

TVFace Dataset Utilities Documentation

This document provides detailed usage instructions and API reference for the first two modules:

- **tvface_dataset.py**: Loading TVFace images and annotation parsing.
- **compute_statistics.py**: Computing demographic and head-pose statistics.

1. tvface_dataset.py

```
from tvface_dataset import TVFaceDataset
```

Overview

`TVFaceDataset` is a custom PyTorch `Dataset` class that:

- Reads images from a specified directory.
- Parses face-related annotations (age, gender, race, expression, pose).
- Returns each sample as a dictionary containing both the image and extracted metadata.

Constructor

```
TVFaceDataset(img_dir: str, annotation_path: str, transform=None)
```

Parameter	Type	Description
<code>img_dir</code>	<code>str</code>	Path to directory containing <code>.jpg</code> images.
<code>annotation_path</code>	<code>str</code>	Path to the JSON file with <code>labels</code> entries for each image.
<code>transform</code>	callable	Optional image transform (e.g., <code>torchvision.transforms.ToTensor()</code>). May be <code>None</code> .

Attributes

- `self.ids` (`List[str]`): List of image IDs (filenames without extension).
- `self.annotations` (`Dict`): Loaded JSON mapping each `img_id` to annotation data.

`__len__`

```
def __len__(self) -> int:
```

- Returns the total number of samples (images) available.

`__getitem__`

```
def __getitem__(self, idx: int) -> dict:
```

Key	Type	Description
<code>image</code>	<code>PIL.Image</code>	The RGB image, optionally transformed.
<code>label</code>	<code>int</code>	Face label ID from annotation.
<code>mask</code>	<code>float</code>	Mask score (if present).
<code>age</code>	<code>str</code>	Top-probability age bracket (e.g., <code>'60-69'</code>).
<code>gender</code>	<code>str</code>	Top-probability gender (<code>'Male'</code> or <code>'Female'</code>).
<code>race</code>	<code>str</code>	Top-probability race (e.g., <code>'White'</code> , <code>'Middle Eastern'</code>).

expression Key	str Type	Top-probability facial expression (e.g., 'sad', 'angry'). Description
pose	dict	Pose angles: keys ['yaw', 'pitch', 'roll'], each a float.
age_probs	dict	Full distribution of age probabilities.
gender_probs	dict	Full gender probability distribution.
race_probs	dict	Full race probability distribution.
expr_probs	dict	Full expression probability distribution.

Example Usage

```
from torchvision.transforms import ToTensor
from tvface_dataset import TVFaceDataset

dataset = TVFaceDataset(
    img_dir='tvface',
    annotation_path='annotation.json',
    transform=ToTensor()
)
print(len(dataset))          # e.g., 2_600_000
sample = dataset[0]
print(sample['age'], sample['gender'])
```

2. compute_statistics.py

```
from compute_statistics import compute_statistics
```

Overview

This script provides a function to aggregate demographic and pose statistics over all samples in a `TVFaceDataset` instance.

compute_statistics

```
def compute_statistics(dataset) -> dict:
```

Parameter	Type	Description
dataset	TVFaceDataset instance	Initialized dataset to compute statistics on.

Returns

A dictionary with the following keys:

- `age_distribution`: Counter mapping each age bracket to its count.
- `gender_distribution`: Counter of 'Male' / 'Female' counts.
- `race_distribution`: Counter of race counts.
- `expression_distribution`: Counter of expression counts.
- `pose_statistics`: dict with keys ['yaw', 'pitch', 'roll'], each mapping to a sub-dict:
 - `mean`: Average angle over dataset.
 - `std`: Standard deviation of the angle.

Example CLI Usage

```
python compute_statistics.py
```

By default, the script:

1. Loads `tvface_dataset.py` with `ToTensor()` transforms.
2. Calls `compute_statistics`.
3. Prints human-readable distributions and pose means/stds.

Python Invocation

```
from tvface_dataset import TVFaceDataset
from compute_statistics import compute_statistics
from torchvision.transforms import ToTensor

dataset = TVFaceDataset('tvface', 'annotation.json', transform=ToTensor())
stats = compute_statistics(dataset)
print(stats['age_distribution'])
```