Analysis of SGB4964

Computational Microbial Genomics project

Filippo Mirolo, Vittoria Ossanna, Alessandro Pilli

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### Introduction

Gut samples as most studied human microbiome

Difficulties of growing all bacteria in the lab, probably we just have not yet found the ideal conditions for this to happen

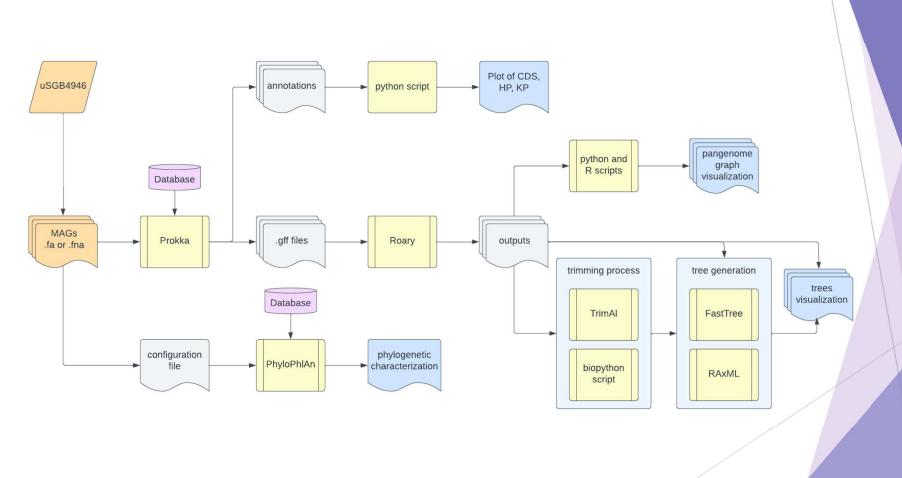
Shotgun metagenomic DNA sequencing

- SGB4964: up to now uncaracterized species-level genome bin
- consists of 31 metagenomic assembled genomes (MAGs)

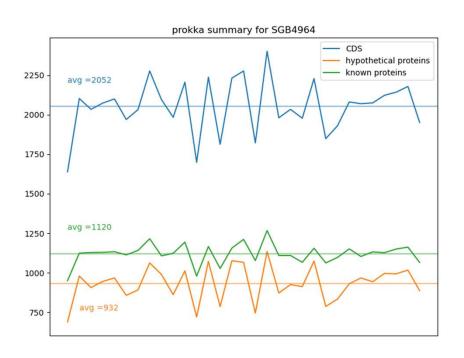
#### Methods



## Pipeline



# Description of the set and genomic annotations

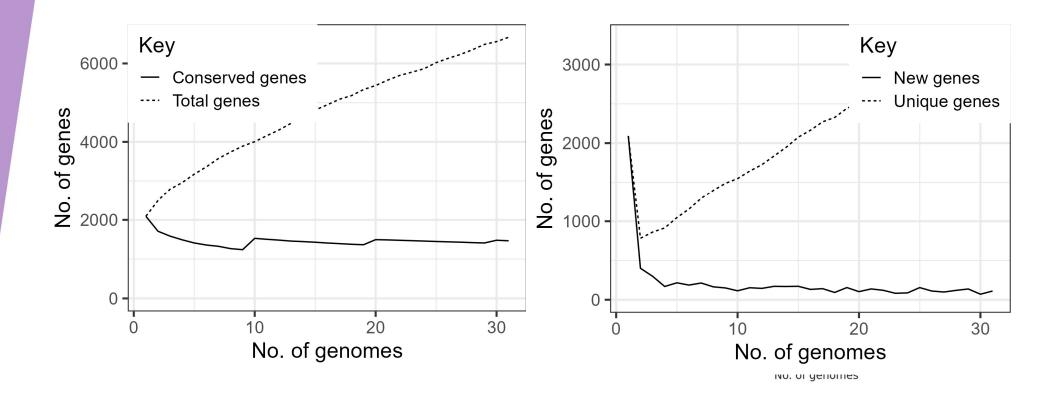


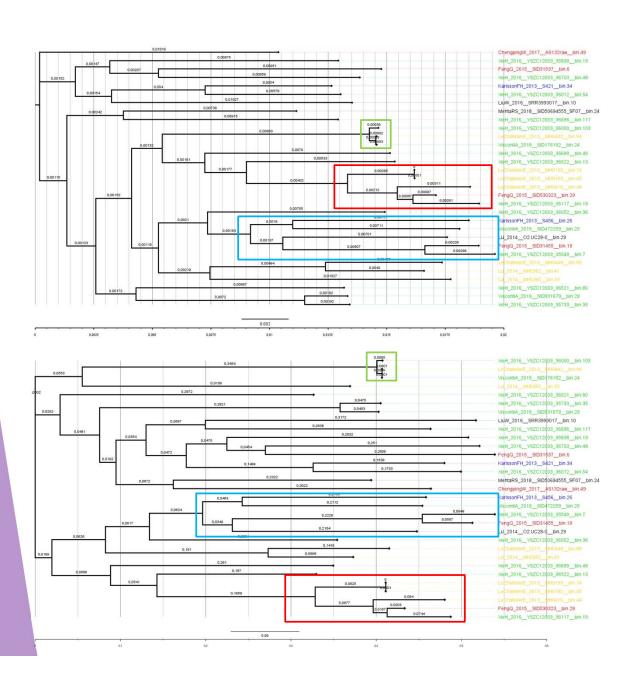
31 high quality MAGs (>90% completeness, <5% redundancy)

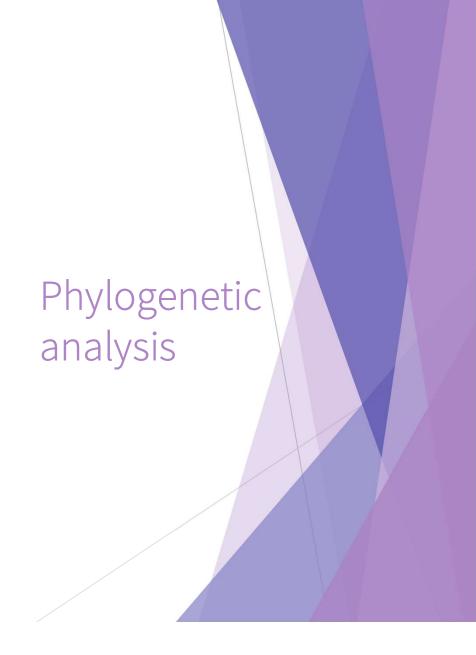
Mainly from westernized healthy individuals, lot of N/As fields

From prokka analysis we get more annotations of known proteins rather that hypothetical ones

## Pangenome analysis







## Conclusions

- association with the phylogenetic family of Lachnospiraceae
- common gut associated microbe
- In literature it is generally linked with an inflammatory response
- starting point for further analysis on the identification of this possible new species.

