

# Kubernetes – Service Creation

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# What is Services?

- Problem statement
  - Kubernetes portals are Mortal.
  - Every time the POD gets a new IP address.
  - This would be a trouble if we want inter POD communication.
  - Also to keep a track of the IP's of the POD.
- Solution:
  - **SERVICES**

# Creating Services

```
---  
apiVersion: v1  
kind: Service  
metadata:  
  name: node-port  
spec:  
  type: NodePort  
  ports:  
    - port: 88  
      targetPort: 8000  
      nodePort: 30303  
  selector:  
    component: rss-site
```

# Let's look at each piece closer

---

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service ←
metadata:
  name: node-port
```

**Object type is Service.**  
**The Service object has sub objects**

- ClusterIP
- NodePort
- LoadBalancer
- Ingress

# Let's look at each piece closer

---

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata: ←
  name: node-port
```

## Metadata for the Service

We Could have anykind of  
**Key:Value** pair for labels.

# Let's look at each piece closer

.....

spec:



Actual Objects that defines the Service.

type: **NodePort**

ports:

- port: **88**

- targetPort: **8000**

- nodePort: **30303**

selector:

component: rss-site

# Let's look at each piece closer

.....

spec:

type: **NodePort**

ports:

– port: 88

targetPort: 8000

nodePort: 30303

selector:

component: rss-site



**The NodePort exposes the container to the outside world**

**Very Useful for Dev Environment**

# Let's look at each piece closer

.....

spec:

type: NodePort

ports:

– port: 8000

targetPort: 88

nodePort: 30303

selector:

component: rss-site



POD's that need multi-  
POD connectivity



Container Port

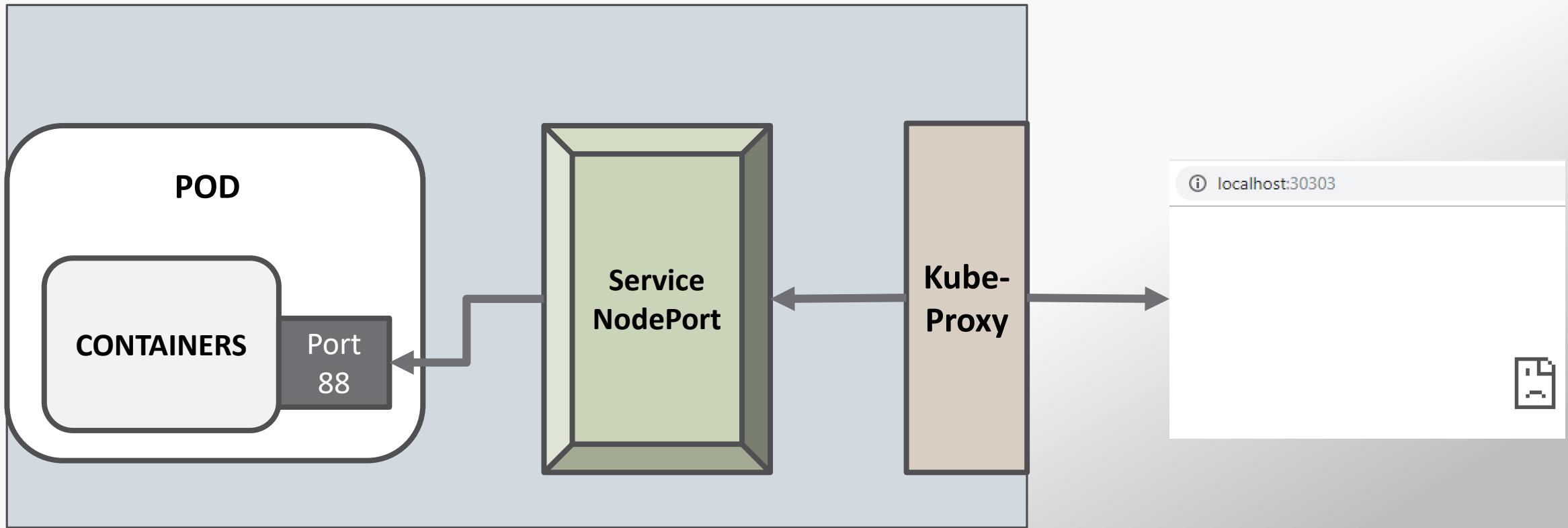


Host (VM) Port

Port range could be (30000-  
32767)

Random number would be  
assign, if we don't mention it.

# BLOCK DIAGRAM



# Let's look at each piece closer

.....

spec:

  type: NodePort

  ports:

    – port: 88

      targetPort: 8000

      nodePort: 30303

  selector:

    component: rss-site



This is in pair with “Labels”  
declared in the “POD”.

# kubectl commands

# To run the yml file on the Kube Cluster.

**\$ kubectl apply -k <yml filename>**

# To check the pod status

**\$ kubectl get services**

