

Minimum Edit Distance.

In natural language processing, minimum edit distance is a way to measure how similar two strings are.

It is also known as Levenshtein distance.

How is it calculated?

- The minimum edit distance is the minimum number of operations needed to change one string into another.

- These operations include inserting, deleting, or substituting a character.

- Each operation can be assigned a cost or weight.

- The Levenshtein distance is calculated using dynamic programming.

Ex:-

The minimum edit distance between "ab" and "abc" is 1.

→ The Russian mathematician Vladimir Levenshtein first introduced the concept in 1965.

Application :-

- ↳ Spelling Correction
- ↳ Plagiarism detection
- ↳ DNA Analysis i.e. Computational Biology.

Operations

replace	delete
insert	(i, j)

current position.

- Initialization

$$D(i, 0) = i$$

$$D(0, j) = j$$

- Recurrence Relation.

for each $i = 1 \dots M$

for each $j = 1 \dots N$

$$D(i, j) = \min \begin{cases} D(i-1, j) + 1 \\ D(i, j-1) + 1 \\ D(i-1, j-1) + 2; & \text{if } x(i) \neq y(j) \end{cases}$$

- Termination

$D(N, M)$ is distance

0; (if $x(i) = y(j)$)

(simple) :-

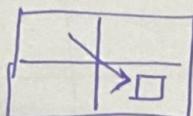
1. If $r \neq c$

Replace	Remove
Insert	$\min(\text{Replace}, \text{Remove}, \text{Insert}) + 1$

$r = \text{row}$
 $c = \text{column}$

2. If $r = c$

Just copy the diagram element



Convert adceg to abcfg.

Null	a	b	c	f	g
Null	0 → 1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 5				
a	1 → 0 → 1 → 2 → 3 → 4 → 5	$\min(0, 1, 2) + 1 = 1$	$1 + 1 = 2$	$\min(3, 4, 2) + 1 = 3 + 1 = 4$	
b	2 → 1 → 0 → 1 → 2 → 3 → 4	1	2	3	4
c	3 → 2 → 1 → 0 → 1 → 2 → 3	2	1	2	3
e	4 → 3 → 2 → 1 → 0 → 1 → 2	3	2	1	2
g	5 → 4 → 3 → 2 → 1 → 0 → 1	4	3	2	1

(4)

row col
Null & Null are same so 0

	Null	a	b	c	f	g
Null	0					
a						
b						
:						

Null row \rightarrow compare with 'a' col ~~so~~
(it is different) so add 1 with 0.
a value gets 1.

	Null	a	b	c	d	...
Null	0	$0+1=1$	$1+1=2$	$2+1=3$	$3+1=4$	
a						
b						
:						

row 'a' compared with col 'a' \Rightarrow both are same so take diagonal value

	Null	a
Null	0	1
a	1	>0
:		

row 'a' compared with col a & b

	Null	a	b	c	f	g
Null	0	1	2	3		
a	1	0	$\rightarrow 1$			
:						

$$\min(0, 1, 2) + 1$$

$$= 0 + 1 = 1$$

~~=~~ Here \Rightarrow a & a are same, b is inserted

row 'a' compared with col a, b & c

null	a	b	c	
null	0	1	2	3
a	1	0	1	<u>2</u>

$$\min(1, 2, 3) + 1$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

$$= \underline{2}$$

row a = col a are same b & c are inserted.

and so on.