1 Introduction

CrIn GeCrIn GeProduction. Supercringe introduction here:

Let's calculate smth with a given function: $f(x, y) = \sin x \cdot y^{2.000}$ Firstly, let's insert all constants and simplify this expression: $f(x, y) = \sin x \cdot y^{2.000}$

2 Exploration the expression as a function of multiple variables

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Calculation value of function in the point BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!!
   In the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = 0.564
   Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you?
   But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!
   1 step. finding a derivation of:
   While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:
   (y)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
   2 step. finding a derivation of:
   It's really easy to find:
   (y^{2.000})' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
= 2.000 \cdot y
   3 step. finding a derivation of:
   My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
   (x)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
= 1.000
   4 step. finding a derivation of:
   Sounds logical that it is the same as:
   (\sin x)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
=\cos x
   5 step. finding a derivation of:
   \sin x \cdot y^{2.000}
   For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
   (\sin x \cdot y^{2.000})' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
= \cos x \cdot y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot \sin x
   Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:
   \cos x \cdot y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot \sin xIn the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = -3.395
Finding the 0 derivation: Let's calculate the 0 derivation of the expression:
   Finally... The 0 derivation of the expression: \sin x \cdot y^{2.000}
   BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 0 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!!
   In the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = 0.564
Finding partical derivations: Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x:
   \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 4.000 \cdot \cos x
   In the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = -3.959970!!!
   Partial derivation of the expression on the variable y:
    \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 0.141 \cdot 2.000 \cdot y
   In the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = 0.564480!!!
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Finding full derivation: Full derivation:

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\sqrt{(4.000 \cdot \cos x)^{2.000} + (0.141 \cdot 2.000 \cdot y)^{2.000}}
In the point M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.000, 2.000) it's value = 4.000 !!!
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3 Exploration the function of the first variable

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Now let's consider the expression as a function of x variable: f(x) = 4.000 \cdot \sin x

Maklorens formula for x \to x_0 = 3.000:

f(x) = 0.564 + (-3.960) \cdot (x - 3.000) + (-0.282) \cdot (x - 3.000)^{2.000} + 0.660 \cdot (x - 3.000)^{3.000} + 0.024 \cdot (x - 3.000)^{4.000} + (-0.033) \cdot (x - 3.000)^{5.000} + o((x - 3.000)^{4.000}) +
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Tangent equation in the point $x_0 = 0.000$: $f(x) = 4.000 \cdot x$ Normal equation in the point $x_0 = 0.000$: $f(x) = (-0.250) \cdot x$