Telecom Churn Analysis

1. <u>Dataset Overview</u>

- The dataset includes customer details for a telecom company, with features such as:
 - o Customer demographic information (e.g., age, gender, tenure).
 - o Service details (e.g., type of internet service, phone service).
 - o Payment and contract details
 - o Churn information as the target variable (indicates if a customer has left the service).

2. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Churn Rate: Approximately X% of customers in the dataset has churned.
- Key Variables Affecting Churn:
 - o Higher churn rates are observed among customers with short tenure.
 - o Customers on month-to-month contracts are more likely to churn.
 - o Higher monthly charges are associated with increased churn.
 - o Fiber optic internet service users show higher churn rates compared to DSL users.
- Correlation Analysis:
 - o Monthly charges and tenure are negatively correlated with churn likelihood.
 - o Strong correlations observed between service features and churn.

3. Data Preprocessing

- Handling Missing Values: Techniques used for imputing missing data.
- **Encoding**: Categorical variables are one-hot encoded for model compatibility.
- **Scaling**: Numerical features are normalized or standardized for better performance in model training.

4. Model Building and Evaluation

• Models evaluated include:

- Logistic Regression
- Decision Trees
- Random Forest
- o Gradient Boosting (e.g., XGBoost)

• Performance Metrics:

- o Accuracy, Precision, Recall, and F1-Score were calculated for each model.
- o Best model identified: [Model Name] with an F1-Score of approximately [Score].

• Feature Importance:

- o The most significant predictors of churn include:
 - Monthly Charges
 - Tenure
 - Contract Type
 - Internet Service Type

5. Recommendations

- Offer incentives to customers with month-to-month contracts to switch to longer-term contracts.
- Develop loyalty programs targeting customers with short tenure.
- Monitor and address issues related to high charges for fiber optic users.

Visualization of specific results.

1. Churn Rate

- **Visualization**: Bar chart or pie chart showing the proportion of churned vs. retained customers.
- **Purpose**: Highlights the overall churn rate in the dataset.

2. Churn by Contract Type

- **Visualization**: Grouped bar chart comparing churn rates across different contract types (e.g., month-to-month, one-year, two-year contracts).
- **Purpose**: Shows the impact of contract type on churn likelihood.

3. Monthly Charges and Churn

- **Visualization**: Box plot comparing monthly charges for churned vs. non-churned customers.
- **Purpose**: Illustrates how higher charges correlate with churn.

4. Tenure and Churn

- **Visualization**: Histogram or KDE plot showing the distribution of tenure for churned vs. non-churned customers.
- **Purpose**: Demonstrates that short tenure is associated with higher churn rates.

5. Feature Importance

- **Visualization**: Horizontal bar chart displaying the feature importance scores from the best-performing model (e.g., Random Forest or Gradient Boosting).
- **Purpose**: Highlights the most significant predictors of churn.

6. Model Performance

• Visualization:

- o Confusion matrix for the best model.
- o Bar chart showing precision, recall, F1-Score, and accuracy for different models.
- **Purpose**: Compares model performance and explains the final model's evaluation metrics.

Summary of Telecom Churn Analysis

• **Objective**: To identify key factors influencing customer churn and provide actionable insights to reduce churn rates.

• Dataset Highlights:

- o Includes demographic, service usage, and payment information for telecom customers.
- o Churn rate: Approximately **X%** of customers left the service.

• Key Insights:

1. Customer Contracts:

 Month-to-month contracts have significantly higher churn rates compared to one- and two-year contracts.

2. Monthly Charges:

Customers with higher monthly charges are more likely to churn.

3. **Tenure**:

• Customers with shorter tenures (less than 12 months) exhibit higher churn rates.

4. Service Type:

• Fiber optic internet users show higher churn compared to DSL users.

5. Payment Methods:

 Electronic check payment method is strongly associated with higher churn.

• Modeling Results:

- o The best-performing model achieved an **F1-score of [Score]**, with high precision and recall.
- Key predictors include Monthly Charges, Tenure, Contract Type, and Internet Service Type.

Recommendations

1. <u>Improve Contract Retention:</u>

 Encourage customers with month-to-month contracts to switch to annual contracts through discounts or additional perks.

2. Loyalty Programs:

o Develop loyalty rewards for customers in their early months (0–12 months) to increase retention.

3. **Pricing Strategy**:

 Review and optimize pricing for high-risk customer segments, particularly those using fiber optic internet services.

4. Customer Support:

o Identify and proactively engage customers using the electronic check payment method to address concerns.

5. **Predictive Monitoring:**

• Use the churn prediction model to flag high-risk customers and implement targeted retention strategies.