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Question 1
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

A
repeater
✓ is a networking device that outputs any signal it receives after conditioning it for increased strength and clarity.

The correct answer is: repeater

Question 2
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The type of propagation most used by radiowaves in the High-Frequency band is
space or sky
✗ propagation.

The correct answer is: sky

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15:24 06/11/2017

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The correct answer is: sky

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Question 3
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The type of scanning which allows a wireless NIC to connect to an access point without needing to wait for a beacon from the access points within its range is known as
active
✓ scanning.

The correct answer is: active

Question 4
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

A signal has a wavelength of 6mm. If the frequency of the signal is doubled the new wavelength will be ____ mm.
Answer: 24 ✗

The correct answer is: 3

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Question 5
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The type of propagation used by Microwaves is known as

line of sight

✓ propagation.

The correct answer is: line-of-sight

Question 6
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The spread-spectrum signal structuring technique that uses amplitude modulation to combine the waveforms of the data and carrier signals is known as

direct seque

✗ sequence spread spectrum.

The correct answer is: Direct

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Question 7
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The wireless network configuration that interconnects Basic Service Sets is known as

simple

✗ Service Set.

The correct answer is: extended

Question 8
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

In AM modulation a transmitted radiowave is manipulated by varying its

amplitude

✓ .

The correct answer is: amplitude

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Question 9
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The general rule of propagation is the inverse square law, which measures an electromagnetic wave's strength relative to the distance over which it is transmitted.

The correct answer is: square

Question 10
Incorrect
Mark 0.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

As an optional access method, the 802.11 standard defines the distribute Co-ordination Function (PCF).

The correct answer is: point

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Question 11
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

The sublayer of the IEEE 802.11 datalink layer that controls access to the medium is known as the ___ sublayer.

Answer: mac

The correct answer is: MAC

Question 12
Correct
Mark 5.00 out of 5.00
Flag question

rfi can be grouped into two general categories: broadcast and electrical.

The correct answer is: RFI

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NCI Moodle SECURE SIGN OUT The correct answer is 5111

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Question 13 Complete Marked out of 12.00 Flag question

Explain the following propagation characteristics of electromagnetic waves: Phase, Attenuation.

Phase is how much in degrees a signal leads or lags behind a reference signal. A full cycle corresponds to 360 degrees.

Attenuation is the loss of signal strength of the electromagnetic signal when it travels through matter. Signal strength decreases with the square of the distance travelled.

(2 x 6 Marks)

Question 14 Complete Marked out of 12.00 Flag question

Distinguish between a wireless network in BSS mode and one in IBSS mode. Identify at least two advantages of BSS mode over IBSS mode.

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NCI Moodle SECURE SIGN OUT The correct answer is 5111

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Question 14 Complete Marked out of 12.00 Flag question

Distinguish between a wireless network in BSS mode and one in IBSS mode. Identify at least two advantages of BSS mode over IBSS mode.

BSS mode uses a central access point to connect the devices while IBSS uses adhoc mode.

(6 marks)

- Security
- Range
- Scalability

(2 x 3 marks)

Question 15 Complete Marked out of 16.00

Outline at least 2 methods used by the IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.11ac standards to deal with the effects of multipath propagation.

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Question 15

Complete

Marked out of 16.00

Flag question

Outline at least 2 methods used by the IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.11ac standards to deal with the effects of multipath propagation.

IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.11ac use multiple-input multiple-output antennas (MIMO). MIMO is a technology which uses multiple antennas to send multiple copies of a signal. The MIMO receiving antenna receives multiple copies and is able to reconstruct original signal.

IEEE802.11n and IEEE802.11ac also use Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) which is both a modulation and multiplexing technique. It divides an RF channel into multiple narrowband sub-channels and then splits a data signal into separate carriers. Subchannels overlap and signal bits are sent in parallel using frequency division multiplexing.

(2 x 8 Marks)

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