

ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Course Code : UE25EE141A/B



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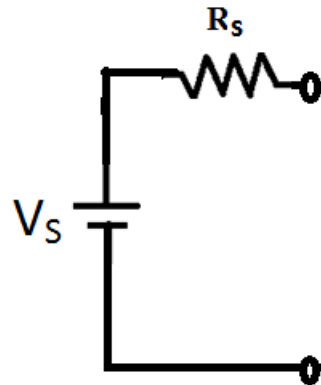
ELEMENTS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Practical Sources and Source Transformation

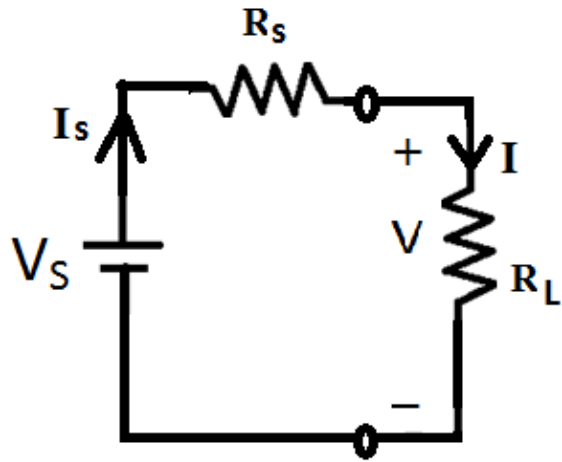
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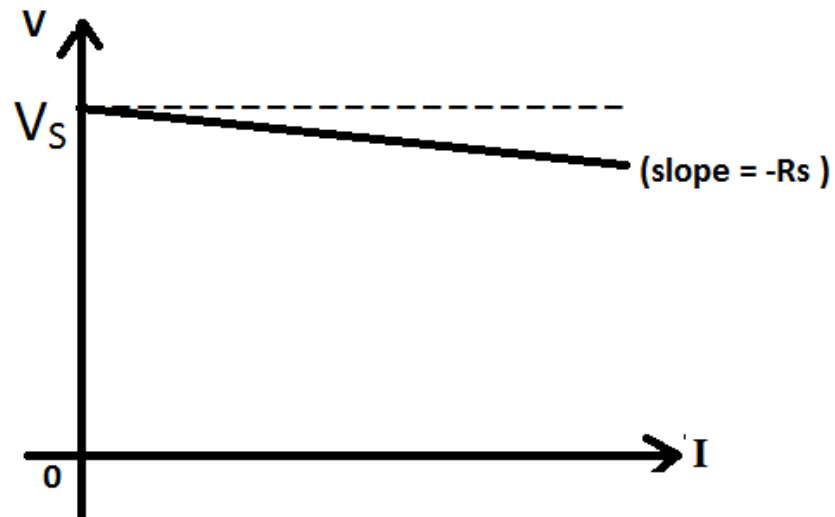
- Its terminal voltage falls as load current increases.
- It is modelled as an ideal voltage source in series with internal resistance.



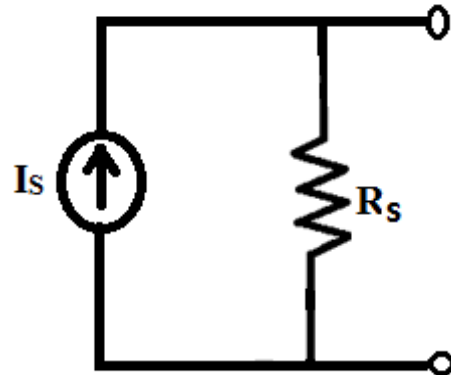
- Internal resistance is small, usually few $\text{m}\Omega$.
- Internal resistance of an ideal voltage source is Zero



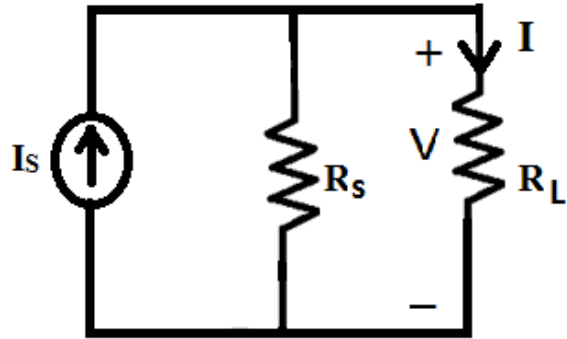
$$V = V_S - I * R_S$$



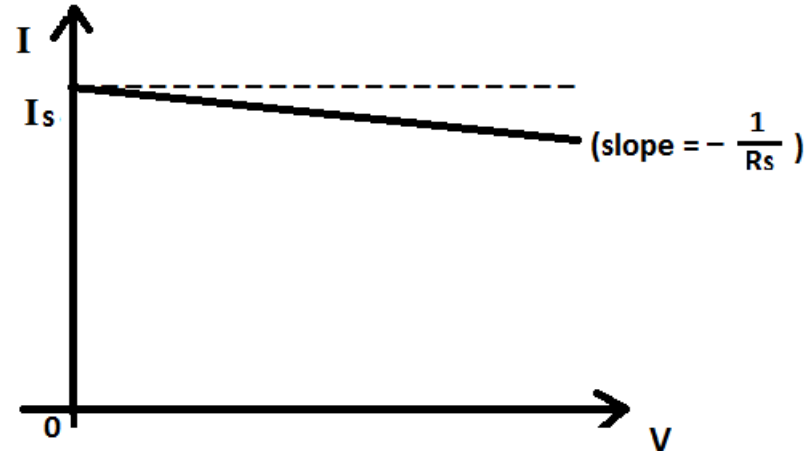
- Its terminal current falls as load voltage increases.
- It is modelled as an ideal current source in parallel with internal resistance.



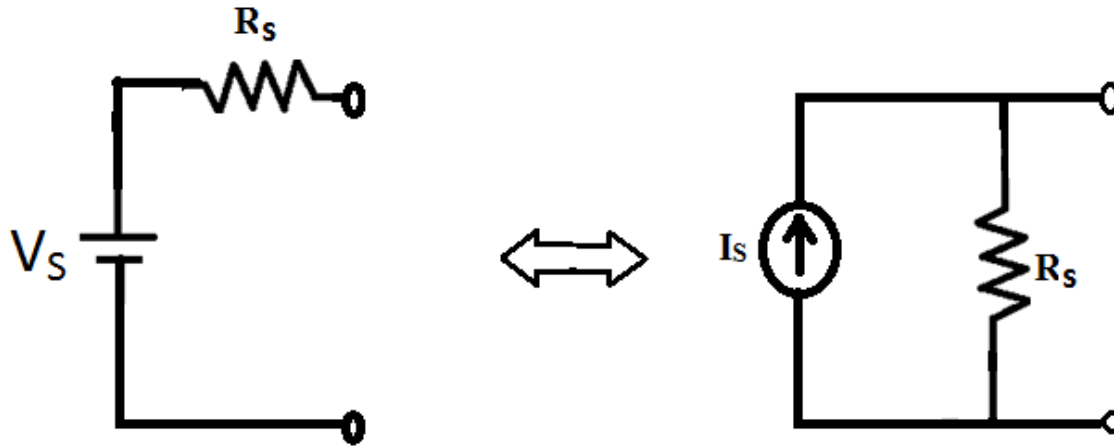
- Internal resistance is very high, usually few Mega Ohms
- Internal resistance of an ideal current source is Infinite



$$I = I_s - \left(\frac{V}{R_s} \right)$$

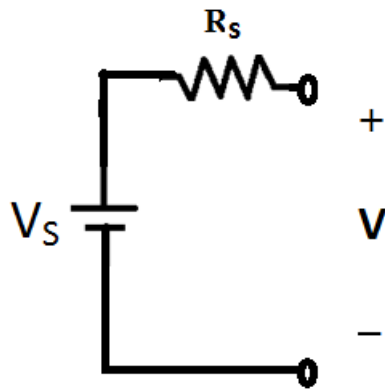


A Practical Voltage Source can be transformed to a Practical Current Source & Vice versa.

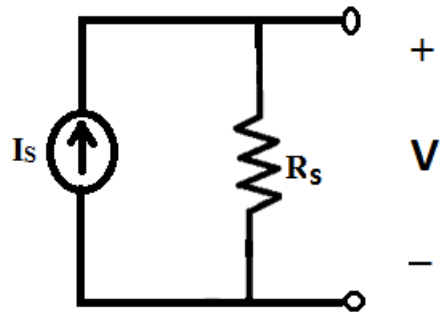


Two Sources are equivalent if they supply same terminal voltage and current when loaded with same load resistance.

Case 1: Open Circuit Condition



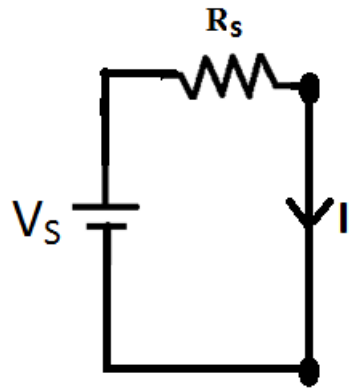
$$V = V_S$$



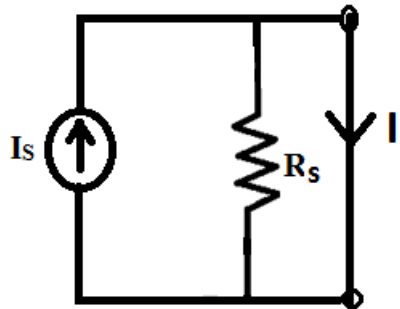
$$V = I_S * R_S$$

$$\text{Hence, } V_S = I_S * R_S$$

Case 2: Short Circuit Condition



$$I = \frac{V_S}{R_S}$$

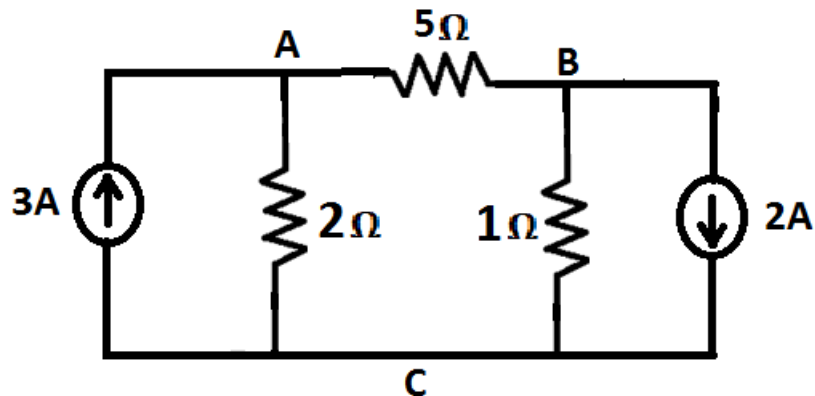
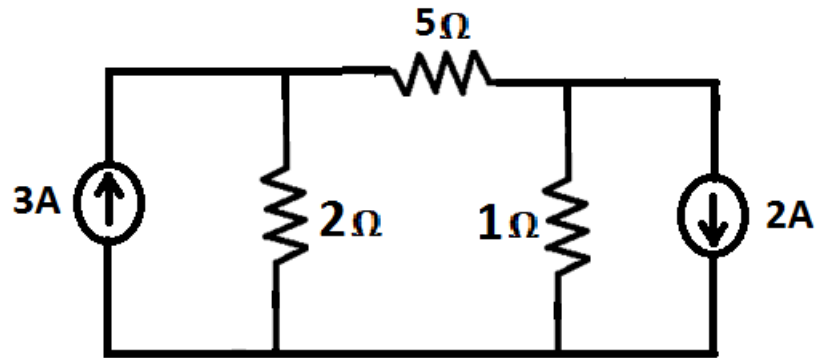


$$I = I_S$$

$$\text{Hence, } V_S = I_S * R_S$$

Question:

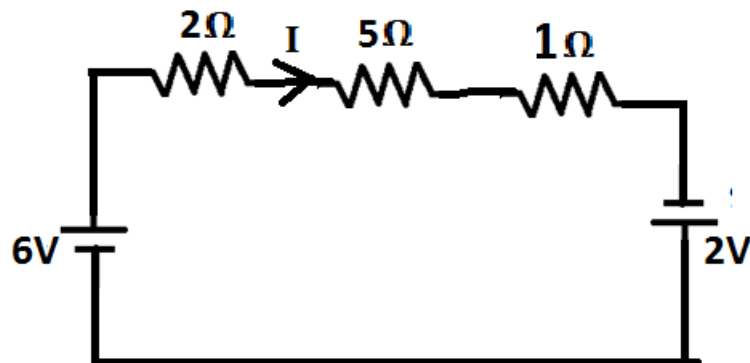
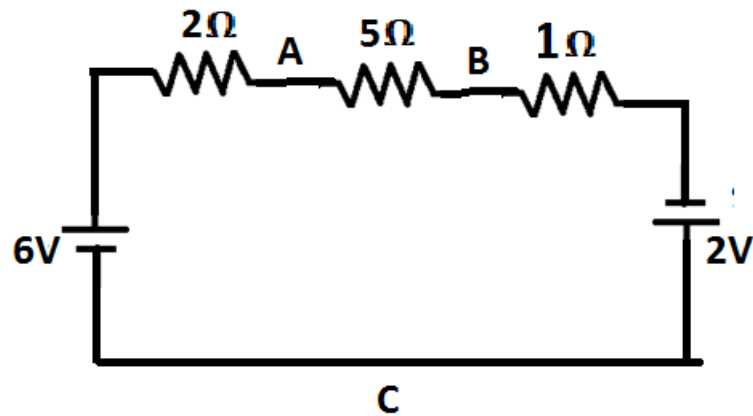
Find the current through 5Ω resistor in the network shown:



Replace $3A$ current source & 2Ω resistance with equivalent practical voltage source.

Repeat the same for $2A$ current source & 1Ω resistance.

Solution (Continued..):



By applying KVL

$$+6 - 2I - 5I - I + 2 = 0$$

$$I = 1A$$

Text Book:

1. “Basic Electrical Engineering” S.K Bhattacharya, 1stEdition Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd., 2017
2. “Basic Electrical Engineering”, D. C. Kulshreshta, 2ndEdition, McGraw-Hill. 2019
3. “Special Electrical Machines” E G Janardanan, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2014

Reference Books:

1. “Engineering Circuit Analysis” William Hayt, Jack Kemmerly, Jamie Phillips and Steven Durbin, 10th Edition McGraw Hill, 2023
2. “Electrical and Electronic Technology” E. Hughes (Revised by J. Hiley, K. Brown & I.M Smith), 12th Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.



THANK YOU

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