Desktop Programming Physical Config

#### Terminal

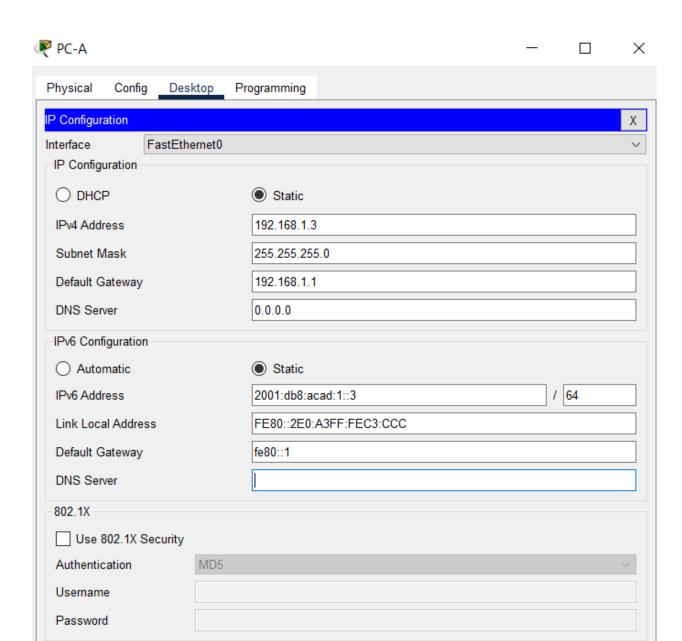
```
Router>enable
Router#erase startup-config
Erasing the nvram filesystem will remove all configuration files! Continue?
[confirm]
[OK]
Erase of nvram: complete
%SYS-7-NV BLOCK INIT: Initialized the geometry of nvram
Router#
Router#
Router#reload
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
System Bootstrap, Version 15.1(4)M4, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fcl)
Technical Support: http://www.cisco.com/techsupport
Copyright (c) 2010 by cisco Systems, Inc.
Total memory size = 512 MB - On-board = 512 MB, DIMMO = 0 MB
CISCO1941/K9 platform with 524288 Kbytes of main memory
Main memory is configured to 64/-1(On-board/DIMMO) bit mode with ECC disabled
Readonly ROMMON initialized
program load complete, entry point: 0x80803000, size: 0x1b340
program load complete, entry point: 0x80803000, size: 0x1b340
IOS Image Load Test
Digitally Signed Release Software
program load complete, entry point: 0x81000000, size: 0x2bblc58
Self decompressing the image :
[OK]
Smart Init is enabled
smart init is sizing iomem
                 TYPE
                           MEMORY REQ
     Onboard devices &
         buffer pools
                           0x01E8F000
               TOTAL:
                           0x01E8F000
Rounded IOMEM up to: 32Mb.
Using 6 percent iomem. [32Mb/512Mb]
             Restricted Rights Legend
Use, duplication, or disclosure by the Government is
subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph
(c) of the Commercial Computer Software - Restricted
Rights clause at FAR sec. 52.227-19 and subparagraph
(c) (l) (ii) of the Rights in Technical Data and Computer
Software clause at DFARS sec. 252.227-7013.
          cisco Systems, Inc.
           170 West Tasman Drive
          San Jose, California 95134-1706
Cisco IOS Software, C1900 Software (C1900-UNIVERSALK9-M), Version 15.1(4)M4,
RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc2)
```



Physical Config Desktop Programming

## Terminal

```
Copyright (c) 1986-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc.
Compiled Wed 12-Oct-05 22:05 by pt team
Press RETURN to get started!
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/6, changed
state to up
Switch>enable
Switch#erase startup-config
Erasing the nvram filesystem will remove all configuration files! Continue?
[confirm]
[OK]
Erase of nvram: complete
%SYS-7-NV BLOCK INIT: Initialized the geometry of nvram
Switch#delete vlan.dat
Delete filename [vlan.dat]?
Delete flash:/vlan.dat? [confirm]
%Error deleting flash:/vlan.dat (No such file or directory)
Switch#reload
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
C2960 Boot Loader (C2960-HBOOT-M) Version 12.2(25r)FX, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc4)
Cisco WS-C2960-24TT (RC32300) processor (revision C0) with 21039K bytes of
memory.
2960-24TT starting...
Base ethernet MAC Address: 0060.2FB4.EC01
Xmodem file system is available.
Initializing Flash...
flashfs[0]: 1 files, 0 directories
flashfs[0]: 0 orphaned files, 0 orphaned directories
flashfs[0]: Total bytes: 64016384
flashfs[0]: Bytes used: 4414921
flashfs[0]: Bytes available: 59601463
flashfs[0]: flashfs fsck took 1 seconds.
...done Initializing Flash.
Boot Sector Filesystem (bs:) installed, fsid: 3
Parameter Block Filesystem (pb:) installed, fsid: 4
Loading "flash:/c2960-lanbase-mz.122-25.FX.bin"...
[OK]
             Restricted Rights Legend
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subject to restrictions as set forth in subparagraph
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```





Physical Config Desktop Programming Command Prompt Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0 C:\>ping 192.168.1.3 Pinging 192.168.1.3 with 32 bytes of data: Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\>ping 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3 Pinging 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3 with 32 bytes of data: Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Request timed out. Ping statistics for 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\>

Чому запит ping був невдалим? Тому, що ми налаштовували вручну і трафік із-за цього не передається в підмережі на цьому рівні.

Крок 2



Physical Config Desktop Programming

```
Terminal
R1(config-line)#line vty 0 15
R1(config-line)#password cisco
R1(config-line) #login
R1(config-line) #exit
R1(config-line) #exit
R1(config) #service password-encryption
R1(config) #banner motd $Unauthorized access is prohibited$
R1(config) #int g0/0/0
%Invalid interface type and number
R1(config)#interfa
R1(config) #interface gig
R1(config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
R1(config-if) #ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0 R1(config-if) #ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad::1/64
R1(config-if)#
Rl(config-if) #ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local Rl(config-if) #no shutdown
Rl(config-if) # %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
R1(config-if) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
R1(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
R1(config-if) #ipv6 address 2001:db8:acad:1::1/64
R1(config-if) #ipv6 address fe80::1 link-local
R1(config-if) #no shutdown
Rl(config-if) # %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
R1(config-if) #description Connected to Host PC-B
R1(config-if) #interface gi
R1(config-if) #interface gi
R1(config-if) #interface g
R1(config-if) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
Rl(config-if) #description Connected to Host PC-B
Rl(config-if) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
Rl(config-if) #description Connected to f0/5 on Sl
Rl(config-if) #exit
Rl(config) #ipv6 unicast-routing
Rl(config) #exit
RI#

$SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
Rl#copy running-config startup-config
Destination filename [startup-config]?
Building configuration...
LOK 1
R1#clock set 00:25:00 16 May 2022
R1#
```



Desktop Programming Physical Config

```
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.0.3
Pinging 192.168.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.3:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping 2001:DB8:ACAD::3
Pinging 2001:DB8:ACAD::3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD::3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD::3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD::3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD::3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 2001:DB8:ACAD::3:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>
```

PC-B

Physical

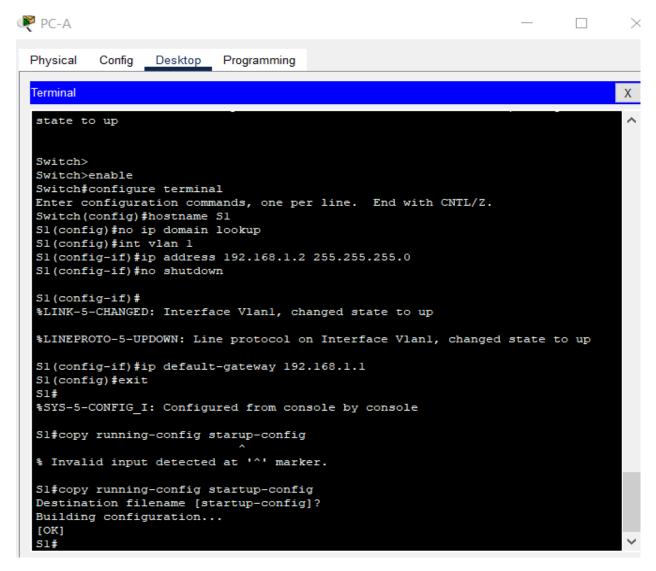
Config Desktop Programming

```
Command Prompt
C:\>
C:\>ping 192.168.1.3
Pinging 192.168.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127 Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.3: bytes=32 time=15ms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 15ms, Average = 3ms
C:\>ping 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3
Pinging 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127 Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::3:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms
C:\>
```

Чи було пінгування вдалим? Поясніть.

Так, бо маршрутизується у двох підмережах за замовчуванням.

### Крок 3



Крок 4



```
Physical
          Config Desktop Programming
 Command Prompt
                                                                                           Х
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping 192.168.0.3
Pinging 192.168.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:
 Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.3:
 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping 2001:db8:acad::3
 Pinging 2001:db8:acad::3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2001:DB8:ACAD::3: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=127
Ping statistics for 2001:DB8:ACAD::3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>
```

```
[OK]
Sl#ping 192.168.0.3

Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.0.3, timeout is 2 seconds:
.!!!!
Success rate is 80 percent (4/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 0/0/0 ms
Sl#
```

Частина 3

Крок 1

Скільки записів про маршрути в таблиці маршрутизації мають код С? 2

Які типи інтерфейсів пов'язані з маршрутами, що мають код С?

```
Rl>show ip route

Codes: L - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area

N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2

E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP

i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area

* - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR

P - periodic downloaded static route

Gateway of last resort is not set

192.168.0.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

C 192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0

192.168.1.0/24 is variably subnetted, 2 subnets, 2 masks

C 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

I 192.168.1.0/24 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

L 192.168.1.1/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
```

```
R1>show ipv6 route
IPv6 Routing Table - 5 entries
Codes: C - Connected, L - Local, S - Static, R - RIP, B - BGP
       U - Per-user Static route, M - MIPv6
Il - ISIS Ll, I2 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary
       ND - ND Default, NDp - ND Prefix, DCE - Destination, NDr - Redirect
       O - OSPF intra, OI - OSPF inter, OE1 - OSPF ext 1, OE2 - OSPF ext 2
       ON1 - OSPF NSSA ext 1, ON2 - OSPF NSSA ext 2
    D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external 2001:DB8:ACAD::/64 [0/0]
С
    via GigabitEthernet0/0, directly connected
2001:DB8:ACAD::1/128 [0/0]
     via GigabitEthernet0/0, receive
С
    2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64 [0/0]
     via GigabitEthernet0/1, directly connected
    2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1/128 [0/0]
     via GigabitEthernet0/1, receive
    FF00::/8 [0/0]
     via Null0, receive
```

#### Крок 2

Який поточний стан інтерфейсу G0/0/1? connected

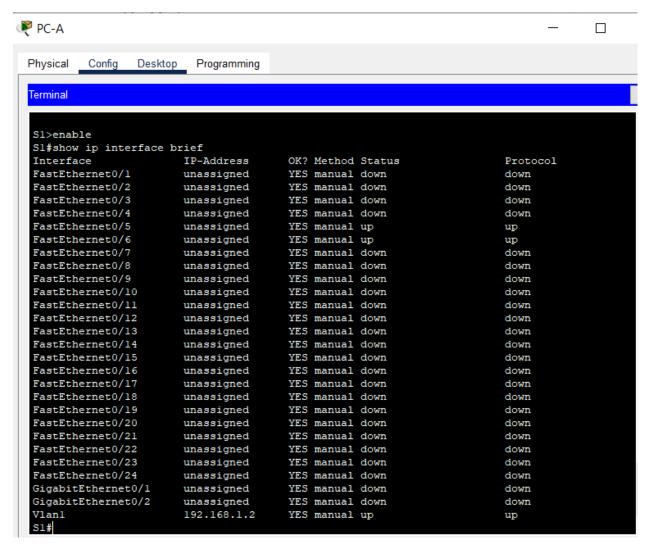
Яке значення адреси керування доступом до середовища (МАС) інтерфейсу G0/1? 0030.a37b.6502

Який вигляд має в цій команді Інтернет-адреса? 192.168.1.1/24

```
R1>show ipv6 interface g0/1
GigabitEthernet0/l is up, line protocol is up
   IPv6 is enabled, link-local address is FE80::1
  No Virtual link-local address(es):
  Global unicast address(es):
    2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1, subnet is 2001:DB8:ACAD:1::/64
  Joined group address(es):
    FF02::1
    FF02::2
    FF02::1:FF00:1
  MTU is 1500 bytes
  ICMP error messages limited to one every 100 milliseconds
  ICMP redirects are enabled
  ICMP unreachables are sent
  ND DAD is enabled, number of DAD attempts: 1
  ND reachable time is 30000 milliseconds
  ND advertised reachable time is 0 (unspecified)
  ND advertised retransmit interval is 0 (unspecified)
  ND router advertisements are sent every 200 seconds
  ND router advertisements live for 1800 seconds
  ND advertised default router preference is Medium
  Hosts use stateless autoconfig for addresses.
```

## Крок 3

```
R1>show ip interface brief
Interface
                       IP-Address
                                       OK? Method Status
                                                                         Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0
                       192.168.0.1
                                       YES manual up
GigabitEthernet0/1
                       192.168.1.1
                                       YES manual up
Vlanl
                                       YES NVRAM administratively down down
                       unassigned
R1>show ipv6 interface brief
GigabitEthernet0/0
                           [up/up]
    FE80::1
    2001:DB8:ACAD::1
GigabitEthernet0/1
                           [up/up]
    FE80::1
    2001:DB8:ACAD:1::1
Vlanl
                           [administratively down/down]
    unassigned
```



# Питання для самоперевірки

- 1. Якщо інформація про інтерфейс G0/0/1 показує, що він був адміністративно вимкнений (administratively down), яку команду налаштування інтерфейсу ви б використали для його активації? No shutdown
- 2. Що станеться, якщо на маршрутизаторі неправильно налаштувати на інтерфейсі G0/0/1 IP-адресу 192.168.1.2? Не зміг би пінгувати