

Hand-in Protocol

SWEN-2 - Tourplanner

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Technical steps & lessons learned

Design Decisions

- 1. Layered Architecture:
 - UI Layer: It was built with JavaFX using the MVVM-Model pattern.
 - Business Layer: It was done with Spring Boot services.
 - o Data Access Layer: We used Spring Data JPA with PostgreSQL.
- 2. PostgreSQL: We selected it for its reliability and advanced query capabilities.
- 3. **Maven**: We used it for project management and dependency resolution.

Patterns - "controller-factory"

One of the design patterns we implemented is the controller-factory: We used the controller-factory for adding the viewmodels to the controllers based on the selection of the screen. While some controllers only have one viewmodel, we assigned to the log-controller both, tour- and log-viewmodel: We want to use the selectedLog from the "previous" screen.

Implementations

- 1. API Integration:
 - We integrated OpenRouteservice.org and OpenStreetMap for route data
 - We used asynchronous tasks to keep the UI responsive.
- 2. Logging:
 - We implemented log4i for monitoring and debugging.
- 3. Data Persistence:
 - We configured Spring Data JPA for ORM with PostgreSQL.

Challenges and Solutions

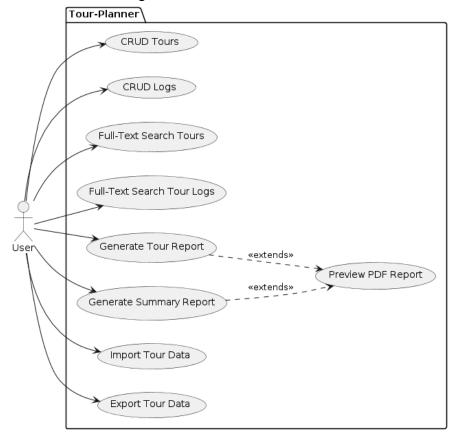
- 1. API Limits:
 - We fixed issues with too many API calls by writing custom requests and handling errors.
- 2. Database Mapping:
 - We improved the way data is stored by refining relationships and ensuring everything matches the database schema. (tourid instead of tour_id → JpaRepository does not recognize the tour_id)

Final Integration

- 1. **Full-Text Search**: A search across tours and logs was implemented that give necessary tours.
- 2. **Report Generation**: The iText-Pdf library was used to create the tour- and summarize-report.
- 3. **Unit Tests**: We have created over 20 unit tests with JUnit for code logic.

UML Use-Case Diagram

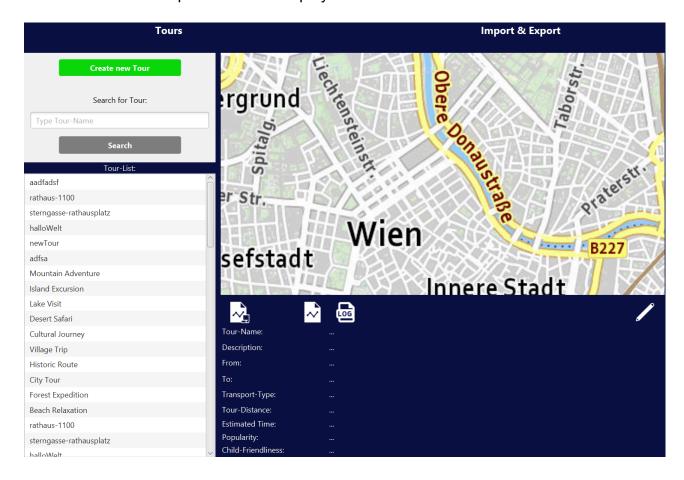
The Use-Case Diagram can be viewed on GitHub too.



UI-Flow

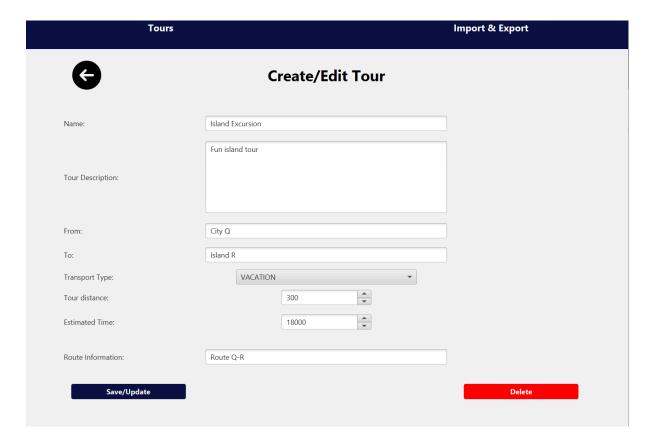
Tours

The user starts at the Tour-screen where they can create a new tour, search for existing tours, or select a tour from the list and view the tour-data in the right bottom of the screen. The map of Vienna is displayed when no tour is selected.



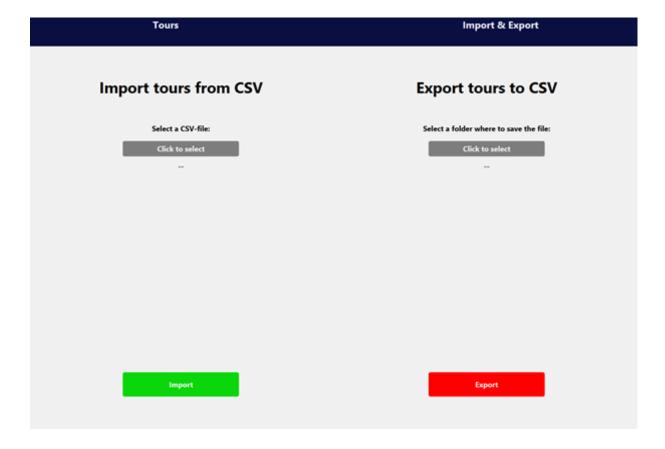
Create/Edit Tour

By clicking on "Create new Tour" or selecting an existing tour, the user is taken to the Create/Edit Tour screen. Here, they can enter or edit tour details such as the name, description, start and end points, transport type, distance, time, and additional information. They can save the tour details with the "Save/Update"-button or delete the tour with the "Delete"-button.



Import and Export

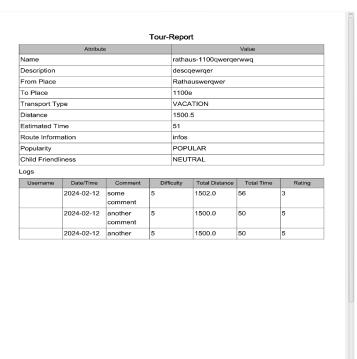
The user can navigate to the Export Tour screen. Here, they can select a folder to save the file, and export all tours to CSV.



Preview of tour- and summarize-report - our unique feature

The user can create a report in which all statistics are displayed and exported to a PDF file. A preview can be displayed to ensure the correctness of the file before it is exported to a local folder. This is our unique feature, which was not required in the project description



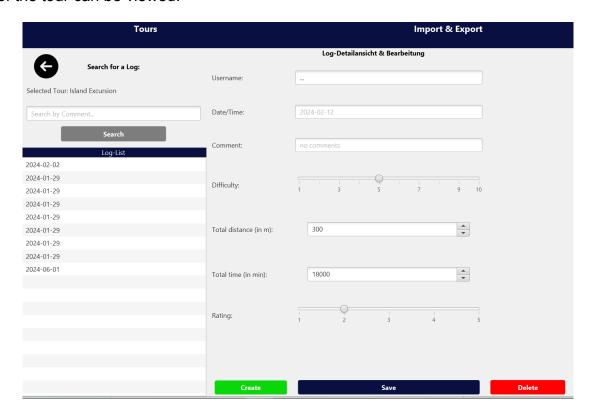




Summarize-Report								
Tour Name	From Place	To Place	Avg Difficulty	Avg Total Time	Avg Total Distance	Avg Rating		
Forest Expedition	City E	Forest F	10,00	10800,00	200,00	4,80		
aadfadsf	dfadfa	dfadfasdfas	10,00	15,00	1500,00	1,00		
rathaus- 1100qwerqerwwq	Rathauswerqwer	1100e	5,00	52,00	1500,67	4,33		
Desert Safari	City G	Desert H	10,00	14400,00	250,75	5,00		

Logs

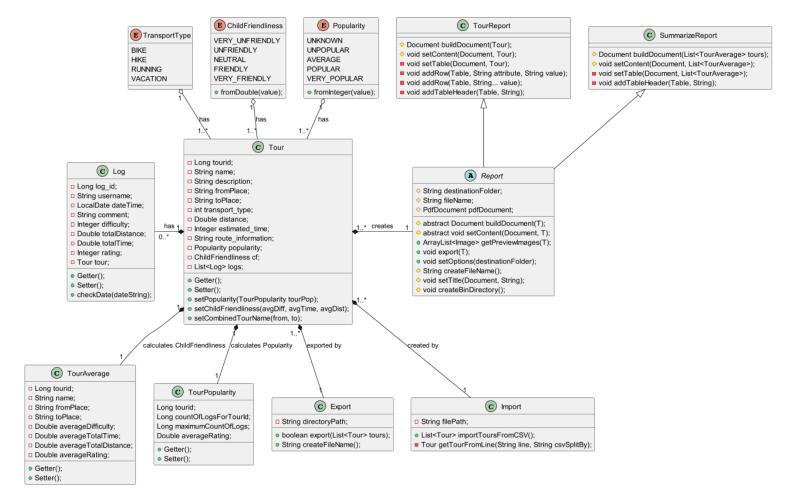
When one tour is selected on the main-screen and the user clicks on the "log"-button, the logs-screen is visible. The tour logs of various users can be viewed here and their statistics such as comments, rating, difficulty, total distance and time of the tour can be viewed.



App Architecture

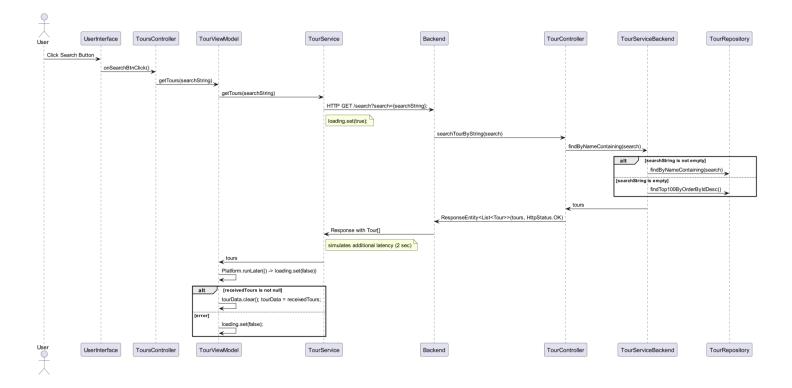
Class diagram

The class diagram can be viewed on GitHub too.



Sequence diagram - full-text search

Again, visit our GitHub repository to view the sequence diagram by higher resolution.



Unit Tests

Because most of the logic was implemented in the Tour- and Log-class many Unit-tests have been created for those two classes.

Our unit tests are selected to validate critical functionalities within the application. They ensure that edge cases such as exporting without data or importing from an empty CSV file are handled properly, which is crucial for robustness. In addition, tests for date validation, tour initialisation and business logic, such as popularity and child-friendliness, ensure the reliability and accuracy of core functions and improve the overall user experience.

Time Spent

Task	hours
Project-planning	18
Designing a GUI-mockup	6
GUI-implementation (only javafx)	20
Implementing the MVVM-pattern	15
Implementing the Controller-factory	8
Creating Unit-tests for business-logic	8
Integration of the database	6
Spring-Boot integration (with controller, service and repository)	15
Creating reports (pdfs)	12
Fetching the streetmap	10
Adding Log4j	3
Import & Export	8
Adding custom requests (full-text-search,)	10
Implementing asynchronous behavior	4
Documentation & Creation of Hand-Ins	20
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Link to Git

https://github.com/VladanPetkovic/tourPlanner