| Title of the Project: **Dockerizing of the DBMS Project** | |
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**Description of our DBMS Project**

Managing tasks is a very individualized process. Anything that doesn't feel vital will be disregarded by people. Although it's a positive instinct, it makes task organisation challenging. Our DBMS project can help in this situation.

A **Todo** Application is our DBMS project, a place where a user can add his regular tasks to be finished and arranged.

Using this application,user is able to prioritise things and become more focused.

Anyone can add their tasks with this app.

Like a student adding his tasks like record submission, project completion, quiz preparation, etc.

It is possible for an office worker to add upgrades and outstanding tasks/ upgrades that he would like to complete later.

Can be used by anybody as a reminder to pay bills.

**Dockerizing our DBMS project**

1. **Creating the Docker files and Docker CLI**

Let’s explore the Dockerfile and what each of the commands do.

* FROM python:3.10 : This installs a Python image into the Docker image. This is also the version of Python that will run the application in the container
* WORKDIR /code: This explicitly tells Docker to set the provided directory as the location where the application will reside within the container
* COPY . CODE: This copies every other necessary file and its respective contents into the app folder that is the root directory of the application within the container
* RUN pip install -r requirements.txt: This command installs all the dependencies defined in the requirements.txt file into your application within the container
* EXPOSE 8000: This command releases port 8000 within the container, where the Django app will run
* CMD python manage.py runserver: This command starts the server and runs the application

1. **Running the app in Docker**

To run the app, you need to perform two steps:

1. Build the image: This is done using the build command, which uses the Dockerfile you just created. To build the image, run the command below: docker build . -t dbms-project . This command should be executed in the directory where the Docker file lives. The -t flag tags the image so that it can be referenced when you want to run the container.
2. Run the image: This is done using the docker run command. This will convert the built image into a running container. To run the app, execute the below command:

docker run -it -p 8000:8000 dbms-project

You can proceed to view your app in the browser at localhost:8000.

1. **To check the containers which are in running state**

docker ps -a

Here a refers to all images which are in running state

1. **Uploading Docker Image to Docker Hub**

STEP 1: Login to Docker Hub from Command Line

To begin with, in order to login to docker hub from command line, make sure that the Docker service is enabled.

Open your Commandline and execute the following command:

docker login

This would ask you for your Docker Hub username and password. Just login by entering your credentials and it will prompt “Login Successful”.

STEP 2: Tag Docker Image

Next, you would tag Docker image so that it is uniquely identifiable when pulling the image. Let’s take the Docker image that I already have on my computer, named ubuntu. To attach a tag name, execute the following command:

docker tag dbms-project drstrange01/newname:tag

* USERNAME is the username of the Docker Hub
* NEW\_NAME is the new name you may want to give to the image. It can remain the same too.
* TAG is the unique identifier. Usually, it’s given the version number of the project.

STEP 3: Push an Image to Docker Hub

Finally, we are ready to push local image to docker hub. Simply execute the following command to publish it to your repository.

Docker push drstrange01/dbms-project:0.0.1

And you are done! Open Docker Hub account and see the published image there, as shown in the image below:

STEP 4: How to Pull Image from Docker Hub

To pull the image to any other machine, simply go to the image repository you pushed on Docker Hub. On the right-hand side, you will see the command to pull image from docker hub into your machine.

Simply copy and paste the command to your terminal or CMD and the image would get downloaded. From there just execute the ‘docker run IMAGE\_NAME:TAG’ command to run its container.