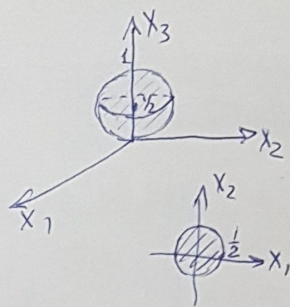


A11

1. 1) $\int_C \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2} dx_1 dx_2 dx_3, C: x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = x_3$

Сфер. координати: $x_1 = z \cos \varphi \cos \psi$ $\varphi \in [0, 2\pi]$
 $x_2 = z \sin \varphi \cos \psi$ $\psi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$
 $x_3 = z \sin \psi$ $J = z^2 \cos \psi$

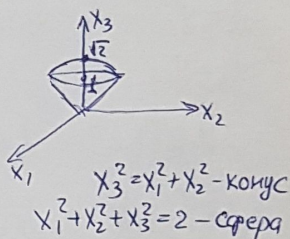
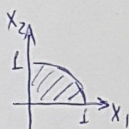


$x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = z^2 \Rightarrow z^2 = z \sin \psi, z = \sin \psi$ - рівняння сфери $\Rightarrow z \in [0, \sin \psi]$

$$I = \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_0^{\sin \psi} z \cdot z^2 \cos \psi dz \right) d\psi \right) d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{z^4}{4} \cos \psi \Big|_{z=0}^{\sin \psi} d\psi \right) d\varphi = \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^4 \psi \cos \psi}{4} d\psi \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^4 \psi d\sin \psi \right) d\varphi = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\sin^5 \psi}{5} \Big|_0^{\pi/2} d\varphi = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{5} d\varphi = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot 2\pi = \frac{\pi}{10}$$

2) $\int_0^1 \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{1-x_1^2}} \left(\int_{\sqrt{x_1^2+x_2^2}}^{\sqrt{2-x_1^2-x_2^2}} x_3^2 dx_3 \right) dx_2 \right) dx_1, \ominus$



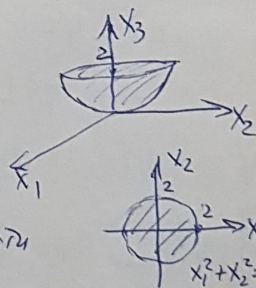
$\varphi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}], \psi \in [\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}], z \in [0, \sqrt{2}]$

$$\ominus \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{2}} z^2 \sin^2 \psi \cdot z^2 \cos \psi dz \right) d\psi \right) d\varphi = \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \frac{z^5}{5} \sin^2 \psi \cos \psi \Big|_{z=0}^{\sqrt{2}} d\psi \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{5} \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \sin^2 \psi \cos \psi d\psi \right) d\varphi = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{5} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^3 \psi}{3} \Big|_{\psi=\pi/4}^{\pi/2} d\varphi = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{5} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}}{3} d\varphi = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-2}{15} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{15} \pi$$

2. $\int_C (x_1^2 + x_2^2) dx_1 dx_2 dx_3, C: x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 2x_3, x_3 = 2$

$\varphi \in [0, 2\pi], z \in [0, 2], h \in [\frac{z^2}{2}, 2]$ $x_1 = z \cos \varphi$
 $x_2 = z \sin \varphi$
 $x_3 = h$



$x_1^2 + x_2^2 = z^2$

$J = z$

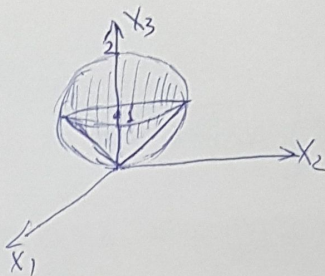
Циліндричні координати

$$\ominus \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^2 \left(\int_{\frac{z^2}{2}}^2 z^2 \cdot z dh \right) dz \right) d\varphi = 2\pi \int_0^2 \left(\int_{\frac{z^2}{2}}^2 z^3 dh \right) dz = 2\pi \int_0^2 z^3 (2 - \frac{z^2}{2}) dz =$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^2 (2z^3 - \frac{z^5}{2}) dz = 2\pi \left(\frac{z^4}{2} - \frac{z^6}{12} \right) \Big|_0^2 = 2\pi \left(8 - \frac{16}{3} \right) = \frac{16\pi}{3}$$

$$3. \quad x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq x_3^2, \quad x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = 2x_3$$

Ушиног.р. кооп. : $z \leq h, \quad z^2 + (h-1)^2 = 1 \Rightarrow$
 $\varphi \in [0, 2\pi], \quad z \in [0, 1]$
 $h = 1 + \sqrt{1-z^2}$



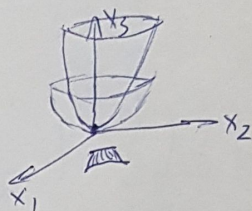
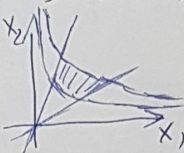
$$V = \int_A 1 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 = \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\int_z^{1+\sqrt{1-z^2}} z dh \right) dz \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= 2\pi \int_0^1 \left(\int_z^{1+\sqrt{1-z^2}} z dh \right) dz = 2\pi \int_0^1 z(1+\sqrt{1-z^2}-z) dz = 2\pi \left(\frac{z^2}{2} - \frac{z^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (1-z^2)^{1/2} d(1-z^2) =$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{(1-z^2)^{3/2}}{3} \Big|_0^1 \right) = 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \right) = \pi$$

$$4. \quad x_3 = x_1^2 + x_2^2, \quad x_3 = 2(x_1^2 + x_2^2), \quad x_1 x_2 = 1, \quad x_1 x_2 = 2, \quad x_1 = 2x_2, \quad 2x_1 = x_2, \quad x_1 \geq 0, \quad x_2 \geq 0$$

$$x_1 x_2 = y_1, \quad x_1 = \sqrt{\frac{y_1}{y_2}}, \quad x_2 = \sqrt{\frac{y_1}{y_2}}, \quad J = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y_1 y_2}} & -\frac{\sqrt{y_1}}{2\sqrt{y_2^3}} & 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt{y_2}}{2\sqrt{y_1}} & \frac{\sqrt{y_1}}{2\sqrt{y_2}} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2y_2}$$



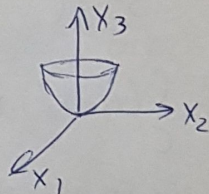
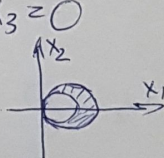
$$y_1 \in [1, 2], \quad y_2 \in [\frac{1}{2}, 2], \quad x_3 \in [\frac{y_1}{y_2} + y_1 y_2, \frac{2y_1}{y_2} + 2y_1 y_2]$$

$$V = \int_A 1 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 = \int_1^2 \left(\int_{1/2}^2 \left(\int_{\frac{y_1}{y_2} + y_1 y_2}^{\frac{2y_1}{y_2} + 2y_1 y_2} \frac{1}{2y_2} dy_3 \right) dy_2 \right) dy_1 = \int_1^2 \left(\int_{1/2}^2 \left(\frac{y_1}{2y_2^2} + \frac{y_1}{2} \right) dy_2 \right) dy_1 =$$

$$= \int_1^2 \left(-\frac{y_1}{2y_2} + \frac{y_1 y_2}{2} \right) \Big|_{y_2=1/2}^2 dy_1 = \int_1^2 \left(-\frac{y_1}{4} + y_1 + y_1 - \frac{y_1}{4} \right) dy_1 = \int_1^2 \frac{3}{2} y_1 dy_1 = \frac{3y_1^2}{4} \Big|_1^2 = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$5. \quad 1) \quad x_3 = x_1^2 + x_2^2, \quad x_1^2 + x_2^2 = x_1, \quad x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 2x_1, \quad x_3 = 0$$

Ушиног.р. кооп. : $\varphi \in [-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}], \quad z^2 = z \cos \varphi \Rightarrow z \in [\cos \varphi, 2 \cos \varphi]$
 $h \in [0, z^2]$
 $J = z$



$$V = \int_A 1 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \left(\int_{\cos \varphi}^{2 \cos \varphi} \left(\int_0^{z^2} z dh \right) dz \right) d\varphi = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \left(\int_{\cos \varphi}^{2 \cos \varphi} z^3 dz \right) d\varphi =$$

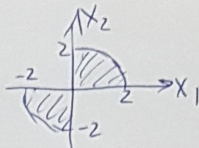
$$= \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \frac{z^4}{4} \Big|_{z=\cos \varphi}^{2 \cos \varphi} d\varphi = \frac{15}{4} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos^4 \varphi d\varphi = \frac{15}{4} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{1+\cos 2\varphi}{2} \right)^2 d\varphi = \frac{15}{4} \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{1}{4} + \cos 2\varphi + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{\cos 4\varphi}{8} \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= \frac{15}{4} \left(\frac{3}{8} \varphi + \frac{\sin 2\varphi}{2} + \frac{\sin 4\varphi}{32} \right) \Big|_{\varphi=-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} = \frac{45}{32} \pi$$

5. 2) $x_3^2 = x_1 x_2$, $x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4$

Умови інтегрування: $\varphi \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}] \cup [\pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}]$, $z \in [0, 2]$

$h \in [-z\sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi}, z\sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi}]$



$$V = \int_A dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_0^2 \left(\int_{-z\sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi}}^{z\sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi}} z dh \right) dz \right) d\varphi = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\int_0^2 2z^2 \sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi} dz \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= 4 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi} \cdot \frac{z^3}{3} \Big|_0^2 d\varphi = \frac{32}{3} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin\varphi\cos\varphi} d\varphi = \left| \sin^2\varphi = t \right| = \frac{16}{3} \int_0^1 \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t}\sqrt{1-t}} =$$

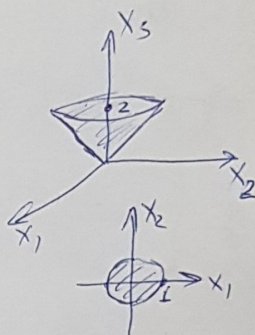
$$= \frac{16}{3} B\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}\right) = \frac{16}{3} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2})} = \frac{16}{3} \cdot \frac{(\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}))^2}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\pi}} = \frac{32}{3\sqrt{\pi}} (\Gamma(\frac{3}{4}))^2$$

6. $4x_1^2 + 4x_2^2 = x_3^2$, $x_3 = 2$ Центр ваги?

$V = \frac{1}{3} h S = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 1^2 = \frac{2\pi}{3}$. Вважаємо, що $\rho = 1$.

Внаслідок симетрії відносно Ox_1, Ox_3, Ox_2, Ox_3 :

$x_{1y} = 0, x_{2y} = 0$.

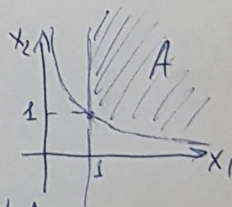


$x_{3y} = \frac{1}{V} \int_A x_3 dx_1 dx_2 dx_3 \Leftrightarrow$ Умови інтегрування: $\varphi \in [0, 2\pi]$, $h \in [2z, 2]$

$\Leftrightarrow \frac{3}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \left(\int_{2z}^2 h \cdot z dh \right) dz \right) d\varphi = 3 \int_0^1 \left(\int_{2z}^2 h z dh \right) dz = 3 \int_0^1 \frac{h^2 z}{2} \Big|_{h=2z}^2 dz =$

$= 3 \int_0^1 (2z - 2z^3) dz = 3 \left(z^2 - \frac{2z^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{3}{2}$ Отже, $(0, 0, \frac{3}{2})$ - центр ваги.

7. $\int_A \frac{dx_1 dx_2}{x_1^\alpha x_2^\beta} \Leftrightarrow A = \{(x_1, x_2) | x_1, x_2 \geq 1, x_1 \geq x_2\}$

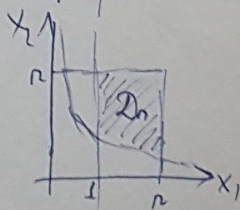


$\Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{D_n} \frac{dx_1 dx_2}{x_1^\alpha x_2^\beta} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^n \left(\int_{\frac{1}{x_1}}^n \frac{dx_2}{x_1^\alpha x_2^\beta} \right) dx_1 =$

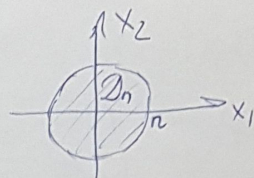
$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_1^n \frac{1}{x_1^\alpha} \cdot \frac{n^{-\beta+1} - (\frac{1}{x_1})^{-\beta+1}}{-\beta+1} dx_1 = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{-\beta+1} \left(\frac{1}{n^{\beta-1}} \cdot \frac{x_1^{-\alpha+1}}{-\alpha+1} \Big|_1^n - \frac{x_1^{-\beta-2}}{\beta-2} \Big|_1^n \right) =$

$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1-\beta} \left(\frac{1}{n^{\alpha+\beta-2}(1-\alpha)} + \frac{1}{(\alpha-1)n^{\beta-1}} - \frac{1}{\beta-2} \frac{1}{n^{\alpha+\beta}} + \frac{1}{\beta-2} \right)$ - скінченна, якщо

$\alpha+\beta-2 > 0, \beta-1 > 0, \alpha-\beta > 0 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\alpha > \beta > 1}$



$$8. \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} e^{-x_1^2 - x_2^2} \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2) dx_1 dx_2$$



$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{D_n} e^{-x_1^2 - x_2^2} \cos(x_1^2 + x_2^2) dx_1 dx_2 =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\int_0^n z e^{-z^2} \cos(z^2) dz \right) d\varphi = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \pi \int_0^n e^{-z^2} \cos(z^2) dz = \pi \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-t} \cos t dt =$$

$$= \left| \begin{array}{l} u = e^{-t} \quad dv = \cos t dt \\ du = -e^{-t} dt \quad v = \sin t \end{array} \right| = \pi \left(e^{-t} \sin t \Big|_0^{+\infty} + \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-t} \sin t dt \right) = \left| \begin{array}{l} u = e^{-t} \quad dv = \sin t dt \\ du = -e^{-t} dt \quad v = -\cos t \end{array} \right|$$

$$= \pi \left(-e^{-t} \cos t \Big|_0^{+\infty} - \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-t} \cos t dt \right) = \pi - I \Rightarrow I = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$9. \int_A \frac{dx_1 dx_2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2)^{1/3}} \Leftrightarrow A = \{(x_1, x_2) \mid x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 1, x_1 \geq x_2\}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{D_n} \frac{dx_1 dx_2}{(x_1^2 + x_2^2)^{1/3}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left(\int_{\frac{1}{n}}^1 \frac{dz}{z^{2/3}} \right) d\varphi =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \left. \frac{3}{4} z^{1/3} \right|_{z=\frac{1}{n}}^1 d\varphi = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3\pi}{4} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n^{1/3}} \right) = \frac{3\pi}{4}.$$

