

1 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Let's calculate smth with a given function: $f(x, y) = (\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000}$
Firstly, let's simplify this expression (if possible): $f(x, y) = (\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000}$

2 Exploration of the expression as a function of multiple variables

Calculation value of function in the point BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!!

In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ It's value = 0.00000
Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you?
But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!

1 step: Finding a derivation of y
While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of x
It's really easy to find:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(x \cdot y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$y + x$
4 step: Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
Sounds logical that it is the same as:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
 $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$

5 step: Finding a derivation of $(\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000}$
For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
 $((\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
 $3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:
 $f'(x, y) = 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ it's value = 0.00000

Finding the 3 derivation Let's find the 1 derivation of the expression:

1 step: Finding a derivation of y
Sounds logical that it is the same as:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of x
It's really easy to find:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(x \cdot y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$y + x$
4 step: Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
What if:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
5 step: Finding a derivation of $(\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000}$
It's really easy to find:
 $((\sin(x \cdot y))^{3.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
Let's find the 2 derivation of the expression:
1 step: Finding a derivation of x

Even my two-aged sister knows that:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of y
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
3 step: Finding a derivation of $y + x$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(y + x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

2.000
4 step: Finding a derivation of y
Man... Just look:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
5 step: Finding a derivation of x
For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
6 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
It's really easy to find:
 $(x \cdot y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$y + x$
7 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y)$
It's simple as fuck:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
8 step: Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)$
9 step: Finding a derivation of y
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
10 step: Finding a derivation of x
It's really easy to find:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
11 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
I was asked not to tell anyone that:
 $(x \cdot y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$y + x$
12 step: Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
13 step: Finding a derivation of $(\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $((\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
14 step: Finding a derivation of 3.000
What if:
 $(3.000)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

0.000
15 step: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
Even my two-aged sister knows that:
 $(3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
16 step: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
Let's find the 3 derivation of the expression:
1 step: Finding a derivation of y

Even my two-aged sister knows that:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$
1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of x
While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
3 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(x \cdot y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$y + x$
4 step: Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
Sounds logical that it is the same as:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
5 step: Finding a derivation of $(\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
A true prince must know that:
 $((\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
6 step: Finding a derivation of 3.000
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(3.000)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

0.000
7 step: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

$3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
8 step: Finding a derivation of y
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:
 $(y)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
9 step: Finding a derivation of x
A true prince must know that:
 $(x)' = ... = [\text{top secret}] = ... =$

1.000
10 step: Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$(x \cdot y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $y + x$
11 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y)$
While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
12 **step:** Finding a derivation of 2.000
It's really easy to find:
 $(2.000)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 0.000
13 **step:** Finding a derivation of $2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)$
It's really easy to find:
 $(2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
14 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
15 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
What if:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
16 **step:** Finding a derivation of $y + x$
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:
 $(y + x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 2.000
17 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
18 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
A true prince must know that:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
19 **step:** Finding a derivation of $y + x$
A true prince must know that:
 $(y + x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 2.000
20 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
21 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
22 **step:** Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
A true prince must know that:
 $(x \cdot y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $y + x$
23 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
24 **step:** Finding a derivation of -1.000
It's simple as fuck:
 $(-1.000)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 0.000
25 **step:** Finding a derivation of $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)$
For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:
 $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
26 **step:** Finding a derivation of $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
It's really easy to find:
 $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
27 **step:** Finding a derivation of $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x)$
It's really easy to find:
 $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
28 **step:** Finding a derivation of $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $((-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots =$
29 **step:** Finding a derivation of $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
I was asked not to tell anyone that:
 $((((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(((-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})^f = \dots =$
30 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
31 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
Even my two-aged sister knows that:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
32 **step:** Finding a derivation of $y + x$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(y + x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 2.000
33 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
It's really easy to find:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
34 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
It's really easy to find:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
35 **step:** Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
It's simple as fuck:
 $(x \cdot y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $y + x$
36 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y)$
It's simple as fuck:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
37 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
A true prince must know that:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)$
38 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
39 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
I was asked not to tell anyone that:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
40 **step:** Finding a derivation of $y + x$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(y + x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 2.000
41 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
It's really easy to find:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
42 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
What if:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
43 **step:** Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:
 $(x \cdot y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $y + x$
44 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y)$
Even my two-aged sister knows that:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
45 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
What if:
 $(\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)$
46 **step:** Finding a derivation of y
It's simple as fuck:
 $(y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
47 **step:** Finding a derivation of x
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(x)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 1.000
48 **step:** Finding a derivation of $x \cdot y$
It's simple as fuck:
 $(x \cdot y)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $y + x$
49 **step:** Finding a derivation of $\sin(x \cdot y)$
A true prince must know that:
 $(\sin(x \cdot y))^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $\cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
50 **step:** Finding a derivation of 2.000
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:
 $(2.000)^f = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 0.000
51 **step:** Finding a derivation of $2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)$
A true prince must know that:

$(2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
52 step: Finding a derivation of $2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
A true prince must know that:
 $(2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)$
53 step: Finding a derivation of 3.000
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:
 $(3.000)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= 0.000
54 step: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:
 $(3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $3.000 \cdot (2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y))$
55 step: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
When I was child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:
 $(3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $3.000 \cdot (2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)$
56 atep: Finding a derivation of $3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000}$
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:
 $(3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000})' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =$
= $3.000 \cdot (2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + (((-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} + 3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y))$
Finally... The 3 derivation of the expression:
 $f^{(20)}(x,y) = 3.000 \cdot (2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y)) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + (((-1.000) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y)) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x)) \cdot 3.000 \cdot (\sin(x \cdot y))^{2.000} + 3.000 \cdot 2.000 \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot \cos(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(x \cdot y) \cdot (y + x) \cdot (y + x) + 2.000 \cdot \cos(x \cdot y))$
BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 3 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!!
In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ it's value = 815.45956

Finding partial derivations Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x:
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 3.000 \cdot (\sin(2.000 \cdot x))^{2.000} \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(2.000 \cdot x)$

In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ it's value = 0.00000 !!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable y:

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 3.000 \cdot (\sin(3.142 \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot 3.142 \cdot \cos(3.142 \cdot y)$

In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ it's value = 0.00000 !!!

Finding full derivation Full derivation:

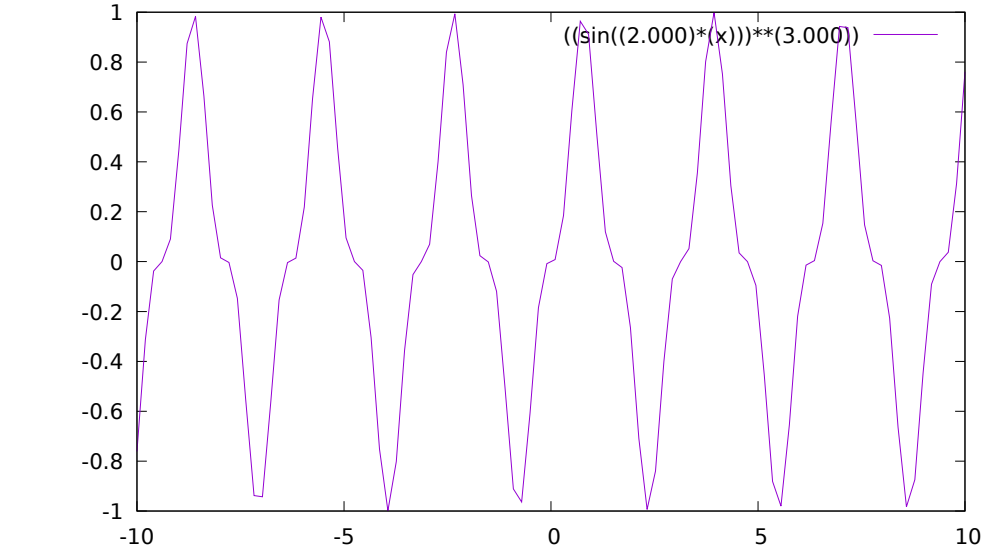
$\sqrt{(3.000 \cdot (\sin(2.000 \cdot x))^{2.000} \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(2.000 \cdot x))^{2.000} + (3.000 \cdot (\sin(3.142 \cdot y))^{2.000} \cdot 3.142 \cdot \cos(3.142 \cdot y))^{2.000}}$
In the point $M_0(x_0, y_0) = (3.142, 2.000)$ it's value = 0.00000 !!!

3 Exploration the expression as a function of the first variable

Now let's consider the expression as a function of x variable: $f(x) = (\sin(2.000 \cdot x))^{2.000}$

Decomposing on Macloren's formula **Maklorens formula** for $x \rightarrow x_0 = 3.142$:
 $f(x) = (-0.000) + 0.000 \cdot (x - 3.142) + (-0.002) \cdot (x - 3.142)^{2.000} + 8.000 \cdot (x - 3.142)^{3.000} + 0.007 \cdot (x - 3.142)^{4.000} + o((x - 3.142)^{4.000})$

Graphics **Graph** $f(x) = (\sin(2.000 \cdot x))^{3.000}$ on the diasposome $x \in [-10 : 10]$:



Equations in the point **Tangent equation** in the point $x_0 = 1.000$:

$f(x) = (-2.064) \cdot (x - 1.000) + 0.752$

Normal equation in the point $x_0 = 1.000$:

$f(x) = 0.484 \cdot (x - 1.000) + 0.752$

