MATH2349 Semester 2, 2018

Code ▼

Assignment 2

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Setup

Install and load the necessary packages to reproduce the report here:

Hide

```
# This is a chunk where you can load the necessary packages required to reproduce the report. Here are some example packages, you may add others if you require
```

library(readr)

library(tidyr)

library(dplyr)

library(Hmisc)

library(outliers)

library(magrittr)

Read WHO Data

Read the WHO data using an appropriate function.

Hide

```
\# This is an R chunk for reading the WHO data. Provide your R codes here: WHO <- read_csv("WHO.csv")
```

Hide

WHO

country <chr></chr>		is > <chr></chr>		new_sp_m <int></int>	new_sp_m1 <int></int>	new_sp_m2 <int></int>	new_sp_m3 <int></int>	new_s
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1980	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1981	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1982	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1983	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1984	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1985	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1986	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1987	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1988	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1989	NA	NA	NA	NA	

1-10 of 7,240 rows | 1-9 of 60 columns

Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 ... 100 Next

Tidy Task 1:

Hide

```
# This is an R chunk for tidy task 1. Provide your R codes here:
WHO <- WHO %>% gather(new_sp_m014:new_rel_f65,key='code',value='value' )
WHO %>% head()
```

country <chr></chr>	iso2 <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	year code <int> <chr></chr></int>	value <int></int>
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1980 new_sp_m014	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1981 new_sp_m014	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1982 new_sp_m014	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1983 new_sp_m014	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1984 new_sp_m014	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1985 new_sp_m014	NA

Tidy Task 2:

```
# This is an R chunk for tidy task 2. Provide your R codes here:
WHO <- WHO %>% separate(col = code, into = c("new","var", "sex_age"),sep = "_")
WHO <- WHO %>% separate(col = "sex_age",into = c("sex","age"),sep = 1)
WHO
```

	country <chr></chr>	iso2 <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	year <int></int>	new <chr></chr>	var <chr></chr>	sex <chr></chr>	age <chr></chr>	value <int></int>
1	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1980	new	sp	m	014	NA
2	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1981	new	sp	m	014	NA
3	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1982	new	sp	m	014	NA
4	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1983	new	sp	m	014	NA
5	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1984	new	sp	m	014	NA
6	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1985	new	sp	m	014	NA
7	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1986	new	sp	m	014	NA
8	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1987	new	sp	m	014	NA
9	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1988	new	sp	m	014	NA
10	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1989	new	sp	m	014	NA

1-10 of 405,440 rows Previous **1** 2 3 4 5 6 ... 100 Next

Tidy Task 3:

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This is an R chunk for tidy task 3. Provide your R codes here:
WHO <- WHO %>% spread(key = var,value = value)
WHO

	country <chr></chr>	iso2 <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	•	new <chr></chr>	sex <chr></chr>	age <chr></chr>	ep <int></int>	rel <int> ▶</int>
1	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1980	new	m	014	NA	NA
2	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1981	new	m	014	NA	NA
3	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1982	new	m	014	NA	NA
4	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1983	new	m	014	NA	NA
5	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1984	new	m	014	NA	NA
6	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1985	new	m	014	NA	NA
7	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1986	new	m	014	NA	NA
8	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1987	new	m	014	NA	NA
9	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1988	new	m	014	NA	NA
10	Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1989	new	m	014	NA	NA
1-10 c	of 101,360 rows 1-10 o	f 11 columns		Previous	1	2 3	4 5	5 6	100 Next

Tidy Task 4:

```
# This is a chunk for Task 4. Provide your R codes here:
WHO <- WHO %>% mutate(sex= factor(sex,levels = c("m","f"),labels = c("m","f")),age= factor(age,levels = c("014","1524","2534","3544","4554","65"),labels = c("<15","15-24","25-34","3544","4554","5564","65"),ordered = TRUE))
WHO</pre>
```

country <chr></chr>	iso2 <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	•		sex <fctr></fctr>	age <ord></ord>	ep <int></int>	rel <int></int>	sn <int> ▶</int>
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1980	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1981	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1982	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1983	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1984	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1985	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA

country <chr></chr>	iso2 <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	year <int></int>	new <chr></chr>	sex <fctr></fctr>	age <ord></ord>	ep <int></int>	rel <int></int>	sn <int> ▶</int>
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1986	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1987	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1988	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
Afghanistan	AF	AFG	1989	new	m	<15	NA	NA	NA
1-10 of 101,360 rows	1-10 of 11 c	olumns		Previ	ous 1	2 3	4	5 6	100 Next

Task 5: Filter & Select

Hide

```
# This is a chunk for Task 5. Provide your R codes here:
WHO_subset <- select(WHO, -iso2, - new) %>% filter(country=="India" | country=="Mexico" | cou
ntry=="Australia")
WHO_subset
```

country <chr></chr>	iso3 <chr></chr>	year sex <int> <fctr></fctr></int>	age <ord></ord>	ep <int></int>	rel <int></int>	sn <int></int>	sp <int></int>
Australia	AUS	1980 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1981 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1982 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1983 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1984 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1985 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1986 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1987 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1988 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
Australia	AUS	1989 m	<15	NA	NA	NA	NA
1-10 of 1,428 rows		P	revious 1	2 3	4 5	6 1	00 Next

Read Species and Surveys data sets

Read the Species and Surveys data sets using an appropriate function. Name these data frames as species and surveys, respectively.

Hide

```
# This is an R chunk for reading the Species and Surveys data sets. Provide your R codes her
```

species <- read.csv("species.csv")</pre> species

species_id <fctr></fctr>	genus <fctr></fctr>	species <fctr></fctr>	taxa <fctr></fctr>
AB	Amphispiza	bilineata	Bird
AH	Ammospermophilus	harrisi	Rodent
AS	Ammodramus	savannarum	Bird
BA	Baiomys	taylori	Rodent
СВ	Campylorhynchus	brunneicapillus	Bird
CM	Calamospiza	melanocorys	Bird
CQ	Callipepla	squamata	Bird
CS	Crotalus	scutalatus	Reptile
СТ	Cnemidophorus	tigris	Reptile
CU	Cnemidophorus	uniparens	Reptile
1-10 of 54 rows		Previous 1 2 3	4 5 6 Next

Hide

surveys <- read.csv("surveys.csv")
surveys</pre>

record_id <int></int>	month <int></int>	-	•	species_id <fctr></fctr>	sex <fctr></fctr>	hindfoot_length <int></int>	weight <int></int>
1	7	16	1977		M	32	NA
2	7	16	1977	NL	М	33	NA
3	7	16	1977	DM	F	37	NA
4	7	16	1977	DM	М	36	NA
5	7	16	1977	DM	М	35	NA
6	7	16	1977	PF	М	14	NA
7	7	16	1977	PE	F	NA	NA
8	7	16	1977	DM	М	37	NA
9	7	16	1977	DM	F	34	NA
10	7	16	1977	PF	F	20	NA
of 35,549 row	/S				Previous 1	2 3 4 5 6	100 Next

Task 6: Join

Hide

This is a chunk for Task 6. Provide your R codes here:
surveys_combined <- surveys %>% left_join(species,by="species_id")

joining factors with different levels, coercing to character vector

Hide

head(surveys_combined)

	record_id <int></int>			_	species_id <chr></chr>	sex <fctr></fctr>	hindfoot_length <int></int>	•	genus <fctr></fctr>
1	1	7	16	1977	NL	M	32	NA	Neotoma
2	2	7	16	1977	NL	M	33	NA	Neotoma
3	3	7	16	1977	DM	F	37	NA	Dipodomys
4	4	7	16	1977	DM	M	36	NA	Dipodomys
5	5	7	16	1977	DM	M	35	NA	Dipodomys
6	6	7	16	1977	PF	М	14	NA	Perognathus

Task 7: Calculate

```
# This is a chunk for Task 7. Provide your R codes here:
surveys_combined_filtered <- surveys_combined %>% filter(species_id=='DM') %>% group_by(mont
h)
summarise(surveys_combined_filtered,
average_hindfoot = mean(hindfoot_length,na.rm = TRUE),
average_weight = mean(weight,na.rm = TRUE))
```

average_w	average_hindfoot <dbl></dbl>	month <int></int>
	\dbi>	\IIII/
42.9	36.09476	1
43.9	36.18777	2
45.1	36.11765	3
44.7	36.20646	4
43.1	35.81557	5
41.5	35.97699	6
41.9	35.71283	7
41.8	35.79850	8
43.3	35.84908	9
42.5	35.94261	10
Previous 1 2		-10 of 12 rows

Task 8: Missing Values

surveys_weight_imputed

Hide

```
# This is a chunk for Task 8. Provide your R codes here:
surveys_combined_year <- surveys_combined %>% filter(year=='1977')
surveys_combined_year %>% group_by(species_id) %>% summarise(count=sum(is.na(weight)))
```

<pre>species_id <chr></chr></pre>	count <int></int>
	16
DM	80
DO	0
DS	66
NL	31
OL	7
ОТ	15
OX	4
PE	4
PF	8
1-10 of 14 rows	Previous 1 2 Next

```
surveys_combined_temp <- surveys_combined_year %>% group_by(species_id) %>% summarise(mean =
mean(weight,na.rm = TRUE))

surveys_combined_year <- surveys_combined_year %>% left_join(surveys_combined_temp,by="specie
s_id")

surveys_combined_year$weight[is.na(surveys_combined_year$weight)] <- surveys_combined_year$m
ean[is.na(surveys_combined_year$weight)]
surveys_weight_imputed <- surveys_combined_year %>% select(-mean)
```

record_id <int></int>			-	species_id <chr></chr>	sex <fctr></fctr>	hindfoot_length <int></int>	weight <dbl></dbl>	genus <fctr></fctr>	spe <fct< th=""></fct<>
1	7	16	1977	NL	М	32	NaN	Neotoma	albi
2	7	16	1977	NL	М	33	NaN	Neotoma	albi
3	7	16	1977	DM	F	37	41.141304	Dipodomys	mer
4	7	16	1977	DM	М	36	41.141304	Dipodomys	mer
5	7	16	1977	DM	М	35	41.141304	Dipodomys	mer
6	7	16	1977	PF	М	14	7.173913	Perognathus	flav
7	7	16	1977	PE	F	NA	19.500000	Peromyscus	erei

record_id <int></int>			-	species_id <chr></chr>	sex <fctr></fctr>	hindfoot_le	e ngth <int></int>			reight <dbl></dbl>	_			spe <fct< th=""></fct<>
8	7	16	1977	DM	М		37	7	41.14	11304	Dipo	dor	nys	mer
9	7	16	1977	DM	F		34	1	41.14	11304	Dipo	dor	nys	mer
10	7	16	1977	PF	F		20)	7.17	73913	Perc	gna	athus	s flav
1-10 of 503 r	ows 1-	-10 c	of 11 c	olumns		Previous	1	2	3	4	5	3	. 51	Next
4														•

Task 9: Inconsistencies or Special Values

Inspecting the variable 'Surveys_weight_imputed' for special values, it becomes clear that out of 503 total observations, 454 are finite values, whereas 49 are "NaN" values. There are no positive or negative infinite values present in the data.

Further investigating the source of the "NaN" type of special values, We found out that the special values were induced in the table when we replaced "NA" values of weight field of some of the species in variable "surveys_combined_year". After checking out the observations for species having "NaN" values in the "surveys_combined_year", it became apparant that those species did not have any values for weight attributes at all. so when we try to take mean value of such species to replace the NAs, keeping in mind the "na.rm = TRUE" attribute of the mean() function, the formula results in 0/0 = "NaN". Hence the NaN values are induced in the dataset while performing task 8.

```
# This is a chunk for Task 9. Provide your R codes here:
cat("Finite Observations: ",sum(is.finite(surveys_weight_imputed$weight)),"\n")

Finite Observations: 454

Hide

cat("Infinite Observations: ",sum(is.infinite(surveys_weight_imputed$weight)),"\n")

Infinite Observations: 0

Hide

cat("NaN Observations: ",sum(is.nan(surveys_weight_imputed$weight)),"\n\n")

NaN Observations: 49

Hide

cat("Total Observations: ",count(surveys_weight_imputed)[[1]])

Total Observations: 503
```

Task 10: Outliers

Using the surveys_combined data frame, inspect the variable hindfoot length for possible univariate outliers. If you detect any outliers use any of the methods outlined in the Module 6 notes to deal with them. Explain briefly the actions that you take to handle outliers.

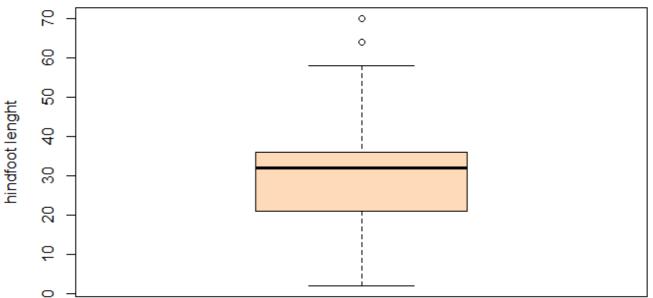
To detect the outliers, first we replaced NA values present in data with the mean values. It had to be done so that the quantile function can deal calculate the quantiles properly without being affected by the NAs.

After replacing the NAs with the mean, we replaced outliers with the median values. Plotting the boxplot before and after the replacement operations makes it clear that there are no more outliers present in the data anymore.

Hide

This is a chunk for Task 10. Provide your R codes here:
surveys_combined\$hindfoot_length %>% boxplot(main="Boxplot - Before handling outliers",col =
"peachpuff", border = TRUE, ylab="hindfoot lenght")

Boxplot - Before handling outliers



```
replace_median <- function(x){
    quantiles <- quantile( x,c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75))
    x[ x < quantiles[1] - 1.5*IQR(x) ] <- quantiles[2]
    x[ x > quantiles[3] + 1.5*IQR(x) ] <- quantiles[2]
    x
}
# Recode missing data with Mean
surveys_combined$hindfoot_length[is.na(surveys_combined$hindfoot_length)] <- mean(surveys_combined$hindfoot_length,na.rm = TRUE)
# Replace Outliers with Median values
surveys_combined$hindfoot_length %>% replace_median() %>% boxplot(main="Boxplot - After replace outliers with Median",col = "peachpuff", border = TRUE, ylab="hindfoot length")
```

