



# MECHANICAL ENGINEERING SCIENCE

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

- 1) The following data refers to a test on a single cylinder engine working on four stroke cycle:

**Diameter of brake drum = 60 cm**

**Rope diameter = 3 cm**

**Load on brake drum = 25 kg**

**Spring balance reading = 5 kg**

**Speed of engine = 400 rpm**

**Bore = 10 cm**

**Stroke = 15 cm**

**Indicated Power = 3.141 kW**

**Calculate (i) Brake Power (ii) Mechanical Efficiency**

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## **PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

### **1) Brake Power (BP)**

$$\text{Torque } = T = (W - S) \times \left( \frac{D_b + d_r}{2} \right) = (25 - 5) \times 9.81 \times \left( \frac{0.6 + 0.03}{2} \right) = 61.803 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{Brake Power} = BP = \frac{2\pi NT}{60 \times 1000} = \frac{2 \times \pi \times 400 \times 61.803}{60 \times 1000} = 2.589 \text{ kW}$$

### **2) Mechanical Efficiency**

$$\eta_{mech} = \frac{BP}{IP} = \frac{2.589}{3.141} = 0.8241 \text{ or } 82.41\%$$

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**2) The following observations are taken during a trial on four stroke diesel engine.**

**Cylinder diameter = 25 cm**

**Stroke = 40 cm**

**Speed = 250 rpm**

**Brake load = 70 kg**

**Brake drum diameter = 2m**

**Diesel oil consumption = 0.1 litres/min**

**Specific gravity of fuel = 0.78**

**Calorific value of fuel = 43900 kJ/kg**

**Indicated Power = 24.54 kW**

**Determine (i) Brake Power (ii) Mechanical efficiency (iii) Brake thermal efficiency (iv) Indicated thermal efficiency.**

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

**Solution:**

**1) Brake Power**

We know that brake power is given by

$$BP = \frac{2\pi NT}{60000} = \frac{2 \times \pi \times 250 \times 70 \times 9.81 \times 1}{60000} = 17.98 \text{ kW}$$

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## **PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

**Solution:**

### **2) Mechanical efficiency**

We know that mechanical efficiency is given by,

$$\eta_{mech} = \frac{BP}{IP} = 73.3\%$$

### **3) Brake Thermal Efficiency**

We know that brake thermal efficiency is given by,

$$\eta_{Bth} = \frac{BP}{m_f \times CV} = \frac{17.98}{\frac{0.1 \times 0.78 \times 1000}{1000 \times 60} \times 43900} = 31.5\%$$

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

**Solution:**

**4) Indicated Thermal Efficiency**

We know that indicated thermal efficiency is given by,

$$\eta_{Ith} = \frac{IP}{m_f \times CV} = \frac{24.54}{\frac{0.1 \times 0.78 \times 1000}{1000 \times 60} \times 43900} = 43\%$$

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

3) A four cylinder four stroke petrol engine develops 30 kW at 2500 rpm. The mean effective pressure on each piston is 8 bar and mechanical efficiency is 80%. Calculate the diameter and stroke of each cylinder.

### PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS

#### Solution:

We know that,

$$\eta_{mech} = \frac{BP}{IP}$$

Therefore,

$$IP = \frac{BP}{\eta_{mech}} = \frac{30}{0.8} = 37.5 \text{ kW}$$

$$\text{Also, } IP = \frac{np_m LANK}{60 \times 1000}$$

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

**Solution:**

$$37.5 = \frac{4 \times 8 \times 10^5 \times L \times (\frac{\pi}{4} d^2) \times 2500 \times (\frac{1}{2})}{60 \times 1000}$$

$$7.16 \times 10^{-4} = Ld^2$$

From data,  $L/d = 1.5$  or  $L = 1.5d$

Therefore,

$$7.16 \times 10^{-4} = (1.5d)d^2$$

This gives,  $d = 0.078 \text{ m} = 78 \text{ mm}$ ;  $L = 1.5d = 117 \text{ mm}$

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

4) A diesel engine develops 5 kW. Its indicated thermal efficiency is 30% and mechanical efficiency is 75%. Estimate the fuel consumption of the engine in a) kg/hr and b) litres/hr. Also find ISFC and BSFC. Take CV of fuel = 42000 kJ/kg and specific gravity of fuel = 0.87.

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**PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS**

**Solution:**

We have,

$$\eta_{mech} = \frac{BP}{IP}$$

$$Therefore, IP = \frac{BP}{\eta_{mech}} = \frac{5}{0.75} = 6.67kW$$

We know that,

$$\eta_{ITH} = \frac{IP}{m_f \times CV}$$

$$Therefore, m_f = \frac{IP}{\eta_{ITH} \times CV}$$

### PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS

#### Solution:

We have,

$$\eta_{mech} = \frac{BP}{IP}$$

$$Therefore, IP = \frac{BP}{\eta_{mech}} = \frac{5}{0.75} = 6.67kW$$

We know that,

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$$Therefore, m_f = \frac{IP}{\eta_{ITH} \times CV}$$

### PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS OF IC ENGINES - NUMERICALS

#### Solution:

So,

$$m_f = \frac{6.67}{0.3 \times 42000} = 5.293 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kg/s} = 1.9057 \text{ kg/hr}$$

To get fuel consumption in litres/hr,

$$\begin{aligned} m_f &= \frac{1.9057}{0.87 \times 1000} = 2.1905 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{hr} \\ &= 2.1905 \times 10^{-3} \times 1000 = 2.1905 \text{ litres/hr} \end{aligned}$$

$$ISFC = \frac{m_f}{IP} = \frac{1.9057}{6.67} = 0.2857 \text{ kg/kWhr}$$

$$BSFC = \frac{m_f}{BP} = \frac{1.9057}{5} = 0.3811 \text{ kg/kWhr}$$

# THANK YOU

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