

# Expression exploration

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## 1 Introduction

Worryingly, the importance of the derriviation is underestimated nowadays. In this extraordinary article I will show that the calculation and use of the derivative can be very interesting Our British scientists with Italian names living in America have spent about **17 YEARS, 14 MONTHS, and 47 DAYS** studying the derivative problem and writing universal and unique differentiator. This article fully presents the results of their work!

With this article, I want to restore the former greatness of mathematics and help the humanity, and what's more, most importantly, first-year students of the Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology!!!

## 2 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Parameters and constants we use in this work (all data is qualified):

Constants (3):  
e = 2.718282  
pi = 3.141593  
AbObA = 1337.228690

Variables (3):  
a = 3.141500  
kek = 13.000000  
x = 1.000000

Parameters of exploration :  
*Number of differentiates* = 2  
*Macloren's accuracy* = 3  
*Tanget point* = 3.000000  
*Delta coverage of tangent point* = 2.500000  
*Graph diapasone* = [-10 : 10]

So let's calculate smth with a given function:

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{AbObA}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln e)} - 0.000)\right)$$

Firstly, let's insert all constants:

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos\left(a + \frac{kek}{1.000^{1337.229}}\right) + \ln\left(1.000 + x \cdot kek \cdot (1.000^{(\ln 2.718)} - 0.000)\right)$$

And simplify this expression:

$$f(a, kek, x) = \cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$$

## 3 Exploration of the expression as a function of multiple variables

### - Calculation a value of function in the point

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!!  
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  expression's value = 1.73157

### - Finding the first derivation of function

Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you?  
But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!

1 step: Finding a derivation of  $kek$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(kek)' = \\ = 1.000$$

2 step: Finding a derivation of  $x$

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$$(x)' =$$

$$= 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Never say it to girls:

$$(x \cdot kek)' =$$

$$= kek + x$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$(1.000)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$$

$$= 0.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

What if:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' =$$

$$= kek + x$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' =$$

$$= \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

The first task in MIPT was to calculate:

$$(kek)' =$$

$$= 1.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$

Never say it to girls:

$$(a)' =$$

$$= 1.000$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a + kek$

It's simple as fuck:

$$(a + kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$$

$$= 2.000$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek)$

As we know:

$$(\cos(a + kek))' =$$

$$= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$$

**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

I was asked not to tell anyone that:

$$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' =$$

$$= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

Congratulations! **The first derivation of the expression** is:

$$f'(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 1.84017**

**- Finding the 2 derivation**

1) Let's find **the 1 derivation** of the given function:

**1 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**2 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$(1.000)' = 0.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = kek + x$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(a)' = 1.000$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a + kek$

It’s really easy to find:

$$\begin{aligned}(a + kek)' &= \\ &= 2.000\end{aligned}$$

10 step: Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek)$

What if:

$$\begin{aligned}(\cos(a + kek))' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)\end{aligned}$$

11 step: Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

You should be aware of the fact that:

$$\begin{aligned}(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' &= \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)\end{aligned}$$

So **the 1 derivation** of the function is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

2) Let’s find **the 2 derivation** of the given function:

1 step: Finding a derivation of  $x$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned}(x)' &= \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

2 step: Finding a derivation of  $kek$

For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:

$$\begin{aligned}(kek)' &= \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

3 step: Finding a derivation of  $kek + x$

I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it’s:

$$\begin{aligned}(kek + x)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000\end{aligned}$$

4 step: Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Never say it to girls:

$$\begin{aligned}(kek)' &= \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

5 step: Finding a derivation of  $x$

It’s really easy to find:

$$\begin{aligned}(x)' &= \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

6 step: Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$\begin{aligned}(x \cdot kek)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= kek + x\end{aligned}$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$\begin{aligned}(1.000)' &= \\ &= 0.000\end{aligned}$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$\begin{aligned}(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' &= \\ &= kek + x\end{aligned}$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

My friends always beat me, because I didn't know that:

$$\begin{aligned}(1.000)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 0.000\end{aligned}$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}\right)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}}\end{aligned}$$

**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)\right)' &= \\ &= \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}\end{aligned}$$

**12 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$\begin{aligned}(kek)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

**13 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$\begin{aligned}(a)' &= \\ &= 1.000\end{aligned}$$

**14 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a + kek$

She: please, never speak with my dad about math... Me: ok) Also me after homework of matan:

$$\begin{aligned}(a + kek)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000\end{aligned}$$

**15 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\sin(a + kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$\begin{aligned}(\sin(a + kek))' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek)\end{aligned}$$

**16 step:** Finding a derivation of  $-1.000$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned} (-1.000)' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 0.000 \end{aligned}$$

17 step: Finding a derivation of  $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$

A true prince must know that:

$$\begin{aligned} ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))' &= \\ &= (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) \end{aligned}$$

18 step: Finding a derivation of 2.000

If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000)' &= \\ &= 0.000 \end{aligned}$$

19 step: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek))' &= \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) \end{aligned}$$

20 step: Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$

thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:

$$\begin{aligned} (2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x))' &= \\ &= 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \end{aligned}$$

So **the 2 derivation** of the function is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$$

**Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:**

$$f^{(2)}(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a + kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek + x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$$

BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, BECAUSE THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS FUNCTION!!!

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 2.77280**

## - Finding partical derivations

Partical derivation of the expression on the variable **a**:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + 13.000)$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 0.42008 !!!**

Partical derivation of the expression on the variable **kek**:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial kek} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142 + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 0.49151 !!!**

Partical derivation of the expression on the variable **x**:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000 \cdot x}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 0.92857 !!!**

## - Finding full derivation

**Full derivation:**

$$\sqrt{((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + 13.000))^{2.000} + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142 + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek})^{2.000} + (13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000 \cdot x})^{2.000}}$$

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  **it's value = 1.13150 !!!**

## 4 Exploration of the expression as a function of the first variable

In this part of the article let's consider the expression as a function of the first variable a:

$$f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$$

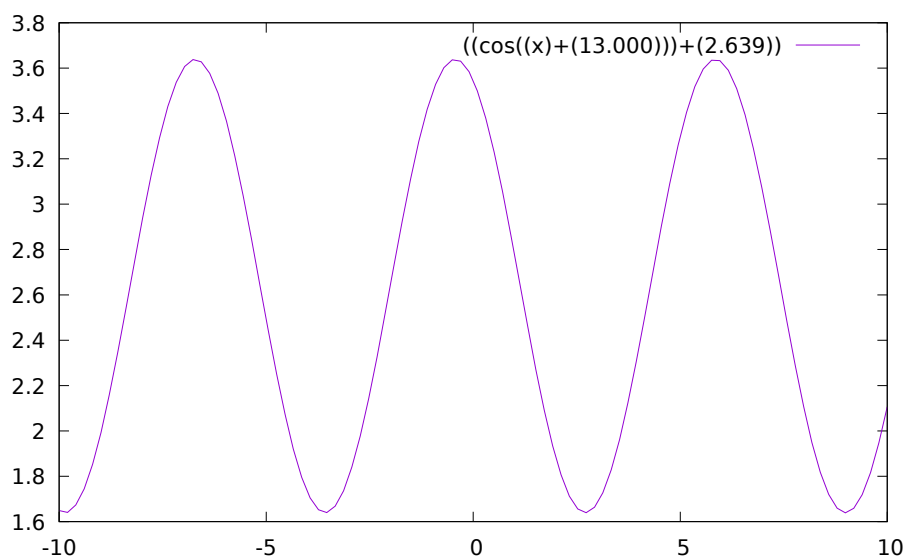
### - Decomposing on Macloren's formula

**First 3 members of Maklorens decomposition for  $a \rightarrow a_0 = 3.142$ :**

$$f(a) = 1.732 + 0.420 \cdot (a - 3.142) + 0.454 \cdot (a - 3.142)^{2.000} + (-0.070) \cdot (a - 3.142)^{3.000} + o((a - 3.142)^{3.000})$$

### - Graphics

Graph of  $f(a) = \cos(a + 13.000) + 2.639$  on the diapason  $a \in [-10 : 10]$  :



### - Equations in the point

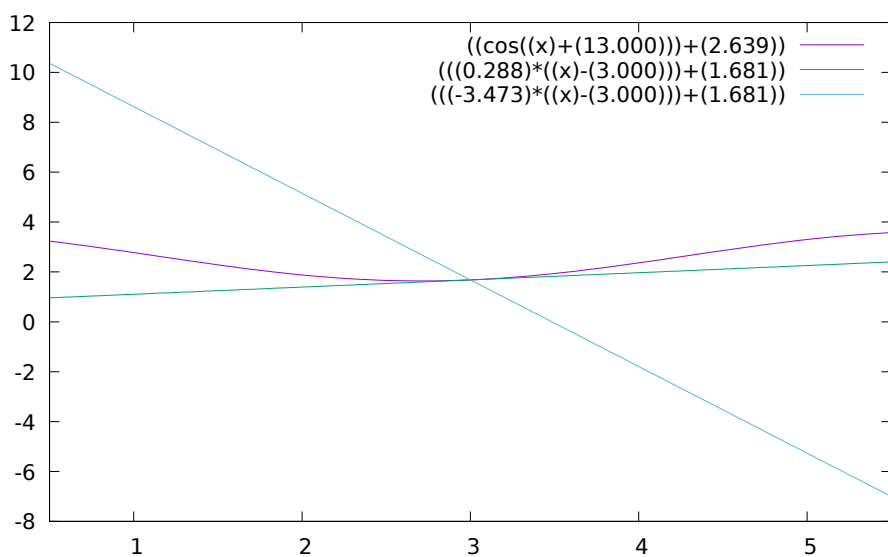
**Tangent equation in  $a_0 = 3.000$ :**

$$f(a) = 0.288 \cdot (a - 3.000) + 1.681$$

**Normal equation in  $a_0 = 3.000000$ :**

$$f(a) = (-3.473) \cdot (a - 3.000) + 1.681$$

**Their graphs in  $\delta = 2.500$  coverage of the point  $a_0 = 3.000$ :**



## 5 Conclusion

Thanks Ded for this amazing code experience and a lot of useful advice and care! Happy New Year!!! (Programming language is coming soon...)

Repository of the author

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