

CI/CD Pipeline Fundamentals

Terraform-day2 –module-8

Automating Terraform with Jenkins

By the end of this module, you will be able to:

- Explain why manual Terraform execution is risky in real projects
- Describe what CI/CD means in the context of Infrastructure
- Explain how Jenkins pipelines integrate with Terraform
- Read and interpret a basic Jenkinsfile
- Understand how Git branches control Terraform deployments
- Explain why GitOps is important for infrastructure teams

Why Automate Terraform?

The Problem with Manual Workflow

When engineers run Terraform manually:

- Write Terraform code locally
- Run terraform plan on their laptop
- Run terraform apply manually
- Push code to Git later

Why Automate Terraform?

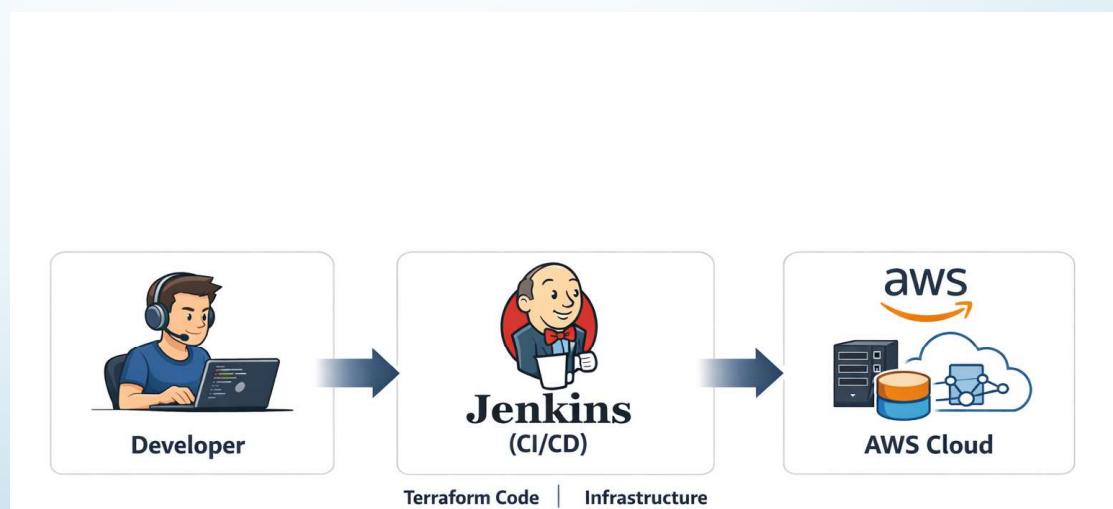
What can go wrong

- Different results on different machines (version mismatch)
- No clear record of who changed what and why
- Validation steps can be skipped
- High risk of applying to the wrong environment
- No formal approval for production changes
- Hard to debug failures in a team

The Solution: CI/CD Pipelines

Benefits (Stronger & more professional):

- Consistent execution every time
- Full audit trail of all infrastructure changes
- Built-in safety via approval gates
- Faster feedback when errors occur
- Reduced human mistakes



What is GitOps?

GitOps means:

👉 **Git is the single source of truth for infrastructure**

Four principles:

- All infrastructure must be in Git (no manual changes)
- Git history = infrastructure change history
- Changes happen only via Pull Requests
- Automation (Jenkins) applies what is in Git

Big benefit:

- To see what is deployed → check Git
- To rollback → revert a commit

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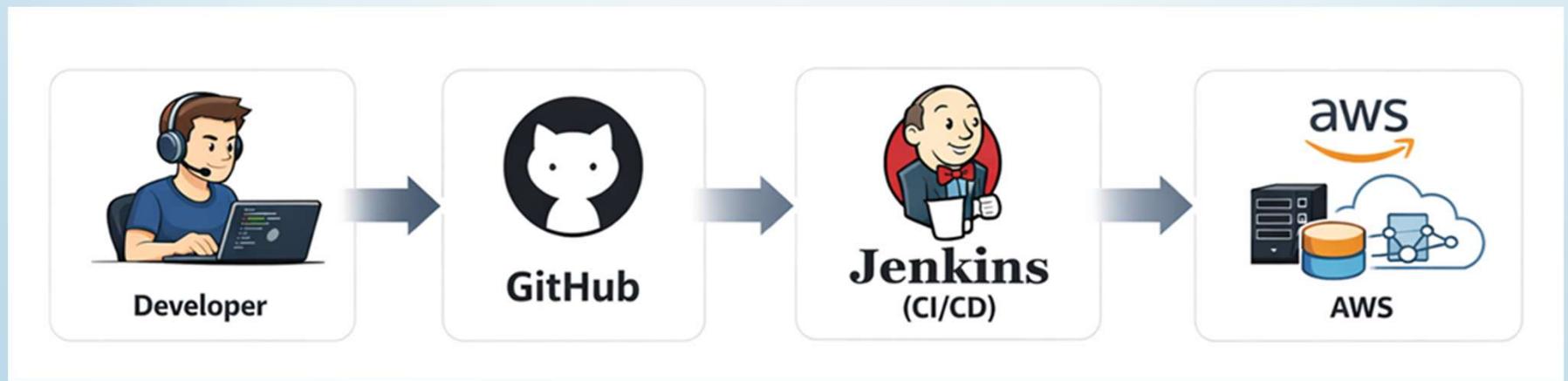
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Pipeline Architecture

How the Pieces Fit Together (Clearer flow)

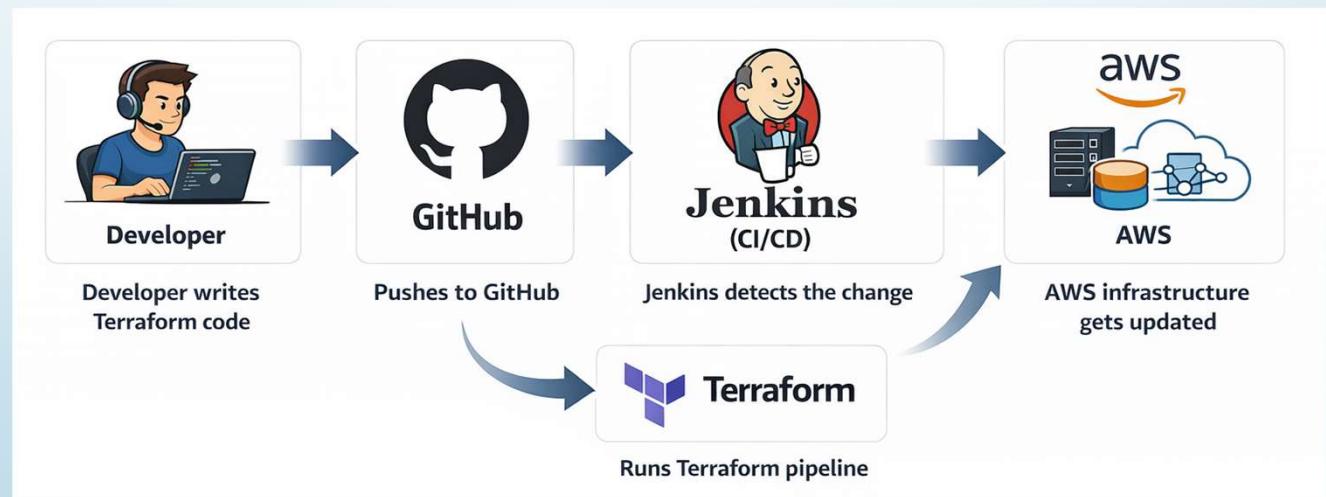
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- Pushes to GitHub
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- AWS infrastructure gets updated



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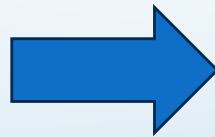
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The Jenkinsfile

A **Jenkinsfile** is a text file that defines your pipeline.
It lives in your Git repository.
Think of it as a **recipe for automation**.

Basic Structure



```
pipeline {  
    agent any  
    stages {  
        stage('Stage Name') {  
            steps {  
                sh 'command'  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

The Jenkinsfile

Stage	Purpose	Terraform Command
Checkout	Get latest code from Git	Automatic
Init	Download providers	<code>terraform init</code>
Validate	Check syntax	<code>terraform validate</code>
Plan	Show changes	<code>terraform plan</code>
Approval	Human confirmation	<code>input step</code>
Apply	Create/update infra	<code>terraform apply</code>

Simple Jenkinsfile Example

This pipeline **only checks Terraform but does NOT apply changes yet** — safe for testing.

- pipeline {
- agent any
- stages {
- stage('Checkout') {
- steps {
- checkout scm
- }
- }
- stage('Terraform Init') {
- steps {
- sh 'terraform init'
- }
- }
- stage('Terraform Validate') {
- steps {
- sh 'terraform validate'
- }
- }
- stage('Terraform Plan') {
- steps {
- sh 'terraform plan'
- }
- }
- }
- }

 Runs automatically on every push
 Does NOT deploy infrastructure yet

Adding Approval and Apply

Approval Stage

- stage('Approval') {
- when {
- branch 'develop'
- }
- steps {
- input message: 'Apply changes?', ok:
'Apply'
- }
- }

Terraform Apply Stage

- stage('Terraform Apply') {
- when {
- branch 'develop'
- }
- steps {
- sh 'terraform apply -auto-approve'
- }
- }

👉 Pipeline pauses and waits for a human to approve.

Branch Workflow

Branch	What runs	Outcome
feature/*	Plan only	Safe testing
develop	Plan → Approve → Apply	Deploy to staging
main	Plan → Approve → Apply	Deploy to production
Pull Request	Plan only	No deployments