```
# Rename columns of the DataFrame
imp df.columns = ['Position', 'Height', 'Weight', '40 Yard Dash',
'Bench Press'
              Vertical Jump', 'Broad Jump', '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle',
             'tackles_solo', 'tackles_assists', 'tackles loss',
'sacks',
             'def int', 'def int yds', 'def int td', 'pass defended',
             'fumbles rec', 'fumbles rec yds', 'fumbles rec td',
'fumbles forced',
             'rec', 'rec yds', 'rec yds per rec', 'rec td',
'rush att', 'rush yds',
             'rush_yds_per_att', 'rush_td', 'scrim_att', 'scrim_yds',
             'scrim_yds_per_att', 'scrim_td']
# Round the values in the DataFrame to 2 decimal places
imp df = imp df.round(2)
# Replace the selected columns in the original DataFrame with the
imputed values
df[['Height', 'Weight', '40 Yard Dash', 'Bench Press', 'Vertical
Jump', 'Broad Jump',
    '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle', 'tackles solo', 'tackles assists',
'tackles_loss', 'sacks',
'def_int', 'def_int_yds', 'def_int_td', 'pass_defended',
'fumbles_rec', 'fumbles_rec_yds',
    'fumbles rec td', 'fumbles forced', 'rec', 'rec yds',
'rec_yds_per_rec', 'rec_td', 'rush_att',
     'rush_yds', 'rush_yds_per_att', 'rush_td', 'scrim_att',
'scrim_yds','scrim_yds_per_att', 'scrim_td']] =
imp df.drop('Position', axis=1)
Imputing row 1/3684 with 26 missing, elapsed time: 3.817
Imputing row 101/3684 with 25 missing, elapsed time: 3.933
Imputing row 201/3684 with 24 missing, elapsed time: 4.046
Imputing row 301/3684 with 20 missing, elapsed time: 4.149
Imputing row 401/3684 with 17 missing, elapsed time: 4.218
Imputing row 501/3684 with 13 missing, elapsed time: 4.286
Imputing row 601/3684 with 16 missing, elapsed time: 4.347
Imputing row 701/3684 with 14 missing, elapsed time: 4.412
Imputing row 801/3684 with 19 missing, elapsed time: 4.483
Imputing row 901/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 4.549
Imputing row 1001/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 4.616
Imputing row 1101/3684 with 15 missing, elapsed time: 4.684
Imputing row 1201/3684 with 14 missing, elapsed time: 4.752
Imputing row 1301/3684 with 15 missing, elapsed time: 4.818
Imputing row 1401/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 4.881
Imputing row 1501/3684 with 20 missing, elapsed time: 4.947
Imputing row 1601/3684 with 14 missing, elapsed time: 5.018
Imputing row 1701/3684 with 25 missing, elapsed time: 5.084
Imputing row 1801/3684 with 18 missing, elapsed time: 5.156
```

```
Imputing row 1901/3684 with 15 missing, elapsed time: 5.226
Imputing row 2001/3684 with 16 missing, elapsed time: 5.300
Imputing row 2101/3684 with 14 missing, elapsed time: 5.370
Imputing row 2201/3684 with 16 missing, elapsed time: 5.441
Imputing row 2301/3684 with 15 missing, elapsed time: 5.508
Imputing row 2401/3684 with 19 missing, elapsed time: 5.580
Imputing row 2501/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 5.650
Imputing row 2601/3684 with 15 missing, elapsed time: 5.720
Imputing row 2701/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 5.787
Imputing row 2801/3684 with 12 missing, elapsed time: 5.853
Imputing row 2901/3684 with 19 missing, elapsed time: 5.923
Imputing row 3001/3684 with 24 missing, elapsed time: 5.989
Imputing row 3101/3684 with 24 missing, elapsed time: 6.059
Imputing row 3201/3684 with 30 missing, elapsed time: 6.135
Imputing row 3301/3684 with 17 missing, elapsed time: 6.212
Imputing row 3401/3684 with 18 missing, elapsed time: 6.291
Imputing row 3501/3684 with 14 missing, elapsed time: 6.365
Imputing row 3601/3684 with 30 missing, elapsed time: 6.438
```

Imputing Missing Games and Seasons Values Using KNN Algorithm

```
# Select the columns 'Position', 'games', and 'seasons' from the
original DataFrame
imp df = df[["Position", "games", "seasons"]]
# Encode the 'Position' column using a label encoder
imp df.loc[:, 'Position'] =
label encoder.fit transform(imp df["Position"])
# Impute missing values for 'games' and 'seasons' columns using KNN
algorithm with k=10
imp df=fancyimpute.KNN(k=10).fit_transform(imp_df)
imp df = pd.DataFrame(imp df)
# Round the values in the DataFrame to the nearest integer
imp df = imp df.round(0)
# Replace the missing values in the original DataFrame for 'Games' and
'Seasons' with the imputed values
df[["Games", "Seasons"]] = imp df.drop(0, axis=1)
Imputing row 1/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.832
Imputing row 101/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.840
Imputing row 201/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.848
Imputing row 301/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.854
Imputing row 401/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.854
Imputing row 501/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.855
Imputing row 601/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.855
Imputing row 701/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.856
Imputing row 801/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.857
```

```
Imputing row 901/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.858
Imputing row 1001/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.859
Imputing row 1101/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.860
Imputing row 1201/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.861
Imputing row 1301/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.861
Imputing row 1401/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.862
Imputing row 1501/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.863
Imputing row 1601/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.864
Imputing row 1701/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.865
Imputing row 1801/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.865
Imputing row 1901/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.866
Imputing row 2001/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.867
Imputing row 2101/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.868
Imputing row 2201/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.869
Imputing row 2301/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.870
Imputing row 2401/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.871
Imputing row 2501/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.871
Imputing row 2601/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.872
Imputing row 2701/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.873
Imputing row 2801/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.874
Imputing row 2901/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.875
Imputing row 3001/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.876
Imputing row 3101/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.877
Imputing row 3201/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.878
Imputing row 3301/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.879
Imputing row 3401/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.881
Imputing row 3501/3684 with 0 missing, elapsed time: 1.882
Imputing row 3601/3684 with 2 missing, elapsed time: 1.883
```

Calculating Total Tackles and Exporting Imputed Data to CSV

```
df['tackles_total'] = df['tackles_solo'] + df['tackles_assists']
df['tackles_total'] = df['tackles_total'].round(0)

# Export the imputed data to a CSV file
df.to_csv('data/imputed_data.csv', index=False)
```

Exploratory Data Analysis for the NFL Cut!

Dataset after Imputation: imputed_data.csv

```
import pandas as pd
file_path = './data/imputed_data.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
data.head()
```

```
Name Position
                                     College
                                              Round
                                                     Pick \
     Emmanuel Acho
0
                        0LB
                                       Texas
                                                  6
                                                      204
1
         Joe Adams
                         WR
                                    Arkansas
                                                  4
                                                      104
2
      Chas Alecxih
                         DT
                                  Pittsburgh
                                                  0
                                                        0
3
   Frank Alexander
                         DE
                                   0klahoma
                                                  4
                                                      103
     Antonio Allen
                          S
                             South Carolina
                                                  7
                                                      242
                                             Stat URL Height
Weight \
   https://www.sports-reference.com/cfb/players/e... 74.0
                                                                238.0
                                                                179.0
   https://www.sports-reference.com/cfb/players/j...
                                                         71.0
   https://www.sports-reference.com/cfb/players/c...
                                                         76.0
                                                                296.0
   https://www.sports-reference.com/cfb/players/f...
                                                                270.0
                                                         76.0
   https://www.sports-reference.com/cfb/players/a...
                                                                210.0
                                                         73.0
   40 Yard Dash
                 Bench Press
                                    rec td
                                            rush att
                                                      rush yds \
0
                                                       1282.58
           4.64
                       24.00
                                      5.29
                                              199.20
1
           4.51
                       14.59
                                     8.50
                                                4.00
                                                         69.50
2
                                                          5.20
                                                1.19
           5.31
                       19.00
                                     0.00
3
           4.80
                       24.48
                                      2.17
                                               22.98
                                                         75.37
           4.58
                       17.00
                                              374.69
                                                       2061.25
                                     1.68
   rush yds per att rush td scrim att scrim yds
scrim_yds_per_att
               8.83
                      14.91
                                239.71
                                           1747.91
                                                                 8.22
              11.65
                       0.00
                                  96.00
                                           1393.50
                                                                14.45
2
              -0.68
                       0.36
                                   1.36
                                              5.55
                                                                 0.86
                                                                 6.49
3
               4.12
                       4.24
                                  36.81
                                            231.59
               4.94
                      19.21
                                                                 6.43
                                420.39
                                           2397.36
   scrim td
            Year
0
      20.20
             2012
1
       8.50
             2012
2
       0.36
             2012
3
       6.41
             2012
      20.89
             2012
[5 rows x 43 columns]
```

```
data.columns
Index(['Name', 'Position', 'College', 'Round', 'Pick', 'Stat URL',
'Height',
        Weight', '40 Yard Dash', 'Bench Press', 'Vertical Jump',
'Broad Jump',
        '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle', 'conf abbr', 'games', 'seasons',
       'tackles solo', 'tackles assists', 'tackles total',
'tackles_loss',
        'sacks', 'def int', 'def int yds', 'def int td',
'pass_defended',
        'fumbles_rec', 'fumbles_rec_yds', 'fumbles_rec_td',
'fumbles forced',
        'rec', 'rec yds', 'rec yds per rec', 'rec td', 'rush att',
'rush_yds',
       'rush_yds_per_att', 'rush_td', 'scrim_att', 'scrim_yds',
'scrim_yds_per_att', 'scrim_td', 'Year'],
      dtype='object')
```

Number of College Players Per Position

```
data 1= data.loc[:, ['Position']].value counts().reset index()
data 1
   Position
             count
0
                538
          WR
1
          CB
                379
2
          RB
                342
3
          S
                237
4
          DT
                216
5
                210
          TE
6
          DE
                193
7
                193
          0T
8
          QB
                184
9
          LB
                176
10
         0LB
                148
11
          0L
                134
12
                120
          0G
13
                116
          DL
14
         ILB
                 96
15
        EDGE
                 86
16
          DB
                 81
17
           C
                 69
           Р
18
                 67
19
           K
                 55
20
                 25
          FB
21
          LS
                 19
```

```
data 2= data.loc[:, ['College']].value counts().reset index()
data 2
                    College
                             count
0
                    Alabama
                               127
1
                               107
                        LSU
2
                    Georgia
                               101
3
                    Florida
                                94
4
                Notre Dame
                                80
          North Dakota St.
                                 1
158
159
        Alabama-Birmingham
                                 1
160
          Northern Arizona
                                 1
                                 1
161
            Ala-Birmingham
162
                                 1
     Northwestern St. (LA)
[163 rows x 2 columns]
```

Number of College Players per Position:

```
players per position = data.loc[:,
['Position']].value_counts().reset_index()
players_per_position
   Position
             count
0
          WR
                538
1
          CB
                379
2
                342
          RB
3
          S
                237
4
          DT
                216
5
          TE
                210
6
          DE
                193
7
          OT
                193
8
          QB
                184
9
          LB
                176
10
         0LB
                148
11
          0L
                134
12
          0G
                120
13
          DL
                116
14
         ILB
                 96
15
        EDGE
                 86
16
                 81
          DB
17
           C
                 69
18
           Р
                 67
19
           K
                 55
20
          FB
                 25
21
          LS
                 19
```

Visualizations

- Niketan

Visualization 1: Analyzing the Impact of Physical Metrics on Draft Rounds

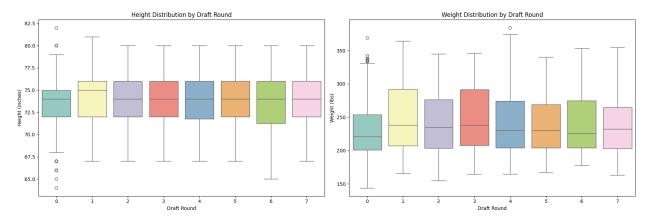
Box plots showing the distribution of height and weight across different draft rounds

- Visual 1: Box plots showing the distribution of height and weight across different draft rounds.
- **Hypothesis:** Players with stronger physical metrics (e.g., taller heights, heavier weights) are more likely to be drafted in earlier rounds.
- **Observation:** The data shows that height and weight do not seem to be the main factors in determining which draft round a player is selected. They are fairly consistent across the different draft rounds, with some outliers but no clear trend. Teams might consider other factors over just the player's physical size when making draft decisions.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
fig, axes = plt.subplots(\frac{1}{2}, figsize=(\frac{18}{6}))
sns.boxplot(ax=axes[0], x='Round', y='Height',
data=data,palette='Set3')
axes[0].set title('Height Distribution by Draft Round')
axes[0].set xlabel('Draft Round')
axes[0].set ylabel('Height (inches)')
sns.boxplot(ax=axes[1], x='Round', y='Weight',
data=data,palette='Set3')
axes[1].set_title('Weight Distribution by Draft Round')
axes[1].set xlabel('Draft Round')
axes[1].set ylabel('Weight (lbs)')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
/var/folders/zp/8ykdjlwd1gjdfz83znprmgp00000gn/T/
ipykernel 12660/1454464748.py:7: FutureWarning:
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
  sns.boxplot(ax=axes[0], x='Round', y='Height',
data=data,palette='Set3')
/var/folders/zp/8ykdjlwd1gjdfz83znprmgp00000gn/T/ipykernel 12660/14544
64748.py:13: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

sns.boxplot(ax=axes[1], x='Round', y='Weight', data=data,palette='Set3')



Visualization 2: Historical Trends in Player Physical Metrics

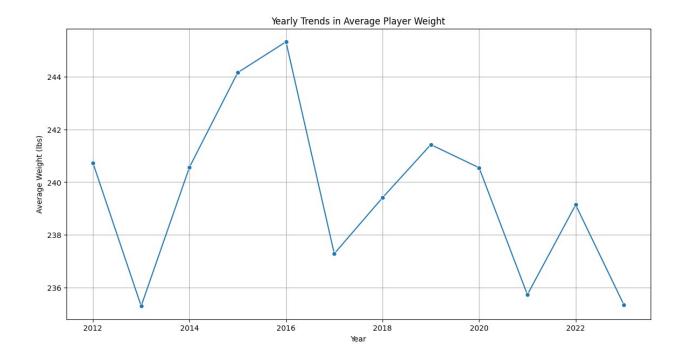
Line graphs depicting the evolution of average player heights and weights over the years.

- **Visual 2:** Line graphs showing the evolution of average player heights and weights over the years.
- **Hypothesis:** Over the years, there has been an increase in the average size and weight of drafted players.
- **Observation:** The line graph shows NFL player weight goes up and down over time. This data doesn't support the idea that players just keep getting bigger. But there was a peak in 2016 and a trend for 3 years (2013-16) where overall weight was increasing.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

average_weight_per_year = data.groupby('Year')
['Weight'].mean().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
sns.lineplot(x='Year', y='Weight', data=average_weight_per_year,
marker='o')
plt.title('Yearly Trends in Average Player Weight')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Average Weight (lbs)')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



Visualizations

- Nishant

Visualisation 3: College Performance and Its Correlation with Draft Success

Scatter plots comparing college performance metrics (e.g., rushing yards, receiving touchdowns) with draft rounds

- **Visual 3:** Scatter plots comparing college performance metrics (e.g., rushing yards, receiving touchdowns) with draft rounds.
- **Hypothesis:** Outstanding college performance is positively correlated with being drafted in higher rounds.
- **Observation:** Early results suggest strong college performance in rushing yards and touchdowns might be linked to higher draft picks, highlighting the importance of college achievements. However, the data also shows players with good stats are spread across all draft rounds, suggesting that other factors might also impact during the draft.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

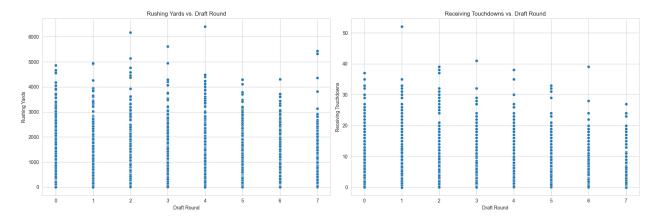
sns.set_style("whitegrid")

fig, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(18, 6))
```

```
sns.scatterplot(ax=axes[0], x='Round', y='rush_yds', data=data)
axes[0].set_title('Rushing Yards vs. Draft Round')
axes[0].set_xlabel('Draft Round')
axes[0].set_ylabel('Rushing Yards')

sns.scatterplot(ax=axes[1], x='Round', y='rec_td', data=data)
axes[1].set_title('Receiving Touchdowns vs. Draft Round')
axes[1].set_xlabel('Draft Round')
axes[1].set_ylabel('Receiving Touchdowns')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Visualization 4: Impact of Combine Performance on Draft Outcomes

- Visual 4: Correlation heatmaps between combine performance metrics and draft rounds.
- Hypothesis: Good performance in combine drills correlates with higher draft selections.
- **Observation:** NFL combine results (speed, jumps) do show some link to earlier draft picks, suggesting the combine is still important. But the connection isn't strong, so teams likely consider other factors like game film and interviews too.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

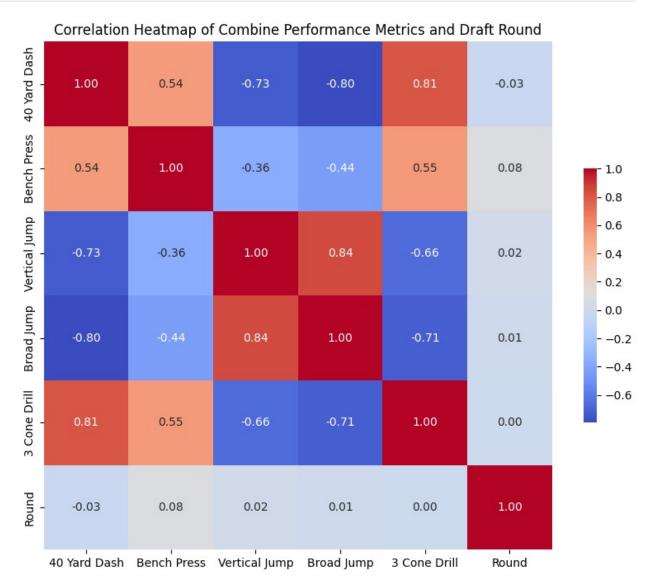
combine_metrics = ['40 Yard Dash', 'Bench Press', 'Vertical Jump',
'Broad Jump', '3 Cone Drill'] # example metric columns

combine_metrics.append('Round')

# Calculating the correlation matrix
corr = data[combine_metrics].corr()

# Setting up the matplotlib figure
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
```

```
sns.heatmap(corr, annot=True, fmt=".2f", cmap='coolwarm',
cbar_kws={'shrink': .5}, square=True)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of Combine Performance Metrics and
Draft Round')
plt.show()
```



Visualization 5: Positional Value in Draft Rounds

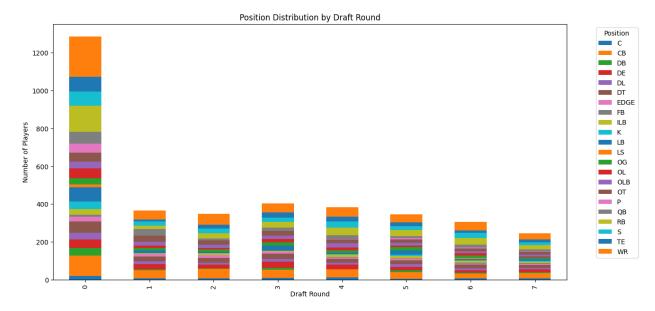
- Visual 5: Stacked bar charts showing the distribution of drafted positions in each round.
- **Hypothesis:** Some positions (e.g., Quarterbacks, Offensive Tackles) are more likely to be drafted in earlier rounds due to their importance in the game.
- **Observation:** Most players go undrafted (Round 0). Some positions, like tackle and receiver, are usually drafted early because teams think they're valuable. Kickers and punters are drafted

less often, and other positions can be drafted any round. This suggests teams consider more than just position when drafting.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

position_round_counts = data.groupby(['Round',
'Position']).size().unstack().fillna(0)

position_round_counts.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(14, 7))
plt.title('Position Distribution by Draft Round')
plt.xlabel('Draft Round')
plt.ylabel('Number of Players')
plt.legend(title='Position', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



Visualization 6: Proportion of Players Drafted by Round for Selected Positions (OT vs. Kickers/Punters)

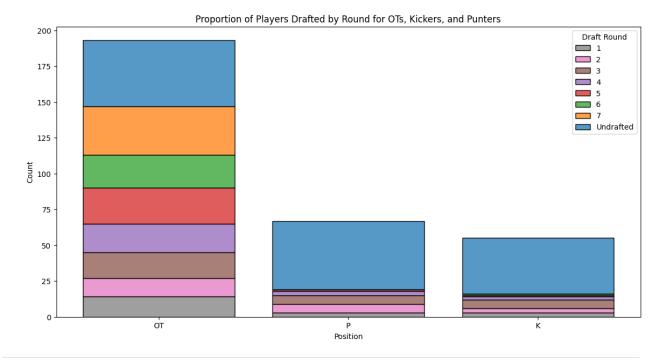
- Visual 6: The bar chart shows the count of players drafted by round for three distinct positions: Offensive Tackles (OT), Punters (P), and Kickers (K), along with those who were undrafted. We chose to explore these 3 positions more since we had some insights on these from in the EDA in Visual 5.
- **Hypothesis:** Players in key offensive and defensive positions, like Offensive Tackles, are likely to be drafted in earlier rounds, while specialized positions such as Kickers and Punters are often selected in later rounds.
- **Observation:** Offensive Tackles (OT) are heavily represented in the early rounds, with a significant number of players selected in the first round. Punters (P) and Kickers (K) show a contrasting distribution, with a substantial proportion undrafted, and the majority of those

drafted are selected in the later rounds. The hypothesis is supported by the data, with OTs indeed being drafted earlier and more frequently, while Kickers and Punters are less prioritized in the draft process and are more likely to be undrafted.

```
data['Drafted'] = data['Round'].apply(lambda x: 'Undrafted' if x == 0
else 'Drafted')

positions_to_compare = ['OT', 'K', 'P']
draft_rounds_data = data[data['Position'].isin(positions_to_compare) &
  (data['Round'] <= 7)]

plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
sns.histplot(data=draft_rounds_data, x='Position', hue='Round',
multiple='stack', palette='tabl0', shrink=0.8)
plt.title('Proportion of Players Drafted by Round for OTs, Kickers,
and Punters')
plt.xlabel('Position')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.legend(title='Draft Round', loc='upper right', labels=['1', '2',
'3', '4', '5', '6', '7', 'Undrafted'])
plt.show()</pre>
```



This is formatted as code

Rank prediction using Random Forest Classifier

-- Vishwa Sheth

Key components of the model

Data Preprocessing: After imputing missing values using KNN, we convert categorical data to numeric using the get_dummies function in pandas. This conversion helps to format the data in a way that is suitable for the model.

Feature selection: We remove irrelevant features such as "Name" and "College" from consideration for prediction. Additionally, "Round" and "Pick" are excluded as they are part of the target feature.

Target feature: Currently, we aim to predict ranking using the "Round" feature. In the future, we plan to incorporate "Pick" before final submission.

Dataset split: Given that this is a ranking problem, the training dataset includes all years except for 2023. Data from 2023 will be used solely for predicting the rank.

The hyperparameters are tuned using cross-validation. The disparity between baseline measurements and best-fit measurements demonstrates an improvement in accuracy and other metrics following 5-Fold cross-validation.

Comparative Analysis of Baseline and Best-Fit Random Forest Models for Ranking Prediction

Note: This work is in progress; we aim to improve measurement parameters, include ranking parameters in Cross Validation instead of accuracy and include "Pick" in the target feature.

```
import pandas as pd
# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv("data/imputed_data.csv")
print(df.columns)
Index(['Name', 'Position', 'College', 'Round', 'Pick', 'Stat URL',
'Height',
       'Weight', '40 Yard Dash', 'Bench Press', 'Vertical Jump',
'Broad Jump',
       '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle', 'conf abbr', 'games', 'seasons',
       'tackles_solo', 'tackles_assists', 'tackles_total',
'tackles_loss',
       'sacks', 'def_int', 'def_int_yds', 'def_int_td',
'pass defended',
       'fumbles rec', 'fumbles rec yds', 'fumbles rec td',
'fumbles forced',
       'rec', 'rec_yds', 'rec_yds_per_rec', 'rec_td', 'rush_att',
'rush yds',
       'rush yds per att', 'rush td', 'scrim att', 'scrim yds',
       'scrim yds per att', 'scrim td', 'Year'],
      dtype='object')
df.head
                                                Name Position
<bound method NDFrame.head of</pre>
College Round Pick \
```

0 1 2 3 4 3679 3680 3681 3682 3683	Emmanuel Acho Joe Adams Chas Alecxih Frank Alexander Antonio Allen Luke Wypler Bryce Young Byron Young Byron Young Cameron Young	OLB WR DT DE S C QB DT EDGE	South	Texa Arkansa Pittsburg Oklahom Carolin Ohio St Alabam Alabam Tennesse	s 4 h 0 a 4 a 7 6 a 1 a 3 e 3	204 104 0 103 242 190 1 70 77 123	
Weigh 0 238.0	t \ https://www.sports https://www.sports			•		Height 74.0 71.0	
179.0 2 296.0 3 270.0	https://www.sports https://www.sports https://www.sports	- referei	nce.cor	n/cfb/pla	yers/f	76.0 76.0 73.0	
210.0 3679 303.0	https://www.sports	- referei	nce.com	n/cfb/pla	 yers/l	75.0	
3680 204.0 3681 294.0 3682 250.0	https://www.sports https://www.sports https://www.sports	- referei	nce.cor	m/cfb/pla	yers/b	70.0 75.0 74.0	
3683 304.0		n Press	nce.com	rec_td	rush_att	75.0	\
0 1 2 3 4	4.64 4.51 5.31 4.80 4.58	24.00 14.59 19.00 24.48 17.00		5.29 8.50 0.00 2.17 1.68	199.20 4.00 1.19 22.98 374.69	1282.58 69.50 5.20 75.37 2061.25	
3679 3680 3681 3682 3683	5.14 4.65 4.92 4.43 5.10	25.26 18.86 24.00 22.00 29.53		0.14 0.00 0.13 1.42 0.21	1.14 1.00 1.53 67.49 1.08	-1.96 1.02 6.99 319.31 -0.84	

```
rush_yds_per_att rush_td scrim_att scrim_yds
scrim yds per att \
0
                  8.83
                         14.91
                                    239.71
                                              1747.91
8.22
1
                 11.65
                          0.00
                                     96.00
                                              1393.50
14.45
                 -0.68
                          0.36
                                      1.36
                                                 5.55
2
0.86
                          4.24
                                     36.81
                                               231.59
3
                  4.12
6.49
                         19.21
                  4.94
                                    420.39
                                              2397.36
4
6.43
3679
                 -2.52
                          0.14
                                      2.41
                                                 5.95
2.27
3680
                  1.00
                          0.00
                                      1.00
                                                 1.02
1.00
3681
                  1.28
                          0.53
                                      2.67
                                                14.08
1.51
                                               567.86
3682
                          4.51
                                     95.10
                  3.01
5.38
                          0.21
3683
                 -2.46
                                      5.61
                                                32.58
0.22
      scrim td Year
0
         20.20
                2012
1
          8.50
                2012
2
          0.36 2012
3
          6.41
                2012
4
         20.89 2012
. . .
          0.28
                2023
3679
3680
          0.00
                2023
3681
          0.65
                2023
3682
          5.94
                2023
3683
          0.42 2023
[3684 rows x 43 columns]>
# Classifing it in binary to train model and then predict
probabilities for ranking
df.loc[df.Round != 1, "Round"] = 0
# Dropping the columns which donot contribute in prediction
all_X = df.drop(["Name", "Round", "Pick", "College"], axis=1)
all X = pd.get dummies(all X)
# Splitting testing and training sets
train X = all X[(all X.Year != 2023)].drop(["Year"], axis=1)
```

```
test X = all X[all X.Year == 2023].drop(["Year"], axis=1)
train y = df[(df.Year != 2023)].Round
test y = df[df.Year == 2023].Round
train X.head()
   Height Weight 40 Yard Dash Bench Press Vertical Jump Broad
Jump \
     74.0
            238.0
                           4.64
                                        24.00
                                                       35.50
118.00
     71.0
           179.0
                           4.51
                                        14.59
                                                       36.00
123.00
     76.0
                                                       25.50
            296.0
                           5.31
                                        19.00
99.00
     76.0
            270.0
                           4.80
                                        24.48
                                                       31.13
115.26
                           4.58
                                        17.00
                                                       34.00
     73.0
            210.0
118.00
   3 Cone Drill Shuttle games
                                 seasons ... conf abbr CUSA
conf_abbr_Ind \
           7.13
                    4.28
                           37.0
                                     3.0
                                                         False
False
           7.09
                    4.12
                           40.0
                                     4.0
                                                         False
1
False
2
           7.74
                    4.62 34.0
                                     3.0
                                                         False
False
           7.19
                    4.48
                           37.0
                                     4.0
                                                         False
3
False
                    4.25
                           42.0
                                     4.0
           7.02
                                                         False
False
   conf abbr MAC conf abbr MVC conf abbr MWC
                                                 conf abbr Pac-10 \
0
           False
                          False
                                          False
                                                            False
1
           False
                          False
                                          False
                                                            False
2
           False
                          False
                                          False
                                                            False
3
                          False
                                          False
                                                            False
           False
4
           False
                          False
                                          False
                                                            False
   conf abbr Pac-12 conf abbr SEC conf abbr Sun Belt conf abbr WAC
0
                             False
                                                  False
                                                                 False
              False
1
              False
                             False
                                                  False
                                                                 False
2
              False
                             False
                                                  False
                                                                 False
3
              False
                                                                 False
                             False
                                                  False
              False
                             False
                                                  False
                                                                 False
```

[5 rows x 3754 columns]											
test_X.head()											
	Height	Weight	40 Yar	d Dash	Bench	Press	Vertica	l Jump	Broad		
	70.0	216.0		<i>1</i> E1		10 42		22 64			
3400 115.58	70.0	216.0		4.51		19.42		33.64			
3401 129.00	73.0	237.0		4.47		17.09		36.50			
3402	69.0	188.0		4.32		14.92		33.00			
119.26 3403	71.0	173.0		4.49		15.14		34.00			
122.00)										
3404 125.00	74.0	282.0		4.49		27.00		37.50			
123100		D :11 C					_				
3400	3 Cone	Drill S 7.03	huttle 4.28	games 31.0	seasor 3	ns .0	cont_a	bbr_CUS/ False			
3401		7.22	4.25	53.0	5	.0		False	e		
3402 3403		7.02 7.00	4.19 4.16	30.0 35.0		.0 .0		Falso Falso			
3404		7.22	4.47	36.0		.0		False			
	conf_ab	br_Ind	conf_ab	br_MAC	conf_a	abbr_MV(conf_a	abbr_MW	C \		
3400 3401		False False		False False		False False		False False			
3402		False		False		False		False			
3403 3404		False False		False False		False False		Falso Falso			
3404											
Belt	conf_ab	br_Pac-1	9 conf	_abbr_P	ac-12	conf_al	bbr_SEC	conf_al	bbr_Sun		
3400	`	Fals	е		False		False				
False 3401		Fals	e		False		False				
False											
3402 False		Fals	е		False		True				
3403		False			False		False	ılse			
False 3404		Fals	e		False		False				
False		. 0. 20									
	conf_ab	br_WAC									
3400 3401		False False									
3401		False									

```
3403
              False
3404
              False
[5 rows x 3754 columns]
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
# Define the parameter values as baseline
n = 1
max depth = None
min samples split = 1000
min samples leaf = 1000
max features = None
bootstrap = False
# Initialize the Random Forest classifier with custom parameters
baseline rf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=n_estimators,
                                    max depth=max depth,
min samples split=min samples split,
                                    min samples leaf=min samples leaf,
                                    max features=max features,
                                    bootstrap=bootstrap)
# Initialize and train Random Forest classifier as baseline
# baseline rf = RandomForestClassifier()
baseline rf.fit(train X, train y)
RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=False, max_features=None,
                       min_samples_leaf=1000, min samples split=1000,
                       n estimators=1)
# Make predictions on test data
baseline preds = preds = baseline rf.predict proba(test X)
count = 1
# Ranking done according to the probability scores
for i in pd.DataFrame(baseline preds).sort values(by=1,
ascending=False).index:
    print(str(count) + " " + str(df[df.Year==2023].reset index().at[i,
"Name"]))
    count += 1
1 Israel Abanikanda
2 Mike Morris
3 Tashawn Manning
4 Michael Mayer
5 Warren McClendon
6 Jordan McFadden
7 Tanner McKee
8 Kendre Miller
```

- 9 Marvin Mims
- 10 Keaton Mitchell
- 11 Wanya Morris
- 12 Calijah Kancey
- 13 Myles Murphy
- 14 Lukas Van Ness
- 15 John Ojukwu
- 16 BJ Ojulari
- 17 Jarrett Patterson
- 18 Kyle Patterson
- 19 Jack Podlesny
- 20 Asim Richards
- 21 Jaxson Kirkland
- 22 Darrell Luter Jr.
- 23 Anton Harrison
- 24 Clark Phillips III
- 25 Malik Heath
- 26 Nick Herbig
- 27 Ronnie Hickman
- 28 Brandon Hill
- 29 Xavier Hutchinson
- 30 Jalin Hyatt
- 31 Andre Carter II
- 32 Rashad Torrence II
- 33 Thomas Incoom
- 34 Paris Johnson Jr.
- 35 Rakim Jarrett
- 36 Antonio Johnson
- 37 Quentin Johnston
- 38 Broderick Jones
- 39 Dawand Jones
- 40 Jaylon Jones
- 41 Will Anderson Jr.
- 42 Emil Ekiyor Jr.
- 43 Anthony Richardson
- 44 Eli Ricks
- 45 Kelee Ringo
- 46 Parker Washington
- 47 DJ Turner
- 48 Carrington Valentine
- 49 Deuce Vaughn
- 50 Andrew Vorhees
- 51 Dalton Wagner
- 52 Alex Ward
- 53 Carter Warren
- 54 Darnell Washington
- 55 Tyrus Wheat
- 56 Tavius Robinson
- 57 Blake Whiteheart

- 58 Dontayvion Wicks
- 59 Garrett Williams
- 60 Darnell Wright
- 61 Rejzohn Wright
- 62 Luke Wypler
- 63 Bryce Young
- 64 Byron Young
- 65 Tuli Tuipulotu
- 66 Sean Tucker
- 67 O'Cyrus Torrence
- 68 Henry To'oTo'o
- 69 Bijan Robinson
- 70 Jaquelin Roy
- 71 Drew Sanders
- 72 John Michael Schmitz
- 73 Luke Schoonmaker
- 74 Tyler Scott
- 75 Juice Scruggs
- 76 Noah Sewell
- 77 Trenton Simpson
- 78 Peter Skoronski
- 79 Mazi Smith
- 80 Jaxon Smith-Njigba
- 81 Tyler Steen
- 82 Ricky Stromberg
- 83 C.J. Stroud
- 84 Mitchell Tinsley
- 85 Joe Tippmann
- 86 Ryan Hayes
- 87 Dalton Kincaid
- 88 Matthew Bergeron
- 89 Tiyon Evans
- 90 Ali Gaye
- 91 Malaesala Aumavae-Laulu
- 92 Ji'Ayir Brown
- 93 Connor Galvin
- 94 Henry Bainivalu
- 95 Jon Gaines
- 96 Gervon Dexter
- 97 Blake Freeland
- 98 Myles Brooks
- 99 Felix Anudike-Uzomah
- 100 Alex Forsyth
- 101 Zach Evans
- 102 Jalen Brooks
- 103 Nick Broeker
- 104 Emmanuel Forbes
- 105 Bryan Bresee
- 106 Nathaniel Dell

- 107 Jakorian Bennett
- 108 Jerrod Clark
- 109 Jahmyr Gibbs
- 110 Brian Branch
- 111 Jovaughn Gwyn
- 112 Grant DuBose
- 113 Josh Downs
- 114 Jalen Carter
- 115 Christian Gonzalez
- 116 Jordan Addison
- 117 Anthony Bradford
- 118 Kayshon Boutte
- 119 MJ Anderson
- 120 YaYa Diaby
- 121 Devon Achane
- 122 Jake Andrews
- 123 Tank Bigsby
- 124 Richard Gouraige
- 125 Alan Ali
- 126 Tyjae Spears
- 127 JL Skinner
- 128 Lance Boykin
- 129 Terell Smith
- 130 Christopher Smith
- 131 Cam Smith
- 132 Nolan Smith
- 133 Chase Brown
- 134 Julius Brents
- 135 Brad Robbins
- 136 Deneric Prince
- 137 Jalen Redmond
- 138 Jayden Reed
- 139 Rashee Rice
- 140 Zach Charbonnet
- 141 Anders Carlson
- 142 Jack Campbell
- 143 Arguon Bush
- 144 Justin Shorter
- 145 Sydney Brown
- 145 Sydney brown
- 146 Jammie Robinson
- 147 Darius Rush
- 148 Chad Ryland
- 149 Dante Stills
- 150 Cameron Brown
- 151 Daniel Scott
- 152 Tyrique Stevenson
- 153 Jaren Hall
- 154 Brenton Strange
- 155 Bryce Baringer

- 156 Deonte Banks
- 157 Jay Ward
- 158 Habakkuk Baldonado
- 159 Alex Austin
- 160 Jalen Wayne
- 161 Keion White
- 162 Josh Whyle
- 163 Dorian Williams
- 164 Brayden Willis
- 165 Michael Wilson
- 166 Tyree Wilson
- 167 Dee Winters
- 168 Devon Witherspoon
- 169 Colby Wooden
- 170 Davis Allen
- 171 Adetomiwa Adebawore
- 172 Byron Young
- 173 Jeremy Banks
- 174 Travis Vokolek
- 175 Jake Bobo
- 176 Micah Baskerville
- 177 Mekhi Blackmon
- 178 Leonard Taylor
- 179 Noah Taylor
- 180 Charlie Thomas
- 181 Tavion Thomas
- 182 SaRodorick Thompson
- 183 Dorian Thompson-Robinson
- 184 Cedric Tillman
- 185 Keeanu Benton
- 186 Stetson Bennett
- 187 Cory Trice
- 188 Tre Tucker
- 189 Ronnie Bell
- 190 Clayton Tune
- 191 Michael Turk
- 192 Robert Beal
- 193 Jordan Battle
- 194 B.T. Potter
- 195 Gervarrius Owens
- 196 Zacch Pickens
- 197 Payne Durham
- 198 Jaray Jenkins
- 199 Anthony Johnson
- 200 Roschon Johnson
- 201 Isaiah Foskey
- 202 Cam Jones
- 203 Charlie Jones
- 204 Bryce Ford-Wheaton

```
205 Nic Jones
```

- 206 Tyreque Jones
- 207 Brandon Joseph
- 208 Anthony Johnson Jr.
- 209 Zay Flowers
- 210 Earl Bostick Jr.
- 211 Dontay Demus Jr.
- 212 Ikenna Enechukwu
- 213 Ivan Pace Jr.
- 214 Joey Porter Jr.
- 215 Travis Dye
- 216 Kyu Blu Kelly
- 217 Kearis Jackson
- 218 Siaki Ika
- 219 Mekhi Garner
- 220 Eric Gray
- 221 Derick Hall
- 222 Zach Harrison
- 223 Jadon Haselwood
- 224 Jake Haener
- 225 DeMarcco Hellams
- 226 Daiyan Henley
- 227 Antoine Green
- 228 Shaka Heyward
- 229 Elijah Higgins
- 230 Trey Dean III
- 231 Jalen Graham
- 232 Tre'Vius Hodges-Tomlinson
- 233 Hendon Hooker
- 234 Dylan Horton
- 235 Jordan Howden
- 236 Evan Hull
- 237 Mohamed Ibrahim
- 238 Jason Taylor II
- 239 Yasir Abdullah
- 240 Malik Knowles
- 241 Lonnie Phelps
- 242 Adam Korsak
- 243 DJ Dale
- 244 Luke Musgrave
- 245 PJ Mustipher
- 246 Puka Nacua
- 247 Malik Cunningham
- 248 Joseph Ngata
- 249 Aidan O'Connell
- 250 Moro Ojomo
- 251 Brenton Cox
- 252 Jacob Copeland
- 253 Anfernee Orji

```
254 DeMarvion Overshown
255 Nick Hampton
256 Trey Palmer
257 Owen Pappoe
258 Chamarri Conner
259 Keondre Coburn
260 Camerun Peoples
261 A.T. Perry
262 Riley Moss
263 Derius Davis
264 Isaiah Moore
265 Ochaun Mathis
266 Tyler Lacy
267 Matt Landers
268 Sam LaPorta
269 Cameron Latu
270 Will Levis
271 Will Mallory
272 Christopher Dunn
273 Jartavius Martin
274 Max Duggan
275 Jake Moody
276 Isaiah McGuire
277 Kenny McIntosh
278 Demario Douglas
279 Kaevon Merriweather
280 Ventrell Miller
281 Jonathan Mingo
282 Cameron Mitchell
283 SirVocea Dennis
284 Cameron Young
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, roc_auc_score
import numpy as np
# Convert predicted probabilities to binary predictions based on a
threshold (e.g., 0.5)
predicted labels = (baseline preds[:, 1] > 0.5).astype(int)
# Evaluation for ranking metrics
# Sort the predictions based on probability scores
sorted indices = np.argsort(-preds[:, 1])
k = 10
num relevant = sum(test y)
def calculate MRR(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
    mrr = 0
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted_indices):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1: # Use iloc to access test y by index
```

```
mrr = 1 / (idx + 1)
            break
    return mrr
def calculate MAP(sorted indices, test v):
    # Calculate Mean Average Precision (MAP)
    ap = 0
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted indices):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1:
            ap += sum(test_y.iloc[:idx + 1]) / (idx + 1)
    map score = ap / num relevant
    return map score
def calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10
    dcq = 0
    idcg = sum(1 / np.log2(np.arange(2, k + 2)))
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted indices[:k]):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1:
            dcg += 1 / np.log2(idx + 2)
    ndcg = dcg / idcg
    return ndcg
def calculate PAK(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Precision at k (P@k)
    tp at k = sum(test y.iloc[sorted indices[:k]])
    precision at k = tp at k / k
    return precision at k
def calculate RAK(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Recall at k (R@k)
    tp at k = sum(test y.iloc[sorted indices[:k]])
    recall_at_k = tp_at_k / num_relevant
    return recall at k
pip install tabulate
Requirement already satisfied: tabulate in
/opt/homebrew/anaconda3/lib/python3.11/site-packages (0.8.10)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
from tabulate import tabulate
# Calculate all measurements
baseline measurements = [
    ("Accuracy", accuracy score(test y, predicted labels)),
    ("ROC AUC Score", roc_auc_score(test_y, baseline_preds[:, 1])),
    ("Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)", calculate MRR(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Mean Average Precision (MAP)", calculate MAP(sorted indices,
```

```
test v)),
    ("Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10",
calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y)),
    ("Precision at k (P@k) at k=10", calculate PAK(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Recall at k (R@k) at k=10", calculate RAK(sorted indices,
test y))
# Print measurements in a table format
print("Baseline measurements")
print(tabulate(baseline measurements, headers=["Metric", "Value"]))
Baseline measurements
Metric
                                                           Value
Accuracy
                                                       0.897887
ROC AUC Score
                                                       0.696552
Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
                                                       0.125
Mean Average Precision (MAP)
                                                       0.115021
Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10 0.0694312
Precision at k (P@k) at k=10
                                                       0.1
Recall at k (R@k) at k=10
                                                       0.0344828
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
# Training the model using Random Forest by using best parameters
param grid = {
    'n estimators': [100, 500, 1000]
}
# Initialize the Random Forest classifier
rf = RandomForestClassifier()
# Hypertuning parameters using 5-Fold Cross Validation method
clf = GridSearchCV(estimator=rf, param grid=param grid, cv=5,
scoring='accuracy')
clf.fit(train X, train y)
GridSearchCV(cv=5, estimator=RandomForestClassifier(),
             param grid={'n estimators': [100, 500, 1000]},
scoring='accuracy')
# Get the best parameters
best params = clf.best params
print("Best Parameters:", best_params)
# Use the best estimator to make predictions
best rf = clf.best estimator
Best Parameters: {'n estimators': 100}
```

```
# Predicting the probabilities of Test set
preds = best rf.predict proba(test X)
count = 1
# Ranking done according to the probability scores
for i in pd.DataFrame(preds).sort values(by=1, ascending=False).index:
    print(str(count) + " " + str(df[df.Year==2023].reset_index().at[i,
"Name"]))
    count += 1
1 Bryce Young
2 C.J. Stroud
3 Jakorian Bennett
4 Dante Stills
5 Will Anderson Jr.
6 Emmanuel Forbes
7 Marvin Mims
8 Christian Gonzalez
9 Julius Brents
10 Tyler Steen
11 Darnell Wright
12 DJ Turner
13 Anthony Richardson
14 Deonte Banks
15 Nolan Smith
16 Blake Freeland
17 Lukas Van Ness
18 Jaren Hall
19 Tre'Vius Hodges-Tomlinson
20 Thomas Incoom
21 Owen Pappoe
22 Byron Young
23 Darnell Washington
24 Joe Tippmann
25 Kelee Ringo
26 Myles Brooks
27 Isaiah Foskey
28 Trenton Simpson
29 Charlie Thomas
30 Adetomiwa Adebawore
31 Dawand Jones
32 Riley Moss
33 Richard Gouraige
34 Ryan Hayes
35 Hendon Hooker
36 Carrington Valentine
37 Darius Rush
38 Tavius Robinson
39 Michael Mayer
40 Kayshon Boutte
```

- 41 Jason Taylor II
- 42 Zacch Pickens
- 43 Anthony Bradford
- 44 Yasir Abdullah
- 45 Rashee Rice
- 46 Jalin Hyatt
- 47 Rejzohn Wright
- 48 Nick Hampton
- 49 Joey Porter Jr.
- 50 Matt Landers
- 51 Quentin Johnston
- 52 Tanner McKee
- 53 Parker Washington
- 54 Anton Harrison
- 55 Andre Carter II
- 56 Josh Downs
- 57 Nick Herbig
- 58 Anfernee Orji
- 59 Wanya Morris
- 60 0'Cyrus Torrence
- 61 Jartavius Martin
- 62 Cam Smith
- 63 Jaxon Smith-Njigba
- 64 Bijan Robinson
- 65 A.T. Perry
- 66 Jay Ward
- 67 Daniel Scott
- 68 Malaesala Aumavae-Laulu
- 69 Xavier Hutchinson
- 70 Robert Beal
- 71 Jalen Redmond
- 72 YaYa Diaby
- 73 Mike Morris
- 74 Warren McClendon
- 75 Keaton Mitchell
- 76 Malik Cunningham
- 77 Cory Trice
- 78 Keion White
- 79 Earl Bostick Jr.
- 80 Sydney Brown
- 81 Jordan Battle
- 82 Matthew Bergeron
- 83 Mohamed Ibrahim
- 84 Tyler Lacy
- 85 Jerrod Clark
- 86 Jonathan Mingo
- 87 Eli Ricks
- 88 Tyreque Jones
- 89 Jordan Howden

```
90 Luke Schoonmaker
```

- 91 Jake Moody
- 92 Paris Johnson Jr.
- 93 Cameron Young
- 94 Jacob Copeland
- 95 Chamarri Conner
- 96 Calijah Kancey
- 97 Drew Sanders
- 98 Jaquelin Roy
- 99 Clayton Tune
- 100 Jack Campbell
- 101 Ikenna Enechukwu
- 102 Travis Dye
- 103 Bryan Bresee
- 104 Darrell Luter Jr.
- 105 Kyu Blu Kelly
- 106 Jon Gaines
- 107 Gervon Dexter
- 108 Dontayvion Wicks
- 109 Sam LaPorta
- 110 Cameron Brown
- 111 Moro Ojomo
- 112 Aidan O'Connell
- 113 Isaiah McGuire
- 114 Dorian Thompson-Robinson
- 115 Rakim Jarrett
- 116 Anthony Johnson Jr.
- 117 Carter Warren
- 118 Byron Young
- 119 Derick Hall
- 120 Kearis Jackson
- 121 Nathaniel Dell
- 122 Tyree Wilson
- 123 Jalen Brooks
- 124 Trey Palmer
- 125 Gervarrius Owens
- 126 MJ Anderson
- 127 Will Mallory
- 128 Tyler Scott
- 129 Brandon Hill
- 130 John Ojukwu
- 131 Zach Harrison
- 132 PJ Mustipher
- 133 Tyjae Spears
- 134 Myles Murphy
- 135 Ji'Ayir Brown
- 136 Lonnie Phelps
- 137 Jaxson Kirkland
- 138 Jahmyr Gibbs

- 139 Deuce Vaughn
- 140 Ali Gaye
- 141 Felix Anudike-Uzomah
- 142 Ricky Stromberg
- 143 Jaylon Jones
- 144 Clark Phillips III
- 145 Jadon Haselwood
- 146 Jeremy Banks
- 147 Shaka Heyward
- 148 Chase Brown
- 149 Anthony Johnson
- 150 Cedric Tillman
- 151 Garrett Williams
- 152 Jalen Carter
- 153 Anders Carlson
- 154 Mazi Smith
- 155 Rashad Torrence II
- 156 BJ Ojulari
- 157 Brian Branch
- 158 Tashawn Manning
- 159 Keeanu Benton
- 160 Mekhi Blackmon
- 161 Deneric Prince
- 162 Connor Galvin
- 163 Siaki Ika
- 164 Jovaughn Gwyn
- 165 Tyrique Stevenson
- 166 Tre Tucker
- 167 Arguon Bush
- 168 DeMarvion Overshown
- 169 Jake Bobo
- 170 John Michael Schmitz
- 171 Malik Heath
- 172 Isaiah Moore
- 173 Ivan Pace Jr.
- 174 Daiyan Henley
- 175 Tyrus Wheat
- 176 Antonio Johnson
- 177 Bryce Ford-Wheaton
- 178 Zay Flowers
- 179 Zach Evans
- 180 Tuli Tuipulotu
- 181 Tiyon Evans
- 182 Cameron Mitchell
- 183 Max Duggan
- 184 Trey Dean III
- 185 DeMarcco Hellams
- 186 Keondre Coburn
- 187 Mekhi Garner

- 188 Bryce Baringer
- 189 Broderick Jones
- 190 Puka Nacua
- 191 Habakkuk Baldonado
- 192 Alex Forsyth
- 193 Mitchell Tinsley
- 194 Luke Wypler
- 195 Luke Musgrave
- 196 Adam Korsak
- 197 Noah Sewell
- 198 Alex Ward
- 199 Jake Haener
- 200 Jordan Addison
- 201 Terell Smith
- 202 Devon Achane
- 203 Ronnie Bell
- 204 Will Levis
- 205 Christopher Dunn
- 206 Grant DuBose
- 207 Malik Knowles
- 208 Demario Douglas
- 209 Jordan McFadden
- 210 Brenton Cox
- 211 DJ Dale
- 212 Lance Boykin
- 213 Brandon Joseph
- 214 Kyle Patterson
- 215 Henry To'oTo'o
- 216 Camerun Peoples
- 217 Dorian Williams
- 218 Tavion Thomas
- 219 Colby Wooden
- 220 Dalton Wagner
- 221 SaRodorick Thompson
- 222 Noah Taylor
- 223 Brenton Strange
- 224 Dee Winters
- 225 Leonard Taylor
- 226 Israel Abanikanda
- 227 Christopher Smith
- 228 B.T. Potter
- 229 Peter Skoronski
- 230 Elijah Higgins
- 231 Emil Ekiyor Jr.
- 232 Antoine Green
- 233 Payne Durham
- 234 Kaevon Merriweather
- 235 Jarrett Patterson
- 236 Zach Charbonnet

- 237 Nick Broeker
- 238 Asim Richards
- 239 Tank Bigsby
- 240 Justin Shorter
- 241 Alan Ali
- 242 Roschon Johnson
- 243 Michael Wilson
- 244 Cam Jones
- 245 SirVocea Dennis
- 246 Josh Whyle
- 247 Stetson Bennett
- 248 Alex Austin
- 249 Ronnie Hickman
- 250 Davis Allen
- 251 Andrew Vorhees
- 252 Jaray Jenkins
- 253 Dalton Kincaid
- 254 Michael Turk
- 255 Nic Jones
- 256 JL Skinner
- 257 Juice Scruggs
- 258 Ochaun Mathis
- 259 Jammie Robinson
- 260 Jayden Reed
- 261 Jack Podlesny
- 262 Kendre Miller
- 263 Charlie Jones
- 264 Brayden Willis
- 265 Jake Andrews
- 266 Henry Bainivalu
- 267 Micah Baskerville
- 268 Devon Witherspoon
- 269 Brad Robbins
- 270 Ventrell Miller
- 271 Derius Davis
- 272 Kenny McIntosh
- 273 Jalen Graham
- 274 Jalen Wayne
- 275 Eric Gray
- 276 Sean Tucker
- 277 Dylan Horton
- 278 Evan Hull
- 279 Joseph Ngata
- 280 Blake Whiteheart
- 281 Cameron Latu
- 282 Chad Ryland
- 283 Dontay Demus Jr.
- 284 Travis Vokolek

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, roc auc score
import numpy as np
# Convert predicted probabilities to binary predictions based on a
threshold (e.g., 0.5)
predicted labels = (preds[:, 1] > 0.5).astype(int)
# Evaluation for ranking metrics
# Sort the predictions based on probability scores
sorted indices = np.argsort(-preds[:, 1])
# Calculate all measurements
best rf measurements = [
    ("Accuracy", accuracy_score(test_y, predicted_labels)),
    ("ROC AUC Score", roc auc score(test y, baseline preds[:, 1])),
    ("Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)", calculate MRR(sorted indices,
test_y)),
    ("Mean Average Precision (MAP)", calculate MAP(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10",
calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y)),
    ("Precision at k (P@k) at k=10", calculate PAK(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Recall at k (R@k) at k=10", calculate RAK(sorted indices,
test_y))
# Print measurements in a table format
print("Best Fit Random Forest measurements")
print(tabulate(best_rf_measurements, headers=["Metric", "Value"]))
Best Fit Random Forest measurements
Metric
                                                          Value
                                                       0.897887
Accuracy
ROC AUC Score
                                                       0.696552
Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
                                                       0.111314
Mean Average Precision (MAP)
Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10 0.591927
Precision at k (P@k) at k=10
                                                       0.5
Recall at k (R@k) at k=10
                                                       0.172414
```

Comparative Analysis of Baseline and Best-Fit Random Forest Models for Ranking Prediction

The comparison between the baseline and best-fit Random Forest models reveals notable differences in performance across various metrics. In terms of accuracy and ROC AUC score,

both models exhibit similar results. However, significant improvements are observed in the best-fit model for ranking-related metrics. The Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR) shows a substantial increase, indicating that the best-fit model provides more relevant and accurate predictions at the top of the ranked list compared to the baseline. Similarly, the Mean Average Precision (MAP) and Precision at k (P@k) at k=10 metrics demonstrate considerable enhancements, implying better precision in predicting relevant instances within the top results. Moreover, the Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10 reflects a notable improvement, suggesting that the best-fit model produces more relevant results at the top ranks, which is crucial for ranking tasks. Despite these improvements, the recall at k (R@k) at k=10 remains relatively low for both models, indicating a challenge in capturing all relevant instances within the top k results.

Overall, while the baseline model provides reasonable predictive performance, the best-fit Random Forest model significantly enhances the model's ability to accurately rank and prioritize instances, particularly at the top of the list, thereby improving its utility in predicting NFL Draft.

Rank prediction using XGBoost Classifier

-- Bhavya Batta

Key components of the model

Data Preprocessing: Missing values are filled in using K-nearest neighbors, and categorical data is transformed into numeric form through pandas' get_dummies method. This transformation ensures the data is properly formatted for model input.

Feature selection: Features deemed irrelevant, including "Name" and "College," are omitted from the prediction process. Furthermore, "Round" and "Pick" are not considered as they contribute to the target feature.

Target feature: Our current goal is to predict rankings based on the "Round" feature. We intend to include "Pick" as part of the target variable in the upcoming final version.

Dataset split: Given that this is a ranking problem, the training dataset includes all years except for 2023. Data from 2023 will be used solely for predicting the rank.

The **hyperparameters** are tuned using cross-validation. The disparity between baseline measurements and best-fit measurements demonstrates an improvement in accuracy and other metrics following 5-Fold cross-validation.

Note: This project is ongoing, with objectives to enhance measurement criteria, replace accuracy with ranking metrics in Cross-Validation, and incorporate "Pick" into the target feature for improvement.

```
import xgboost as xgb
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import numpy as np
```

```
# Read the CSV file
df = pd.read csv("data/imputed data.csv")
print(df.columns)
Index(['Name', 'Position', 'College', 'Round', 'Pick', 'Stat URL',
'Height',
       'Weight', '40 Yard Dash', 'Bench Press', 'Vertical Jump',
'Broad Jump',
       '3 Cone Drill', 'Shuttle', 'conf abbr', 'games', 'seasons',
       'tackles_solo', 'tackles_assists', 'tackles_total',
'tackles loss',
               'def_int', 'def_int_yds', 'def_int_td',
       'sacks',
'pass defended',
       'fumbles rec', 'fumbles rec yds', 'fumbles rec td',
'fumbles forced'.
       'rec', 'rec yds', 'rec yds per rec', 'rec td', 'rush att',
'rush yds',
       'rush yds per att', 'rush td', 'scrim att', 'scrim yds',
       'scrim yds per_att', 'scrim_td', 'Year'],
      dtype='object')
df.head()
{"type": "dataframe", "variable name": "df"}
df.loc[df.Round != 1, "Round"] = 0
# Dropping the columns which donot contribute in prediction
all_X = df.drop(["Name", "Round", "Pick", "College"], axis=1)
all X = pd.qet dummies(all X)
# Splitting testing and training sets
train X = all X[(all X.Year != 2023)].drop(["Year"], axis=1)
test X = all X[all X.Year == 2023].drop(["Year"], axis=1)
train y = df[(df.Year != 2023)].Round
test y = df[df.Year == 2023].Round
train X.head()
{"type": "dataframe", "variable name": "train X"}
test X.head()
{"type":"dataframe", "variable name":"test X"}
# Initialize the baseline XGBoost classifier with custom parameters
baseline XGB = xgb.XGBClassifier(colsample bytree=0.7,
eta= 0.001,
 eval metric= 'mae',
max depth = 6,
min child weight= 15,
```

```
objective= 'binary:logistic',
 subsample = 0.7
baseline XGB.fit(train X, train y)
XGBClassifier(base score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
              colsample bylevel=None, colsample bynode=None,
              colsample bytree=0.7, device=None,
early stopping rounds=None,
              enable categorical=False, eta=0.001, eval metric='mae',
              feature types=None, gamma=None, grow policy=None,
              importance type=None, interaction constraints=None,
              learning rate=None, max bin=None,
max cat threshold=None,
              max cat to onehot=None, max delta step=None,
max depth=6,
              max leaves=None, min child weight=15, missing=nan,
              monotone constraints=None, multi strategy=None,
n estimators=None,
              n jobs=None, num parallel tree=None, ...)
# Predict on the testing data
XGBbaseline pred = baseline XGB.predict(test X)
# Calculate accuracy
accuracy = accuracy_score(test_y, XGBbaseline pred)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
Accuracy: 0.897887323943662
XGBbaseline preds = baseline XGB.predict proba(test X)
count = 1
# Ranking done according to the probability scores
for i in pd.DataFrame(XGBbaseline preds).sort values(by=1,
ascending=False).index:
    print(str(count) + " " + str(df[df.Year==2023].reset index().at[i,
"Name"]))
    count += 1
1 Christian Gonzalez
2 Marvin Mims
3 Jakorian Bennett
4 Jalin Hyatt
5 DJ Turner
6 Anthony Richardson
7 Emmanuel Forbes
8 Byron Young
9 Keaton Mitchell
10 Kelee Ringo
11 Brandon Hill
```

- 12 Devon Achane
- 13 Trenton Simpson
- 14 Jahmyr Gibbs
- 15 Tyler Scott
- 16 Carrington Valentine
- 17 Dawand Jones
- 18 Quentin Johnston
- 19 Tyler Steen
- 20 Wanya Morris
- 21 Tavius Robinson
- 22 Eli Ricks
- 23 Lukas Van Ness
- 24 Rejzohn Wright
- 25 Asim Richards
- 26 Blake Freeland
- 27 Gervon Dexter
- 28 YaYa Diaby
- 29 Will Anderson Jr.
- 30 John Ojukwu
- 31 Rakim Jarrett
- 32 Joe Tippmann
- 33 Jon Gaines
- 34 Malaesala Aumavae-Laulu
- 35 Josh Downs
- 36 Anton Harrison
- 37 Nick Herbig
- 38 Carter Warren
- 39 Ali Gaye
- 40 Nolan Smith
- 41 Luke Schoonmaker
- 42 Isaiah Foskey
- 43 Yasir Abdullah
- 44 BJ Ojulari
- 45 C.J. Stroud
- 46 Broderick Jones
- 47 Matt Landers
- 48 Peter Skoronski
- 49 Brvan Bresee
- 50 Tanner McKee
- 51 Nick Hampton
- 52 Bijan Robinson
- 53 Bryce Ford-Wheaton
- 54 Thomas Incoom
- 55 Myles Murphy
- 56 Michael Mayer
- 57 Tre'Vius Hodges-Tomlinson
- 58 Darnell Wright
- 59 Deonte Banks
- 60 Ryan Hayes

- 61 Darrell Luter Jr.
- 62 Tyrus Wheat
- 63 Zay Flowers
- 64 Dontayvion Wicks
- 65 Anthony Bradford
- 66 Dante Stills
- 67 Isaiah McGuire
- 68 Darnell Washington
- 69 Adetomiwa Adebawore
- 70 Jacob Copeland
- 71 Tre Tucker
- 72 Chase Brown
- 73 Cam Smith
- 74 Owen Pappoe
- 75 Derick Hall
- 76 Parker Washington
- 77 Andre Carter II
- 78 Jalen Carter
- 79 Deneric Prince
- 80 Trey Palmer
- 81 Bryce Young
- 82 Sydney Brown
- 83 Jalen Redmond
- 84 Tuli Tuipulotu
- 85 Charlie Jones
- 86 Antonio Johnson
- 87 Derius Davis
- 88 Tyree Wilson
- 89 Darius Rush
- 90 Jonathan Mingo
- 91 Cameron Brown
- 92 Xavier Hutchinson
- 93 Noah Sewell
- 94 Dylan Horton
- 95 Charlie Thomas
- 96 Brenton Cox
- 97 Felix Anudike-Uzomah
- 98 Alex Ward
- 99 Richard Gouraige
- 100 Robert Beal
- 101 Colby Wooden
- 102 Shaka Heyward
- 103 Dee Winters
- 104 Jarrett Patterson
- 105 Jason Taylor II
- 106 Terell Smith
- 107 Tyler Lacy
- 108 Jalen Brooks
- 109 A.T. Perry

- 110 Habakkuk Baldonado
- 111 Mike Morris
- 112 Jartavius Martin
- 113 Ricky Stromberg
- 114 Isaiah Moore
- 115 O'Cyrus Torrence
- 116 Nathaniel Dell
- 117 Myles Brooks
- 118 Blake Whiteheart
- 119 Jaxon Smith-Njigba
- 120 Jaylon Jones
- 121 Rashee Rice
- 122 Calijah Kancey
- 123 Dalton Kincaid
- 124 Sean Tucker
- 125 Tiyon Evans
- 126 Ikenna Enechukwu
- 127 MJ Anderson
- 128 Daniel Scott
- 129 Grant DuBose
- 130 Cory Trice
- 131 Garrett Williams
- 132 Demario Douglas
- 133 Jerrod Clark
- 134 Tashawn Manning
- 135 Mazi Smith
- 136 Matthew Bergeron
- 137 SirVocea Dennis
- 138 Ronnie Hickman
- 139 Deuce Vaughn
- 140 Julius Brents
- 141 Israel Abanikanda
- 142 Zach Harrison
- 143 Kyu Blu Kelly
- 144 Drew Sanders
- 145 Jaquelin Roy
- 146 Alan Ali
- 147 Dorian Williams
- 148 Zach Evans
- 149 Jordan McFadden
- 150 Jake Bobo
- 151 Malik Heath
- 152 Jordan Addison
- 153 Joey Porter Jr.
- 154 Luke Wypler
- 155 Alex Forsyth
- 156 Brian Branch
- 157 Jovaughn Gwyn
- 158 Jack Podlesny

- 159 Jalen Wayne
- 160 Malik Knowles
- 161 Kayshon Boutte
- 162 Cedric Tillman
- 163 Paris Johnson Jr.
- 164 Sam LaPorta
- 165 Earl Bostick Jr.
- 166 Chamarri Conner
- 167 Riley Moss
- 168 Mohamed Ibrahim
- 169 Nick Broeker
- 170 Antoine Green
- 171 Keion White
- 172 John Michael Schmitz
- 173 Puka Nacua
- 174 Max Duggan
- 175 Jack Campbell
- 176 Connor Galvin
- 177 Jeremy Banks
- 178 Andrew Vorhees
- 179 Jake Andrews
- 180 Davis Allen
- 181 Tank Bigsby
- 182 Mekhi Garner
- 183 Evan Hull
- 184 Ochaun Mathis
- 185 Anfernee Orii
- 186 Jaxson Kirkland
- 187 Emil Ekiyor Jr.
- 188 DeMarvion Overshown
- 189 Clark Phillips III
- 190 Josh Whyle
- 191 Gervarrius Owens
- 192 Tyjae Spears
- 193 Eric Gray
- 194 Keeanu Benton
- 195 Warren McClendon
- 196 Jayden Reed
- 197 Malik Cunningham
- 198 Tyrique Stevenson
- 199 Rashad Torrence II
- 200 Will Levis
- 201 Cameron Mitchell
- 202 Mekhi Blackmon
- 203 Dalton Wagner
- 204 Kyle Patterson
- 205 Henry To'oTo'o
- 206 Juice Scruggs
- 207 Mitchell Tinsley

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208 Tyreque Jones
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- 209 Jordan Howden
- 210 Zach Charbonnet
- 211 Jay Ward
- 212 Kendre Miller
- 213 Zacch Pickens
- 214 Hendon Hooker
- 215 Devon Witherspoon
- 216 Aidan O'Connell
- 217 Elijah Higgins
- 218 JL Skinner
- 219 Luke Musgrave
- 220 Justin Shorter
- 221 Anthony Johnson Jr.
- 222 Brenton Strange
- 223 Jaren Hall
- 224 Lance Boykin
- 225 Anders Carlson
- 226 Clayton Tune
- 227 Byron Young
- 228 Joseph Ngata
- 229 Ji'Ayir Brown
- 230 Henry Bainivalu
- 231 Daiyan Henley
- 232 Ronnie Bell
- 233 Nic Jones
- 234 Moro Ojomo
- 235 Cameron Young
- 236 Noah Taylor
- 237 Dorian Thompson-Robinson
- 238 Siaki Ika
- 239 PJ Mustipher
- 240 Lonnie Phelps
- 241 Stetson Bennett
- 242 Keondre Coburn
- 243 Kearis Jackson
- 244 Will Mallory
- 245 Michael Wilson
- 246 Payne Durham
- 247 Jaray Jenkins
- 248 Arguon Bush
- 249 DJ Dale
- 250 Anthony Johnson
- 251 Cameron Latu
- 252 Jake Moody
- 253 Ivan Pace Jr.
- 254 Jammie Robinson
- 255 Jadon Haselwood
- 256 Jordan Battle

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257 Dontay Demus Jr.
258 Trey Dean III
259 Jake Haener
260 Camerun Peoples
261 Ventrell Miller
262 Micah Baskerville
263 Leonard Taylor
264 DeMarcco Hellams
265 Christopher Smith
266 Brayden Willis
267 Travis Vokolek
268 SaRodorick Thompson
269 Kaevon Merriweather
270 Roschon Johnson
271 Brandon Joseph
272 Jalen Graham
273 Bryce Baringer
274 Tavion Thomas
275 Kenny McIntosh
276 Travis Dye
277 Christopher Dunn
278 Adam Korsak
279 Alex Austin
280 Brad Robbins
281 Michael Turk
282 Cam Jones
283 B.T. Potter
284 Chad Ryland
# Convert predicted probabilities to binary predictions based on a
threshold (e.g., 0.5)
XGBpredicted labels = (XGBbaseline preds[:, 1] > 0.5).astype(int)
# Evaluation for ranking metrics
# Sort the predictions based on probability scores
sorted indices = np.argsort(-XGBbaseline preds[:, 1])
k = 10
num relevant = sum(test y)
def calculate MRR(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted indices):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1: # Use iloc to access test y by index
            mrr = 1 / (idx + 1)
            break
    return mrr
def calculate_MAP(sorted_indices, test_y):
    # Calculate Mean Average Precision (MAP)
```

```
ap = 0
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted indices):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1:
            ap += sum(test y.iloc[:idx + 1]) / (idx + 1)
    map score = ap / num relevant
    return map score
def calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10
    dcq = 0
    idcg = sum(1 / np.log2(np.arange(2, k + 2)))
    for idx, i in enumerate(sorted indices[:k]):
        if test y.iloc[i] == 1:
            dcg += 1 / np.log2(idx + 2)
    ndcg = dcg / idcg
    return ndcg
def calculate PAK(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Precision at k (P@k)
    tp at k = sum(test y.iloc[sorted indices[:k]])
    precision at k = tp at k / k
    return precision at k
def calculate RAK(sorted indices, test y):
    # Calculate Recall at k (R@k)
    tp_at_k = sum(test_y.iloc[sorted_indices[:k]])
    recall at k = tp at k / num relevant
    return recall at k
from tabulate import tabulate
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, roc auc score
# Calculate all measurements
baseline measurements = [
    ("Accuracy", accuracy_score(test_y, XGBpredicted_labels)),
    ("ROC AUC Score", roc auc score(test y, XGBbaseline preds[:, 1])),
    ("Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)", calculate MRR(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Mean Average Precision (MAP)", calculate MAP(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10",
calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y)),
    ("Precision at k (P@k) at k=10", calculate PAK(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Recall at k (R@k) at k=10", calculate RAK(sorted indices,
test y))
# Print measurements in a table format
```

```
print("Baseline measurements")
print(tabulate(baseline measurements, headers=["Metric", "Value"]))
Baseline measurements
                                                          Value
Metric
                                                       0.897887
Accuracy
                                                       0.764841
ROC AUC Score
Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
                                                       1
                                                       0.110987
Mean Average Precision (MAP)
Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10
                                                       0.371854
Precision at k (P@k) at k=10
                                                       0.3
Recall at k (R@k) at k=10
                                                       0.103448
best XGB = xgb.XGBClassifier(
    colsample bytree=0.8,
    eta=0.1,
    eval metric='logloss',
    \max depth=6,
    min child weight=1,
    objective='binary:logistic',
    subsample=0.8
)
# Hypertuning parameters using 5-Fold Cross Validation method
scores = cross val score(best XGB, train X, train y, cv=5)
best_XGB.fit(train_X, train y)
XGBClassifier(base score=None, booster=None, callbacks=None,
              colsample bylevel=None, colsample bynode=None,
              colsample bytree=0.8, device=None,
early stopping rounds=None,
              enable categorical=False, eta=0.1,
eval metric='logloss',
              feature types=None, gamma=None, grow policy=None,
              importance type=None, interaction constraints=None,
              learning rate=None, max bin=None,
max cat threshold=None,
              max cat to onehot=None, max delta step=None,
max depth=6,
              max_leaves=None, min_child_weight=1, missing=nan,
              monotone constraints=None, multi strategy=None,
n estimators=None,
              n jobs=None, num parallel tree=None, ...)
# Predict on the testing data
y pred = best XGB.predict(test X)
# Calculate accuracy
```

```
accuracy = accuracy score(test y, y pred)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
Accuracy: 0.8943661971830986
# Predicting the probabilities of Test set
preds = best XGB.predict proba(test X)
count = 1
# Ranking done according to the probability scores
for i in pd.DataFrame(preds).sort values(by=1, ascending=False).index:
    print(str(count) + " " + str(df[df.Year==2023].reset index().at[i,
"Name"]))
    count += 1
1 Dawand Jones
2 Darnell Wright
3 Byron Young
4 Marvin Mims
5 Anthony Richardson
6 Emmanuel Forbes
7 C.J. Stroud
8 Kelee Ringo
9 Anton Harrison
10 Jakorian Bennett
11 Will Anderson Jr.
12 Tyler Steen
13 Rejzohn Wright
14 Thomas Incoom
15 Richard Gouraige
16 Lukas Van Ness
17 Adetomiwa Adebawore
18 Christian Gonzalez
19 Michael Mayer
20 Anthony Bradford
21 YaYa Diaby
22 Joe Tippmann
23 Wanya Morris
24 Quentin Johnston
25 Blake Freeland
26 Bryce Young
27 Asim Richards
28 Carrington Valentine
29 Broderick Jones
30 Malaesala Aumavae-Laulu
31 Calijah Kancey
32 DJ Turner
33 Isaiah Foskey
34 Matthew Bergeron
35 Gervon Dexter
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- 36 Mazi Smith
- 37 Ryan Hayes
- 38 Trenton Simpson
- 39 Carter Warren
- 40 Nolan Smith
- 41 John Ojukwu
- 42 Jalin Hyatt
- 43 Henry To'oTo'o
- 44 Jon Gaines
- 45 Zach Charbonnet
- 46 Zach Harrison
- 47 Tyree Wilson
- 48 Jonathan Mingo
- 49 Tavius Robinson
- 50 Luke Schoonmaker
- 51 Tanner McKee
- 52 Bijan Robinson
- 53 Peter Skoronski
- 54 Rakim Jarrett
- 55 Robert Beal
- 56 Darrell Luter Jr.
- 57 Paris Johnson Jr.
- 58 Nathaniel Dell
- 59 Hendon Hooker
- 60 Tyler Scott
- 61 Ali Gave
- 62 Jalen Redmond
- 63 Devon Achane
- 64 A.T. Perry
- 65 Sydney Brown
- 66 Owen Pappoe
- 67 Josh Downs
- 68 Yasir Abdullah
- 69 Zacch Pickens
- 70 Anfernee Orji
- 71 Darnell Washington
- 72 Kayshon Boutte
- 73 Rashee Rice
- 74 Bryan Bresee
- 75 Warren McClendon
- 76 Dontayvion Wicks
- 77 Riley Moss
- 78 Jaxson Kirkland
- 79 Myles Brooks
- 80 Sam LaPorta
- 81 BJ Ojulari
- 82 Dante Stills
- 83 Will Levis
- 84 Jordan Battle

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85 Nick Broeker
```

- 86 Jalen Carter
- 87 Brian Branch
- 88 Nick Herbig
- 89 Keaton Mitchell
- 90 Earl Bostick Jr.
- 91 Cedric Tillman
- 92 Dalton Kincaid
- 93 Jason Taylor II
- 94 Jaylon Jones
- 95 Nick Hampton
- 96 Tashawn Manning
- 97 Matt Landers
- 98 Jeremy Banks
- 99 Jaren Hall
- 100 Darius Rush
- 101 Moro Ojomo
- 102 Brandon Hill
- 103 Emil Ekiyor Jr.
- 104 Tre'Vius Hodges-Tomlinson
- 105 Jake Andrews
- 106 Tyrus Wheat
- 107 MJ Anderson
- 108 Jordan Addison
- 109 Garrett Williams
- 110 Jartavius Martin
- 111 Myles Murphy
- 112 Elijah Higgins
- 113 Ji'Ayir Brown
- 114 Jerrod Clark
- 115 Zay Flowers
- 116 Shaka Heyward
- 117 Clayton Tune
- 118 Davis Allen
- 119 Derick Hall
- 120 Alan Ali
- 121 Mike Morris
- 122 Andrew Vorhees
- 123 Byron Young
- 124 Sean Tucker
- 125 Tyreque Jones
- 126 Brenton Cox
- 127 Mohamed Ibrahim
- 128 Isaiah McGuire
- 129 Tiyon Evans
- 130 Aidan O'Connell
- 131 Ronnie Bell
- 132 Deonte Banks
- 133 Jarrett Patterson

- 134 Dorian Williams
- 135 Jacob Copeland
- 136 Jordan McFadden
- 137 Xavier Hutchinson
- 138 Chamarri Conner
- 139 Keeanu Benton
- 140 Parker Washington
- 141 Rashad Torrence II
- 142 Jalen Brooks
- 143 Malik Knowles
- 144 Noah Sewell
- 145 Jack Podlesny
- 146 Jack Campbell
- 147 Tuli Tuipulotu
- 148 Gervarrius Owens
- 149 Puka Nacua
- 150 Colby Wooden
- 151 Eli Ricks
- 152 Tank Bigsby
- 153 Luke Wypler
- 154 Ikenna Enechukwu
- 155 Jay Ward
- 156 Habakkuk Baldonado
- 157 Keion White
- 158 Payne Durham
- 159 Ricky Stromberg
- 160 Antonio Johnson
- 161 Jake Bobo
- 162 Malik Cunningham
- 163 Felix Anudike-Uzomah
- 164 Kyu Blu Kelly
- 165 Lonnie Phelps
- 166 Josh Whyle
- 167 John Michael Schmitz
- 168 Demario Douglas
- 169 Ronnie Hickman
- 170 Daniel Scott
- 171 Kearis Jackson
- 172 Jalen Wayne
- 173 Cam Smith
- 174 Dee Winters
- 175 Brenton Strange
- 176 Charlie Thomas
- 177 O'Cyrus Torrence
- 178 Ochaun Mathis
- 179 Tyrique Stevenson
- 180 Michael Wilson
- 181 Jayden Reed
- 182 Bryce Ford-Wheaton

- 183 Dorian Thompson-Robinson
- 184 Blake Whiteheart
- 185 Chase Brown
- 186 Jovaughn Gwyn
- 187 Deneric Prince
- 188 Cameron Brown
- 189 Deuce Vaughn
- 190 Jammie Robinson
- 191 Tyjae Spears
- 192 Luke Musgrave
- 193 Zach Evans
- 194 Tre Tucker
- 195 Joey Porter Jr.
- 196 Anthony Johnson
- 197 Cameron Mitchell
- 198 Grant DuBose
- 199 Juice Scruggs
- 200 Tyler Lacy
- 201 Antoine Green
- 202 Julius Brents
- 203 Arquon Bush
- 204 Cameron Young
- 205 Keondre Coburn
- 206 Henry Bainivalu
- 207 Jaxon Smith-Njigba
- 208 Jake Haener
- 209 Kendre Miller
- 210 Israel Abanikanda
- 211 Anders Carlson
- 212 JL Skinner
- 213 Joseph Ngata
- 214 Jadon Haselwood
- 215 DeMarcco Hellams
- 216 Jordan Howden
- 217 Alex Forsyth
- 218 Jaquelin Roy
- 219 Anthony Johnson Jr.
- 220 Connor Galvin
- 221 Nic Jones
- 222 Will Mallory
- 223 Kaevon Merriweather
- 224 Noah Taylor
- 225 Jahmyr Gibbs
- 226 Jake Moody
- 227 Daiyan Henley
- 228 Trey Palmer
- 229 Stetson Bennett
- 230 Drew Sanders
- 231 Evan Hull

- 232 Mekhi Blackmon
- 233 Malik Heath
- 234 Roschon Johnson
- 235 Dontay Demus Jr.
- 236 Eric Gray
- 237 Terell Smith
- 238 Christopher Smith
- 239 Lance Boykin
- 240 Clark Phillips III
- 241 Andre Carter II
- 242 Micah Baskerville
- 243 Dalton Wagner
- 244 Dylan Horton
- 245 Charlie Jones
- 246 Cory Trice
- 247 Jaray Jenkins
- 248 Alex Ward
- 249 Leonard Taylor
- 250 Cameron Latu
- 251 Devon Witherspoon
- 252 Kenny McIntosh
- 253 Max Duggan
- 254 Travis Dye
- 255 Ivan Pace Jr.
- 256 Mitchell Tinsley
- 257 Alex Austin
- 258 Brayden Willis
- 259 Justin Shorter
- 260 SirVocea Dennis
- 261 DJ Dale
- 262 Brandon Joseph
- 263 Bryce Baringer
- 264 Derius Davis
- 265 PJ Mustipher
- 266 Trey Dean III
- 267 Camerun Peoples
- 268 Siaki Ika
- 269 Christopher Dunn
- 270 Adam Korsak
- 271 DeMarvion Overshown
- 272 Isaiah Moore
- 273 Travis Vokolek
- 274 Kyle Patterson
- 275 SaRodorick Thompson
- 276 Ventrell Miller
- 277 Mekhi Garner
- 278 Tavion Thomas
- 279 Michael Turk
- 280 Brad Robbins
- 281 Chad Ryland

```
282 B.T. Potter
283 Jalen Graham
284 Cam Jones
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, roc auc score
# Convert predicted probabilities to binary predictions based on a
threshold (e.g., 0.5)
predicted labels = (preds[:, 1] > 0.5).astype(int)
# Evaluation for ranking metrics
# Sort the predictions based on probability scores
sorted indices = np.argsort(-preds[:, 1])
# Calculate all measurements
best rf measurements = [
    ("Accuracy", accuracy_score(test_y, predicted_labels)),
    ("ROC AUC Score", roc_auc_score(test_y, preds[:, 1])),
    ("Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)", calculate_MRR(sorted_indices,
test y)),
    ("Mean Average Precision (MAP)", calculate MAP(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10",
calculate NDCG(sorted indices, test y)),
    ("Precision at k (P@k) at k=10", calculate PAK(sorted indices,
test y)),
    ("Recall at k (R@k) at k=10", calculate RAK(sorted indices,
test y))
# Print measurements in a table format
print("Best Fit measurements")
print(tabulate(best rf measurements, headers=["Metric", "Value"]))
Best Fit measurements
Metric
                                                          Value
Accuracy
                                                       0.894366
ROC AUC Score
                                                       0.766329
Mean Reciprocal Rank (MRR)
                                                       0.5
Mean Average Precision (MAP)
                                                       0.114885
Normalized Discounted Cumulative Gain (NDCG) at k=10 0.442022
Precision at k (P@k) at k=10
                                                       0.5
Recall at k (R@k) at k=10
                                                       0.172414
```

Comparative Analysis of Baseline and Best-Fit XGBoost model for Ranking Prediction

Accuracy: Baseline is slightly higher, indicating it correctly classified a marginally higher percentage of the total. ROC AUC Score: Both results are identical, showing the same ability to discriminate between classes.

MRR: Baseline is perfect, indicating it always ranks the correct item highest. Baseline result shows a significant drop, which could be critical if the goal is to rank a correct item as high as possible.

MAP: Best fit is slightly better, indicating a slight improvement in the ranking of relevant items across queries.

NDCG at k=10: Best fit is higher, showing it ranks relevant items more effectively within the top 10 positions.

P@k at k=10: Best fit is significantly higher, suggesting it has a better top-10 precision.

R@k at k=10: Best fit is also higher here, indicating it retrieves a higher proportion of relevant items within its top 10 predictions.

Conclusion

For Ranking Tasks: If the focus is on ranking performance, particularly in retrieving and ranking the most relevant items as high as possible, Best fit is better. It shows superior performance in MAP, NDCG, P@k, and R@k, which are critical for ranking and recommendation systems.

Reflection

What is the most challenging part of the project that you've encountered so far?

Tackling the use of the "Round" feature in our NFL data to predict which players would make the cut was a significant challenge, diverging notably from traditional classification problems. The ordinal nature of draft rounds required an approach that recognized the inherent ranking, not just discrete categories. Standard classification models and accuracy metrics fell short in addressing the nuanced complexity of predicting players' success based on draft rounds, due to their inability to grasp the ordered significance of the data. By pivoting to strategies that accommodate the ordinality in predictions and employing ranking-specific evaluation metrics, we successfully navigated this challenge. This adaptation underscored the importance of innovative problem-solving and marked a significant achievement in our project, demonstrating our capacity to extend beyond conventional methodologies to yield meaningful insights in the context of sports analytics.

What are your initial insights?

Our first look at the data shows that teams often choose Offensive Tackles in the early rounds of the draft, showing that these players are really important for the team's game plan. On the other

hand, doing well at the combine - where players show off their physical skills - doesn't always mean a player will be picked early in the draft. This tells us that being in great shape and showing good skills at the combine helps, but it's not the only thing teams think about when deciding who to pick. They also consider how well players have played in the past, what the team needs, and other special qualities a player might have.

Are there any concrete results you can show at this point? If not, why not?

The data has been properly imputed and prepared for analysis. The results so far indicate the project is viable and has potential for further refinement and enhancement. The specific hypothesis - certain key offensive and defensive positions, like Offensive Tackles, tend to be drafted earlier, while specialized positions such as Kickers and Punters are often selected in later rounds- explored during the exploratory data analysis (EDA) is proving to be a distinguishing and key factor for the model to predict and rank the draft. Concrete results have been obtained and improvements in the ranking measurements are achieved through the implementation of two machine learning models.

Going forward, what are the current biggest problems you're facing? Moving forward, the current biggest hurdle lies in incorporating the "Pick" feature alongside "Round" to predict ranking. This presents a unique challenge due to the interplay between these variables and the need for nuanced handling to ensure accurate predictions.

Do you think you are on track with your project? If not, what parts do you need to dedicate more time to?

Despite the challenges encountered, I believe the project is on track, with significant progress made towards achieving the objectives outlined. Moving forward, dedicating more time to fine-tuning the model architecture and optimising feature selection strategies will be crucial to further advancing the project's outcomes.

Given your initial exploration of the data, is it worth proceeding with your project, why? If not, how will you move forward (method, data etc)?

Given the initial exploration of the data and the promising results obtained thus far, it is certainly worth proceeding with the project. The insights gained and the improvements observed in ranking measurements underscore the project's potential for meaningful impact and contribute to its continued pursuit. Moving forward, continued data analysis, model refinement, and iterative experimentation will be key to realising the project's full potential

Next Step: Concrete plans and goals for the next month

The focus will be on implementing additional machine learning models to further enhance the predictive capabilities for ranking. Specifically, the plan involves developing and evaluating at least three more models tailored to predict rank, leveraging various algorithms and techniques to explore the dataset comprehensively. Additionally, significant attention will be devoted to hyperparameter tuning across all models to optimise performance and maximise predictive accuracy. A notable advancement in the approach will be the incorporation of both "Round" and "Pick" features to predict ranking, aiming to capitalise on the combined predictive power of these variables. Furthermore, an innovative strategy will be explored, involving the integration of features extracted from different models to create a composite predictive framework, thereby potentially enhancing the accuracy and robustness of the ranking predictions. These concrete

plans and goals underscore a strategic and iterative approach towards advancing the project's objectives and refining the predictive models for optimal performance.