Cxogunor purple Dyrol & rothe

Cyoqunor purple Dyrol & rothe

Cyoqunor purple Dyrol & rothe

Cyoqunor purple Call-TI, TI; C) Paramopun

enserpurpun Dyrol Call-2T St(A) e dx. For unsufan empleven $\forall A \in L_1(-17, 17; C)$.

Before 1. Denefore, 40 (n > 0 (n > 20). Peureure: Boundupponie ulump Pamer Neumal(Puuran) Euro gynnym 464, (9,6) to $\lim_{p\to\infty} \{ f(x) \le n p x dx = 0 \}$ $\lim_{p\to\infty} \int_{a}^{b} \varphi(x) \cos px \, dx = 0$ Dengateroroho: Pyro y(x) - henteparlino quepoperationer que, le CI [a, 6].
Torfa, underpropore to ravery, wayraem: $\int \varphi(n) \sin p \times dn = -\frac{1}{p} \int \varphi(n) d \cos p \propto dx =$ $=-\frac{1}{p}\varphi(x)\,\omega s\,px\,\Big|_{\alpha}^{\beta}+\frac{1}{p}\int\varphi(sc)\,\omega s\,px\,dx=$ $= \frac{1}{p} (\varphi(a) w p \alpha - \varphi(b) (w p b) + \frac{1}{p} \int \psi(a) w p \alpha) dx$ myun upm p-920 Be ment whenever cop ke

19 vo renefo (+ La, 6). Hawman, 100 une volo (+ La, 6). navoro 6 L 1(a, 6). Thornoung 4 € >0 3 YE € C4[a,6]: $\int |\varphi(n)| - |\varphi_{\varepsilon}(x)| \, dx < \frac{\varepsilon}{z} \quad \text{Torpa}$ $\int |\varphi(n)| \sin p\pi \, dx \leq |\int |\varphi(n)| - |\varphi_{\varepsilon}(n)| \sin px \, dx + |\varphi_{\varepsilon}(n)| \sin px \, dx = |\varphi_{\varepsilon}(n)| + |\varphi_{$ < SIAIN-YE(N) dx + | See (u) sin pre dx | = = + | See (u) hin prodx Broker amalund crplante kuyuw Mr p > 20, T.e. FP. tp>P | Sue (a) supredal < = Cupharenson : | SU(x) sin pxdx | < E, T.e. $\int \varphi(x) \sin px dx \rightarrow 0 (p \rightarrow \infty).$ Avannum graafanheirel, no Syla) cuspredx => 0 (p->2). Torfa, no popunjun Zünlfar $\int_{a}^{b} f(x)e^{-i\mu x} dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(u) \cdot wsuxdx - i \int_{a}^{b} f(u) \sin x dx - i \int_{a}^{b} f$

ryro f = L1 (-11,11), f~ Z Cu eiux The Cn = I st(t)e-int dt - versepre. Pyrhe Rescount for revolute upon The (x):

Su(x) = Z Ck eikx = Z (2T (4H)e dt)e =

THEN THEN $= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{4(t)}{2\pi} \left[\sum_{|K| \le n} e^{iK(x-t)} dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\sum_{|K| \le n} e^{iK(x-t)} dt \right] \right]$ Liki=n ik.a = $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ $\frac{2n+1}{2}a$ Douglas Live & OSognam e ia = P $\sum_{\substack{|K| \leq n}} e^{ika} = \sum_{\substack{|K| \leq n}} p^{K} = p^{-n} + p^{-n+1} + p^{n-1} + p^{n} = 0$ $|K| \leq n \qquad |K| \leq n \qquad |$ $= \frac{e^{i(n+1)}a - ina}{e^{i(n+1)}a - e^{i(n+1)}a} = \frac{e^{i(n+1)}a - i(\frac{2n+1}{2})a}{e^{i(n+1)}a - e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a}$ $= \frac{e^{i(n+1)}a - e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a}{e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a - e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a} = \frac{e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a}{e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a} = \frac{e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}a}{e^{i(\frac{2n+1}{2})}$ (e¹/₂ - e¹/₂)/2i Sin Ch Copingua Frinka

 $S_{n}(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) \frac{\sin \frac{2n+1}{2}(t-x)}{2 \sin \frac{t-x}{2}} dt =$ $= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(t) D_n(t-x) dt = 2(f * D_n)(x)$ If $D_n(x) = \frac{2n+1}{2}x$ $\frac{\sin \frac{2n+1}{2} x}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2}}$ Dupuyul Su(2) = # St(+) Du (+->c) dt. (1) Cleaner Jameny t-x=Z. Aprhyme-27-heprographan. Rougheren: The Su(x)= 1 (x+2) Du(2) dz= + (x+2) Du(2) dz 3anerum, no $\# \int D_n(z)dz = -\frac{1}{2\pi} \int \frac{1}{|z| \leq n} dz = 1$ MOZTO my hapmonto Su(2)-f(2) mouno gameato: $S_{u}(x) - \frac{1}{4}(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left[\frac{1}{x} (x+2) - \frac{1}{x} (x) \right] D_{u}(x) dx(2)$ Cyrum high Dypole ZCu-einx colinggoet a whylever unterferen Dupuxae Whylm (1) 1 20 (B cureus walnus zvarens)

3 afores 2. (17 punisun vous injargum). Cxoquero to huga type, T. e. coplaineme le infuso marin (2), in cyruma prifa type & torne x, T. e. in pegere unt-erfana Dupuxul (1) npu h >>>, zalmeet erfana Dupuxul (1) npu h >>>, zalmeet unto ot znaremin grynagure f la modors, unub ot znaremin grynagure f la modors, Clearly gragin manen okhermonan Os (sc). Peurenie: Uz denum Purang Cuffen, no 48>0 ff(x+z) sin 2n+1 z dz S<121<IT 2n+1 z (u-x) S(f(x+2)-f(k)) lin 2 n+1 2 -> 0
2 sin = (n-720) Rochauly offen Isint , f(x+t)-f(x) ebunewars unterfufyen ha [-17, 5] u JJ, TZ. Notround, exogenmont (1) u (2) (k mjuro). sufficientes accommentations guerem gryndering for the barns when f los(x) = (x-5, x+5), T.e. barns when Munisia ushaungengum. 3 vant, lunghe opphysom of (2) 4 g (2)
cobresent 6 velevopom ocherowa US (20) tormy 20, to our innews ogunahrhame cymme; purfol expose, knowfare exogret as usu pacxo-

get a ogwolpeneum Texpensed Pyroto & EZ_1(-11,117) u 6 vorus xt(-11,117) burnsureno y combine Dune: 7 5 > 0: $\int \left| \frac{f(x+z)-f(u)}{z} \right| dz < \infty.$ Tonfu $S_n(x) \rightarrow f(x) (n \rightarrow 20)$.

Dua-bo: 3 a munery (2) & lunge: $S_n(x) - f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{f(x+2) - f(x)}{z} \frac{z}{2\sin \frac{z}{2}} \ln \frac{2n+1}{2} dz$ Torse gymmes $y(2) = \frac{1}{2}(x+2)-\frac{1}{2}(x)$. $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ The $\frac{2}{9\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}} \rightarrow 1(2 \rightarrow 0)$. Torpu we deduce Privary $\frac{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}} \rightarrow 1(x) \rightarrow 0(x \rightarrow 2).$ Tespans 2. My ro $f \in L_{1}(-17,77)$ u f = 7. $x \in [-11,77]$ Tespans $\frac{2}{\sin^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{1}{2} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}} \cos^{\frac{3}{2}}$ $\int \left| \frac{1.(x+2) - f(x-0)}{2} \right| dz < \infty, \int \left| \frac{f(x+2) - f(x+0)}{2} \right| dz < \infty$ Ne f(2e-0) y f(2e+0) - rebut u npahami Whylerbe grynn f(x) f(x) f(x+0) f(x+0) f(x+0).

Deneparturation lypo Dupux une $D_u(2)$
restante griphistant, visto und $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int \frac{\sin \frac{2u+1}{2}}{2\sin \frac{z}{2}} dz = \frac{1}{\pi} \int \frac{\sin \frac{2u+1}{2}}{2\sin \frac{z}{2}} dz$ Or sour! $= \frac{1}{\pi} \int \left[\frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right] \frac{2\pi i \sqrt{\frac{2}{x+1}}}{2\pi i \sqrt{\frac{2}{x}}} dz + \frac{1}{\pi i \sqrt{\frac{2}{x+2}}} \frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+2} \frac{1}{x+2} dz$ Omete, & alwy reduced by infrar.

When for a fewer with the infrar. Cufully Py of $f(x) \in Z_1(-\pi,\pi)$. Puf type $Z \in C_0 \in C_0$ exogures beautin to use XE[-TI,TI], & kvorbon oppnagent, & wellet wellen u upably o whosphythank $4_{\Lambda}(\chi)$, $4_{\Pi}(\chi)$ (B fakux Fortarx gygnigua f(x) uneer hefful 1-vo froger, T. R. J 4(x-0), 4(x+v). B zoux Forbarx Cyclims fryn Dybre falmer S(xe) en m-tode i interprete falmer \$(2), ecom x-som herbefuhno on u 4(x-0)+4(u+0), ecm x-50nh hyporla. Curtifum 2. Em $f(x) \in C^{1}[-77,77]$ u ubustal 2π -refunfactions grapm, so in x (4(-7)=4(77)) $f(x) = \sum_{u \in Z} Cu \cdot C$

Pastefen Zoforn vy govannen Jefaml 3 afora 1. Pyro 4, 9 € L2 (- 17, 77; C) umeno bersqueper Aprile (n(1) u (u(g). Hairon kvserpyer Arpbe (n(4.9). Venoure. By whoher 1414.9(1) = = (14(+) + 19(+)) Confres, no \$(21.9(2) \in \(\lambda_1, \(\tau_1, \tau_1, \(\tau_1, \tau_1, \(\tau_1, \tau_1, \(\tau_1, \tau_1, \tau_2, \) onfreder kerseprisons frejoer:

Ch (f.g) = 2t (f(t)g(t). e dt. lansumu ouperfereure chepray. $[4*g](z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int f(x) \cdot g(x-t) dt$. Parcuns from appropries $g(x) = g(-x) \cdot e$ Myore $f_{\kappa}(x) = (f * g_{\kappa})(x)$. διων σμημη, πο $C_n(F_K) = C_n(4) \cdot C_n(g_K)$:

3 απογιως, πο $C_n(g_K) = \frac{1}{2π} \int_{-π}^π g(-t) e^{iκt} e^{-int}$ $= \frac{1}{2π} \int_{-π}^π g(t) e^{-i(κ-n)t} dt = C_{κ-n}(g)$ Cufohaterburg: Cn(Fx) = Cn(4)·Cx-n(9)

3amerum, 200 Fx (0) = 5th (4)g(+)-e-ikt = Cx(4.g) Compani cropiona $F_{k}(0)$ balano high Pyrae grynagum $F_{k}(x)$ & 7. x=0, 7.8. $F_{\kappa}(0) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} c_n(F_{\kappa}) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} c_n(A) \cdot C_{\kappa-n}(g)$ Cufulwanturo: CK (f.g) = Z (u(f). (K-u(f))
Roman 00... V u. 10.: Roughelen Kun: Other: (n(f.g)= Z Cx(f). Cn-x(g). Boundary Romanojohamil exoguments. Jula Depthe grown Fx(2)6 tork 2C=0. 3 ofora 2. Pyros $f(x) + L_1(-11, 11)$. Meni Tuch Just tappe graphen Greek when $f_h(x) = \overline{gh} f_h(x) dt$ (upfromare ord, 200 $f - 2\pi$ - he profusedom) x-h $\frac{\text{Peurul: 3aweng: } t = x+2}{2 + x+h}$ $\frac{f_h(x) = \frac{1}{2h} \int_{x-h}^{x+h} 4(x+2) dx}{f(x+2) dx}$ Torfa: $\int_{x-h}^{x+h} \frac{f(x+2)}{f(x+2)} dx$

 $\frac{10\text{ ye}}{\text{Cn}(4h)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{$

Menselm no prefore unterforhame. $=\frac{1}{2\pi^2h}\int\int\int dx/(x+z)e^{-ihx}dx)dz=$ Densem be buystennem unsepan July y=x+2 $=\frac{1}{2h}\int \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\int 4(y)e^{-in(y-2)}dy\right)dz=$ $=\frac{2h}{h}\int_{h}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right) e^{-iy} dy\right) dz =$ $=\frac{1}{2h}\int_{h}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right) e^{-iy} dy\right) dz =$ $=\frac{1}{2h}\int_{h}^{\pi} e^{-ix} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right) e^{-iy} dy\right) dz =$ (Bomonyobamics, 271-reprogramont 1/4/e (4) = Ch(f). \frac{1}{2h} \ \ \ einz \ \ d = Cy/f. \frac{1}{2h} \ \ \ in \ |-h. = Cu(4) 1/4. (einh -inh) = Cu(4). Sinhh
nh When: Cu(fh) = Cu(f). Sinhh Broke heurence (hepopulanture) Pyra $f(x) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} c_n e^{iux} (pf type)$ [x-4,70+4] Mountalnfufu ho x

 $\frac{f_h(x)}{f_h(x)} = \frac{1}{2h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n e^{int} \right) dt = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{int} dt = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{int} dt = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2h} \left(\frac{e^{int}}{h} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2h} - \frac{1}{2h} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2h} - \frac{1}{2h} \right) = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot h} \left(\frac{e^{int}}{h} - \frac{1}{2h} \right) = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot h} \left(\frac{1}{2h} - \frac{1}{2h} \right) = \frac{1}{2h} \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} C_n \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot h} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \cdot h$

Hegpopularbuse persone Josem 1.

Pyro $f(x) = \sum_{h \in \mathbb{Z}} c_h(4) \cdot e^{inx}$ her $g(n) = \sum_{k \in 2} c_k(g) \cdot e^{ikx}$ $f(x) \cdot g(x) = \sum_{n \in \mathcal{U}} c_n(4) e^{inx} \times \sum_{n \in \mathcal{U}} c_n(g) e^{inx} =$ $= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} c_{k}(4) c_{n-k}(g) \right) e^{in x}$ Orban: Culf.g) = Z (k(f). Cu-k(g). Orochoham! SN(1) = Z CKH/einx SN(g) = Z CK(g) einx Toyla $S_N(x) \rightarrow f \ b \ 22(-\pi,\pi)$ $S_N(g) \rightarrow g \ b \ 22(-\pi,\pi)$ 406: Su(4) Su(g) -> f.g & L1(-11,11). Dur-ho: [|Sn/4]. Sn/g) - 4.9 dx = 4[Sw(4) (Sw(g)-g) dx+/ [(Sw(4)-4)g/dx <

