

1 Introduction

CrInGeCrInGeProduction.Supercringeintroductionhere :

2 Some basic knowledge about researching problem...

Parameters and constants we use in this work:

Constants (3):  
e = 2.718282  
pi = 3.141593  
AbObA = 1337.228690

Variables (3):  
a = 3.141500  
kek = 13.000000  
x = 1.000000

Parameters of exploration :  
Number of differentiates = 2  
Macloren's accuracy = 3  
Tanget point = 0.200000  
Delta coverage of tangent point = 2.500000  
Graph diapasone = [-1 : 15]

So let's calculate smth with a given function:

f(a, kek, x) = cos(a + kek / 1.000AbObA) + ln(1.000 + x · kek · (1.000ln e - 0.000))

Firstly, let's insert all constants:

f(a, kek, x) = cos(a + kek / 1.0001337.229) + ln(1.000 + x · kek · (1.000ln 2.718) - 0.000))

And simplify this expression (if possible):

f(a, kek, x) = cos(a + kek) + ln(1.000 + x · kek)

3 Exploration the expression as a function of multiple variables

Calculation value of function in the point BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED, WHEN THEY COUNT IT!!!

In the point M0(a0, kek0, x0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000) it's value = 1.73157  
Personally, I've always thought about first derivation of something like that function... Haven't you?  
But now, by using informatics and math skills I feel that I'm prepared enough to calculate it!  
1 step: Finding a derivation of kek

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

(kek)' =  
= 1.000

2 step: Finding a derivation of x

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

(x)' =  
= 1.000

3 step: Finding a derivation of x · kek

Never say it to girls:

(x · kek)' =  
= kek + x

4 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000

Only by using special skills we might know::

(1.000)' = ... = [top secret] = ... =  
= 0.000

5 step: Finding a derivation of 1.000 + x · kek

What if:

(1.000 + x · kek)' =  
= kek + x

6 step: Finding a derivation of ln(1.000 + x · kek)

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

(ln(1.000 + x · kek))' =  
= 1.000 / (1.000 + x · kek) · (kek + x)

7 step: Finding a derivation of kek

The first task in MIPT was to calculate:

(kek)' =  
= 1.000

8 step: Finding a derivation of a

Never say it to girls:

(a)' =  
= 1.000

9 step: Finding a derivation of a + kek

It's simple as fuck:

(a + kek)' = ... = [top secret] = ... =  
= 2.000

10 step: Finding a derivation of cos(a + kek)

As we know:

(cos(a + kek))' =  
= 2.000 · (-1.000) · sin(a + kek)

11 step: Finding a derivation of cos(a + kek) + ln(1.000 + x · kek)

I was asked not to tell anyone that:

(cos(a + kek) + ln(1.000 + x · kek))' =  
= 2.000 · (-1.000) · sin(a + kek) + 1.000 / (1.000 + x · kek) · (kek + x)

Congratulations! The first derivation of the expression is:

f'(a, kek, x) = 2.000 · (-1.000) · sin(a + kek) + 1.000 / (1.000 + x · kek) · (kek + x)

In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 1.84017

**Finding the 2 derivation** Let's find **the 1 derivation** of the expression:

**1 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Only after two cups of beer you might understand it:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**2 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:

$$(1.000)' = 0.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = kek + x$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:

$$(\ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

I have no words to describe this fact:

$$(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 1.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$

While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:

$$(a)' = 1.000$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a + kek$

It's really easy to find:

$$(a + kek)' = 2.000$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek)$

What if:

$$(\cos(a + kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek)$$

**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek)$

You should be aware of the fact that:

$$(\cos(a + kek) + \ln(1.000 + x \cdot kek))' = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

So the 1 derivation of the expression is:

$$2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a + kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek + x)$$

Let's find **the 2 derivation** of the expression:

**1 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

A true prince must know that:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**2 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

For centuries, people have hunted for the secret knowledge that:

$$(kek)' = 1.000$$

**3 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek + x$

I spend the hole of my life to find the answer and finally it's:

$$(kek + x)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 2.000$$

**4 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$

Never say it to girls:

$$(kek)' = 1.000$$

**5 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x$

It's really easy to find:

$$(x)' = 1.000$$

**6 step:** Finding a derivation of  $x \cdot kek$

Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:

$$(x \cdot kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = kek + x$$

**7 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

Even my two-aged sister knows that:

$$(1.000)' = 0.000$$

**8 step:** Finding a derivation of  $1.000 + x \cdot kek$

Only by using special skills we might know::

$$(1.000 + x \cdot kek)' = kek + x$$

**9 step:** Finding a derivation of 1.000

My friends always beat me, because I didn't know that:

$$(1.000)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots = 0.000$$

**10 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek}$

A true prince must know that:

$$\left(\frac{1.000}{1.000 + x \cdot kek}\right)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$$

=  $\frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}}$   
**11 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x)$   
Sometimes I hear the same voice in my head, it always says:  
 $(\frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x))' =$   
=  $\frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$

**12 step:** Finding a derivation of  $kek$   
Only by using special skills we might know::  
 $(kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$   
= 1.000

**13 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a$   
While preparing for exams, I learned a lot of new things, for example:  
 $(a)' =$   
= 1.000

**14 step:** Finding a derivation of  $a+kek$   
She: please, never speak with my dad about math... Me: ok) Also me after homework of matan:  
 $(a+kek)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$   
= 2.000

**15 step:** Finding a derivation of  $\sin(a+kek)$   
My roommate mumbled it in his sleep all night:  
 $(\sin(a+kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$   
=  $2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek)$

**16 step:** Finding a derivation of  $-1.000$   
A true prince must know that:  
 $(-1.000)' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$   
= 0.000

**17 step:** Finding a derivation of  $(-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek)$   
A true prince must know that:  
 $((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek))' =$   
=  $(-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek)$

**18 step:** Finding a derivation of 2.000  
If someone asked me that in the middle of the night, I wouldn't hesitate to say:  
 $(2.000)' =$   
= 0.000

**19 step:** Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek)$   
When I was a child, my father always told me: "Remember, son:  
 $(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek))' = \dots = \text{[top secret]} = \dots =$   
=  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek)$   
**20 step:** Finding a derivation of  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x)$   
thanks to the results of my colleagues' scientific work, I know that:  
 $(2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek} \cdot (kek+x))' =$   
=  $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$   
So the 2 derivation of the expression is:  
 $2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$

**Finally... The 2 derivation of the expression:**  
 $f^{(2)}(a, kek, x) = 2.000 \cdot (-1.000) \cdot 2.000 \cdot \cos(a+kek) + \frac{(-1.000) \cdot (kek+x)}{(1.000+x \cdot kek)^{2.000}} \cdot (kek+x) + 2.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+x \cdot kek}$   
BRITISH SCIENTISTS WERE SHOCKED AGAIN, WHEN THEY COUNT THE 2 DERIVATION OF THIS EXPRESSION!!!  
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 2.77280

**Finding partial derivations** Partial derivation of the expression on the variable a:  
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+13.000)$   
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.42008 !!!  
Partial derivation of the expression on the variable kek:  
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial kek} = (-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek}$   
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.49151 !!!  
Partial derivation of the expression on the variable x:  
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000 \cdot x}$   
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 0.92857 !!!

**Finding full derivation** Full derivation:  
 $\sqrt{((-1.000) \cdot \sin(a+13.000))^{2.000} + ((-1.000) \cdot \sin(3.142+kek) + \frac{1.000}{1.000+kek})^{2.000} + (13.000 \cdot \frac{1.000}{1.000+13.000 \cdot x})^{2.000}}$   
In the point  $M_0(a_0, kek_0, x_0) = (3.142, 13.000, 1.000)$  it's value = 1.13150 !!!

## 4 Exploration the expression as a function of the first variable

Now let's consider the expression as a function of the first variable a:  $f(a) = \cos(a+13.000) + 2.639$

**Decomposing on Macloren's formula** **Maklorems formula for  $a \rightarrow a_0 = 3.142$ :**  
 $f(a) = 1.732 + 0.420 \cdot (a-3.142) + 0.454 \cdot (a-3.142)^{2.000} + (-0.070) \cdot (a-3.142)^{3.000} + o((a-3.142)^{3.000})$

**Graphics** **Graph**  $f(a) = \cos(a+13.000) + 2.639$  on the diapasone  $a \in [-1 : 15]$  :



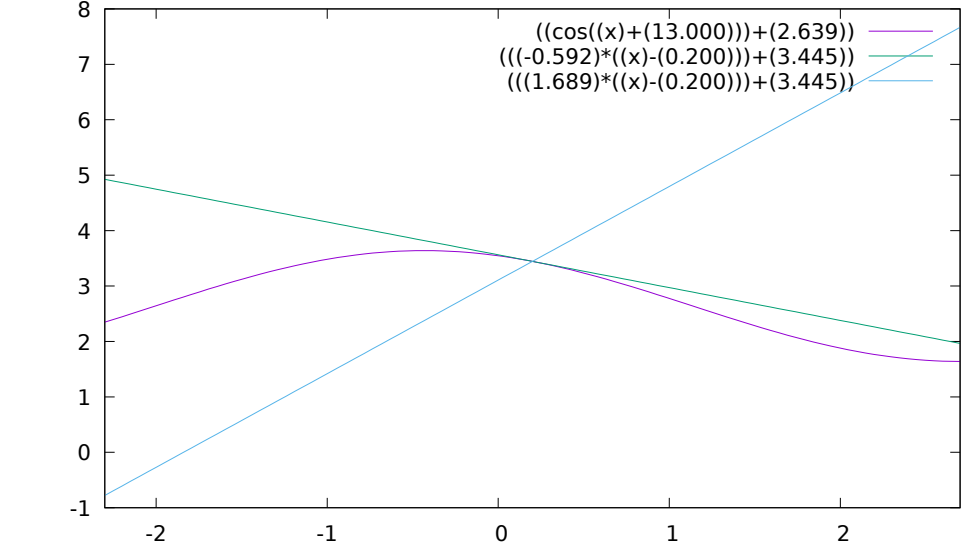
**Equations in the point**    **Tangent equation** in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

$$f(a) = (-0.592) \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$$

**Normal equation** in the point  $a_0 = 0.200$ :

$$f(a) = 1.689 \cdot (a - 0.200) + 3.445$$

Their graphs in  $\delta = 2.50000$  coverage of the point  $a_0 = 0.200000$



## 5 Conclusion

*Ultrarcringeconclusionhere :*