#### 1 Introduction

CrIn GeCrIn GeProduction. Supercringe introduction here:

# 2 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Parameters and constants we use in this work:

```
Constants (3):

e = 2.718282

pi = 3.141593

AbObA = 1337.228690

Variables (3):

a = 3.141500

kek = 13.000000

x = 1.000000

Parameters of exploration:

Number of differentiates = 2

Macloren's accuracy = 3

Tanget point = 0.200000

Delta coverage of tangent point = 2.500000

Graph diapasone = [-1:15]
```

So let's calculate smth with a given function:

```
f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{AbObA}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln e)} - 0.000)\right)
```

Firstly, let's insert all constants:

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{1337.229}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln 2.718)} - 0.000)\right)$$

And simplify this expression (if possible):

```
f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)
```

#### 3 Exploration the expression as a function of multiple variables

- Calculation a value of function in the point

```
BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!! In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) expression's value = 1.73157
```

- Finding the first derivation of function

Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you? But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!

1 step: Finding a derivation of kekWhile preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example: (kek)' =

```
= 1.000
```

2 step: Finding a derivation of xOnly after two cups of beer you might understand it: (x)' =

```
= 1.000
```

3 step: Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$ Never say it to girls:  $(x \cdot kek)' =$ 

```
= kek + x
```

4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000Only by using special skills we might know::  $(1.000)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots = [\text{top secret}]$ 

```
= 0.000
```

5 step: Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$ What if:  $(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' =$ 

```
= kek + x
```

6 step: Finding a derivation of  $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$ Even my two-aged sister knows that:  $(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = (\ln(1.000 + x$ 

```
= \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)
```

7 step: Finding a derivation of kekThe first task in MIPT was to calculate: (kek)' =

= 1.000

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8 step: Finding a derivation of aNever say it to girls: (a)' =
= 1.000
9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kekIt's simple as fuck: (a + kek)' = ... = [top secret] = ... =
= 2.000
10 step: Finding a derivation of \cos(a + kek) As we know: (\cos(a + kek))' =
= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)
11 step: Finding a derivation of \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)I was asked not to tell anyone that: (\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))'
= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)
Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:
   f'(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)
In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 1.84017
Finding the 2 derivation Let's find the 1 derivation of the expression:
1 step: Finding a derivation of kekOnly after two cups of beer you might understand it: (kek)' = ... = [top secret] = ... =
= 1.000
2 step: Finding a derivation of xEven my two-aged sister knows that: (x)' =
= 1.000
3 step: Finding a derivation of x \cdot kekEven my two-aged sister knows that: (x \cdot kek)' =
= kek + x
4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son: (1.000)' =
= 0.000
5 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000 + x \cdot kekI have no words to describe this fact: (1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots = [\text{top secret}]
= kek + x
6 step: Finding a derivation of \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night: (\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \dots = [top]
secret] = ... =
= \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)
7 step: Finding a derivation of kekI have no words to describe this fact: (kek)' = \dots = [top secret] = \dots = [top secret]
= 1.000
8 step: Finding a derivation of aWhile preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example: (a)' =
= 1.000
9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kekIt's really easy to find: (a + kek)' =
= 2.000
10 step: Finding a derivation of \cos(a + kek)What if: (\cos(a + kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots = [\text{top secret}]
```

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= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)
11 step: Finding a derivation of \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)You should be aware of the fact that: (\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))'
= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)
So the 1 derivation of the expression is: 2.000\cdot(-1.000)\cdot\sin\left(a+kek\right)+\tfrac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}\cdot(kek+x)
Let's find the 2 derivation of the expression:
1 step: Finding a derivation of xA true prince must know that: (x)' =
= 1.000
2 step: Finding a derivation of kekFor centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that: (kek)' =
= 1.000
3 step: Finding a derivation of kek + xI spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's: (kek + x)' = ... = [top secret]
= ... =
= 2.000
4 step: Finding a derivation of kekNever say it to girls: (kek)' =
= 1.000
5 step: Finding a derivation of xIt's really easy to find: (x)' =
= 1.000
6 step: Finding a derivation of x \cdot kek Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says: (x \cdot kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = (x \cdot kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}]
= kek + x
7 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000Even my two-aged sister knows that: (1.000)' =
= 0.000
8 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000 + x \cdot kekOnly by using special skills we might know:: (1.000 + x \cdot kek)' =
= kek + x
9 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000My friends always beat me, because I didn't know that: (1.000)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots = [\text{top secret}]
= 0.000
10 step: Finding a derivation of \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} A true prince must know that: (\frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek})' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots = [\text{top secret}]
   \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}}
11 step: Finding a derivation of \frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x)Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says: (\frac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x))'
= \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek + x)}{(1.000 + x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek}
12 step: Finding a derivation of kekOnly by using special skills we might know:: (kek)' = ... = [top \ secret] = ... =
= 1.000
```

13 step: Finding a derivation of aWhile preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example: (a)' =

14 step: Finding a derivation of a + kekShe: please, never speak with my dad about math... Me: ok) Also me after homework of matan:

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(a + kek)' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
```

= 2.000

15 step: Finding a derivation of  $\sin(a + kek)$ My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:  $(\sin(a + kek))' = \dots = [\text{top secret}] = 1$ 

 $=2.000\cdot\cos\left(a+kek\right)$ 

16 step: Finding a derivation of -1.000A true prince must know that: (-1.000)' = ... = [top secret] = ... =

= 0.000

17 step: Finding a derivation of  $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$  A true prince must know that:  $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))' =$ 

 $= (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek)$ 

18 step: Finding a derivation of 2.000 If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say: (2.000)' =

= 0.000

19 step: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$ When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:  $(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))$ 

```
= \dots = [\text{top secret}] = \dots =
= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek)
```

20 step: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a+kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$  thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:  $(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin{(a+kek)} + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x))' =$ 

$$=2.000\cdot(-1.000)\cdot2.000\cdot\cos\left(a+kek\right)+\tfrac{(-1.000)\cdot(kek+x)}{(1.000+x\cdot kek)^{2.000}}\cdot(kek+x)+2.000\cdot\tfrac{1.000}{1.000+x\cdot kek}$$

So the 2 derivation of the expression is:

 $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos{(a+kek)} + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$ 

#### Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:

 $f^{(2)}(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek + x)}{(1.000 + x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek}$ BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!! In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 2.77280

Finding partical derivations Partial derivation of the expression on the variable a:

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin\left(a + 13.000\right)$ 

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.42008 !!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable kek:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial kek} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142 + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + kek}$  In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.49151 !!!

Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x:

 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000 + 13.000 \cdot x}$ 

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.92857 !!!

### Finding full derivation Full derivation:

```
\sqrt{\left((-1.000)\cdot\sin\left(a+13.000\right)\right)^{2.000}+\left((-1.000)\cdot\sin\left(3.142+kek\right)+\frac{1.000}{1.000+kek}\right)^{2.000}+\left(13.000\cdot\frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000\cdot x}\right)^{2.000}}
In the point M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 1.13150 !!!
```

### Exploration the expression as a function of the first variable

Now let's consider the expression as a function of the first variable a:  $f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$ 

Decomposing on Macloren's formula Maklorens formula for  $a \rightarrow a_0 = 3.142$ :  $f(a) = 1.732 + 0.420 \cdot (a - 3.142) + 0.454 \cdot (a - 3.142)^{2.000} + (-0.070) \cdot (a - 3.142)^{3.000} + o((a - 3.142)^{3.000})$ 

**Graphics** Graph  $f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$  on the diapasone  $a \in [-1:15]$ :



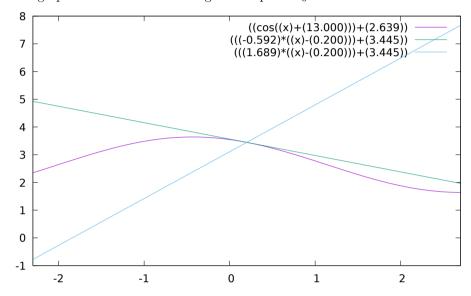
Equations in the point Tangent equation in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

 $f(a) = (-0.592) \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$ 

**Normal equation** in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

 $f(a) = 1.689 \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$ 

Their graphs in  $\delta = 2.50000$  coverage of the point  $a_0 = 0.200000$ 



# 5 Conclusion

Ultrar cringe conclusion here: