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Command aliases in Command Prompt?

How can I make command aliases in Windows' Command Prompt like I would with bash?

I found out about doskey in a forum thread, so I can do something like:

doskey ls=dir /b

...and now the command 1s acts a little more like 1s on Unix. (I type 1s so often in cmd, it isn't even funny.)

But how do I get this to stick between sessions? It goes away the next time I open <code>cmd.exe</code> . (Is there something like <code>.bash_profile</code>?)







Sorry to make it offtopic, but you can benefit from installing a copy of cygwin and have all the unix tools at your palmrest – bubu Jun 8 '10 at 18:06

Yeah, I'd like to, but I don't think that's an option (and might be more work than it's worth). My primary machines are Linux and OS X-- I'm just testing some programs on Windows right now. — Benjamin Oakes Jun 8 '10 at 18:10

1 there isn't much thing to do. cygwin.com/setup.exe is all you need to install. just download and click next. it's all there and very simple. there isn't much to configure either. – bubu Jun 8 '10 at 18:18

Hrm... well, I'll try it out. The machine has a lot of problems already though...;) — Benjamin Oakes $\,$ Jun 8 $\,$ 10 at 18:40

4 unless your MS-DOS is version 6.22 or less, you aren't running DOS. by your mention of cmd.exe i assume you're talking about the basic WinNT/2k/XP/etc command shell. – quack quixote Jun 8 '10 at 18:56

9 Answers

cygwin can be used in this case although this is not exactly an on-topic answer.

http://www.cygwin.com/ CygWin Download: http://cygwin.com/setup.exe

To access it easily in windows, you can put c:\cygwin\bin in your path.

note that there are a few command that clashes with windows software which is not equivalent e.g. find(1) vs find.exe -- find(1) lists all files and subdirectories whereas find.exe functions like grep.

another option is to access

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Command Processor\AutoRun or HKEY CURRENT USER\Software\Microsoft\Command Processor\AutoRun

check out

cmd.exe /?

for more details

edited Jun 8 '10 at 19:01

answered Jun 8 '10 at 18:54



Hrm... it doesn't seem to use any of my Windows path... I'll have to play around with this later, I think. (Never used cygwin seriously before.) Thanks for your help so far. — Benjamin Oakes Jun 8 '10 at 19:10

adding the cygwin path into the windows path environment variable allows you to use the tools in the cygwin environment in cmd.exe; just note that there ARE caveats e.g. find.exe clashes with find command provided by cygwin. – bubu Jun 8 '10 at 19:15

Why the undervote? I just have no idea. - bubu May 31 '11 at 19:01

It is rather easy to setup permanent aliases in the Windows command prompt using the <code>@DOSKEY</code> command and <code>HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Command</code> <code>Processor</code> Autorun option.

Quick step-by-step guide:

- Create a new batch file, call it Alias.bat. Copy/paste the text below. TIP: I recommend creating a c:\Bin folder for all your command line tools.
- $2. \ Open \ the \ register \ \ {\tt HKEY_CURRENT_USER\setminus Software\setminus Microsoft\setminus Command\ Processor}\ .$
- 3. Add an *String Value* named Autorum and set the value to absolute path of the Alias.bat file
- 4. Done.

This batch file will execute every time you open a command prompt.

Contents of Alias.bat

```
DOSKEY ls=DIR $*

DOSKEY cp=COPY $*

DOSKEY xcp=XCOPY $*

DOSKEY mv=MOVE $*

DOSKEY clear=CLS

DOSKEY h=DOSKEY /HISTORY

DOSKEY alias=if ".$*." == ".." ( DOSKEY /MACROS ) else ( DOSKEY $* )
```

Now you can type alias (i.e DOSKEY /MACROS) to view the current list of aliases/macros.

To add new aliases for the current session only you can use alias name=command.

edited Jan 30 '14 at 1:30

answered Jan 28 '11 at 11:10



Dennis 423 4 6

1 Simple, easy to update once setup, I like this one a lot! – Urda May 31 '11 at 14:22

Unfortunately I have since stopped using these alias, as the <code>@DOSKEY</code> command causes a crash when exiting Autodesk Maya 2010. There is probably a work around, e.g. checking if parent process is Maya, however I have not spent time investigating. — Dennis Jun 3 '11 at 13:20

Also sort of off-topic -

Use PowerShell instead of the <code>cmd.exe</code> command line. The good news is that PowerShell has the equivalent of <code>.bash_profile</code>, and runs just like the <code>cmd.exe</code> command line. It comes with a built-in alias generation feature. The bad news is that there is a bit of a learning curve if you want to do anything more complicated than simple <code>cmd.exe</code> commands.

By the way, ls is defined as an alias of dir, right out of the box.





Why did no one ever tell me to use power-shell before? It is so much better for so many things. – Andres May $15\,^{1}$ 13 at $23:53\,^{1}$

There is a registry entry at HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Command Processor\AutoRun which allows you to run a command when you start a cmd prompt. This includes a batch file.

edited Jun 8 '10 at 19:21

answered Jun 8 '10 at 19:11



20k 1 46 73

You may want to point to HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Command Processor\AutoRun as others will not have the same user ID as you. – bubu Jun 8 '10 at 19:17

@bubu: Oh, very true, sorry. I found that by searching my registry, didn't think. - Phoshi Jun 8 '10 at 19:21

I suggest installing dos versions of these commands directly from this link.

Simple, light, efficient etc. Been using it for a while now, Makes me happy! Cygwin is a bit big for the essentials I need.

edited Aug 27 '13 at 18:50 gronostaj 21.6k 12 50 86 answered Aug 27 '13 at 15:00 user248939 11 1

Try putting them in autoexec.bat. I'm not sure, you'll have to try it. Put autoexec.bat itself in $C:\$

answered Jun 8 '10 at 18:00

1,173 4 14 34

Doesn't seem to work... - Benjamin Oakes Jun 8 '10 at 18:19

Put your aliases into a file called, perhaps, alias.cmd and add $/K \neq \delta \$ to the shortcut that you use to start $\$ cmd.exe .

Reference

answered Jun 8 '10 at 19:11

Dennis Williamson

64.4k 12 114 151

I'll be a necromancer for a moment and raise this thread from the dead. It's answer was not satisfactory for me. I knew there was a better way. I dabbled at making and including bat files and trying to figure out how to get the spaghetti ball working well it didn't well. Anyway back to Google I went..

I did find this too How to add new DOS alias/commands and create a keyboard shortcut for an admin DOS It works great, it should work on 98-7 (kinda funny numbering system but hey it's windows). I hope it helps those on this thread and those Google sends this way.

This way is not as simple as Alias, and neither is doskey. Once setup this is about the same effort.

I'll also add that parts of this merged with Dennis Williamson's answer are much better. You can have shell environments for multiple versions of the same application, say php 4 for your old scripts and php 5 for your test server.

Anyhow this worked out much better for me.

edited Dec 6 '12 at 9:23 wonea 1,437 1 18 37 answered Dec 5 '12 at 23:15 ransom bot 116 1

Solving it by setting a PATH environment

create ls.c file

enter the following code

```
int main()
{
system("dir /b");
return 0;
}
```

into ls.c and compile the file:

\$gcc ls.c -o ls

an executable file Is.exe is created

make a directory, name it as cmdline_tools

\$mkdir cmdline_tools

copy Is.exe to the directory

set the path of the directory in PATH environment [copy the location of the directory and paste it in the PATH]

C:/cmdline_tools

Open your cmd.exe and type

\$ls

It works as dir command. You can do for other commands too in the same way. If not let us know

edited Feb 25 '14 at 14:20

answered Feb 25 '14 at 13:47



Albert Mundu