```
ln[2]:= NDSolve[{ x''[t] == y[t] * (2-x[t]^2-y[t]^2),
                    y''[t] = -x[t] * (2-x[t]^2-y[t]^2),
                    x[0] = 0, y[0] = 1., x'[0] = 0, y'[0] = 0
                   \{x, y\}, \{t, 0, 30\}
      NDSolve::ndsz:
        At t == 3.652401607212685°, step size is effectively zero; singularity or stiff system suspected. \gg
\texttt{Out[2]= } \left\{ \left\{ x \to \texttt{InterpolatingFunction[} \left\{ \left\{ \texttt{0., 3.6524} \right\} \right\}, <> \right] \text{,} \right. \right.
         y \rightarrow InterpolatingFunction[\{\{0., 3.6524\}\}, <>]\}
      solve = NDSolve[{ x''[t] = y[t] * (2-x[t]^2-y[t]^2),
                              y''[t] = -x[t] * (2-x[t]^2-y[t]^2),
                              x[0] = 0, y[0] = 1., x'[0] = 0, y'[0] = 0
                             \{x, y\}, \{t, 0, 3.5\}]
      ParametricPlot[Evaluate[{x[t], y[t]} /. solve], {t, 0, 3.5}]
      ParametricPlot[Evaluate[\{t, x[t] \} /. solve], \{t, 0, 3.5\}]
      ParametricPlot[Evaluate[{t, y[t] } /. solve], {t, 0, 3.5}]
Out[28]= \{\{x \rightarrow \text{InterpolatingFunction}[\{\{0., 3.5\}\}, <>],
         y \rightarrow \texttt{InterpolatingFunction[\{\{0., 3.5\}\}, <>]\}}
```

## Графику (х)





