

**Task**

Let  $f_n$  be the Fibonacci sequence. Prove that

$$f_{n-1}f_{n+1} - f_n^2 = (-1)^n$$

**Solution**

Binet's formula:

$$f_n = \frac{\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n}{\sqrt{5}}$$

Then

$$f_{n-1}f_{n+1} - f_n^2 =$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n-1} - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n-1}}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n+1} - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^{n+1}}{\sqrt{5}} - \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n}{\sqrt{5}}\right)^2 =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \left( \left( \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n-1} - \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n-1} \right) \cdot \left( \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} - \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^{n+1} \right) - \left( \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right)^2 \right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2n} \cdot 5} \left( \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^{n-1} - (1-\sqrt{5})^{n-1} \right) \cdot \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^{n+1} - (1-\sqrt{5})^{n+1} \right) - \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^n - (1-\sqrt{5})^n \right)^2 \right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2n} \cdot 5} \left( \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^{2n} + (1-\sqrt{5})^{2n} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n-1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n+1} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n+1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n-1} \right) - \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^{2n} + (1-\sqrt{5})^{2n} - 2(1+\sqrt{5})^n(1-\sqrt{5})^n \right) \right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2n} \cdot 5} \left( (1+\sqrt{5})^{2n} + (1-\sqrt{5})^{2n} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n-1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n+1} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n+1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n-1} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{2n} - (1-\sqrt{5})^{2n} + 2(1+\sqrt{5})^n(1-\sqrt{5})^n \right) =$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{2n} \cdot 5} \left( 2(1+\sqrt{5})^n(1-\sqrt{5})^n - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n-1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n+1} - (1+\sqrt{5})^{n+1}(1-\sqrt{5})^{n-1} \right) =$$

$$\frac{(1-5)^{n-1}}{2^{2n} \cdot 5} \left( 2(1-\sqrt{5})(1+\sqrt{5}) - (1-\sqrt{5})^2 - (1+\sqrt{5})^2 \right) =$$

$$\frac{(-4)^{n-1}}{4^n \cdot 5} \left( 2(1-\sqrt{5})(1+\sqrt{5}) - (6-2\sqrt{5}) - (6+2\sqrt{5}) \right) =$$

$$\frac{(-4)^{n-1}}{4^n \cdot 5} \left( -8 - 6 - 6 \right) =$$

$$\frac{(-4)^{n-1}}{4^n \cdot 5} (-20) = (-1)^n$$