



# Computer Vision and Robotics

Presenter: Vladislav Stoimenov, 235030

# Problem Definition

*'Arabidopsis thaliana'* grown in Petri dish

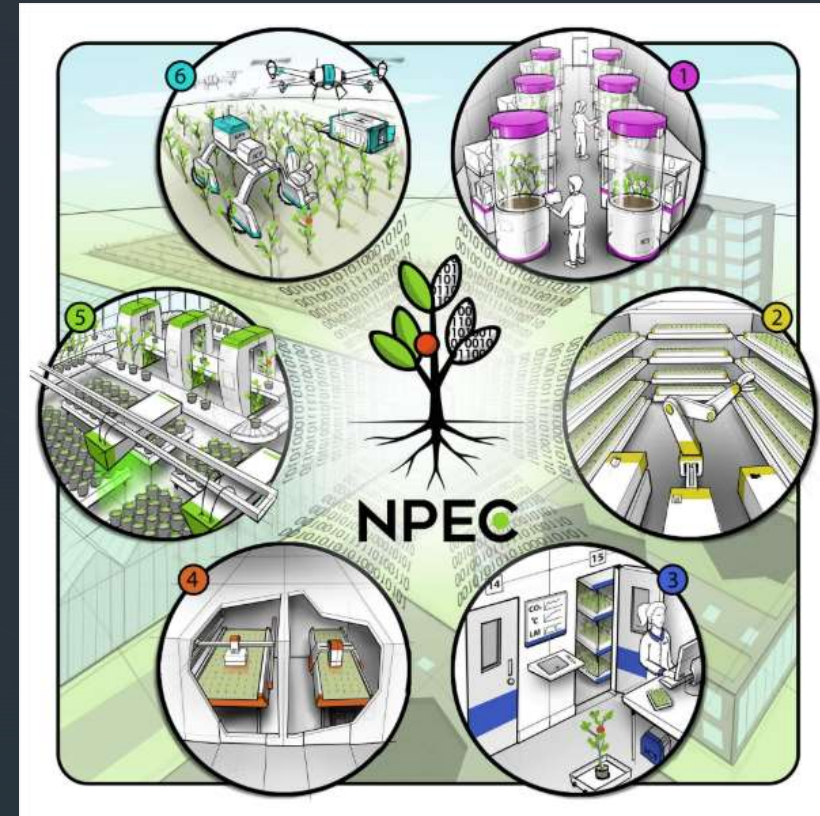


## ❖ Challenges

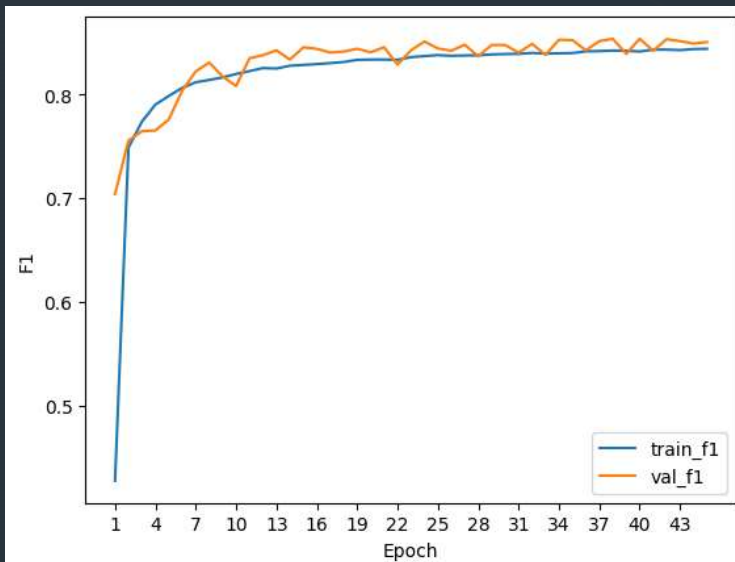
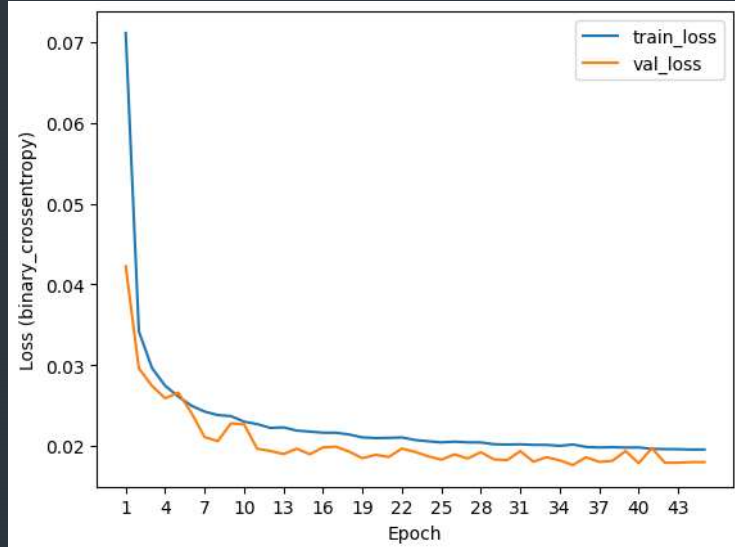
- ❖ Challenge in automating the segmentation of plant roots from high-resolution images and controlling a liquid handling robot to inoculate plants in precise locations
- ❖ Automate root segmentation and precision inoculation in the NPEC Hades system for efficient plant-microbe interaction studies.

# Overview

- ❖ Netherlands Plant Eco-Phenotyping Centre
- ❖ Implemented whole cv and robotics pipeline to inoculate the tip of the plants
- ❖ Reduce time & costs
- ❖ Automate the process of inoculating the plants



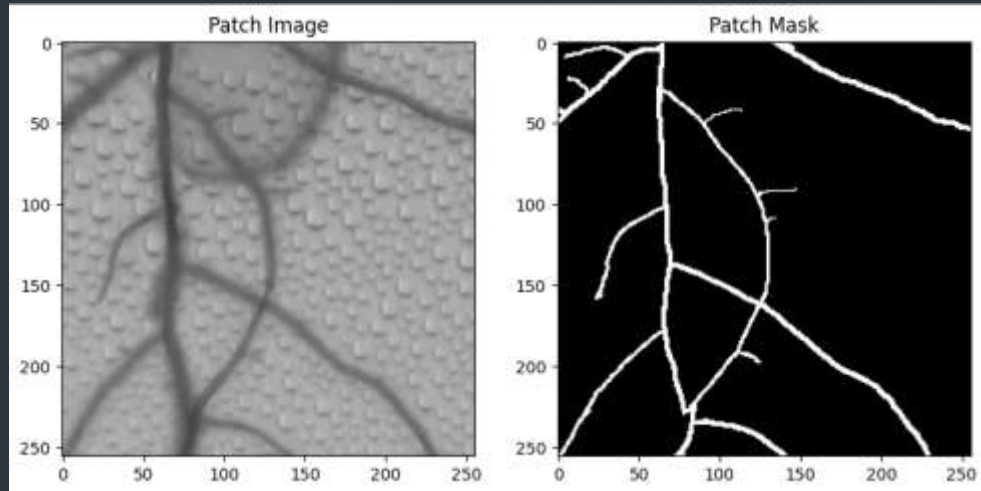
# Results and Evaluation



- ❖ Both Y23 and Y24 datasets
- ❖ Patch\_size = 256
- ❖ Simple U-Net model
- ❖ Model best val\_f1 = 0.853
- ❖ Model best val\_loss = 0.0176

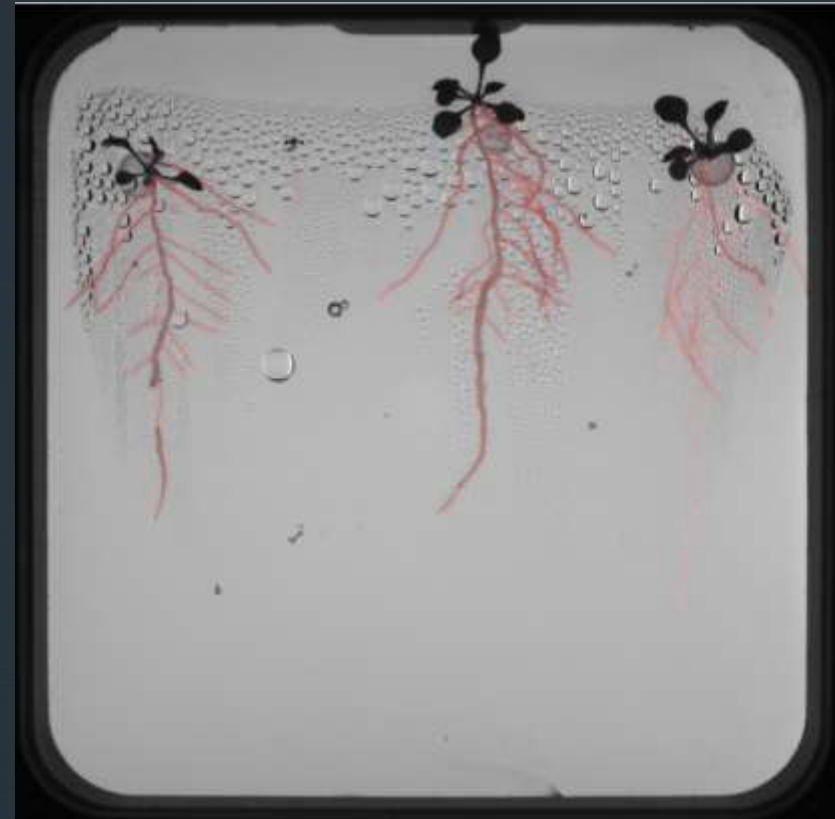
Best validation loss: 0.01761794276535511  
Best validation f1: 0.8537212610244751

Patch Image and Mask



# Results and Evaluation

Overlay of the Test Mask



Task 5 Test Mask





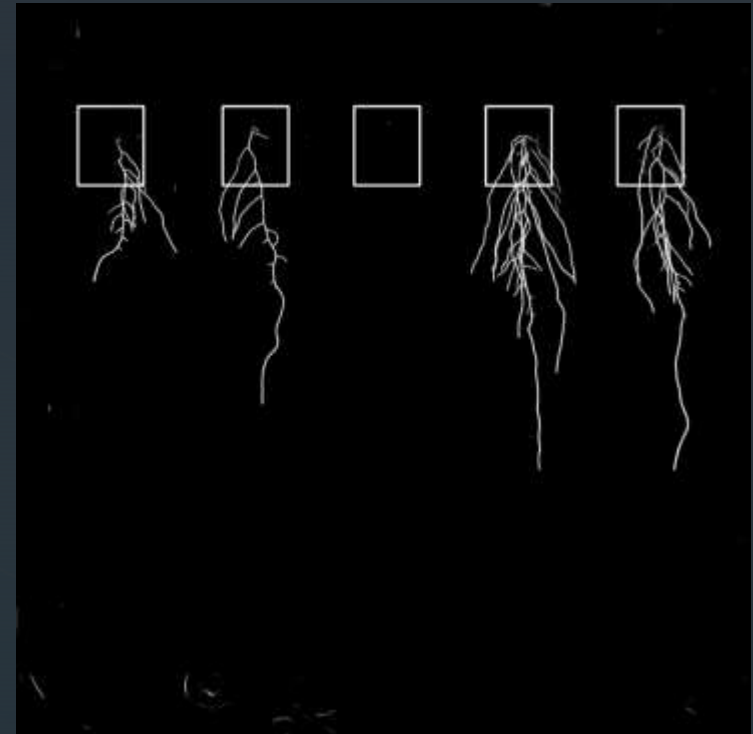
# Best Iteration

- ❖ Patching the Dataset
- ❖ Filtering
- ❖ Training
- ❖ Inference
- ❖ Individual Plant Segmentation
- ❖ Main Root Extraction

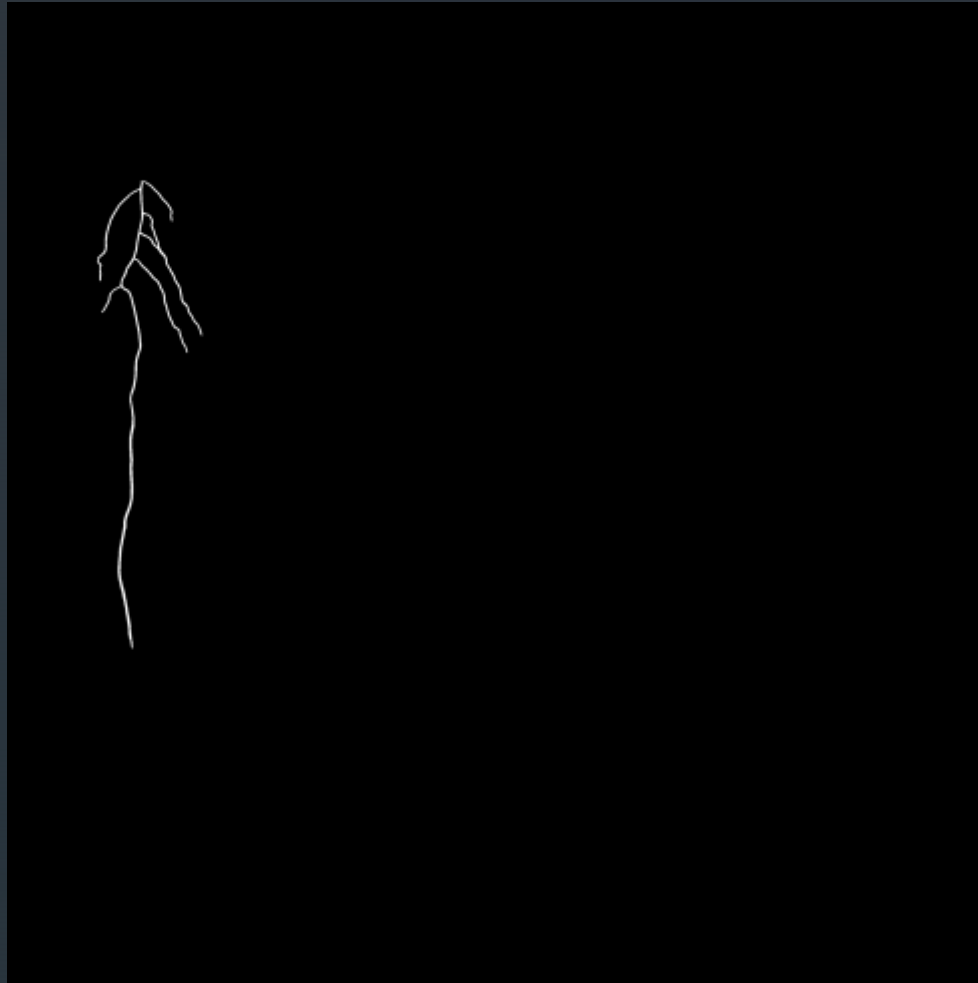
Private SMAPe Score:

8.539

Plant Segmentation Method



Individual Plant Segmented



# Best Iteration

Main Root Length Measure



# Error Analysis and Iteration

- ❖ Removing masks containing only black pixels, leading to better model performance
- ❖ Improve the segmentation of the individual plants
- ❖ Measure the main root length by getting the distance between the first and the last node of the skeleton

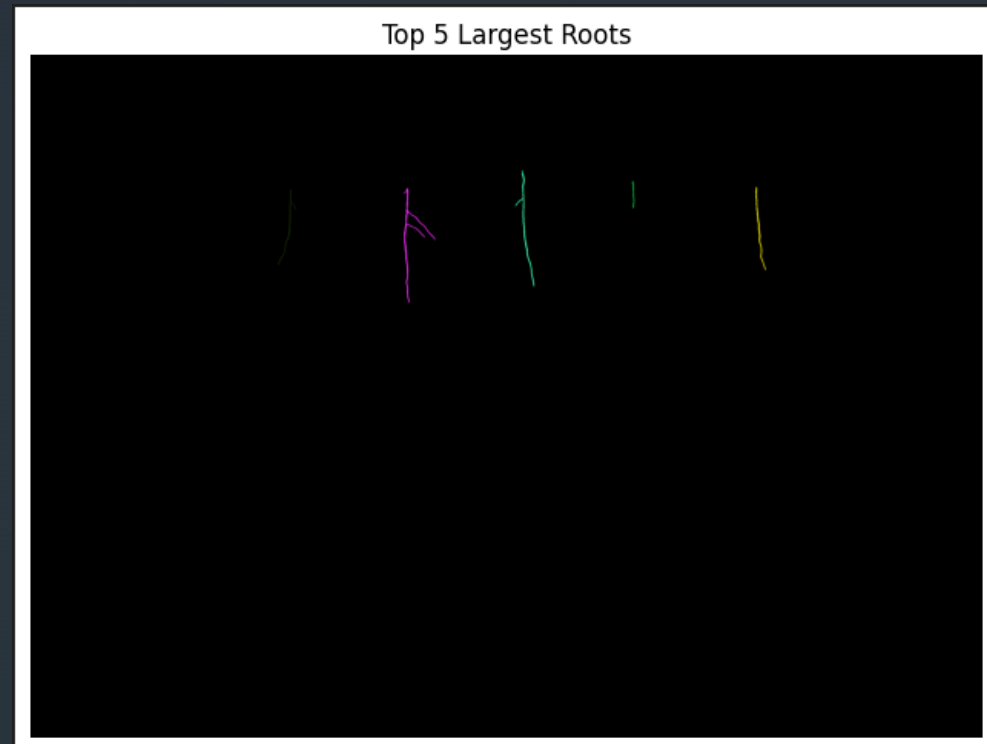




Image 18, Plant 4

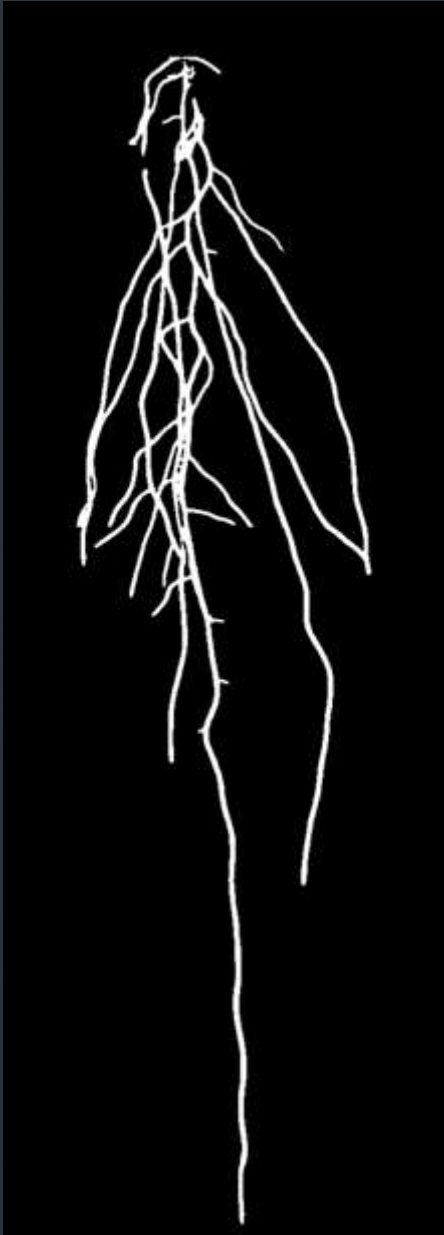
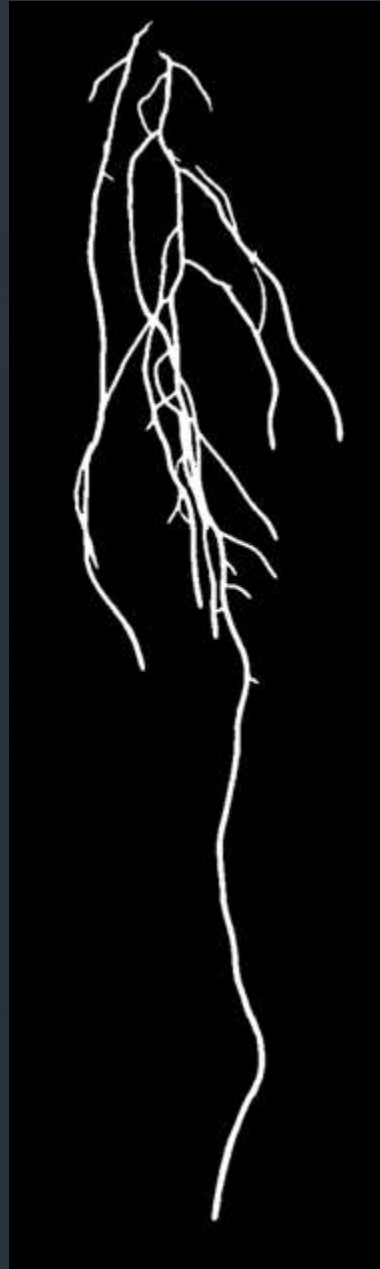
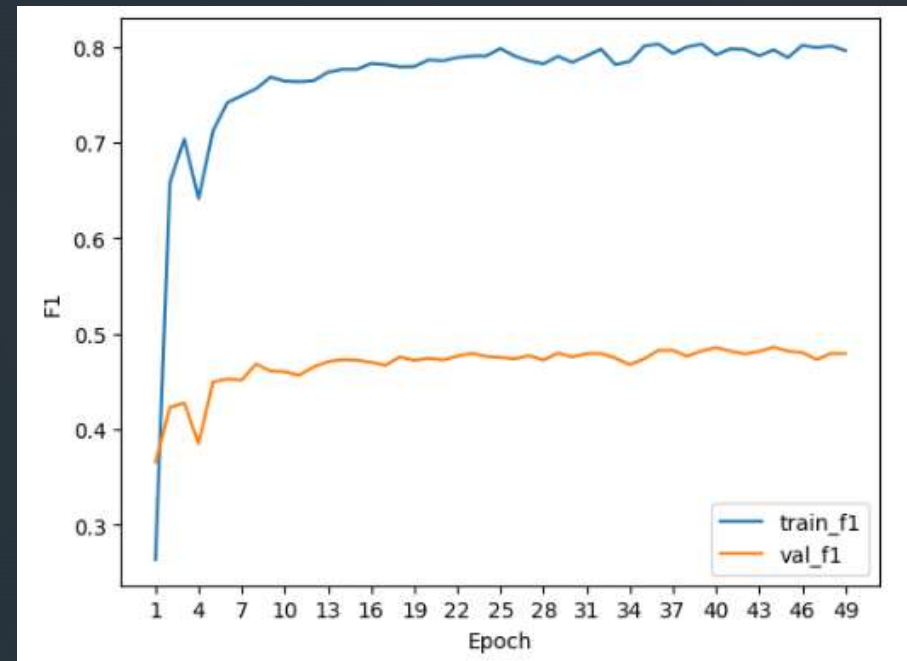


Image 18, Plant 5



Iteration 1 (val\_f1 = 0.48)



## RL Implementation

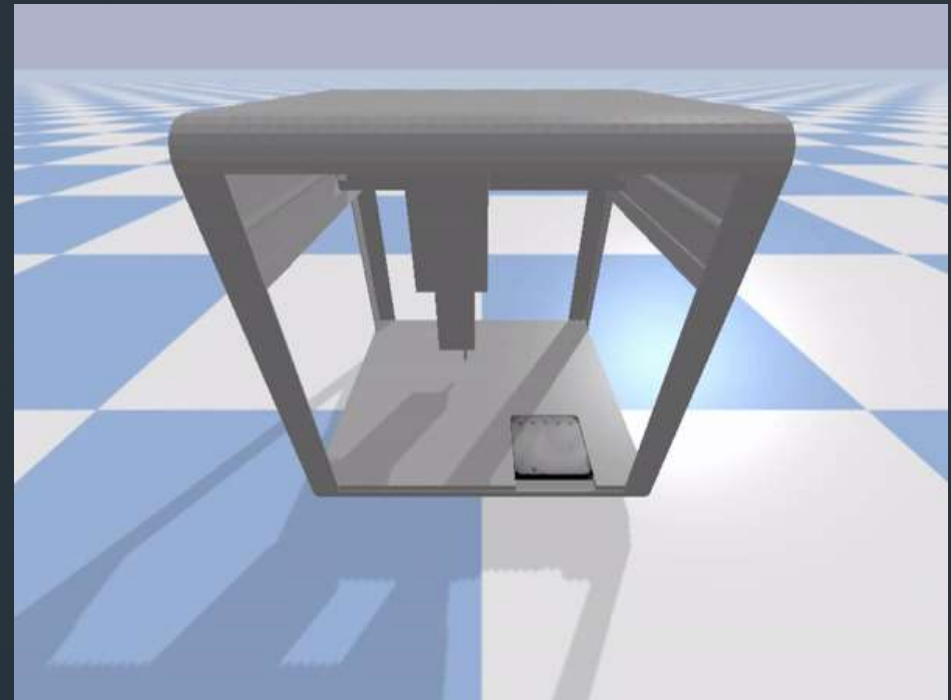


- ❖ Pipette Working Envelope:
  - ❖ X-axis :  $[-0.187; 0.253]$
  - ❖ Y-axis :  $[-0.1705; 0.2199]$
  - ❖ Z-axis :  $[0.1196; 0.2905]$

# Reinforcement Learning

- ❖ 3 models for different rollout steps – 2048, 4096, 8192
- ❖ Threshold – 0.001m (1mm)

Moving the pipette to all 8 corners



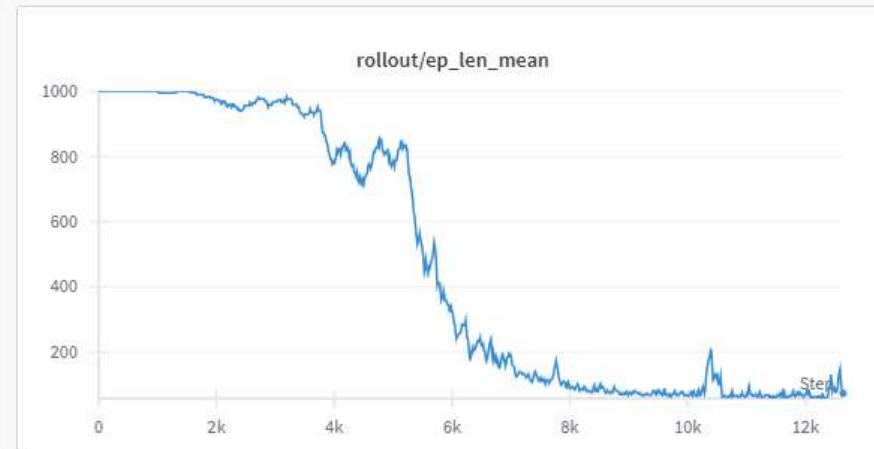
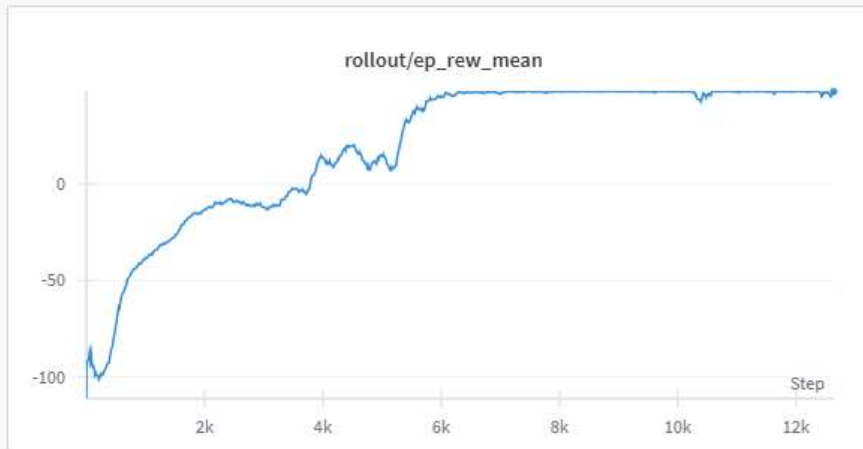
## RL Implementation

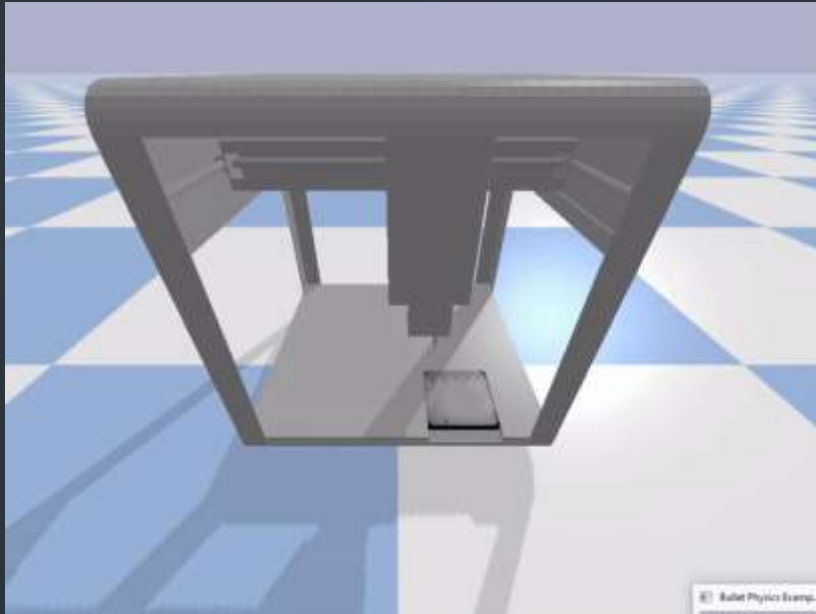


## Model Performance

- ❖ Best model – 4096 Rollout Steps
- ❖ Group best hyper parameters
  - ❖ Learning\_rate = 0.0001;
  - ❖ Discount\_factor=0.99;
  - ❖ Rollout\_steps = 4096

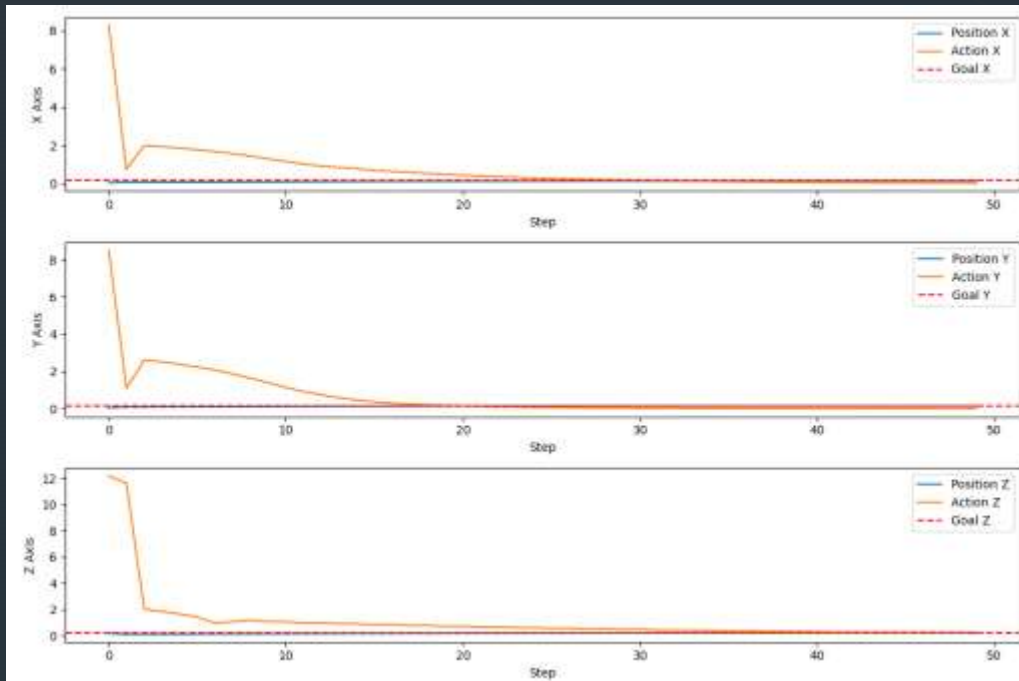
rollout 2





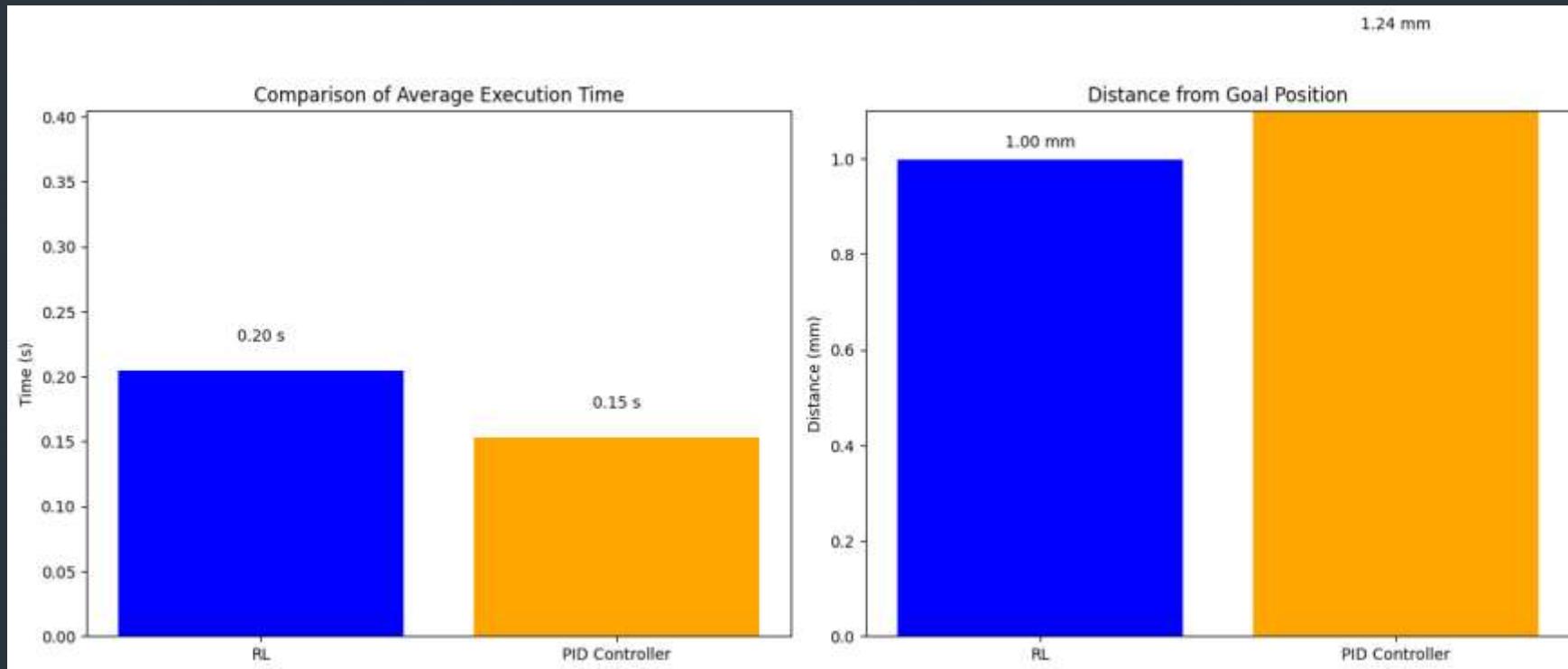
# PID Controller

- ❖ PID Gains for the x, y, z axes
  - ❖  $X = 27, 0.5, 2.8$
  - ❖  $Y = 45, 0.1, 2$
  - ❖  $Z = 18, 2.8, 7.8$
- ❖ Overshooting the goal position



# Benchmarking

- ❖ Comparison between the average speed and distance to the goal position for both RL and Controller
- ❖ Average speed: RL – 0.21, PID – 0.16
- ❖ Average Distance From Goal Position: RL – 1mm, PID – 1.24mm



# Next Steps for Improvement

- ❖ Train better model and RL
- ❖ Improve image pre-processing
- ❖ Experiment with different strategies of measuring the main root length
- ❖ Optimize the gains of the PID Controller
- ❖ Combine all steps of the pipeline in one code





Thank you!

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