## CrIn GeCrIn GeProduction. Supercringe introduction here:

Let's calculate smth with expression given:  $f(x, y) = x \cdot y^{2.000}$ Firstly, let's insert all constants and simplify it:  $f()f(x, y) = x \cdot y^{2.000}$ BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!! In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000)it's value = 12.000

1 step: finding a derivation of function: y

here it is: 1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:  $y^{2.000} \label{eq:y2.000}$ 

here it is:  $2.000 \cdot y$ 

3 step: finding a derivation of function: x

here it is: 1.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:  $x \cdot y^{2.000}$ 

here it is:

 $y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot x$ 

 $y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot x$ 

 $y + 2.000 \cdot y$ .

In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000) it's value = 16.000 Let's calculate the 3 derivation of the expression: Calculating the 1 derivation of the expression: 1 step: finding a derivation of function:

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:

\$y\$ here it is: 1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:  $u^{2.000}$ 

here it is:  $2.000 \cdot y$ 

3 step: finding a derivation of function: x

here it is: 1.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:  $x \cdot y^{2.000}$ 

here it is:  $y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot x$ 

Calculating the 2 derivation of the expression:

1 step: finding a derivation of function:

here it is:
1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function: y

here it is: 1.000

3 step: finding a derivation of function:
2.000

here it is: 0.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:  $2.000 \cdot y$ 

here it is: 2.000

5 step: finding a derivation of function:  $2.000 \cdot y \cdot x$ 

here it is:

 $2.000 \cdot x + 2.000 \cdot y$  6 step: finding a derivation of function:

here it is: 1.000

7 step: finding a derivation of function:  $y^{2.000}$ 

 $\boldsymbol{x}$ 

here it is:

 $2.000 \cdot y$ 

8 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $y^{2.000} + 2.000 \cdot y \cdot x$ 

here it is:

 $2.000 \cdot y + 2.000 \cdot x + 2.000 \cdot y$ 

Calculating the 3 derivation of the expression:

1 step: finding a derivation of function:

y

here it is:

1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:

2.000

here it is:

0.000

3 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $2.000 \cdot y$ 

here it is:

2.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $\boldsymbol{x}$ 

here it is:

1.000

5 step: finding a derivation of function:

2.000

here it is:

0.000

6 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $2.000 \cdot x$ 

here it is:

2.000

7 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $2.000 \cdot x + 2.000 \cdot y$ 

here it is:

4.000

8 step: finding a derivation of function:

y

here it is:

1.000

9 step: finding a derivation of function:

2.000

here it is:

0.000

 $10~\mathrm{step:}$  finding a derivation of function:

 $2.000 \cdot y$ 

here it is:

2.000

11 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $2.000\cdot y + 2.000\cdot x + 2.000\cdot y$ 

here it is:

6.000

Finally... The 3 derivation of the expression:

6.000

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 3 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!!

In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000)it's value = 6.000

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable 'x':

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 4.000$ 

In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000) it's value = 4.000000!!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable 'y':

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot y$ 

In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000) it's value = 12.000000!!!

Full derivation:

 $\sqrt{16.000 + (3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot y)^{2.000}}$ 

In the point (x = 3.000, y = 2.000) it's value = 12.649 !!!

Let's consider the expression as a function of x variable:  $f(x) = 4.000 \cdot x$ 

Maklorens formula for  $x \to 3.000$ :  $f(x) = 12.000 + 4.000 \cdot (x - 3.000) + o((x - 3.000)^{4.000})$ 

Graph f(x):

Tangent equation in point -2.000:  $f(\mathbf{x}) = 4.000 \cdot (x - (-2.000)) + (-8.000)$  Normal equation in point -2.000:  $f(\mathbf{x}) = (-0.250) \cdot (x - (-2.000)) + (-8.000)$