## More JSONB querying



Occasionally, I get emails from people regarding specific queries in Postgres, usually because I have blogged about JSONB querying before.

Today, I got one: rather than just reply, I thought I'd blog about how queries could be written to solve this problem.

Our table can be a single column with JSONB data for the purposes of this.

CREATE TABLE priority (data JSONB);

We also need a bit of data to query:

```
INSERT INTO priority (data) VALUES (
  "id": "02e32a14-904c-4153-a32b-fe8d1f1bbbe1",
  "entity": "activity",
  "fields": {
    "subject": [
      {"val": "Subject", "priority": 7}
    ]
  },
  "recordStatusType": "active"
}'), (
' {
  "id": "b33498b2-32f6-4575-b2cd-9e9a1ae2059d",
  "entity": "activity",
  "fields": {
    "subject": [
      {"val": "Subject", "priority": 4}
    1
  },
  "recordStatusType": "active"
}'), (
' {
  "id": "a2d327d2-7668-4dc0-ae1d-d6144130e3ec",
  "entity": "activity",
  "fields": {
    "object": [],
    "subject": [
      {"val": "Object", "priority": 1},
      {"val": "Target", "priority": 7}
    1
 }
}'), (
  "id": "3bc8b536-00af-4fc7-881e-b88b620ac436",
  "entity": "activity",
  "fields": {
    "object": [
      {"val": "Object", "priority": 9}
    1
 }
}'
);
```

The problem requires selection of the data rows where priority is greater than 5.

I've extended the data provided: I'm not sure if there will be multiple "fields", but I assume so. I also assume that a match for *any* priority within a subject field will be required.

Lets start with a simpler version: get the records where the first fields->subject priority is greater than 5 (I'll return just the id, to make it simpler):

```
SELECT data->'id'
FROM priority
WHERE (data#>>'{fields,subject,0,priority}')::INTEGER > 5;
"02e32a14-904c-4153-a32b-fe8d1f1bbbe1"
```

This uses the #>> operator - which does a path lookup, and returns a string value, that we then cast to an integer for the comparison. Note that the path lookup differs from normal Postgres' array indexing, in that it uses 0 as the first index, rather than 1.

But, we want to guery for all rows where any subject field has a priority greater than 5.

We'll want to use the <code>jsonb\_array\_elements</code> (which is the JSONB equivalent of <code>unnest</code> ). We can use that to get the fields themselves:

```
SELECT jsonb_array_elements(data#>'{fields, subject}') FROM priority;
```

Note this uses the #> operator, because we still want JSONB data:

```
jsonb_array_elements

{"val": "Subject", "priority": 7}

{"val": "Subject", "priority": 4}

{"val": "Object", "priority": 1}

{"val": "Target", "priority": 7}

(4 rows)
```

We can get a bit further too:

```
SELECT jsonb_array_elements(data#>'{fields,subject}')->'priority' FROM priority;
```

Indeed, we can get all the way to our boolean test:

```
SELECT (jsonb_array_elements(data#>'{fields,subject}')->>'priority')::INTEGER > 5
FROM priority;
```

```
?column?
t
f
f
t
t
(4 rows)
```

But we want the data rows themselves, not just the matching subject field, and this is not that useful. So, we can use the fact that <code>jsonb\_array\_elements</code> returns a set, and use that as a subquery in our <code>WHERE</code> clause, using the <code>value</code> operator <code>ANY()</code> construct:

```
SELECT data->'id'
FROM priority
WHERE 5 < ANY(SELECT (jsonb_array_elements(data#>'{fields,subject}')-
>>'priority')::INTEGER)
```

This means that we want only the records where 5 is less than *any* of the priority values in subject fields.

```
?column?
```

<sup>&</sup>quot;02e32a14-904c-4153-a32b-fe8d1f1bbbe1"

<sup>&</sup>quot;a2d327d2-7668-4dc0-ae1d-d6144130e3ec"