

### NOTES Class-45

#### Numerical Examples on Balanced Delta connected Three Phase System:

##### Numerical Example 1:

##### Question:

A balanced delta connected load consumes 2 KW of power when connected to a three phase, 400 V, 50Hz supply. The same load when connected to a three phase 230V , 50 Hz supply, draws a current of 2 A at lagging power factor. Determine the load power factor and resistance and inductance per phase.

##### Solution :

##### Case1: Delta connected Load

##### Given Data:

Line voltage,  $V_L = 400V$  ;  $f = 50Hz$

Three phase Active Power,  $P_{3\text{-phase}} = 2KW$

Therefore,  $3 * V_{ph} * I_{ph} * \cos\phi = 2000W$

$$\text{i.e., } 3 * V_{ph} * \frac{V_{ph}}{Z} * \frac{R}{Z} = 2000W$$

Since, delta connected system,  $V_{ph} = V_L = 400V$

$$\text{Therefore, } 3 * 400^2 * \frac{R}{Z^2} = 2000W ; \text{ Hence, } \frac{R}{Z^2} = 0.004167 \text{----- (1)}$$

##### Case2: Same Delta connected Load

##### Given Data:

Line voltage,  $V_L = 230V$  ;  $f = 50Hz$

Line current,  $I_L = 2A$

Since same load, Z is same in both the cases.

## Unit III: Three Phase Balanced Systems &Electrical Installations

Since, delta connected system,  $V_{ph} = V_L = 230V$

$$\text{And, } I_{ph} = \frac{I_L}{\sqrt{3}} = 1.155A$$

$$\text{Therefore, } Z = \frac{V_{ph}}{I_{ph}} = 199.13\Omega$$

Substituting 'Z' value in equation (1) above,

Resistance per phase,  $R = 165.24\Omega$

Inductive reactance per phase,  $X_L = \sqrt{Z^2 - R^2} = 111.12\Omega$

Inductance per phase,  $L = \frac{X_L}{\omega} = 0.354H$

Power factor of the Load,  $\cos\phi = \frac{R}{Z} = 0.83$  Lag

### Numerical Example 2

#### Question:

The load connected to a three phase supply comprises three similar coils connected in star. The line current is 25 A, the real and apparent powers are 11KW, 20 KVA. Find the line voltage, resistance, and reactance of each coil. If the coils are connected in delta, find the line current and power taken.

#### Solution :

##### Case1: Balanced Star connected Load

Given Data:

Line current,  $I_L = 25A$

Three phase Active Power,  $P_{3-phase} = 11KW$

Three phase Apparent Power,  $S_{3-phase} = 20KVA$

#### Calculations:

$$S_{3-phase} = \sqrt{3} * V_L * I_L = 20KVA$$

$$\text{Hence, } V_L = 461.88V$$

Since balanced star connected load,

$$I_{ph} = I_L = 25A ; V_{ph} = \frac{V_L}{\sqrt{3}} = 266.66V$$



$$\text{Impedance per phase, } Z = \frac{V_{ph}}{I_{ph}} = 10.66\Omega$$

$$P_{3\text{-phase}} = 11\text{KW} = 3 * I_{ph}^2 * R; \text{ Hence, } R = 5.86\Omega$$

$$\text{Inductive reactance per phase, } X_L = \sqrt{(Z^2 - R^2)} = 8.905\Omega$$

### Case2: Same Load reconnected as Delta Load across same supply

Since same supply,  $V_L$  remains same and since same load,  $Z$ ,  $R$  &  $L$  in each phase remain same.

Since balanced delta connected load,  $V_{ph} = V_L = 461.88\text{V}$

$$\text{Phase current, } I_{ph} = \frac{V_{ph}}{Z} = 43.33\text{A}$$

$$\text{Line current, } I_L = \sqrt{3} * I_{ph} = 75.04\text{A}$$

$$\text{Power drawn, } P_{3\text{-phase}} = 3 * I_{ph}^2 * R = 33\text{KW}$$

$$\text{Apparent Power, } S_{3\text{-phase}} = \sqrt{3} * V_L * I_L = 60\text{KVA}$$