АИСД-2, задание 5

Васильев Владислав Петрович, БПИ 217 В данном .ipynb файле происходит запуск и компиляция кодов с алгоритмами на языке C++, а также рисование графиков и запись измерений в .csv файлы Измерение времени происходит в наносекундах

Все выводы по графикам и таблицам находятся в файле "conclusion.pdf"

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

methods = ["selection", "bubble", "bubble_1", "bubble_2",
    "simple_insertion", "binary_insertion", "counting", "radix", "merge",
    "quick", "heap", "shell shell", "shell ciura"]
```

Генерация массивов

data_small_numbers - массив чисел от 0 до 5 data_large_numbers - массив чисел от 0 до 4000 data_almost_sorted - массив чисел, в котором пары через 15 в первой тысяче элементво поменяны местами data_reverse_sorted - остортированный по невозрастанию массив чисел от 0 до 4000

Компиляция программ и заполнение .csv файлов

Название файла имеет вид "data_{pasmep maccuba}_{tun} maccuba}_{npeдставленная информация}.csv" pasmep maccuba: "l" - 4100, "s" - 300 тип мaccuba: "small" - с числами меньшими 5, "large" - с числами меньшими 4000, "almost_sorted" - почти отсортированный, "reversed" - отсортированный по неубыванию представленная информация: "time" - время в наносекундах, "tics" - количество элементарных операций

Все файлы находятся в тех же директориях, что и .cpp файл с рассматриваемой сортировкой

Аргументы компиляции: argv[1] - путь к файлу, в который должна заноситься информация об измеренных данных argv[2] - количество повторений операции сортировки массива argv[3] - максимальный размер массива argv[4] - шаг изменения размера при сортировке массива argv[5], argv[6],... - данный массив

```
def
```

```
fill csv files(sort name,data small numbers,data large numbers,data al
most sorted, data reverse sorted):
        number of repetitions = 50
        ! g++ -std=c++17 {sort name}/main.cpp -o {sort name}/main.out
        tmp_array = ' '.join(map(str,data_small_numbers))
        tmp array name = "data s small numbers"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number of repetitions} 300 50 {tmp array}
        tmp array name = "data l small numbers"
        ! ./{sort_name}/main.out {sort_name}/{tmp_array_name}
{number of repetitions} 4100 100 {tmp array}
        tmp_array = ' '.join(map(str,data_large_numbers))
        tmp_array_name = "data_s_large_numbers"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number of repetitions} 300 50 {tmp array}
        tmp_array_name = "data_l large numbers"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number of repetitions} 4100 100 {tmp array}
        tmp_array = ' '.join(map(str,data_almost_sorted))
        tmp array name = "data s almost sorted"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number of repetitions} 300 50 {tmp array}
        tmp_array_name = "data_l_almost_sorted"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number of repetitions} 4100 100 {tmp array}
        tmp_array = ' '.join(map(str,data_reverse_sorted))
        tmp array name = "data s reverse sorted"
        ! ./{sort name}/main.out {sort name}/{tmp array name}
{number_of_repetitions} 300 50 {tmp_array}
        tmp array name = "data l reverse sorted"
        ! ./{sort_name}/main.out {sort_name}/{tmp_array_name}
{number of repetitions} 4100 100 {tmp array}
methods = ["selection", "bubble", "bubble 1", "bubble 2",
"simple_insertion", "binary_insertion", "counting", "radix", "merge",
"quick", "heap", "shell shell", "shell ciura"]
files = ["data_l_reverse_sorted_tics", "data_l_almost_sorted_tics",
"data s large numbers_tics",
"data l reverse sorted_time",
                               "data l almost sorted_time",
"data s large numbers time",
```

```
"data l large numbers tics",
                               "data s small numbers tics",
"data_l_large_numbers_time",
                               "data s small numbers time",
"data l_small_numbers_tics",
                                 "data s reverse sorted tics",
"data_s_almost_sorted_tics",
"data l small numbers time",
                                 "data s reverse sorted time",
"data s almost sorted_time"]
types = ["reverse sorted", "almost sorted", "small numbers",
"large numbers"]
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = [16, 8]
for x in methods:
fill csv files(x,data small numbers,data large numbers,data almost sor
ted,data_reverse sorted)
```

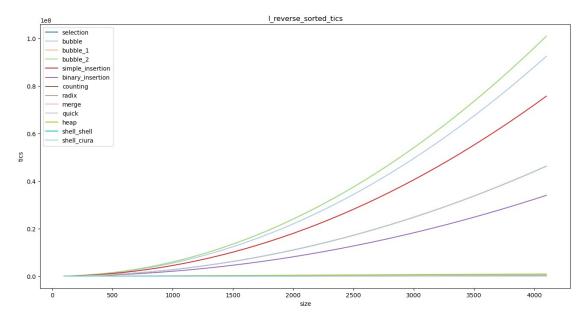
Сравнение сортировок между собой

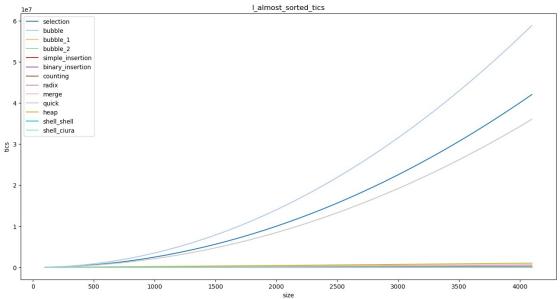
В данной части представлено рисование графиков, на которых происходит сравнение всех аргоритмов по времени и количеству операций при сортировке массивов одинаковых типов и размеров

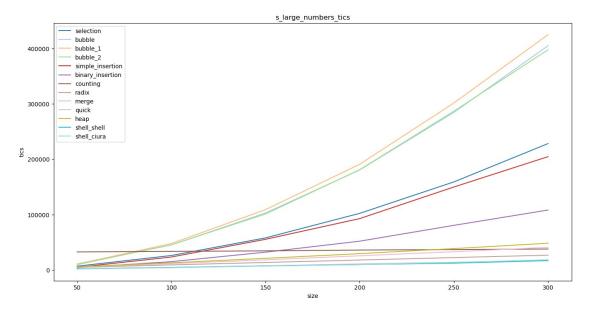
Названия графиков имеют вид "{размер массива}_{тип массива}_{представленная информация}"

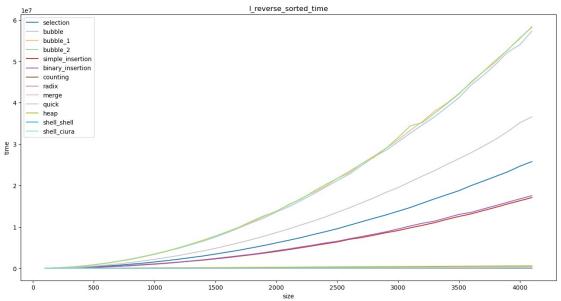
По оси ОУ откладывается представленная информация о работе алгоритма: время в наносекундах (time) или количество элементарных операций (tics)

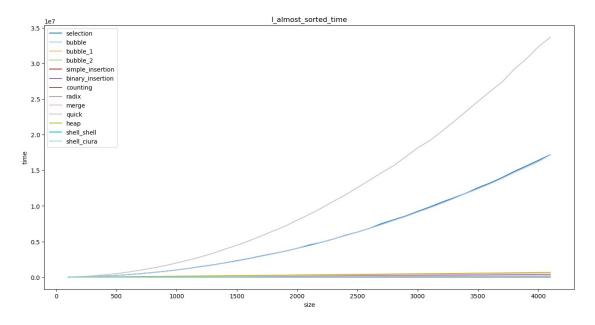
```
for file in files:
    res =
pd.read_csv(f"{methods[0]}/{file}.csv",sep=';').rename(columns={file[-
4:]: methods[0]})
    for method in methods[1::]:
        res =
pd.merge(res,pd.read_csv(f"{method}/{file}.csv",sep=';').rename(column
s={file[-4:]: method}),on=['size'])
    res.set_index('size').plot(title=file[5:],ylabel= file[-
4:],xlabel='size',colormap="tab20")
```

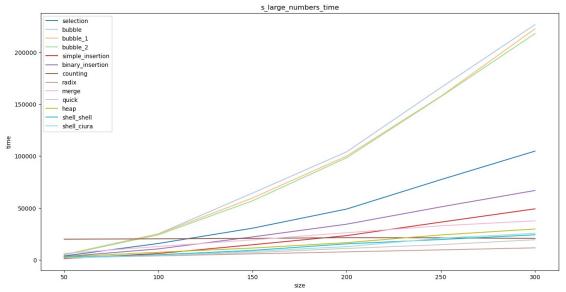


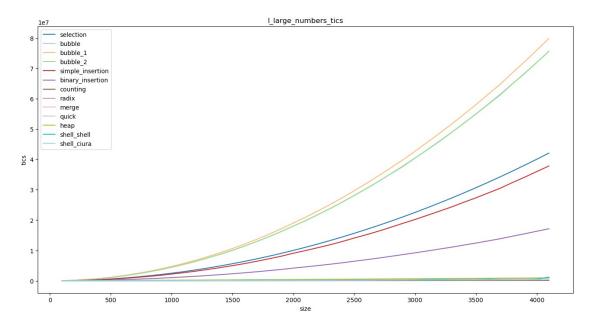


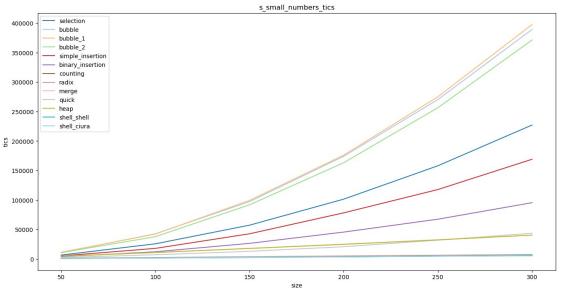


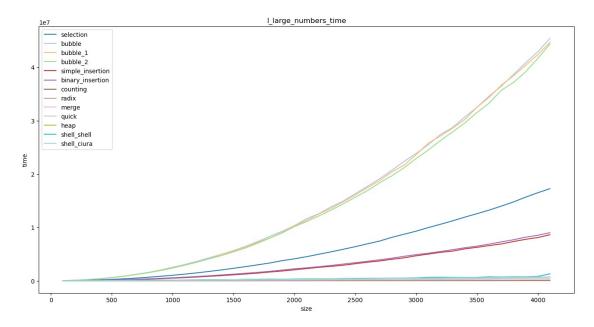


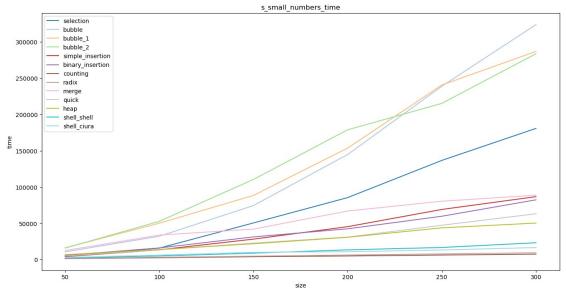


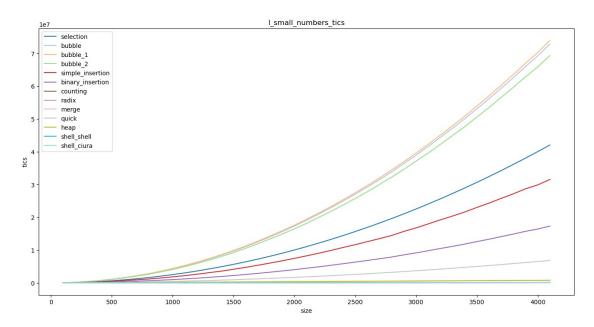


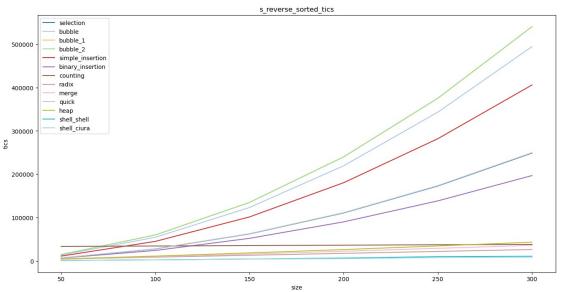


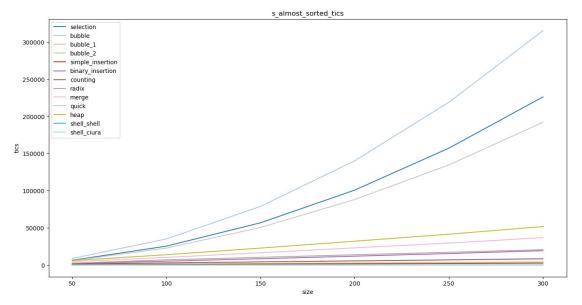


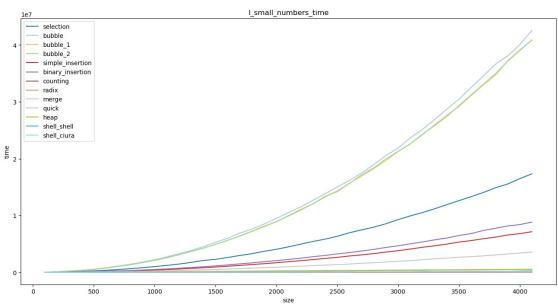


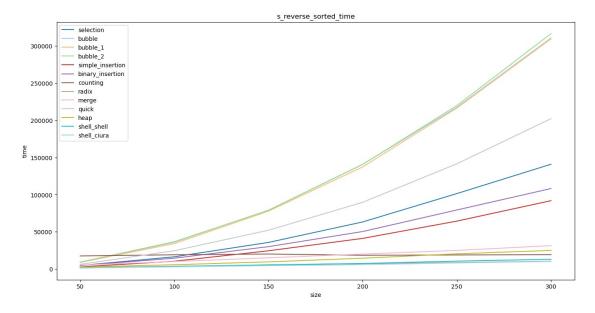


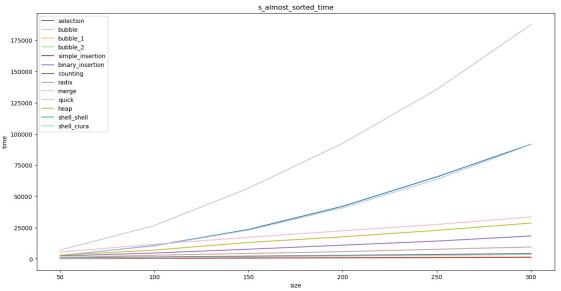












```
for method in methods:
    for size in ["l","s"]:
        for info in ["time","tics"]:
        res =

pd.read_csv(f"{method}/data_{size}_{types[0]}_{info}.csv",sep=';').ren
ame(columns={info: types[0]})
        for type in types[1:]:
        res =

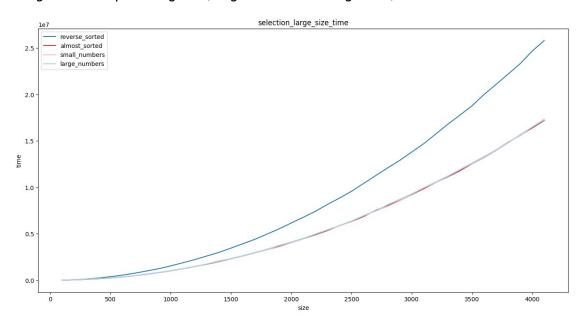
pd.merge(res,pd.read_csv(f"{method}/data_{size}_{type}_{info}.csv",sep
=";").rename(columns={info: type}),on=['size'])
        res.set_index('size').plot(title =

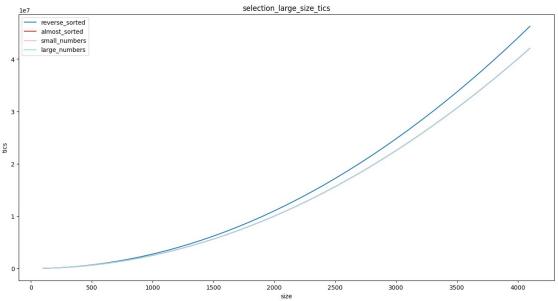
f"{method}_large_size_{info}" if size=="l" else
```

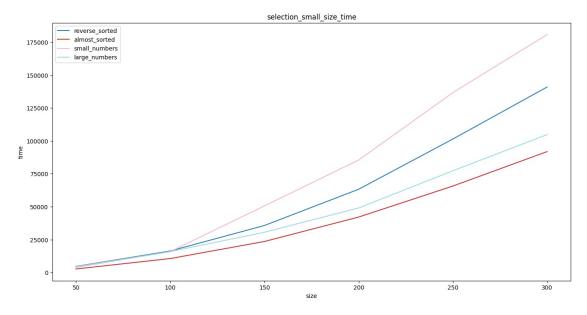
```
f"{method}_small_size_{info}",ylabel =
info,xlabel='size',colormap="tab20")
```

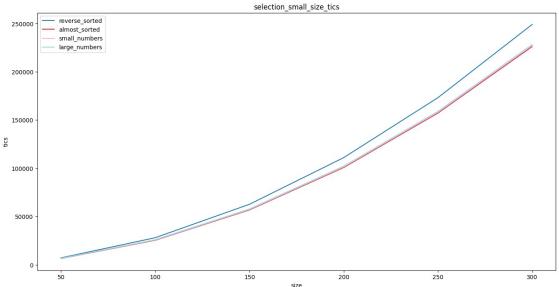
c:\Users\vladi\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Lib\sitepackages\pandas\plotting_matplotlib\core.py:512: RuntimeWarning: More
than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot
interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly
closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see
the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`). Consider using
`matplotlib.pyplot.close()`.

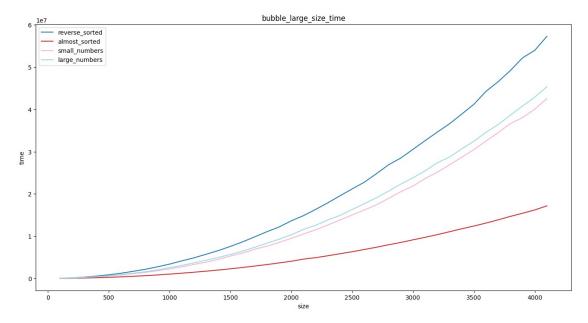
fig = self.plt.figure(figsize=self.figsize)

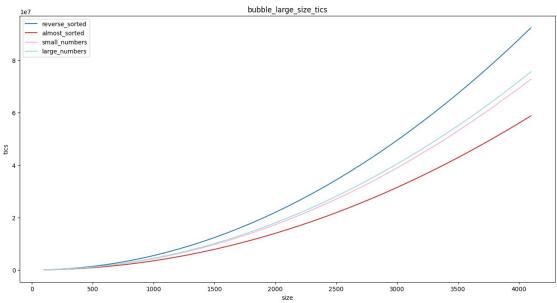


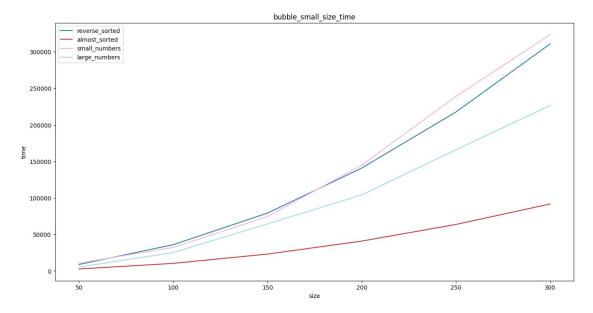


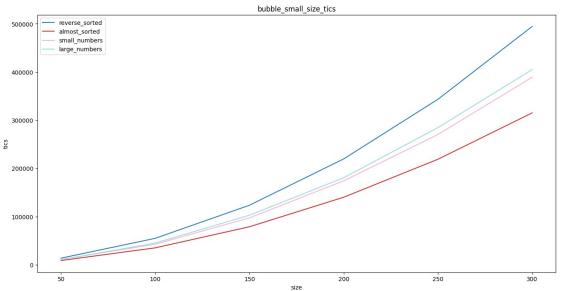


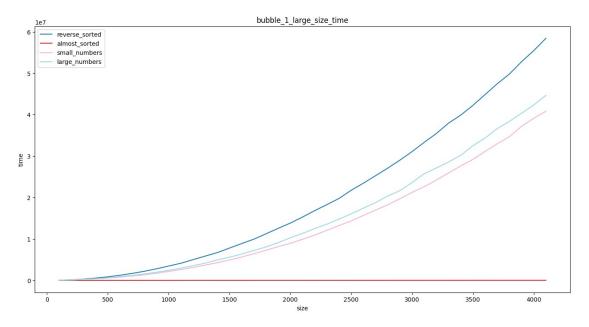


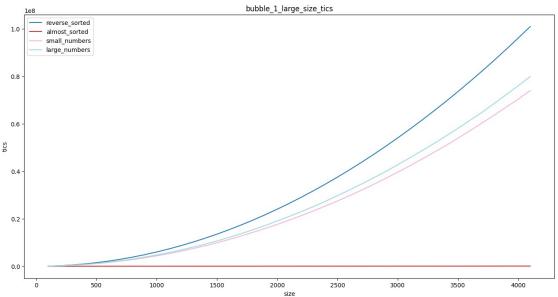


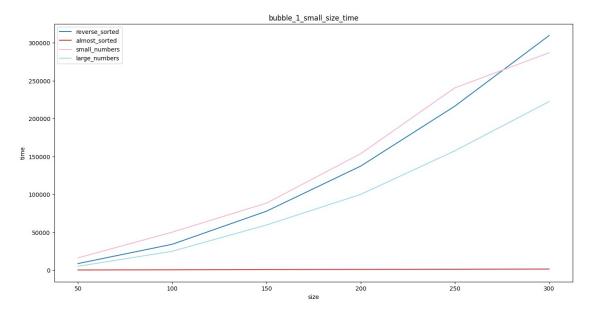


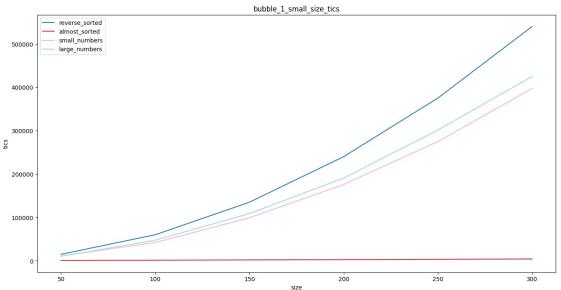


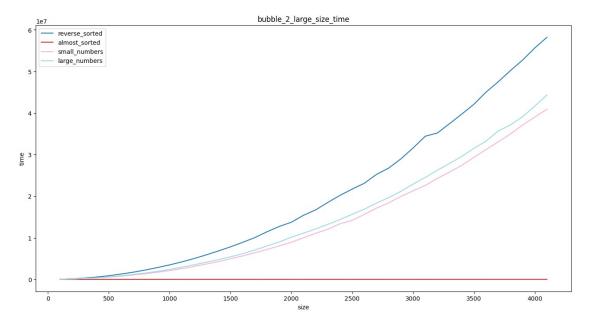


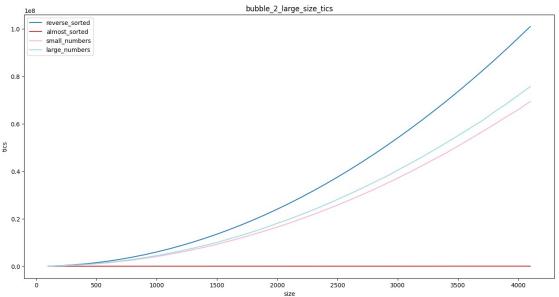


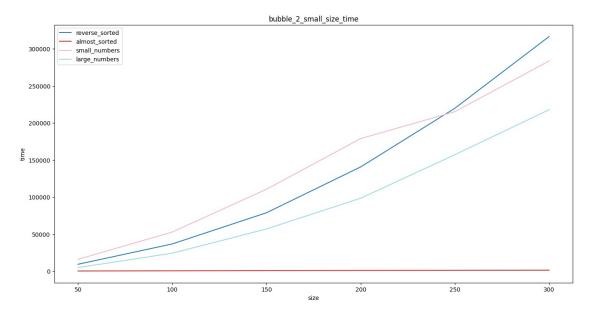


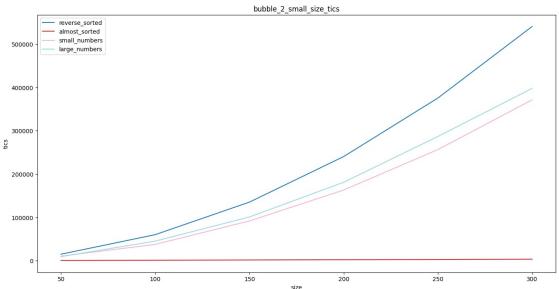


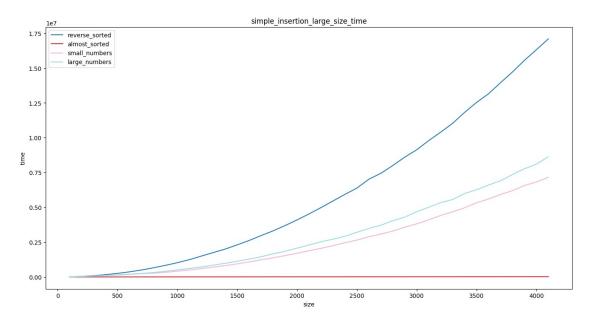


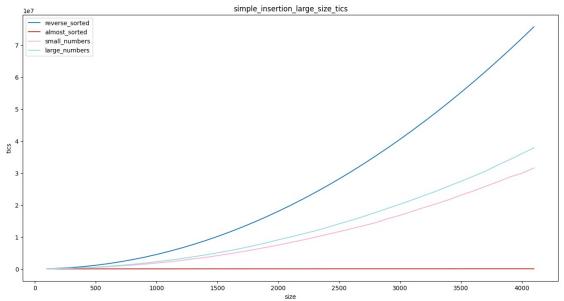


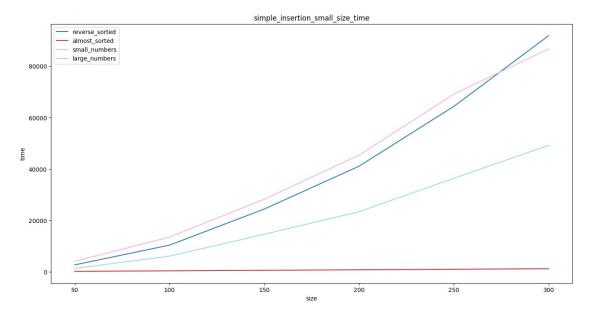


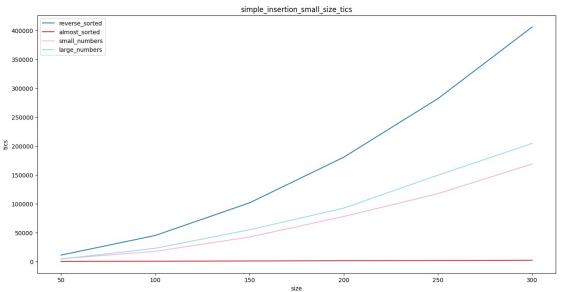


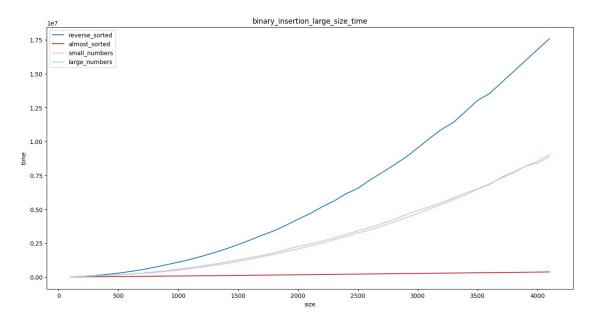


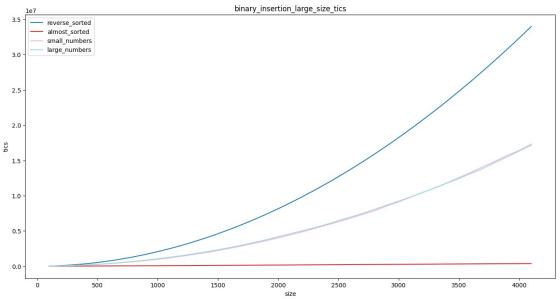


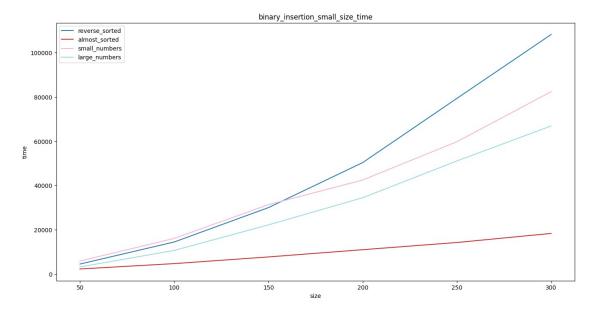


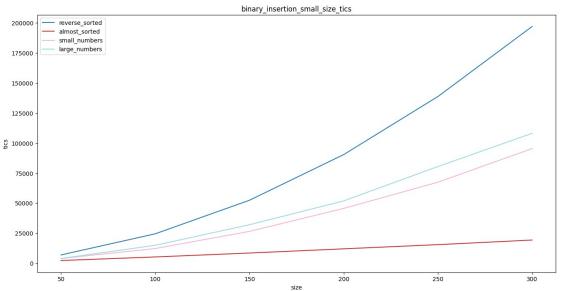


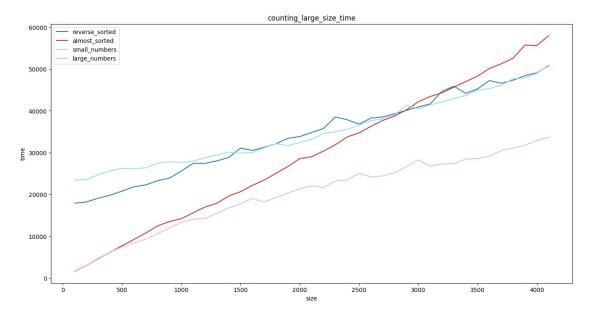


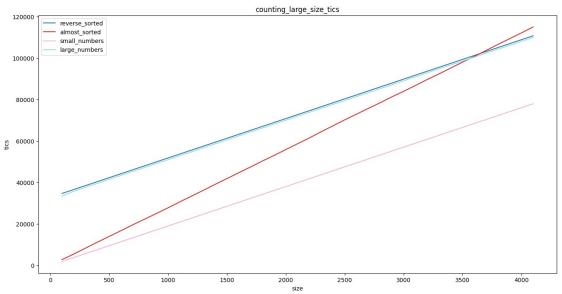


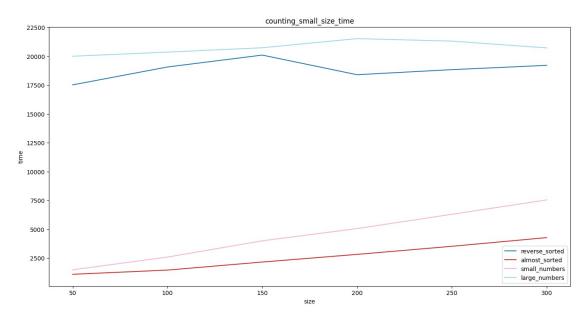


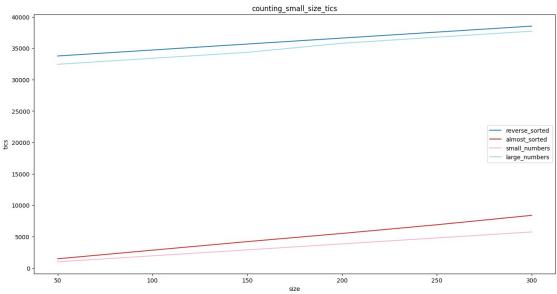


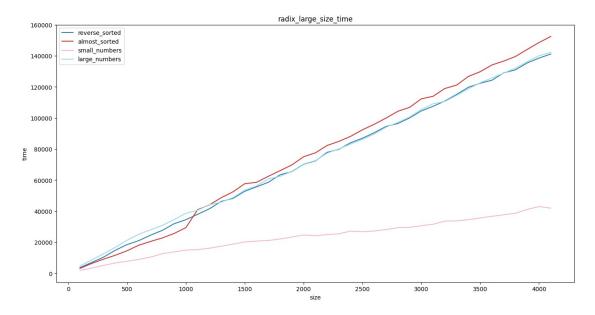


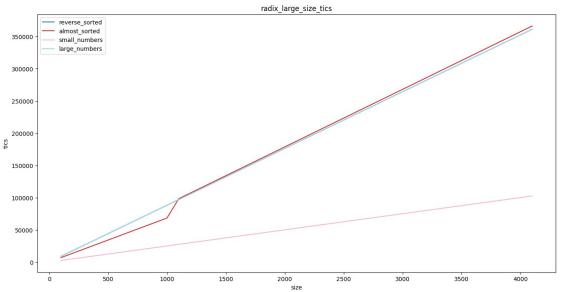


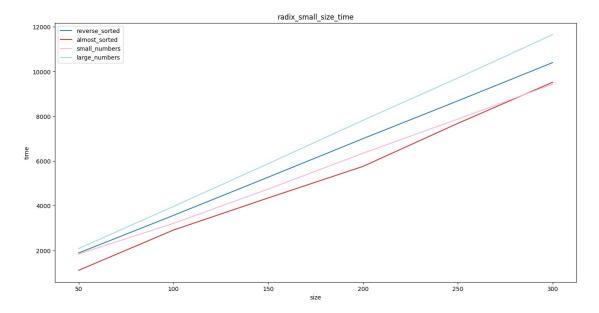


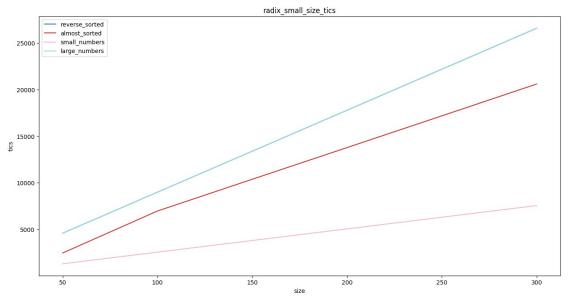


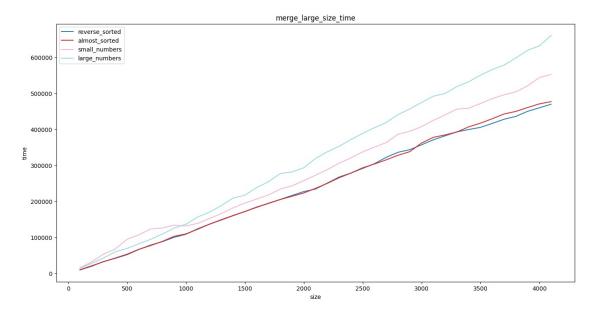


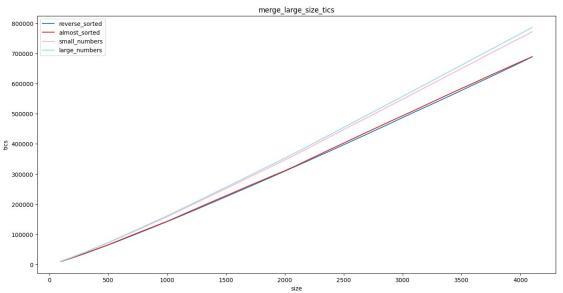


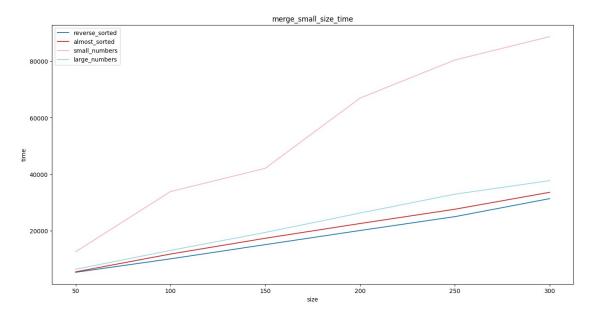


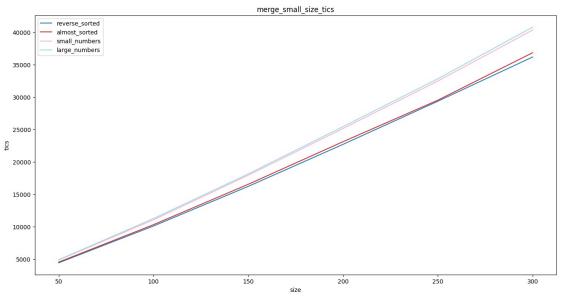


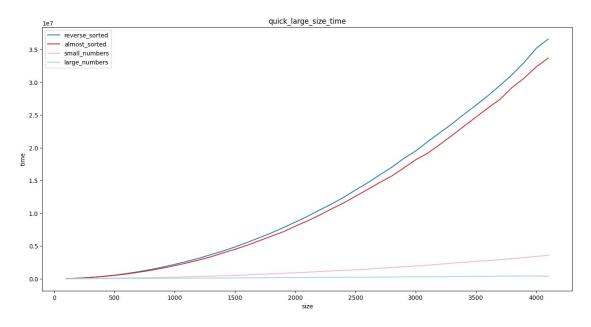


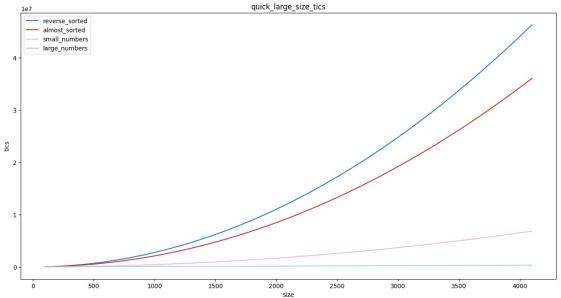


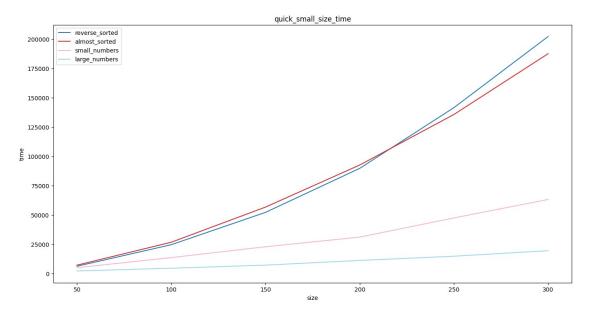


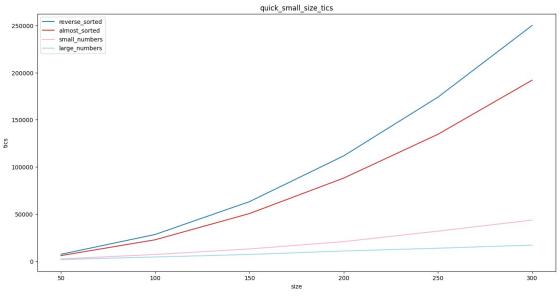


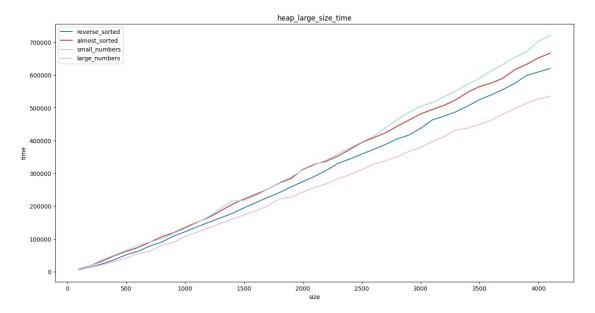


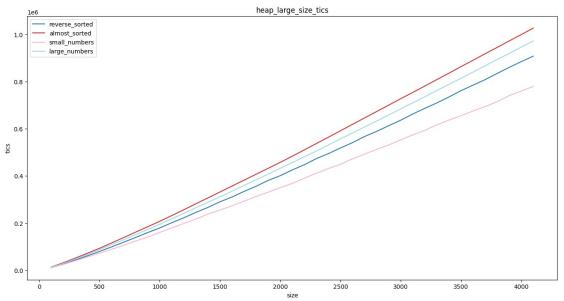


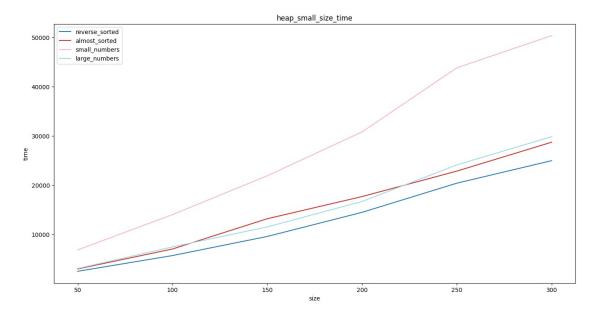


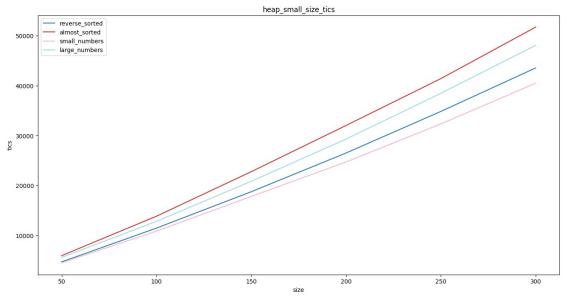


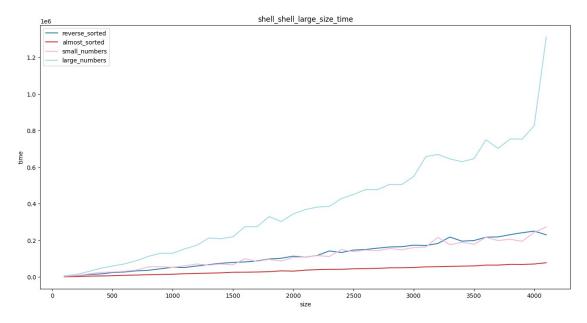


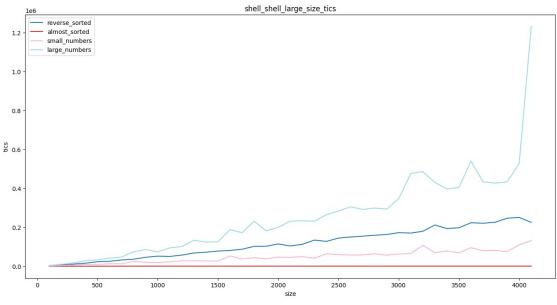


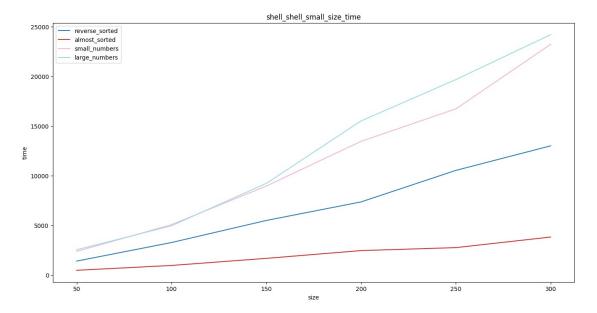


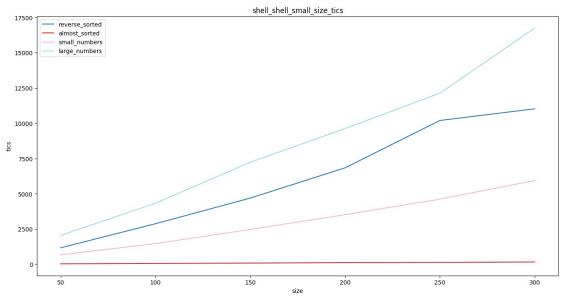


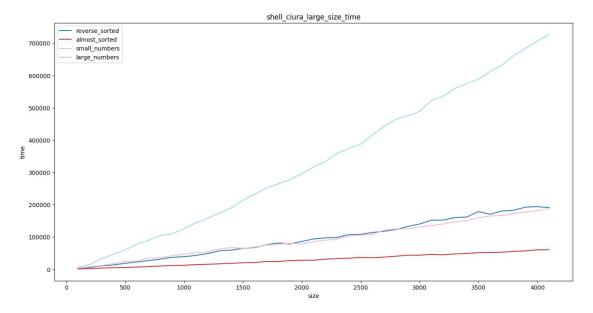


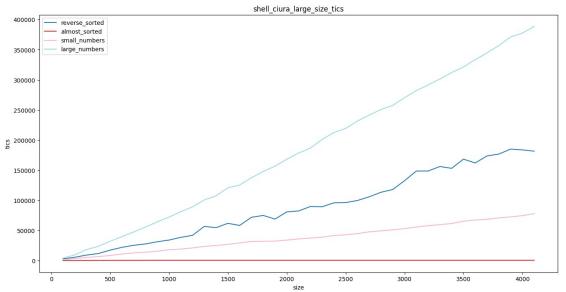


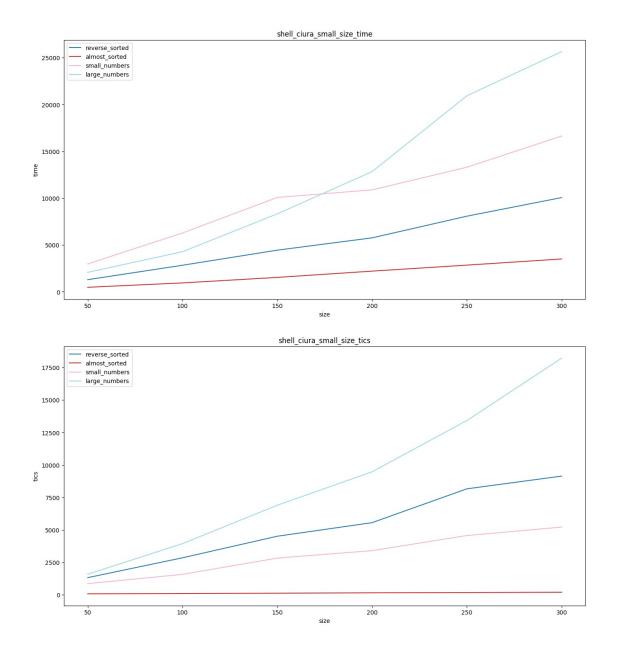












Заполнение сравнительных таблиц

В данной части представлено заполнение таблиц, на которых происходит сравнение всех алгоритмов по времени и количеству операций при сортировке массивов одинаковых размеров

Названия выходных файлов имеют вид "{размер массивов}_{представленная информация}.csv"

```
info="time"
size="l"
for size in ['l','s']:
    for info in ['time','tics']:
```