Face Recognition System for Attendance Tracking

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Abstract

This report describes the development and implementation of a face recognition system designed to improve attendance accuracy and engagement in schools, Universities and Workplaces.

1 Introduction

The objective of this project is to use face recognition technology to prevent fraudulent sign-ins and engage students with personalized greetings.

2 Problem Statement

In educational institutions, particularly preschools and primary schools, accurate tracking of student attendance is crucial for both administrative and safety reasons. Traditional methods, such as manual sign-ins or even electronic systems that rely on physical ID cards, are susceptible to fraud. Students may have their friends sign in for them, leading to inaccurate attendance records.

- Fraudulent Sign-Ins: Manual and ID card-based systems can be easily manipulated by students, leading to false attendance records.
- Lack of Engagement: Standard attendance systems often lack features that actively engage and motivate students to attend school regularly.

3 Solution Overview

The project utilizes real-time face detection and recognition technology to verify the identity of students as they enter the school. Upon successful identification, the system records their attendance and displays a personalized greeting, including the student's image and a message appropriate for the time of day (e.g., "Good Morning" or "Good Afternoon"). This approach aims to enhance both the accuracy of attendance tracking and the overall student experience.

- Face detection and recognition using the face_recognition library.
- Personalized greetings displayed using OpenCV.
- Attendance tracking managed with Pandas and OpenPyXL.

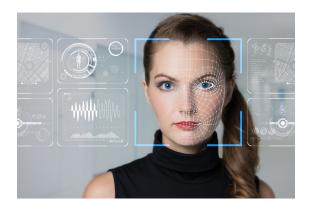


Figure 1:

4 Resources Used

- face_recognition library for face detection and recognition.
- OpenCV for image processing and display.
- Pandas and OpenPyXL for managing and storing attendance data.
- Images sourced from Google for testing.

5 Code

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pythonstyle language=Python, backgroundcolor=white, basicstyle=, breaklines=true, keywordstyle=blue, commentstyle=green, stringstyle=red, showstringspaces=false, numbers=left, numberstyle=gray, stepnumber=1, captionpos=b, frame=single, rulecolor=black.

Below is the Python code used for the Smart Attendance System:

[style=pythonstyle] import face_recognitionimportcv2importnumpyasnpfromdatetimeimportdatetimeimportpan Function to load known faces and their encodings def load_known_faces(): $known_face_encodings =$

Function to load known faces and their encodings def load $known_faces(): known_face_encodings = [|known_face_names = ||image_paths = "abdulkalam": r"E: projects_01venv_pics_kalam.jpg", "nelsonmandela": r"E$

for name, path in image_p aths.items(): if os.path.isfile(path): image = face_r ecognition.load_i mage_f ile(path) ence face_r ecognition.face_e ncodings(image)[0]known_f ace_e ncodings.append(encoding)known_f ace_n ames.append(name)eprint(f"Image filenot found at: path")

return known $face_encodings$, $known_face_names$, $image_paths$

Function to mark attendance in an Excel file def $mark_a ttendance(name, students) : today_date = datetime.now().strftime("filename = today_date + ".xlsx")$

if os.path.isfile(filename): $df = pd.read_excel(filename, engine =' openpyxl')else : df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["Name", "Time"])$

 $person_m arked_t oday = any((df['Name'] == name)(df['Time'].str.startswith(today_date)))$

if not $person_m arked_t oday and name instudents: new_entry = pd.DataFrame([[name, datetime.now().strftime("data pd.concat([df, new_entry], ignore_index = True)df.to_excel(filename, index = False, engine = 'openpyxl')students.remove(name)print(f"Attendancerecordedforname.Remainingstudents: students")$

Function to display an image with a text overlay def display $image_w ith_t ext(image_p ath, text)$: $image = cv2.imread(image_p ath)ifimage is not None$: $font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX font_s cale = cv2.FONT_H$

```
(image.shape[1]-text_size[0])/(2text_y = (image.shape[0]+text_size[1])/(2cv2.putText(image,text,(text_x,text_y),fort))
   cv2.imshow('Detected Person', image) cv2.waitKey(3000) cv2.destroyAllWindows() else: print("Image
not found.")
   Load known faces and image paths known face_e ncodings, known face_n ames, image_paths =
load_k nown_f aces()
   Initialize the webcam video capture = cv2.Video Capture(0)
   Track the current day to reset the students list at the beginning of each day current day = 1
datetime.now().strftime("students = known_face_names.copy()
   Start capturing video from the webcam while True: ret, frame = video_c apture.read() if not ret:
break
   \operatorname{rgb}_s mall_f rame = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)face_locations = face_recognition.face_locations
face_recognition.face_encodings(rgb_small_frame, face_locations)
   for (top, right, bottom, left), face encodinginzip(face_locations, face_encodings) : matches =
face_recognition.compare_faces(known_face_encodings,face_encoding)name = "Unknown"
   if True in matches: first_match_index = matches.index(True)name = known_face_names[first_match_index]mark_att
image_paths.get(name)ifimage_path: current_time = datetime.now()hour = current_time.hourifhour < date{total}
12: greeting_text = f"GoodMorningname, have agreet day!" else: greeting_text = f"GoodAfternoonname!" display_i
   today_day = datetime.now().strftime("iftoday_day! = current_day : current_day = today_daystudents =
known_face_names.copy()
   cv2.imshow('Attendance System', frame)
   if cv2.waitKey(1) 0xFF == ord('q'): break
   video_c apture.release()cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

 $1 font_color = (255, 255, 255) thickness = 2 text_size = cv2. get Text Size (text, font, font_scale, thickness) [0] text_x = 1 text_size = cv2. get Text_size (text_scale, thickness) [0] text_x = 1 text_size = cv2. get Text_size = cv2. get Text_size (text_scale, thickness) [0] text_x = 1 text_size = cv2. get Text_size = c$

6 Conclusion

Conclusion The Smart Attendance System is a modern tool that makes tracking attendance in schools much easier and more accurate. By using face recognition technology, the system can automatically identify students and record their attendance without manual input. It also adds a personal touch by greeting students with messages based on the time of day, which can make school more inviting, especially for young children. The system updates daily to keep track of each day's attendance separately and handles errors to ensure smooth operation. In the future, it could be improved by connecting with school management systems, supporting more students, and offering better user interfaces. Overall, this system shows how technology can make everyday tasks more efficient and effective.

7 References

Tutorial: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A6464U4bPPQt=932s Zip: https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1acFgGLoYguA-91BjTJIAC1EKQIRWkDV?usp=sharing