

# Sprint 04

Marathon C

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**u**code

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# Engage



## DESCRIPTION

Greetings!

We hope that the previous days gave you a sense of confidence in the lines of code that you write.

Programming is primarily the optimization of various processes and actions. You always need to be ready to work with a lot of data and structuring information. For this, in `C`, there is such a data structure as arrays. They greatly simplify life and make the world a better place.

In this `Sprint`, you will find a lot of information about arrays and derivative things from them.

## BIG IDEA

Structuring data in the program.

## ESSENTIAL QUESTION

What are the ways to competently manage data in `C`?

## CHALLENGE

Learn to use arrays.

# Investigate



## GUIDING QUESTIONS

We invite you to find answers to the following questions. By researching and answering them, you will gain the knowledge necessary to complete the challenge. To find answers, ask the students and search the internet. We encourage you to ask as many questions as possible. Note down your findings and discuss them with your peers.

- Did you enjoy the tasks on pointers?
- How was your **Sprint** yesterday? How many tasks have you completed?
- What topics were unclear to you?
- What is an array?
- What is a dimension in arrays understanding?
- What is a segmentation fault?
- What is sorting? What are the simplest algorithms for sorting numbers?
- How to use algorithms efficiently?
- What is the difference between a character array and a string?

## GUIDING ACTIVITIES

Complete the following activities. Don't forget that you have a limited time to overcome the challenge. Use it wisely. Distribute tasks correctly.

- Repeat the basics from yesterday. Repeat everything you know and do not know about pointers, because you will need them today as well.
- Find information about arrays in **C**. Use arrays in practice.
- Create a multi-dimensional array. Do you know how to fill an array with more than one dimension?
- Clone your git repository that is issued on the challenge page in the LMS. Use `git clone` for this.
- Proceed to the tasks.
- Arrange to brainstorm tasks with other students.
- Try to implement your thoughts in code.

## ANALYSIS

Analyze your findings. What conclusions have you made after completing guiding questions and activities? In addition to your thoughts and conclusions, here are some more analysis results.

- Be attentive to all statements of the story. Examine the given examples carefully. They may contain details that are not mentioned in the task.
- Perform only those tasks that are given in this document.
- Submit your files using the layout described in the story. Only useful files allowed, garbage shall not pass!
- Compile C-files with clang compiler and use these flags:  
`clang -std=c11 -Wall -Wextra -Werror -Wpedantic .`



- Pay attention to what is allowed in a certain task. Use of forbidden stuff is considered a cheat and your tasks will be failed.
- Complete tasks according to the rules specified in the **Auditor**.
- The solution will be checked and graded by students like you. **Peer-to-Peer learning**.
- Also, the challenge will pass automatic evaluation which is called **Oracle**.
- If you have any questions or don't understand something, ask other students or just Google it.
- Use your brain and follow the white rabbit to prove that you are the Chosen one!

# Act: Task 00



## NAME

Print array

## DIRECTORY

t00/

## SUBMIT

mx\_print\_arr\_int.c, mx\_printint.c, mx\_printchar.c

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

write

## DESCRIPTION

Create a function that prints all array numbers to standard output. Each number must be followed by a newline.

## SYNOPSIS

```
void mx_print_arr_int(const int *arr, int size);
```

# Act: Task 01



## NAME

Square root

## DIRECTORY

t01/

## SUBMIT

mx\_sqrt.c

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

Create a function that computes the non-negative square root of `x`.  
Function must compute square root in less than 2 seconds.

## RETURN

Returns the square root of the number `x` if it is natural, and `0` otherwise.

## SYNOPSIS

```
int mx_sqrt(int x);
```

## EXAMPLE

```
mx_sqrt(3); //returns 0  
mx_sqrt(4); //returns 2
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

man time

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

t02/

## SUBMIT

mx\_strchr.c

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

strchr

## SYNOPSIS

```
char *mx_strchr(const char *s, int c);
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

man strchr



```
    11];  
    mx_strncpy(dst, src, 3); //dst now is "yo "
```

## DESCRIPTION

`strcat`

## SYNOPSIS

```
char *mx_strcat(char *s1, const char *s2);
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

`man strcat`

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

```
t05/
```

## SUBMIT

```
mx_sort_arr_int.c
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

## SYNOPSIS

```
void mx_sort_arr_int(int *arr, int size);
```

## EXAMPLE

```
arr = {3, 55, -11, 1, 0, 4, 22};  
mx_sort_arr_int(arr, 7); //arr now is '{-11, 0, 1, 3, 4, 22, 55}'
```

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

```
t06/
```

## SUBMIT

```
mx_atoi.c, mx_isdigit.c, mx_isspace.c
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

## SYNOPSIS

```
int mx_atoi(const char *str);
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

```
man atoi
```

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

```
t07/
```

## SUBMIT

```
mx_count_words.c
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

## RETURN

## SYNOPSIS

```
int mx_count_words(const char *str, char delimiter);
```

## EXAMPLE

```
str = " follow * the white rabbit ";
mx_count_words(str, '*'); //returns 2
mx_count_words(str, ' '); //returns 5
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

## RETURN

## SYNOPSIS

```
int mx_popular_int(const int *arr, int size);
```

## EXAMPLE

```
arr = {2, 2, 4, 4};  
mx_popular_int(arr, 4); //returns 2
```

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

```
t09/
```

## SUBMIT

```
mx_strncmp.c
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

```
strcmp
```

## SYNOPSIS

```
int mx_strncmp(const char *s1, const char *s2, int n);
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

```
man strcmp
```

## NAME

## DIRECTORY

```
t10/
```

## SUBMIT

```
mx_strstr.c, mx_strlen.c, mx_strncmp.c, mx_strchr.c
```

## ALLOWED FUNCTIONS

None

## DESCRIPTION

```
strstr
```

## SYNOPSIS

```
char *mx_strstr(const char *s1, const char *s2);
```

## FOLLOW THE WHITE RABBIT

```
man strstr
```



```
str = "yo, yo, yo Neo";  
sub = "yo";  
mx_count_substr(str, sub); //returns 3
```