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How can I recursively delete all files of a specific extension in the current directory?

How do I safely delete all files with a specific extension (e.g. .bak) from current directory and all subfolders using one command-line? Simply, I'm afraid to use rm since I used it wrong once and now I need advice.

command-line batch

> edited Nov 15 '13 at 16:16 Glutanimate **14.4k** 7 65 116

asked Nov 15 '13 at 13:03 user216038 **1.488** 3 6 4

4 Answers

You don't even need to use rm in this case if you are afraid. Use find:

find . -name "*.bak" -type f -delete

But use it with precaution. Run first:

find . -name "*.bak" -type f

to see exactly which files you will remove.

Also, make sure that -delete is the last argument in your command. If you put it before the -name *.bak argument , it will delete everything.

See man find and man rm for more info and see also this related question on SE:

· How do I remove all .pyc files from a project?



answered Nov 15 '13 at 13:08 Radu Rădeanu 92.4k 27 206 288

How's this different from rm *.bak ? - savantankhan Nov 15 '13 at 13:11

6 @Bolt64 Your rm *.bak will not work for subdirectories. - Radu Rădeanu Nov 15 '13 at 13:14

With default settings rm *.bak will only delete all files ending with .bak in the current directory. TO also do things in subdirectories you either needed to fiddle with globs, use the -r option or use the find example. – Hennes Nov 15

- @Hennes Be careful with rm -r *.bak ! It also removes directories ending in .bak with all their content. -Radu Rădeanu Nov 15 '13 at 13:34
- Make sure that -delete is the last argument in your command. If you put it before the -name *.bak argument, it will delete everything. - Michael Oct 29 '14 at 14:36

find . -name "*.bak" -type f -print0 | xargs -0 /bin/rm -f

edited Feb 8 '15 at 16:13 muru

15 193 answered Apr 4 '14 at 19:10 lokers

Welcome to askubuntu! While this is a perfectly valid answer I don't think there's any advantage in using this instead

- of the -delete flag of find . More information can be found in the GNU manuals entry for deleting files with find. - Glutanimate Apr 4 '14 at 20:11
- you are probably right, it's just an alternative solution, perhaps more raw:) lokers Apr 4 '14 at 22:13
- This is not just an alternative but an example how other commands can be combined together with the pipe 'I'. +1 -
- This alternative solutions work on other environments that lack -delete (like cygwin) ciriarte Aug 15 '14 at 4:07
- I think this is the best answer here. Léo Léopold Hertz 준영 Jun 29 '15 at 11:27

First run the command <code>shopt -s globstar</code>. You can run that on the command line, and it'll have effect only in that shell window. You can put it in your <code>.bashrc</code>, and then all newly started shells will pick it up. The effect of that command is to make <code>**/</code> match files in the current directory and its subdirectories recursively (by default, <code>**/</code> means the same thing as <code>*/</code>: only in the immediate subdirectories). Then:

```
rm **/*.bak
```

(or gvfs-trash **/*.bak or what have you).

answered Nov 15 '13 at 18:59

Gilles



37.3k 9 90

129

+1 for just using rm command - Luca Steeb Sep 14 '16 at 16:32

Deleting files is for me not something you should use rm for. Here is an alternative:

```
find . -name "*.bak" -type f sudo apt-get install gvfs alias "trash"="gvfs-trash" spour can also put this in .bash_aliases or simply use the command without alias trash *.bak # trash the files (thus moving them to the trash bin)
```

As Flimm states in the comments:

The package trash-cli does the same thing as gvfs-trash without the dependency on gvfs.

edited Nov 20 '13 at 10:06

answered Nov 15 '13 at 13:52



don.joey 13.3k 8 51 89

- 2 "Don't use rm to delete things" is a controversial statement but I have to agree that it's often wiser to use something that will let you undo things. Oli ♦ Nov 15 '13 at 15:12
- 1 The package trash-cli does the same thing as gvfs-trash without the dependency on gvfs .—Flimm Nov 20 '13 at 9:08

I have edited it in the answer, next time feel free to do the edit yourself. – $\frac{1}{2}$ Nov 20 '13 at 10:06