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1: #include <stdio.h>
2: #include <stdlib.h>
3:
4: /* A binary tree node has data, pointer to left child
5: and a pointer to right child */
6: struct node {
7:     int data;
8:     struct node* left;
9:     struct node* right;
10: };
11:
12: /* Compute the "maxDepth" of a tree -- the number of
13: nodes along the longest path from the root node
14: down to the farthest leaf node.*/
15: int maxDepth(struct node* node)
16: {
17:     if (node == NULL)
18:         return -1;
19:     else {
20:         /* compute the depth of each subtree */
21:         int lDepth = maxDepth(node->left);
22:         int rDepth = maxDepth(node->right);
23:
24:         /* use the larger one */
25:         if (lDepth > rDepth)
26:             return (lDepth + 1);
27:         else
28:             return (rDepth + 1);
29:     }
30: }
31:
32: /* Helper function that allocates a new node with the
33: given data and NULL left and right pointers. */
34: struct node* newNode(int data)
35: {
36:     struct node* node
37:         = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
38:     node->data = data;
39:     node->left = NULL;

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40:     node->right = NULL;
41:
42:     return (node);
43: }
44:
45: int main()
46: {
47:     struct node* root = newNode(1);
48:
49:     root->left = newNode(2);
50:     root->right = newNode(3);
51:     root->left->left = newNode(4);
52:     root->left->right = newNode(5);
53:
54:     printf("Height of tree is %d", maxDepth(root));
55:
56:     getchar();
57:     return 0;
58: }
59:
```