



# ENGINEERING MECHANICS

## - STATICS

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Department of Civil Engineering

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## DISTRIBUTED FORCES

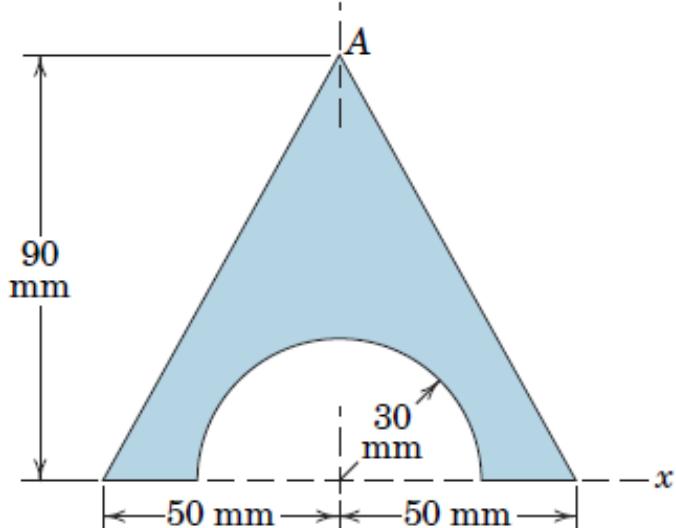
**Session- 10**

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## Moment of Inertia: Numerical

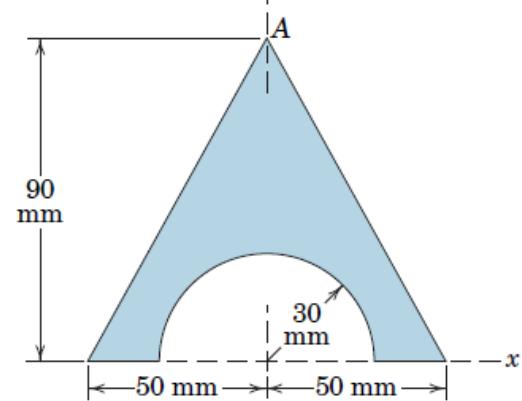
**Problem A/42** Calculate the moment of inertia of the shaded area about the x-axis.



## Moment of Inertia: Numerical

### SOLUTION:

**Moment of inertia of the shaded area about the x-axis:**



$$I_x = \left( \text{MI of a triangle about } x - \text{Axis} \right) - \left( \text{MI of a Semicircle about } x - \text{Axis} \right) \quad \dots \dots \dots (1)$$

$$\text{MI of a triangle about } x - \text{axis} = \frac{bh^3}{12}$$

Here,

$$b = 10 \text{ mm} \text{ & } h = 90 \text{ mm}$$

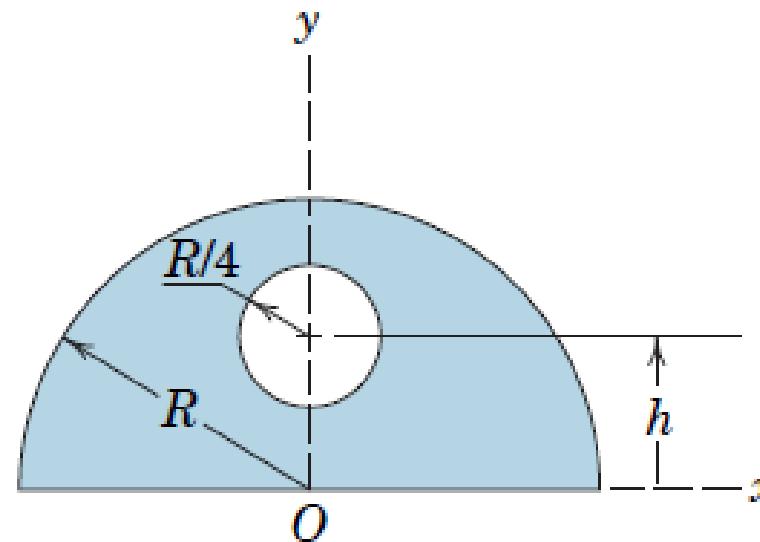
$$\text{MI of a semicircle about } x - \text{axis} = \frac{\pi R^4}{8}$$

Here,  $R = 30 \text{ mm}$

Substituting in equation (1)

$$I_x = \left( \frac{100 (90)^3}{12} \right) - \frac{\pi (30)^4}{8} = 5.756 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

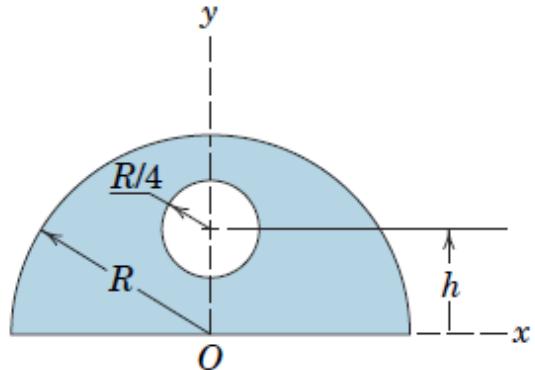
**Problem A/44.** The variable  $h$  designates the arbitrary vertical location of the center of the circular cutout within the semicircular area. Determine the area moment of inertia about the  $x$ -axis for (a)  $h = 0$  and (b)  $h = R/2$ .



**SOLUTION:**Case (a)  $h=0$ 

Moment of Inertia of shaded area about x-axis =

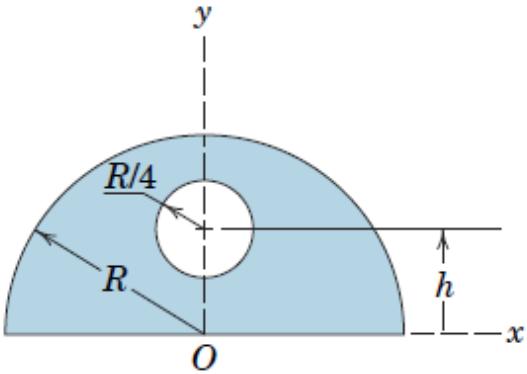
$$I_x = (\text{MI of a semicircle about x-axis}) - (\text{MI of a circle about x-axis})$$



$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi \left(\frac{R}{4}\right)^4}{8} \right)$$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi (R)^4}{(4^4)(8)} \right)$$

$I_x = 0.3911R^4$



Case (b)  $h = R/2$

Moment of Inertia of shaded area about x-axis=

$I_x = (\text{MI of a semicircle about x-axis}) - (\text{MI of a circle about x-axis})$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - (\bar{I} + Ad^2)$$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{4} + \left( \frac{\pi R^2}{2} \right) h^2 \right)$$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi \left( \frac{R}{4} \right)^4}{4} + \left( \frac{\pi \left( \frac{R}{4} \right)^2}{2} \right) \left( \frac{R}{2} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{4^5} + \left( \frac{\pi (R)^2}{(4^2)2} \right) \left( \frac{R}{2} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$I_x = \left( \frac{\pi R^4}{8} \right) - \left( \frac{\pi 17 R^4}{1024} \right) = 0.341 R^4$$



**THANK YOU**

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