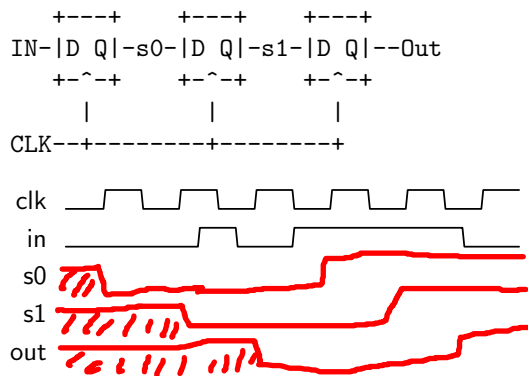
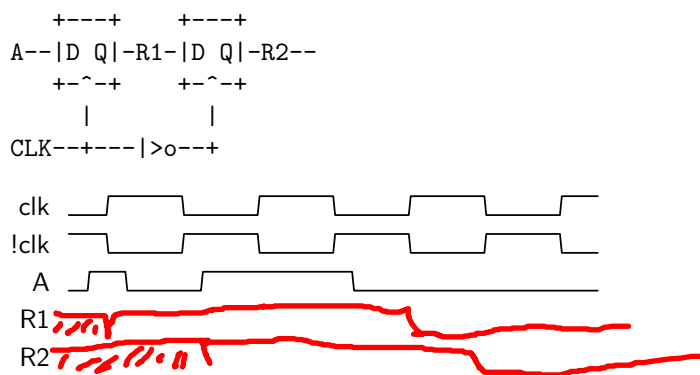


## State

1. Fill out the timing diagram for the circuit below:

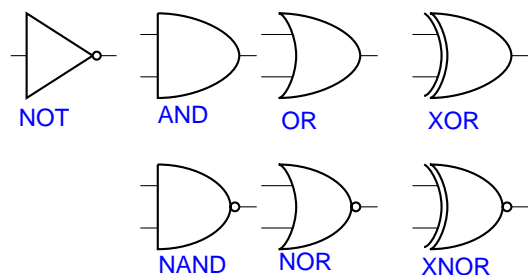


2. Fill out the timing diagram for the circuit below:



## Logic Gates

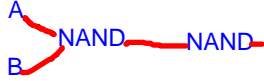
1. Label the following logic gates:



2. Convert the following to boolean expressions:

- (a) NAND  $\sim(AB) + A\sim(B) + \sim(A)B$
- (b) XOR  $A\sim(B) + \sim(A)B$
- (c) XNOR  $\sim(AB) + AB$

3. Create an AND gate using only NAND gates.



4. How many different two-input logic gates can there be? How many n-input logic gates?

16,  $2^{2^n}$

## Boolean Logic

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 1 + A = 1 & A + \bar{A} = 1 & A + AB = A & (A + B)(A + C) = A + BC \\
 0B = 0 & B\bar{B} = 0 & A + \bar{A}B = A + B & \\
 \text{DeMorgan's Law: } \overline{AB} = \bar{A} + \bar{B} & \overline{A + B} = \bar{A}\bar{B} & & 
 \end{array}$$

1. Minimize the following boolean expressions:

(a) Standard:  $(A + B)(A + \bar{B})C = (AA + AB + A\bar{B} + B\bar{B})C = (A(A + B + \bar{B}) + B\bar{B})C = (A(A + 1) + B\bar{B})C = (A + B\bar{B})C = (A + 0)C = AC$

AC

(b) Grouping & Extra Terms:  $\bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + AB\bar{C} + A\bar{B}\bar{C} + ABC + A\bar{B}C$   
 $= \sim(C)((\sim(B) + B)(\sim(A) + A))) + AC(B + \sim(B)) = \sim(C)(1 \& 1) + AC(1) = \sim C + AC = A + \sim C$

(c) DeMorgan's:  $\overline{A(\bar{B}\bar{C} + BC)}$   
 $= \sim(A) + \sim(\sim(B)\sim(C) + BC) = \sim(A) + (B + C)(\sim B + \sim C) = \sim A + B\sim C + C\sim B$