CrInGeCrInGe Production. Super cringe introduction here: Let's calculate smth with expression given:

$$x^x \cdot y$$

Firstly, let's insert all constants and simplify it:

$$x^x \cdot y$$

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!! IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000)IT'S VALUE = 2.000 !!!

1 step: finding a derivation of function:

y

here it is:

1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:

x

here it is:

1.000

3 step: finding a derivation of function:

x

here it is:

1.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:

 x^x

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

5 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $x^x \cdot u$

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot y + x^x$$

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot y + x^x$$

IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000) IT'S VALUE = 3.000 !!! Let's calculate the 2 derivation of the expression: Calculating the 1 derivation of the expression: 1 step: finding a derivation of function:

y

here it is:

1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

3 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

4 step: finding a derivation of function:

 r^x

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

5 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $x^x \cdot y$

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot y + x^x$$

Calculating the 2 derivation of the expression:

1 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

2 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

3 step: finding a derivation of function:

 x^x

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

 $4~\rm step:$ finding a derivation of function:

y

here it is:

1.000

5 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

6 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $\ln x$

here it is:

 $\frac{1.000}{x}$

7 step: finding a derivation of function:

x

here it is:

1.000

8 step: finding a derivation of function:

 \boldsymbol{x}

here it is:

1.000

9 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $\frac{x}{x}$

here it is:

 $\frac{x-x}{x^2}$

10 step: finding a derivation of function:

 $(\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$

here it is:

$$\frac{x-x}{x^{2.000}} + \frac{1.000}{x}$$

11 step: finding a derivation of function:

x

here it is:

1.000

12 step: finding a derivation of function:

x

here it is:

1.000

13 step: finding a derivation of function:

 x^x

here it is:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

14 step: finding a derivation of function:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

here it is:

$$x^{x} \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + (\frac{x - x}{x^{2.000}} + \frac{1.000}{x}) \cdot x^{x}$$

15 step: finding a derivation of function:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot y$$

here it is:

$$(x^{x} \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + (\frac{x - x}{x^{2.000}} + \frac{1.000}{x}) \cdot x^{x}) \cdot y + x^{x} \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

16 step: finding a derivation of function:

$$x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot y + x^x$$

here it is:

$$(x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + (\frac{x - x}{x^{2.000}} + \frac{1.000}{x}) \cdot x^x) \cdot y + x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:

$$(x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + (\frac{x - x}{x^{2.000}} + \frac{1.000}{x}) \cdot x^x) \cdot y + x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x) + x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!! IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000)IT'S VALUE = 6.000!!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable 'x':

$$2.000 \cdot x^x \cdot (\frac{x}{x} + \ln x)$$

IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000) IT'S VALUE = 2.000000 !!! Partial derivation of the expression on the variable 'y':

1.000

IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000) IT'S VALUE = 1.000000 !!! Full derivation:

$$\sqrt{\left(2.000 \cdot x^x \cdot \left(\frac{x}{x} + \ln x\right)\right)^{2.000} + 1.000}$$

IN THE POINT (x = 1.000, y = 2.000) IT'S VALUE = 2.236 !!! Maklorens formula for x near to 1.000000:

$$2.000 + 2.000 \cdot (x - 1.000) + 2.000 \cdot (x - 1.000)^{2.000} + (x - 1.000)^{3.000}$$

And remaining member is o maloe from:

$$(x - 1.000)^{3.000}$$

Tangent equation in point 4.000: f(x) =

$$1221.783 \cdot (x - 4.000) + 512.000$$

Normal equation in point 4.000: f(x) =

$$(-0.001) \cdot (x - 4.000) + 512.000$$