

ABCDGuesser2.java

```
1 import components.simplereader.SimpleReader;
2
3 /**
4  * A program that takes four personal numbers from a user as well as a
5  * mathematical constant and approximates the constant using the deJager formula
6  *
7  * @author VishalKumar
8  */
9
10 public final class ABCDGuesser2 {
11
12     /**
13      * Private constructor so this utility class cannot be instantiated.
14      */
15     private ABCDGuesser2() {
16
17     }
18
19     /**
20      * Repeatedly asks the user for a positive real number until the user enters
21      * one. Returns the positive real number.
22      *
23      * @param in
24      *         the input stream
25      * @param out
26      *         the output stream
27      * @return a positive real number entered by the user
28      */
29     private static double getPositiveDouble(SimpleReader in, SimpleWriter out) {
30         double num = 0;
31         // ask user for input
32         out.print("Enter a positive real number: ");
33         String input = in.nextLine();
34
35         // verify that input is positive and real
36         while (!FormatChecker.canParseDouble(input)) {
37             out.print("Please enter a positive real number: ");
38             input = in.nextLine();
39         }
40         while (Double.parseDouble(input) <= 0) {
41             out.print("Please enter a POSITIVE real number: ");
42             input = in.nextLine();
43         }
44
45         //convert input to double and return value
46         num = Double.parseDouble(input);
47         return num;
48     }
49
50     /**
51      * Repeatedly asks the user for a positive real number not equal to 1.0
52      * until the user enters one. Returns the positive real number.
53      *
54      * @param in
55      *         the input stream
56      * @param out
57      *         the output stream
58      */
59 }
```

ABCDGuesser2.java

```

62  * @return a positive real number not equal to 1.0 entered by the user
63  */
64  private static double getPositiveDoubleNotOne(SimpleReader in,
65      SimpleWriter out) {
66      double num = 0;
67      // ask user for input
68      out.print("Enter a positive real number not equal to 1.0: ");
69      String input = in.nextLine();
70
71      // verify that input is positive and real and not equal to 1.0
72      while (!FormatChecker.canParseDouble(input)) {
73          out.print("Please enter a positive real number not equal to 1.0: ");
74          input = in.nextLine();
75      }
76      while (Double.parseDouble(input) <= 0
77          || Math.abs(Double.parseDouble(input) - 1) < .0001) {
78          out.print("Please enter a POSITIVE real number NOT equal to 1.0: ");
79          input = in.nextLine();
80      }
81
82      //convert input to double and return value
83      num = Double.parseDouble(input);
84      return num;
85  }
86
87
88  private static void printFinalResults(double w, double x, double y,
89      double z, double aVal, double bVal, double cVal, double dVal,
90      double error, SimpleWriter out, SimpleReader in) {
91      out.println("\nThe exponent of " + w + " is " + aVal);
92      out.println("The exponent of " + x + " is " + bVal);
93      out.println("The exponent of " + y + " is " + cVal);
94      out.println("The exponent of " + z + " is " + dVal);
95      out.println("Using the charming theory the approximate value is: "
96          + (Math.pow(w, aVal) * Math.pow(x, bVal)
97            * (Math.pow(y, cVal) * (Math.pow(z, dVal))));
98      out.print("The error is: ");
99      out.print(error, 2, false);
100     out.print("%");
101 }
102
103 /**
104  * Main method.
105  *
106  * @param args
107  *         the command line arguments
108  */
109 public static void main(String[] args) {
110     SimpleReader in = new SimpleReader1L();
111     SimpleWriter out = new SimpleWriter1L();
112
113     // get constant from the user
114     out.println(
115         "Enter a mathematical constant that you want to approximate");
116     double constant = getPositiveDouble(in, out);
117
118     // get four numbers from the user

```

ABCDGuesser2.java

```

119 out.println("\nEnter four numbers");
120 double w = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
121 double x = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
122 double y = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
123 double z = getPositiveDoubleNotOne(in, out);
124
125 // array of 17 charming theory numbers
126 double[] charmNums = {-5, -4, -3, -2, -1, -1.0 / 2, -1.0 / 3, -1.0 / 4,
127     0, 1.0 / 4, 1.0 / 3, 1.0 / 2, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
128 int length = charmNums.length;
129
130 // calculate the the difference between initial approximate and constant
131 double difference = Math.abs((w * charmNums[0]) * (x * charmNums[0])
132     * (y * charmNums[0]) * (z * charmNums[0]) - constant);
133
134 // initialize exponent indexes, exponent values of charming theory
135 double aVal = 0, bVal = 0, cVal = 0, dVal = 0;
136
137 // loop until end of the charmNums array is reached
138 for (int d = 0; d < length; d++) {
139     for (int c = 0; c < length; c++) {
140         for (int b = 0; b < length; b++) {
141             for (int a = 0; a < length; a++) {
142
143                 // calculate how far off new difference is from the constant
144                 double currentDiff = Math
145                     .abs((Math.pow(w, charmNums[a]))
146                         * Math.pow(x, charmNums[b]))
147                         * Math.pow(y, charmNums[c]))
148                         * Math.pow(z, charmNums[d]))
149                     - constant);
150
151                 // assign new values if current diff is closer than difference
152                 if (currentDiff < difference) {
153                     difference = currentDiff;
154                     aVal = charmNums[a];
155                     bVal = charmNums[b];
156                     cVal = charmNums[c];
157                     dVal = charmNums[d];
158                 }
159             }
160         }
161     }
162 }
163
164 // calculate error and print final results
165 double error = (difference / constant) * 100;
166 printFinalResults(w, x, y, z, aVal, bVal, cVal, dVal, error, out, in);
167
168 // close input and output streams
169 in.close();
170 out.close();
171 }
172
173 }
174

```