

Vision-Based UAV Self-Positioning in Low-Altitude Urban Environments

December 31, 2025

1 Library setting

```
[ ]: %pip install -r ../constraints.txt
```

```
[20]: from datasets import load_dataset, Image, load_dataset_builder
      from itertools import islice
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
```

2 DenseUAV

Load dataset

```
[3]: DenseUAV = load_dataset("Dmmm997/DenseUAV", split="train", streaming=True)
```

2.1 Dataset size

Storage size of each sample in the DenseUAV dataset

```
[6]: import sys

      # Get a sample
      sample = next(iter(DenseUAV))
      img = sample["image"]

      # Get image dimensions
      width, height = img.size
      channels = len(img.getbands()) # RGB = 3, RGBA = 4, etc.

      # Calculate size in bytes (assuming 8-bit per channel)
      image_size_bytes = width * height * channels

      # Convert to MB
      image_size_mb = image_size_bytes / (1024 * 1024)

      print(f"Image dimensions: {width}x{height}")
      print(f"Channels: {channels}")
```

```
print(f"Image size: {image_size_mb:.4f} MB")
```

Image dimensions: 512x512

Channels: 3

Image size: 0.7500 MB

Simple calculation of the total dataset size

```
[14]: sample_overall = 21845
```

Subset of the DenseUAV dataset

```
[22]: dd = DenseUAV.shuffle(seed=42, buffer_size=1000).take(30)
```

2.2 Dataset testing

Check dataset features

```
[ ]: dd.features
```

Get a first image from DenseUAV dataset

```
[26]: imageSample = next(iter(DenseUAV))  
img = imageSample["image"]  
img
```

```
[26]:
```



List of 30 samples after shuffle with buffer size 1000:

```
[ ]: for sample in dd:  
    img = sample["image"]  
    plt.imshow(img)  
    plt.axis("off")  
    plt.show()
```





























