

Elastic Beanstalk
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-> End-to-end web application management services in AWS

-> In AWS, Elastic Beanstalk provides Platform As a Service (PaaS)

-> Easily we can run our web applications on AWS cloud using Elastic Beanstalk service.

-> We just need to upload our project code to Elastic Beanstalk it will take care of deployment

-> Elastic Beanstalk will take care of softwares and servers which are required to run our application.

-> Elastic Beanstalk will take care of deployment, capacity provisioning, load balancer and auto scaling

-> To deploy one java web application manually we need to perform below operations

- 1) Create Security Group
- 2) Create Network
- 3) Create Virtual Machine (s)
- 4) Install Java software in Virtual machine
- 5) Install Webserver to run java web application
- 6) Deploy application to server
- 7) Re-start the server
- 8) Create LBR
- 9) Create AutoScaling etc...

-> AWS providing infrastructure, we are creating platform using AWS infrastructure to run our java application (IaaS Model)

=> Instead of we are preparing platform to run our application, we can use Elastic Beanstalk service to run our web applications.

=> Elastic Beanstalk is providing Platform as a service.

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Advantages with Elastic Beanstalk
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- 1) Fast and simple to begin
- 2) Developer productivity
- 3) Impossible to outgrow
- 4) Complete resource control

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Elastic Beanstalk Pricing
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There's no additional charge for Elastic Beanstalk. You pay for Amazon Web Services resources that we create to store and run your web application, like Amazon S3 buckets and Amazon EC2 instances.

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Procedure to deploy java-spring-boot-application
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- 1) Create one application in Beanstalk
- 2) Choose Platform as Java
- 3) Select Upload Your Code option and upload spring-boot-jar file
- 4) Once environment got created -> Go to Configuration -> Go to Software -> Add PORT as 8080

-> Once Environment got refreshed access your application using URL given by Beanstalk