

1861. Rotating the Box with a grid

Medium

Topics

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Hint

You are given an `m × n` matrix of characters `box` representing a side-view of a box. Each cell of the box is one of the following:

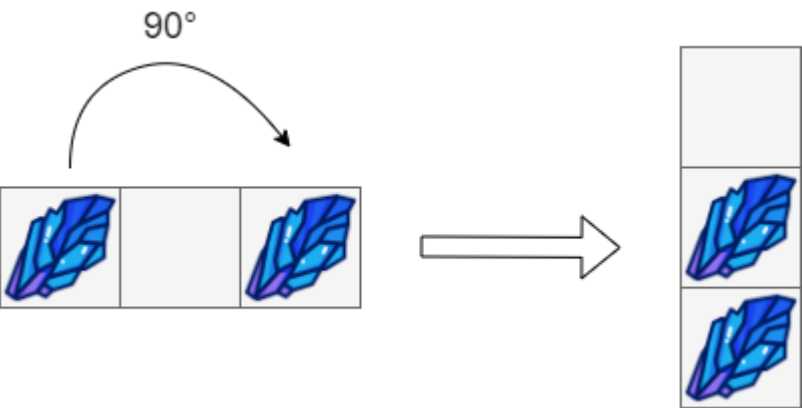
- A stone `'#'`
- A stationary obstacle `'*'`
- Empty `'.'`

The box is rotated **90 degrees clockwise**, causing some of the stones to fall due to gravity. Each stone falls down until it lands on an obstacle, another stone, or the bottom of the box. Gravity does not affect the obstacles' positions, and the inertia from the box's rotation does not affect the stones' horizontal positions.

It is guaranteed that each stone in `box` rests on an obstacle, another stone, or the bottom of the box.

Return an `n × m` matrix representing the box after the rotation described above.

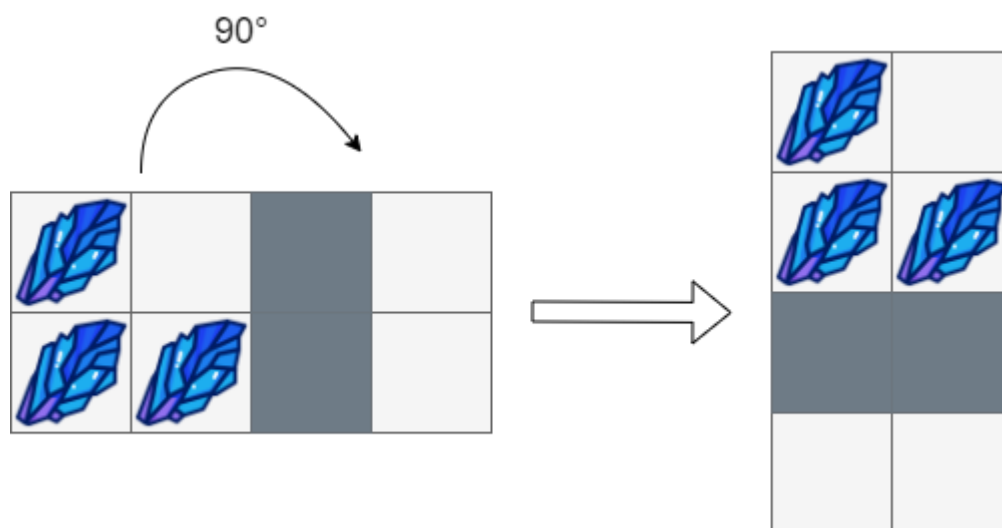
Example 1:



Input: `box = [">",".",">"]`

Output: `[[["."],
["#"],
["#"]]`

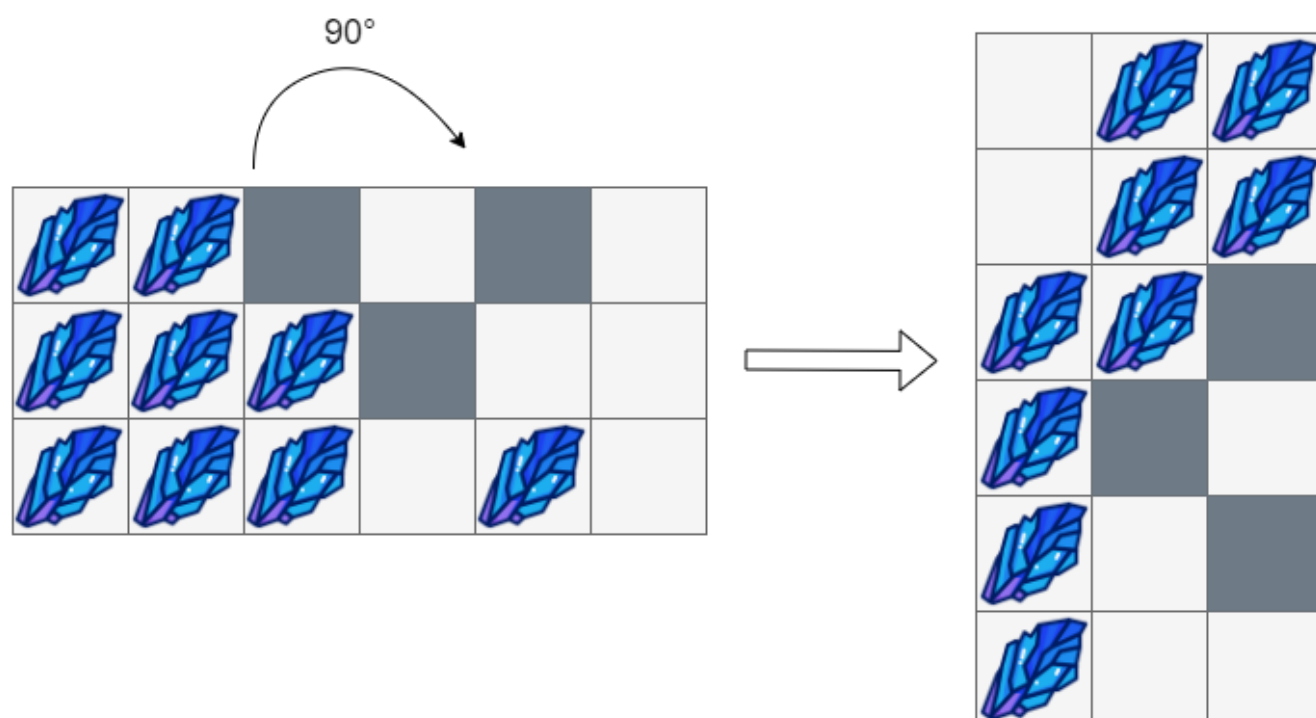
Example 2:



Input: box = [["#", ".", "*", "."],
["#", "#", "*", "."]]

Output: [["#", "."],
["#", "#"],
["", ""],
[".", "."]]

Example 3:



Input: box = [["#", "#", "", ".", "", "."],
["#", "#", "#", "*", ".", "."],
["#", "#", "#", ".", "#", "."]]

Output: [[".", "#", "#"],
[".", "#", "#"],
["#", "#", "*"],

```
["#", "*", "."],
["#", ".", "*"],
["#", ".", "."]]
```

Constraints:

- `m == box.length`
- `n == box[i].length`
- `1 <= m, n <= 500`
- `box[i][j]` is either `'#'`, `'*'`, or `'.'`.

Solution:

```
class Solution {
    public char[][] rotateTheBox(char[][] box) {
        int m = box.length;        // Number of rows
        int n = box[0].length;     // Number of columns

        // Apply gravity on each row
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            int emptyPos = n - 1;  // Start from the rightmost column
            for (int j = n - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
                if (box[i][j] == '*') {
                    // Obstacle, move empty position to one before this
                    emptyPos = j - 1;
                } else if (box[i][j] == '#') {
                    // If it's a stone, move it to the farthest empty
                    position
                    box[i][j] = '.';
                    box[i][emptyPos] = '#';
                    emptyPos--; // Update the empty position
                }
            }
        }

        // Rotate the box 90 degrees clockwise
        char[][] rotatedBox = new char[n][m];
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                rotatedBox[j][m - 1 - i] = box[i][j];
            }
        }
        return rotatedBox;
    }
}
```