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Modeling Class Diagram and Activity Diagram (Point of Sale System):

Use case textual description:

1) Process sale

Actor(s): Cashier, Customer

Preconditions:

The cashier is logged into the POS system.
The store inventory is updated and accessible.

Postconditions:

The sale transaction is completed, and the inventory is updated.
A receipt is printed for the customer.

Main Flow:

- 1. The cashier greets the customer and asks for items to purchase.
- 2. The customer places items on the counter.
- 3. The cashier scans the barcode of each item using the barcode scanner.
 - The system retrieves the item name and price from the backend catalog.
 - o The system checks the inventory to confirm availability.
- 4. The system updates the inventory by deducting the quantity of each item sold.
- 5. Once all items are scanned, the cashier informs the customer of the total amount due.
- 6. The customer chooses a payment method (cash, credit card, check).
- 7. The cashier processes the payment:
 - For cash: the cashier accepts cash and provides change if necessary.
 - For credit card: the cashier swipes the card and verifies the transaction.

- For check: the cashier verifies the check before accepting it.
- 8. After successful payment, the system generates a receipt.
- 9. The cashier hands the receipt and purchased items to the customer.
- 10. The cashier thanks the customer and invites them to return.

2) Handle return

Actor(s): Cashier, Customer

Preconditions:

- The cashier is logged into the POS system.
- The customer presents items for return with proof of purchase (receipt).

Postconditions:

The return transaction is completed, and inventory is updated.
A return receipt is printed for the customer.

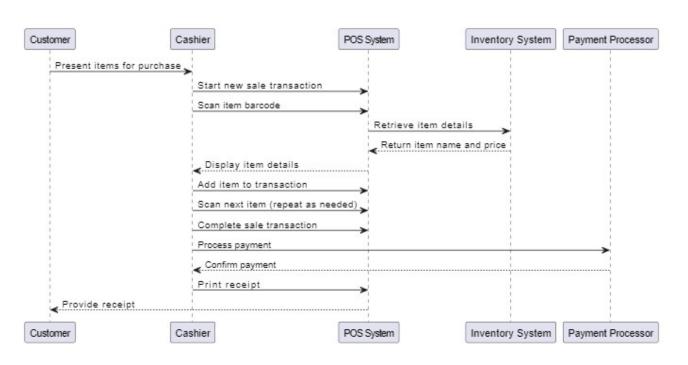
Main Flow:

- 1. The cashier greets the customer and asks about the return.
- 2. The customer presents items for return along with the original purchase receipt.
- 3. The cashier verifies the receipt against the POS system to confirm the original sale.
- 4. The system checks the return policy (e.g., within return period, condition of items).
- 5. If the return is valid:
 - The system processes the return transaction.
 - The system updates the inventory by increasing the stock quantity of the returned items.
 - o The system calculates any refund amount if applicable.
- 6. The cashier informs the customer of the return approval and refund amount.
- 7. The customer receives the refund via the original payment method:
 - $\circ\hspace{0.1in}$ For cash: the cashier gives cash back.
 - o For credit card: the cashier processes the refund to the card.

- For check: the cashier issues a store credit or another method as per store policy.
- 8. The system generates a return receipt.
- 9. The cashier hands the return receipt and any refunded amount to the customer.
- 10. The cashier thanks the customer for their visit.

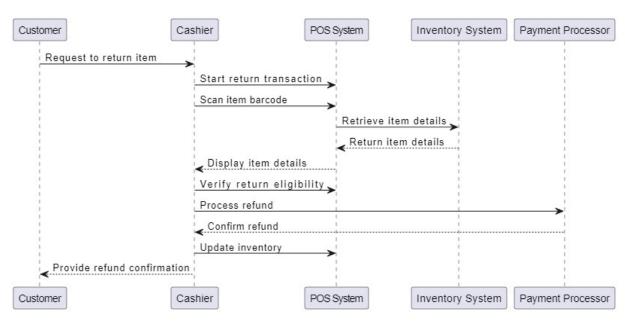
Sequence diagram:

1) Process sales:





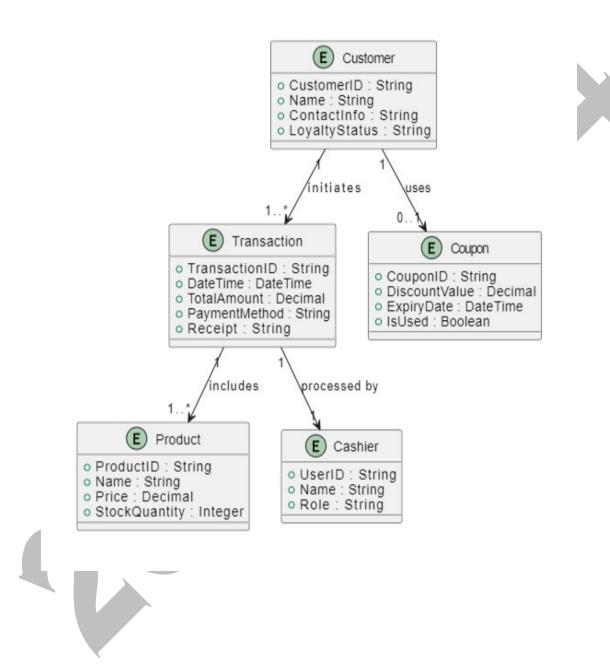
2) Handel return



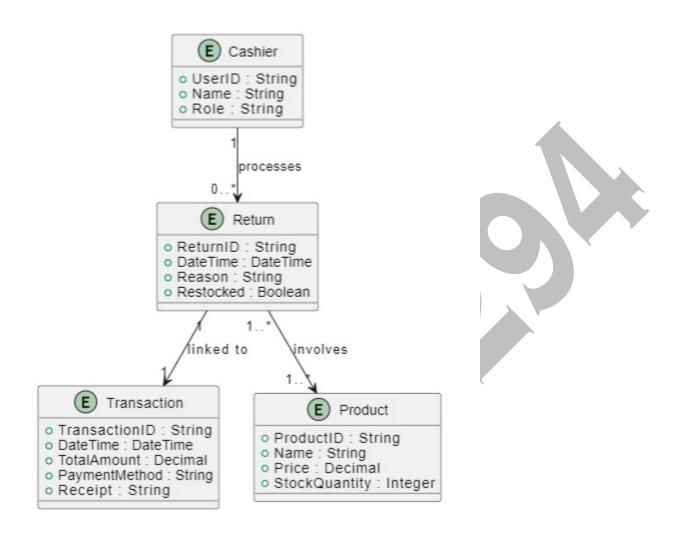


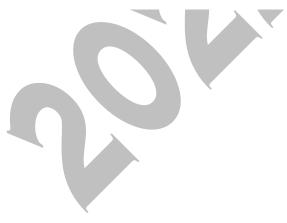
Analysis domain model:

1) Process sale



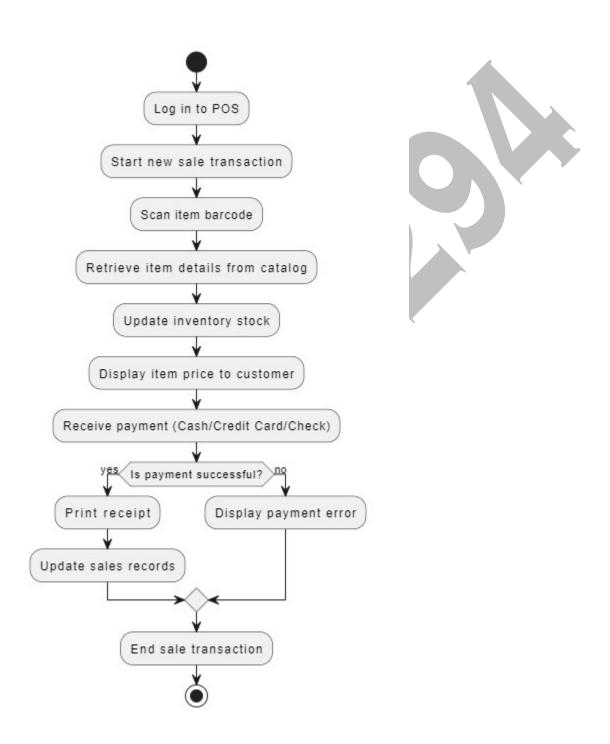
2) Handle Return





Activity Diagram:

1) Process sales



2) Handle return

