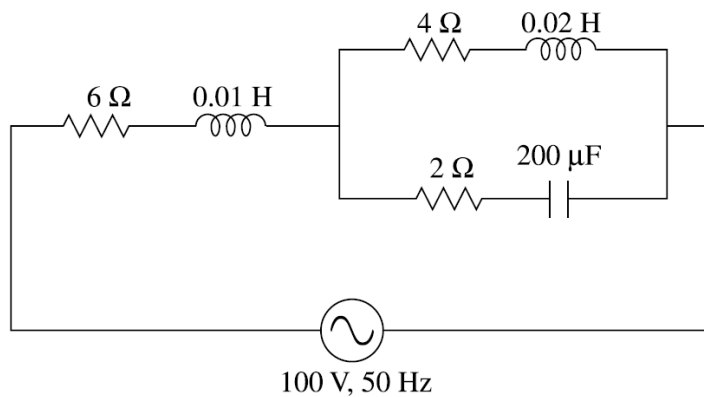


NOTES -Class 33

Numericals on Series – Parallel AC Circuits

1. Determine the current in the circuit shown. Find the power consumed and powerfactor.



Solution

$$X_{L_1} = 2\pi \times 50 \times 0.01 = 3.14 \, \Omega$$

$$X_{L_2} = 2\pi \times 50 \times 0.02 = 6.28 \, \Omega$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 50 \times 200 \times 10^{-6}} = 15.92 \, \Omega$$

$$\overline{Z}_1 = 6 + j3.14 \, \Omega$$

$$\overline{Z}_2 = 4 + j6.28 \, \Omega$$

$$\overline{Z}_3 = 2 - j15.92 \, \Omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{Z} &= \overline{Z}_1 + \frac{\overline{Z}_2 \cdot \overline{Z}_3}{\overline{Z}_2 + \overline{Z}_3} \\ &= (6 + j3.14) + \frac{(4 + j6.28)(2 - j15.92)}{(4 + j6.28) + (2 - j15.92)} = 17.27 \angle 30.75^\circ \, \Omega \end{aligned}$$

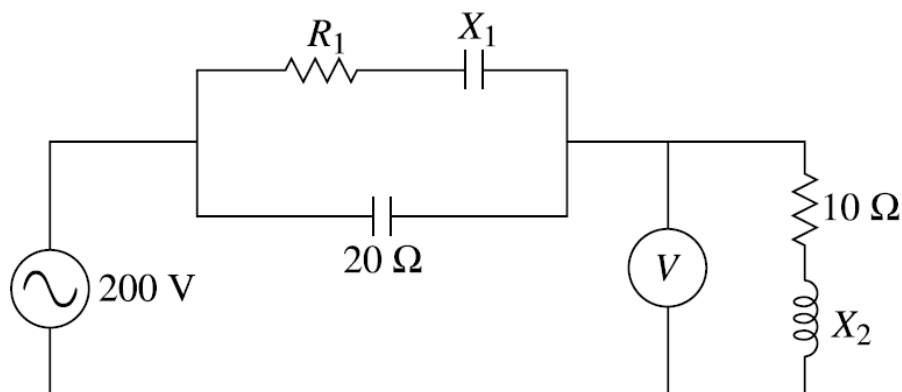
$$\overline{I} = \frac{\overline{V}}{\overline{Z}} = \frac{100 \angle 0^\circ}{17.27 \angle 30.75^\circ} = 5.79 \angle -30.75^\circ \, \text{A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= VI \cos \phi = 100 \times 5.79 \times \cos (30.75^\circ) \\ &= 497.94 \, \text{W} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{pf} = \cos \phi = \cos (30.75^\circ) = 0.86 \, (\text{lagging})$$

Unit II : Single Phase AC Circuits

2. The circuit of Fig. takes 12 A at a lagging power factor and dissipates 1800 W. The reading of the voltmeter is 200 V. Find R_1 , X_1 and X_2 .



Solution

$$I = 12 \text{ A}$$

$$P = 1800 \text{ W}$$

Let

$$\bar{I} = 12 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{200}{12} = 16.667 \Omega$$

$$Z_2 = \sqrt{R_2^2 + X_2^2}$$

$$16.67 = \sqrt{(10)^2 + X_2^2}$$

$$(16.67)^2 = 10^2 + X_2^2$$

$$277.88 = 100 + X_2^2$$

$$X_2 = 13.33 \Omega$$

$$\bar{V}_2 = (12 \angle 0^\circ) (10 + j13.33)$$

$$= (12 \angle 0^\circ) (16.666 \angle 53.13^\circ) = 200 \angle 53.13^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$P = VI \cos \phi$$

$$1800 = 200 \times 12 \times \cos \phi$$

$$\cos \phi = 0.75$$

$$\phi = 41.41^\circ$$

Unit II : Single Phase AC Circuits

Applied voltage $\overline{V}_{\text{eq}} = 200 \angle 41.41^\circ \text{ V}$

Voltage across parallel branches = $200 \angle 41.41^\circ - 200 \angle 53.13^\circ = 40.84 \angle -42.73^\circ \text{ V}$

Current through capacitor = $\frac{40.84 \angle -42.73^\circ}{20 \angle -90^\circ} = 2.04 \angle 47.27^\circ \text{ A}$

Current through R_1 and $X_1 = 12 \angle 0^\circ - 2.04 \angle 47.27^\circ = 10.72 \angle -8.03^\circ \text{ A}$

$$\begin{aligned}\overline{Z}_1 &= \frac{40.84 \angle -42.73^\circ}{10.72 \angle -8.03^\circ} \\ &= 3.81 \angle -34.7^\circ \Omega = 3.13 - j2.17 \Omega \\ R_1 &= 3.13 \Omega \\ X_1 &= 2.17 \Omega\end{aligned}$$