1. 🥞

The first example shows the goal scored by a player with the last name 'Bender'. The \* says to list all the columns in the table - a shorter way of saying matchid, teamid, player, gtime

Modify it to show the *matchid* and *player* name for all goals scored by Germany. To identify German players, check for: teamid = 'GER'

SELECT matchid, player FROM goal WHERE teamid = 'GER'

# Correct answer

1008	Mario Gómez
1010	
1010	Mario Gómez
1010	Mario Gómez
1012	Lukas Podolski
1012	Lars Bender
1026	Philipp Lahm
1026	Sami Khedira
	1012 1012 1026

Submit SQL

Restore default

2



From the previous query you can see that Lars Bender's scored a goal in game 1012. Now we want to know what teams were playing in that match.

Notice in the that the column matchid in the goal table corresponds to the id column in the game table. We can look up information about game 1012 by finding that row in the game table.

#### Show id, stadium, team1, team2 for just game 1012

SELECT id,stadium,team1,team2 FROM game WHERE id = 1012;

## Correct answer

id	stadium	team1	team2
1012	Arena Lviv	DEN	GER

Submit SQL

Restore default

3.



You can combine the two steps into a single query with a JOIN .

SELECT \*
FROM game JOIN goal ON (id=matchid)

The FROM clause says to merge data from the goal table with that from the game table. The ON says how to figure out which rows in game go with which rows in goal - the matchid from goal must match id from game. (If we wanted to be more clear/specific we could say ON (game.id=goal.matchid)

The code below shows the player (from the goal) and stadium name (from the game table) for every goal scored.

Modify it to show the player, teamid, stadium and mdate for every German goal.

```
SELECT player,teamid,stadium,mdate
FROM game JOIN goal ON (id=matchid)
WHERE goal.teamid = 'GER';
```

# Submit SQL

Restore default

player	teamid	stadium	mdate		
Mario Gómez	GER	Arena Lviv	2012-06-09T00:00:00		
Mario Gómez	GER	Metalist Stadium	2012-06-13T00:00:00		
Mario Gómez	GER	Metalist Stadium	2012-06-13T00:00:00		
Lukas Podolski	GER	Arena Lviv	2012-06-17T00:00:00		
Lars Bender	GER	Arena Lviv	2012-06-17T00:00:00		
Philipp Lahm	GER	PGE Arena Gdansk	2012-06-22T00:00:00		
Sami Khedira	GER	PGE Arena Gdansk	2012-06-22T00:00:00		

4



Use the same JOIN as in the previous question.

Show the team1, team2 and player for every goal scored by a player called Mario player LIKE 'Mario%'

FROM game JOIN goal ON (id=matchid)
WHERE player LIKE 'Mario%';

Submit SQL

Restore default

team1	team2	player
GER	POR	Mario Gómez
NED	GER	Mario Gómez
NED	GER	Mario Gómez
IRL	CRO	Mario Mandžukic
IRL	CRO	Mario Mandžukic
ITA	CRO	Mario Mandžukic
ITA	IRL	Mario Balotelli



The table eteam gives details of every national team including the coach. You can JOIN goal to eteam using the phrase goal JOIN eteam on teamid=id

Show player, teamid, coach, gtime for all goals scored in the first 10 minutes gtime<=10

SELECT player, teamid, coach, gtime FROM goal join eteam ON (goal.teamid = id) WHERE gtime<=10

Submit SQL

Restore default

player	teamid	coach	gtime
Petr Jirácek	CZE	Michal Bilek	3
Václav Pilar	CZE	Michal Bilek	6
Mario Mandžukic	CRO	Slaven Bilic	3
Fernando Torres	ESP	Vicente del Bosque	4





To JOIN game With eteam you could use either game JOIN eteam ON (team1=eteam.id) or game JOIN eteam ON (team2=eteam.id)

Notice that because id is a column name in both game and eteam you must specify eteam.id instead of just id

List the dates of the matches and the name of the team in which 'Fernando Santos' was the team1 coach.

```
SELECT mdate, teamname
FROM game JOIN eteam ON (team1=eteam.id)
WHERE eteam.id IN (SELECT id FROM eteam WHERE coach = 'Fernando Santos');
```

## Correct answer

mdate	teamname
2012-06-12T00:00:00	Greece
2012-06-16T00:00:00	Greece

Submit SQL

Restore default



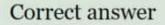
Warsaw'

List the player for every goal scored in a game where the stadium was 'National Stadium,

SELECT player FROM goal JOIN game ON (matchid = id) WHERE stadium = 'National Stadium, Warsaw';

Submit SQL

Restore default



player

Dimitris Salpingidis

Robert Lewandowski Jakub Blaszczykowski

Alan Dzagoev

Giorgos Karagounis Cristiano Ronaldo

Mesut Özil



The example query shows all goals scored in the Germany-Greece quarterfinal.

Instead show the name of all players who scored a goal against Germany.

#### HINT

```
SELECT DISTINCT player
FROM goal JOIN game ON matchid = id
WHERE goal.teamid != 'GER' AND
(team1 IN (SELECT team1 FROM game WHERE team1 = 'GER')
OR team2 IN(SELECT team2 FROM game WHERE team2 = 'GER'))
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

## Correct answer

#### player

Dimitris Salpingidis Georgios Samaras

....

Mario Balotelli

Michael Krohn-Dehli

Robin van Persie



Show teamname and the total number of goals scored.

COUNT and GROUP BY

SELECT teamname, COUNT(player)
FROM eteam JOIN goal ON id=teamid
GROUP BY teamname
ORDER BY teamname

Submit SQL

Restore default

4
4
4
5
3
10
5

10. 🥯

Show the stadium and the number of goals scored in each stadium.

SELECT stadium, COUNT(player)
FROM game JOIN goal ON goal.matchid = game.id
GROUP BY stadium;

Submit SQL

Restore default

stadium	
Arena Lviv	9
Donbass Arena	7.
Metalist Stadium	7
National Stadium, Warsaw	9
Olimpiyskiy National Sports Complex	14
PGE Arena Gdansk	13
Stadion Miejski (Poznan)	8

# 11. 🕮

For every match involving 'POL', show the matchid, date and the number of goals scored.

```
SELECT matchid, mdate, COUNT(player)
FROM game JOIN goal ON matchid = id
WHERE (team1 = 'POL' OR team2 = 'POL')
GROUP BY matchid, mdate
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

	mdate	matchid
2	2012-06-08T00:00:00	1001
2	2012-06-12T00:00:00	1004
1	2012-06-16T00:00:00	1005

# 12.

For every match where 'GER' scored, show matchid, match date and the number of goals scored by 'GER'

```
SELECT matchid, mdate, COUNT(player)
FROM game JOIN goal ON matchid = id
WHERE (teamid = 'GER')
GROUP BY matchid, mdate
HAVING (COUNT(player) >= 1)
```

Submit SQL

Restore default

	mdate	matchid
1	2012-06-09T00:00:00	1008
2	2012-06-13T00:00:00	1010
2	2012-06-17T00:00:00	1012
4	2012-06-22T00:00:00	1026
1	2012-06-28T00:00:00	1030

# 13.

List every match with the goals scored by each team as shown. This will use "CASE WHEN" which has not been explained in any previous exercises.

mdate	team1	score1	team2	score2
1 July 2012	ESP	4	ITA	0
10 June 2012	ESP	1	ITA	1
10 June 2012	IRL	1	CRO	3

Notice in the query given every goal is listed. If it was a team1 goal then a 1 appears in score1, otherwise there is a 0. You could SUM this column to get a count of the goals scored by team1. Sort your result by mdate, matchid, team1 and team2.

```
SELECT mdate,
team1,
SUM(CASE WHEN teamid=team1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS score1,
team2,
SUM(CASE WHEN teamid=team2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS score2
FROM game FULL JOIN goal ON matchid = id
GROUP BY mdate, team1, team2
```

#### Submit SQL

Restore default

mdate	team1	score1	team2	score2
2012-06-08T00:00:00	POL	1	GRE	1
2012-06-08T00:00:00	RUS	4	CZE	1
2012-06-09T00:00:00	GER	1	POR	0
2012-06-09T00:00:00	NED	0	DEN	1
2012-06-10T00:00:00	ESP	1	ITA	1
2012-06-10T00:00:00	IRL	1	CRO	3
2012-06-11T00:00:00	FRA	1	ENG	1