# Lab: Error Handling

Problems for in-class lab for the[Python Advanced Course @SoftUni](https://softuni.bg/trainings/4232/python-advanced-september-2023).

## So Many Exceptions

You are provided with the following code. This code raises many exceptions. Fix it, so it works correctly.

It is given a sequence of numbers, separated by a ", ". Iterate through each number by its index, and if the number is smaller or equal to 5, make a multiplication. If the number is larger than 5 and smaller or equal to 10, divide the result by the number. In the end, print the final result.

numbers\_list = int(input()).split(", ")

result = 1

for i in range(numbers\_list):

number = numbers\_list[i+1]

if number <= 5

result \*= number

elif 5 < number <= 10:

result /= number

print(total)

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 2, 5, 10 | 1.0 |
| 4, 5, 6, 1, 3 | 10.0 |
| 1, 4, 5 | 20.0 |
| 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 | 0.003968253968253968 |

### Hints

First, let us start the program, to see the first exception we will hit:



It is a SyntaxError on line 6 of our code. It is missing the ":" sign. Let us **add it** and again **run** **the program**:



When we put the input code, the program raises a ValueError on line 1. It says that the input data is not of type "int". So, to escape the error, we should remove the int() converter and again run the program:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email

Description automatically generated

Now, the program raises a TypeError on line 4. It says that the list cannot be interpreted as an integer. As you know, when we want to use the range() function, we should give it a start value (integer), an end value (integer), and a step value (integer). However, is given a list as an argument of that function. We should change it, as we want to use the index of the list, not the elements in it. Then, run the program again:

Graphical user interface, text, application

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The program raises a TypeError on line 6. It says that the conditional operator cannot be supported between str and int values. As we can see, the int value is 5, so the string value (number) should be changed to an integer. Let us change all elements in the list to integers at the beginning of the program:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email

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The program now raises an IndexError on line 5. It says that the index is out of the listed range. We can debug that and see that when the "i" value is the last index (2 in this test), the program tries to reach the 3rd index of the list that does not exist. In this case, we want to remove the additional summation of the index:

Graphical user interface, application, Teams

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Now, the program raises a NameError on line 11 saying that the name "total" is not defined. Let us remove that error by adding the right variable name - "result":

Graphical user interface, text, application

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We can see that now we receive the right output and the program finishes with code 0.

## Repeat Text

Write a program that receives a **text** on the first line and **times** (to repeat the text) that must be an **integer**. If the user passes a **non-integer** type for the times variable, handle the exception and print a message   
**"Variable times must be an integer"**.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| Hello  Bye | Variable times must be an integer |
| Hello  2 | HelloHello |

## Value Cannot Be Negative

Create your own exception called ValueCannotBeNegative. Write a program that reads **five numbers** from the console (on separate lines). If a **negative** number occurs, raise the exception.

### Examples

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 1  4  -5  3  10 | Traceback (most recent call last):  File ".\value\_cannot\_be\_negative.py", line 8, in <module>  raise ValueCannotBeNegative  \_\_main\_\_.ValueCannotBeNegative |