

# Capstone Project Seoul Bike Sharing Demand Prediction

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#### **Points of Discussion:**

- Defining Problem Statement
- Introduction
- Data Summary
- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Hypothesis
- Model Building
- Evaluation
- Observations
- Conclusion



#### **Problem Statement**

Currently Rental bikes are introduced in many urban cities for the enhancement of mobility comfort. It is important to make the rental bike available and accessible to the public at the right time as it lessens the waiting time. Eventually, providing the city with a stable supply of rental bikes becomes a major concern. The crucial part is the prediction of bike count required at each hour for the stable supply of rental bikes.

## Introduction and Business use of the Al project

Users can check their travel details (distance, duration) and measure their physical activities (calories burned). Due to such smart technology and convenience along with the increased travel, the use of rental bikes is increasing day by day. Therefore, you need to able to manage the demand for rental bikes and manage the continuous and convenient service to users effectively. This study proposes a machine learning-based approach that includes different metrics to predict the rental bikes demand across the city. The ML model is used to predict the number of rental bikes required per hour. Rental bikes demand is modeled using the available independent variables. The management can use this to understand exactly how the demand vary with different features. So, they can manipulate business strategies to meet the demand levels and customer expectations. In addition, this model is a great way for management to understand the demand dynamics of a new market.

#### **Data Summary**

- Date: year-month-day
- Rented Bike count Count of bikes rented at each hour
- Hour Hour of the day
- Temperature- in Celsius
- Humidity %
- Wind Speed m/s
- Visibility 10m
- Dew point temperature Celsius

- Solar radiation MJ/m2
- Rainfall mm
- Snowfall cm
- Seasons Winter, Spring, Summer,
   Autumn
- Holiday Holiday/No holiday
- Functional Day NoFunc(Non Functional Hours), Fun(Functional hours)

#### **Data Pipeline**

- <u>Data Processing</u>: In the first part, we have imported necessary libraries and data set. We then used these libraries to understand the data.
- <u>Data Cleaning</u>: After understanding the data, we got to know that there are no null values or duplicate values in our data set.
- <u>Data Preparation</u>: For the EDA, We refactored the datetime feature. We can't analyse non numerical values. We transformed it ("yyyy/mm/dd") into date, hours, day of year and year.
- Exploratory Data Analysis: After preparing the data set, we did some exploratory
  data analysis using tables and graphs to derive the observations from the data
  and to better understand the problem statement, and make ways to the solution
  to the problem statement.

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#### Refactoring datetime

Datetime is a string. This is a problem because strings cannot be processed mathematically. We transformed the string into a date and then extracted the features hour, Day of the year, week day and year. Extraction of feature year, is what improved performance the most.

The hour feature was a particularly challenging problem. It can be considered a categorical feature on its own. There are few rentals at 1, 2, 3 am and at 10 and 11 pm. The relationship between the hour and the number of rentals is not linear.



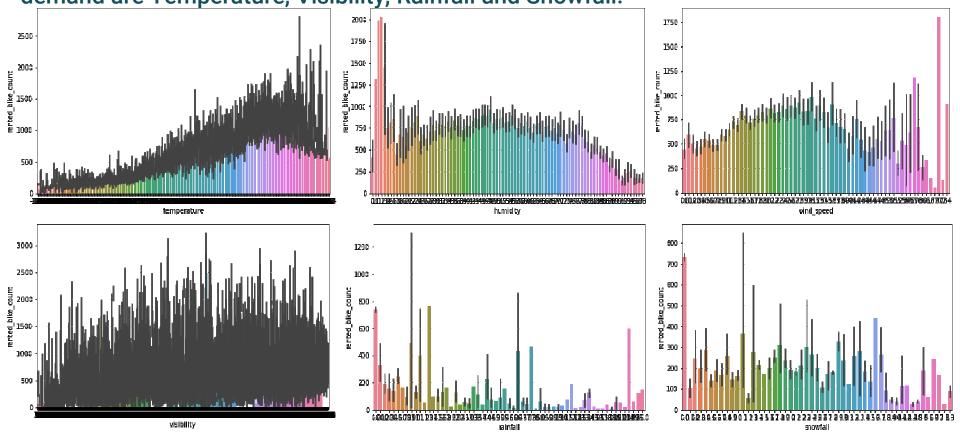
#### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

While doing the Exploratory Data analysis we tried finding the factors affecting the rental bikes demand. The factors affecting the Rental Bikes Demand are:

- Temperature
- Humidity
- Wind Speed
- Visibility
- Rainfall
- Snowfall



From the below graphs, it is evident that the major factor affecting the Rental bikes demand are Temperature, Visibility, Rainfall and Snowfall.



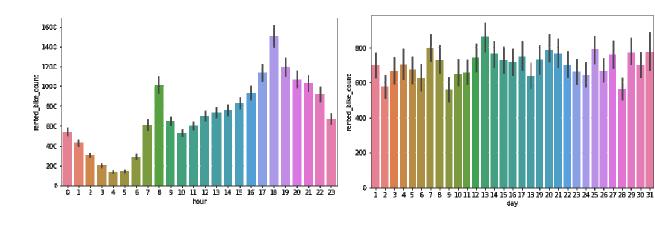


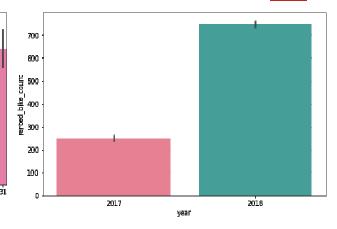
#### **Date wise Analysis**

While doing Date-wise analysis of the given rental bike demand dataset, we answered the following questions:

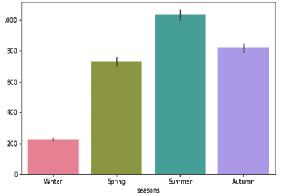
- At what time of the day the Rental bike demand is the highest?
- On which day the Rental bike demand is the highest?
- On which date the Rental bike demand is the highest?
- Which Year shows the most demand for Rental Bikes?

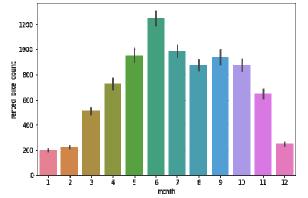






- From the above graphs, it is evident that: ,,,,,
- The rental bike is in most demand in the morning from 7 AM to 9 AM and in the evening from 5 PM to 8 PM.
- The Rental Booking happens the most in summers specifically from May to July.
- The Rental Bike demand is showing increasing trend.

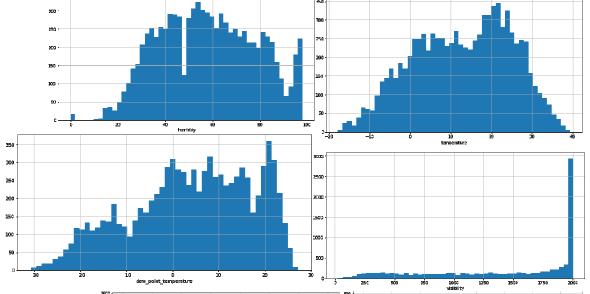


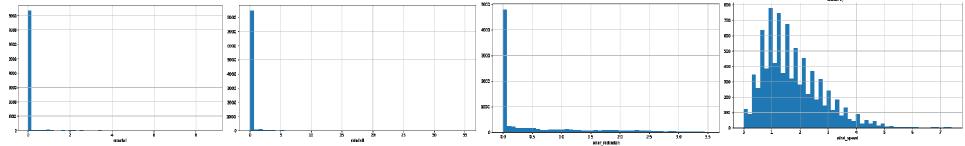


#### **Distribution Of Features**

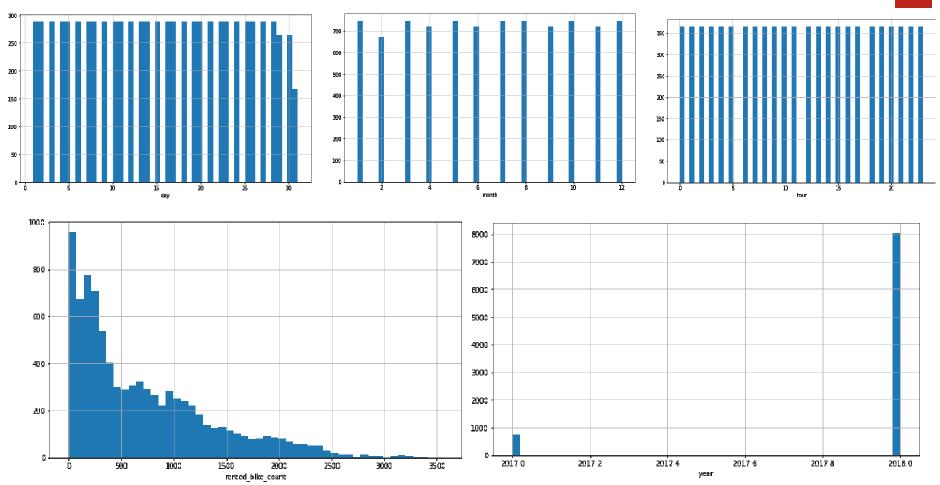


- 'Temperature' and 'Humidity' columns follows uniform distribution.
- 'Dew Point Temperature' and 'Visibility' are negatively skewed.
- 'Wind Speed', 'Solar Radiation', 'Rainfall' and 'Snowfall' are having positively skewed distribution.

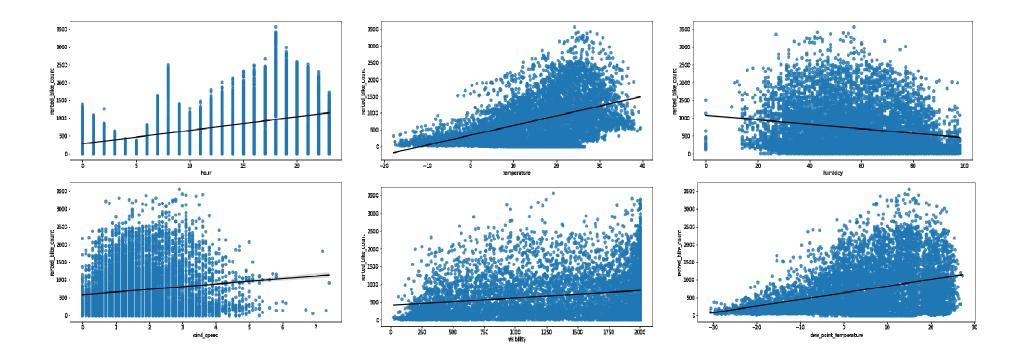






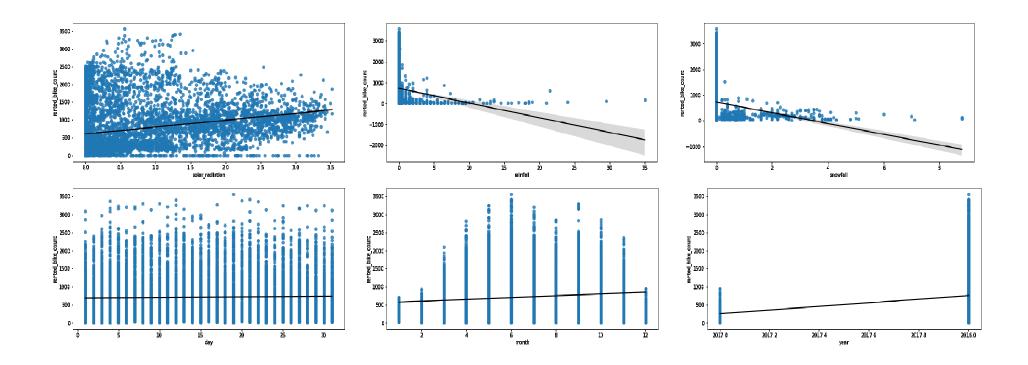


#### Correlation



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#### Correlation(continued)



#### Multicollinearity





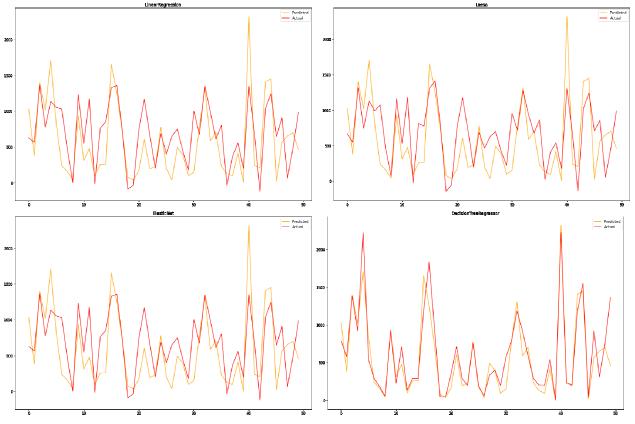
From the above graph, we can see that Temperature and Dew\_point\_temperature are highly correlated, keeping the factor of 0.91. And, then we have hour in the graph which is having good correlation with our dependent variable.

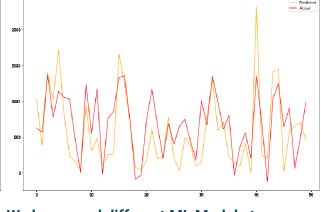


#### **Data Preprocessing**

- Implemented the Principal Component Analysis for 'Dew Point Temp' and 'Temperature' as they were highly correlated.
- Removed observations where it was 'Nonfunctional Day' and bike rent was zero and removed the column as well.
- We have also dropped 'Date' column as it would not help in giving good prediction for model.

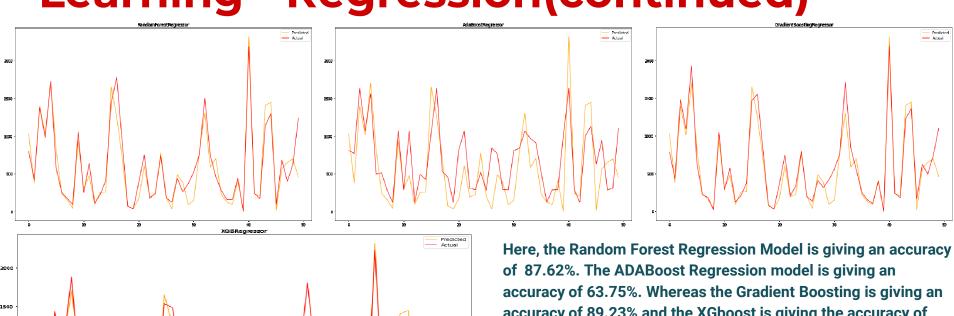
# Machine Learning - Supervised Learning - Regression





We have used different ML Models to determine the prediction of Rental Bikes needed per hours. The Linear regression model is giving an accuracy of 55.18%. The Lasso regression is giving the accuracy of 55.89%. The Ridge Model is giving the accuracy of 55.73%. Where as Elastic Net is giving accuracy of 55.18% and Decision Tree is giving accuracy of 83%.

### **Machine Learning - Supervised Learning - Regression(continued)**



accuracy of 89.23% and the XGboost is giving the accuracy of **89**%.



#### **Observations Summary**

- The major factor affecting the Rental bikes demand are Temperature, Visibility, Rainfall and Snowfall. The
  rentals are independent of the wind speed and the humidity, because they are almost constant over the
  months.
- The rental bike is in most demand in the morning from 7 AM to 9 AM and in the evening from 5 PM to 8 PM. Hence, the Rental Bike companies need better planning for the availability of the rental bikes for this time period the most.
- The Rental Booking happens the most in summers specifically from May to July. Hence, the rental companies
  needs to plan the staffings required for the maintenance of bikes and smooth running of the business for this
  period the most.
- The Rental Bike demand is showing increasing trend. Hence, it is a booming business and there is a great scope of expansion.
- Linear regression, Lasso regression, Ridge regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest, AdaBoost, Gradient
  Boosting, Extreme Gradient Boosting Regressor, and XG Boost are just a few of the machine learning models
  we've employed. The accuracy of the Gradient Boosting Regressor and XG Boost is 89.2 percent and 89.1
  percent, respectively.
- Hence, gradient boosting was used because it produces the most accurate results.



#### Conclusion

We have used many ML models such as Linear regression, Lasso Regression, Ridge Regression, Decision Tree, Random Forest, ADABoost, Gradient Boosting, Extreme Gradient Boosting Regressor and XG Boost. The Gradient Boosting Regressor and XG Boost are giving good accuracy with the accuracy being 89.2% and 89.1%.

We have chosen Gradient boosting as Gradient Boosting is giving the most accurate results.

As we can see the total amount of bike rentals increases with the temperature per month. Whereas it seems that the rentals are independent of the wind speed and the humidity, because they are almost constant over the months. This also confirms on the one hand the high correlation between rentals and temperature and on the other hand that nice weather could be a good predictor. So people mainly rent bikes on nice days and nice temperature. This could be important of planning new bike rental stations.