

1 Introduction

CrInGeCrInGeProduction.Supercringeintroductionhere :

2 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Parameters and constants we use in this work:

Constants (3):  
e = 2.718282  
pi = 3.141593  
AbObA = 1337.228690

Variables (3):  
a = 3.141500  
kek = 13.000000  
x = 1.000000

Parameters of exploration :

Number of differentiates = 2  
Macloren’s accuracy = 3  
Tanget point = 0.200000  
Delta coverage of tangent point = 2.500000  
Graph diapasone = [−1 : 15]

So let’s calculate smth with a given function:  $f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{AbObA}}) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{\ln e} - 0.000))$

Firstly, let’s insert all constants:  $f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{1337.229}}) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{\ln 2.718} - 0.000))$

And simplify this expression (if possible):  $f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

3 Exploration the expression as a function of multiple variables

Calculation value of function in the point BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!!

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it’s value = 1.73157  
Personally, I’ve always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven’t you?  
But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I’m prepared enough to calculate it!  
1 step: Finding a derivation of kek

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$(kek)' = 1.000$

2 step: Finding a derivation of x

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$(x)' = 1.000$

3 step: Finding a derivation of x · kek

Never say it to girls:

$(x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$

4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

Only by using special skills we might know::

$(1.000)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 0.000$

5 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000 + x · kek

What if:

$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$

6 step: Finding a derivation of ln(1.000 + x · kek)

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

7 step: Finding a derivation of kek

The first task in MIPT was to calculate:

$(kek)' = 1.000$

8 step: Finding a derivation of a

Never say it to girls:

$(a)' = 1.000$

9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kek

It’s simple as fuck:

$(a + kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 2.000$

10 step: Finding a derivation of cos(a + kek)

As we know:

$(\cos(a + kek))' = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$

11 step: Finding a derivation of cos(a + kek) + ln(1.000 + x · kek)

I was asked not to tell anyone that:

$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:

$f'(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$   
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it’s value = 1.84017

**Finding the 2 derivation** Let’s find **the 1 derivation** of the expression:

**1 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**2 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

When I was a child, my father always told me: ”Remember, son:

$$(1.000)' = 0.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = kek + x$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(a)' = 1.000$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a + kek$

It’s really easy to find:

$$(a + kek)' = 2.000$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek)$

What if:

$$(\cos(a + kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$$

**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

You should be aware of the fact that:

$$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

So the 1 derivation of the expression is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

Let’s find **the 2 derivation** of the expression:

**1 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

A true prince must know that:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**2 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:

$$(kek)' = 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek + x$

I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it’s:

$$(kek + x)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 2.000$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Never say it to girls:

$$(kek)' = 1.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

It’s really easy to find:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = kek + x$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(1.000)' = 0.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

My friends always beat me, because I didn’t know that:

$$(1.000)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 0.000$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$

A true prince must know that:

$$(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek})' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}}$$

**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x)\right)' = \\ &= \frac{(-1.000)\cdot(kek+x)}{(1.000+x\cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \end{aligned}$$

12 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$\begin{aligned} (kek)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 1.000 \end{aligned}$$

13 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $a$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$\begin{aligned} (a)' &= \\ &= 1.000 \end{aligned}$$

14 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $a+kek$

She: please, never speak with my dad about math... Me: ok) Also me after homework of matan:

$$\begin{aligned} (a+kek)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \end{aligned}$$

15 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $\sin(a+kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$\begin{aligned} (\sin(a+kek))' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) \end{aligned}$$

16 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $-1.000$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned} (-1.000)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 0.000 \end{aligned}$$

17 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek)$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned} ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek))' &= \\ &= (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) \end{aligned}$$

18 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $2.000$

If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000)' &= \\ &= 0.000 \end{aligned}$$

19 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek)$

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek))' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) \end{aligned}$$

20 **step**: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x)$

thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x))' &= \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000)\cdot(kek+x)}{(1.000+x\cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \end{aligned}$$

So the 2 derivation of the expression is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000)\cdot(kek+x)}{(1.000+x\cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}$$

**Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:**

$$f^{(2)}(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000)\cdot(kek+x)}{(1.000+x\cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}$$

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!!

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 2.77280

**Finding partial derivations** Partial derivation of the expression on the variable a:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+13.000)$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.42008 !!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable kek:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial kek} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.49151 !!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000\cdot x}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.92857 !!!

**Finding full derivation** Full derivation:

$$\sqrt{((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+13.000))^{2.000} + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek})^{2.000} + (13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000\cdot x})^{2.000}}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 1.13150 !!!

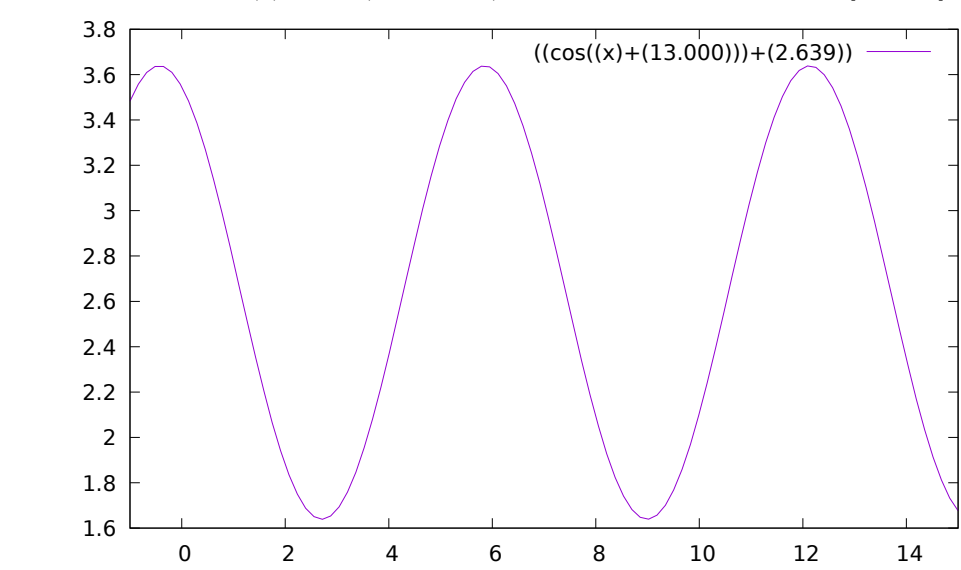
## 4 Exploration the expression as a function of the first variable

Now let's consider the expression as a function of the first variable a:  $f(a) = \cos(a+13.000) + 2.639$

**Decomposing on Macloren's formula** Maklorems formula for  $a \rightarrow a_0 = 3.142$ :

$$f(a) = 1.732 + 0.420 \cdot (a-3.142) + 0.454 \cdot (a-3.142)^{2.000} + (-0.070) \cdot (a-3.142)^{3.000} + o((a-3.142)^{3.000})$$

**Graphics** **Graph**  $f(a) = \cos(a+13.000) + 2.639$  on the diapasone  $a \in [-1 : 15]$  :



**Equations in the point    Tangent equation** in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

$f(a) = (-0.592) \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$

**Normal equation** in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

$f(a) = 1.689 \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$

Their graphs in  $\delta = 2.50000$  coverage of the point  $a_0 = 0.200000$



5 Conclusion

*Ultrarcringeconclusionhere :*