1 Introduction

CrIn GeCrIn GeProduction. Supercringe introduction here:

2 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Parameters and constants we use in this work:

```
Constants (3):

e = 2.718282

pi = 3.141593

AbObA = 1337.228690

Variables (3):

a = 3.141500

kek = 13.000000

x = 1.000000

Parameters of exploration:

Number of differentiates = 2

Macloren's accuracy = 3

Tanget point = 0.200000

Delta coverage of tangent point = 2.500000

Graph diapasone = [-1:15]
```

So let's calculate smth with a given function:

```
f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{AbObA}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln e)} - 0.000)\right)
```

Firstly, let's insert all constants:

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{1337.229}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln 2.718)} - 0.000)\right)$$

And simplify this expression (if possible):

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$$

3 Exploration the expression as a function of multiple variables

- Calculation a value of function in the point

```
BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!! In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) expression's value = 1.73157
```

- Finding the first derivation of function

Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you? But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!

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1 step: Finding a derivation of kek
```

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

```
= 1.000
```

(kek)' =

2 step: Finding a derivation of x

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

```
(x)' =
= 1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation
```

3 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot kek$

Never say it to girls:

```
(x \cdot kek)' =
= kek + x
```

4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$(1.000)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$
 $= 0.000$

5 step: Finding a derivation of $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

What if:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' =$$

= kek + x

6 step: Finding a derivation of $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' =$$

$$= \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

7 step: Finding a derivation of kek

The first task in MIPT was to calculate:

$$(kek)' =$$

= 1.000

8 step: Finding a derivation of a

Never say it to girls:

$$(a)' =$$

= 1.000

9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kek

It's simple as fuck:

$$(a+kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

= 2.000

10 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos(a + kek)$

As we know:

$$(\cos\left(a + kek\right))' =$$

$$= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$$

11 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

I was asked not to tell anyone that:

$$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' =$$

=
$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:

f'(a, kek, x) =
$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

In the point $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$ it's value = 1.84017

- Finding the 2 derivation

1) Let's find the 1 derivation of the given function:

1 step: Finding a derivation of kek

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$$(kek)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of x

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x)' =$$

= 1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot kek$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x \cdot kek)' =$$

$$= kek + x$$

4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$(1.000)' =$$

= 0.000

5 step: Finding a derivation of $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

= kek + x

6 step: Finding a derivation of $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$(\ln (1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

$$= \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

7 step: Finding a derivation of kek

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(kek)' = \dots = [\mathbf{top} \ \mathbf{secret}] = \dots =$$

= 1.000

8 step: Finding a derivation of a

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(a)' =$$

= 1.000

9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kek

It's really easy to find:

$$(a + kek)' =$$

= 2.000

10 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos(a + kek)$

What if:

$$(\cos(a+kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

$$= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$$

11 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos{(a+kek)} + \ln{(1.000+x\cdot kek)}$

You should be aware of the fact that:

$$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' =$$

$$= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

So the 1 derivation of the function is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a + kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

2) Let's find the 2 derivation of the given function:

1 step: Finding a derivation of x

A true prince must know that:

$$(x)' =$$

= 1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of kek

For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:

$$(kek)' =$$

= 1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation of kek + x

I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:

$$(kek + x)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 2.000

4 step: Finding a derivation of kek

Never say it to girls:

$$(kek)' =$$

= 1.000

5 step: Finding a derivation of x

It's really easy to find:

$$(x)' =$$

= 1.000

6 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot kek$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= kek + x

7 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(1.000)' =$$

= 0.000

8 step: Finding a derivation of $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

Only by using special skills we might know:: $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\} =0$

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' =$$

= kek + x

9 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

My friends always beat me, because I didn't know that:

$$(1.000)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 0.000

10 step: Finding a derivation of $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}$

A true prince must know that:

$$(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek})' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

$$= \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}}$$

11 step: Finding a derivation of $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}\cdot (kek+x)$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$\begin{aligned} &(\frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x))' = \\ &= \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek + x)}{(1.000 + x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \end{aligned}$$

12 step: Finding a derivation of kek

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$(kek)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 1.000

13 step: Finding a derivation of a

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(a)' =$$

= 1.000

14 step: Finding a derivation of a + kek

She: please, never speak with my dad about math... Me: ok) Also me after homework of matan:

$$(a + kek)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 2.000

15 step: Finding a derivation of $\sin(a + kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$(\sin(a+kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

= $2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek)$

16 step: Finding a derivation of -1.000

A true prince must know that:

$$(-1.000)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots =$$

= 0.000

17 step: Finding a derivation of $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$

A true prince must know that:

$$((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))' =$$

$$= (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek)$$

18 step: Finding a derivation of 2.000

If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:

$$(2.000)' =$$

= 0.000

19 step: Finding a derivation of $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a + kek)}$

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$$

= $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek)$

20 step: Finding a derivation of $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:

$$\begin{split} &(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a+kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x))' = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos{(a+kek)} + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000 + x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \end{split}$$

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos{(a+kek)} + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}$$

Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:

$$f^{(2)}(\mathbf{a},\, \mathrm{kek},\, \mathbf{x}) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos{(a+kek)} + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.00$$

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, BECAUSE THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS FUNCTION!!! In the point $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$ it's value = 2.77280

- Finding partical derivations

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Partial derivation of the expression on the variable a: \frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a+13.000)} In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 0.42008!!! Partial derivation of the expression on the variable kek: \frac{\partial f}{\partial kek} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(3.142+kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek} In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 0.49151!!! Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x: \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000 \cdot x} In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 0.92857!!!
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Finding full derivation

Full derivation:

$$\sqrt{((-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a+13.000)})^{2.000} + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin{(3.142 + kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + kek})^{2.000} + (13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + 13.000 \cdot x})^{2.000}}$$
In the point $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$ it's value = **1.13150**!!!

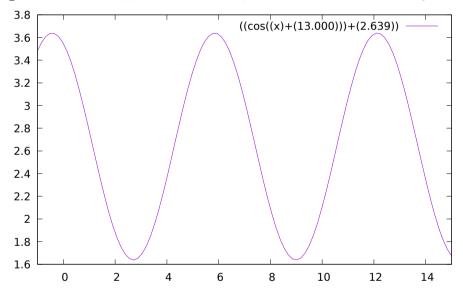
4 Exploration the expression as a function of the first variable

In this part of the article let's consider the expression as a function of the first variable a:

$$f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$$

Decomposing on Macloren's formula Maklorens formula for $a \rightarrow a_0 = 3.142$: $f(a) = 1.732 + 0.420 \cdot (a - 3.142) + 0.454 \cdot (a - 3.142)^{2.000} + (-0.070) \cdot (a - 3.142)^{3.000} + o((a - 3.142)^{3.000})$

Graphics Graph $f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$ on the diapasone $a \in [-1:15]$:



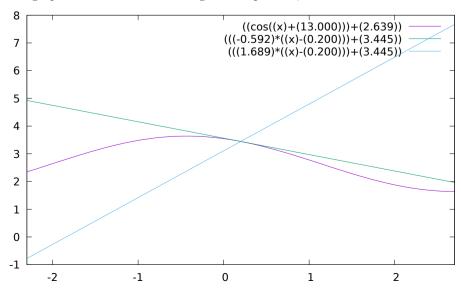
Equations in the point Tangent equation in the point $a_0 = 0.200$:

```
f(a) = (-0.592) \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445

Normal equation in the point a_0 = 0.200:

f(a) = 1.689 \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445

Their graphs in \delta = 2.50000 coverage of the point a_0 = 0.200000
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5 Conclusion

Ultrar cringe conclusion here: