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1: // A recursive C program to print REVERSE level order traver
 2: #include <stdio.h>
 3: #include <stdlib.h>
 4:
5: /* A binary tree node has data, pointer to left and right ch
 6: struct node
7: {
        int data;
8:
        struct node* left;
9:
        struct node* right;
10:
11: };
12:
13: /*Function prototypes*/
14: void printGivenLevel(struct node* root, int level);
15: int height(struct node* node);
16: struct node* newNode(int data);
17:
18: /* Function to print REVERSE level order traversal a tree*/
19: void reverseLevelOrder(struct node* root)
20: {
21:
        int h = height(root);
22:
        int i;
        for (i=h; i>=1; i--) //THE ONLY LINE DIFFERENT FROM NORMAL LEVE
23:
            printGivenLevel(root, i);
24:
25: }
26:
27: /* Print nodes at a given level */
28: void printGivenLevel(struct node* root, int level)
29: {
30:
        if (root == NULL)
31:
            return;
        if (level == 1)
32:
            printf("%d ", root->data);
33:
        else if (level > 1)
34:
35:
        {
36:
            printGivenLevel(root->left, level-1);
            printGivenLevel(root->right, level-1);
37:
38:
        }
39: }
```

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40:
41: /* Compute the "height" of a tree -- the number of
42:
        nodes along the longest path from the root node
43:
        down to the farthest leaf node.*/
44: int height(struct node* node)
45: {
46:
        if (node==NULL)
47:
            return 0:
        else
48:
49:
50:
            /* compute the height of each subtree */
51:
            int lheight = height(node->left);
            int rheight = height(node->right);
52:
53:
54:
            /* use the larger one */
            if (lheight > rheight)
55:
                return(lheight+1);
56:
57:
            else return(rheight+1);
58:
        }
59: }
60:
61: /* Helper function that allocates a new node with the
62: given data and NULL left and right pointers. */
63: struct node* newNode(int data)
64: {
65:
        struct node* node = (struct node*)
66:
                            malloc(sizeof(struct node));
67:
        node->data = data;
68:
        node->left = NULL;
69:
        node->right = NULL;
70:
71:
        return(node);
72: }
73:
74: /* Driver program to test above functions*/
75: int main()
76: {
77:
        struct node *root = newNode(1);
        root->left = newNode(2);
78:
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root->right = newNode(3);
79:
80:
        root->left->left = newNode(4);
81:
        root->left->right = newNode(5);
82:
83:
        printf("Level Order traversal of binary tree is \n");
84:
        reverseLevelOrder(root);
85:
86:
        return 0;
87: }
88:
```