

## WORKSHEET 3

**Student Name:** Vivek Kumar

**UID:** 21BCS8129

**DOMAIN CAMP:** 16-01-2023 to 28-01-2023

**Section/Group:** DWWC-77

**Subject Name:** Database Management System

Using the following table schema

ord\_no      purch\_amt  
ord\_date    customer\_id   salesman\_id

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
70001	150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	5003
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70013	3045.6	2012-04-25	3002	5001

**Ques 1** Write a SQL statement to find the total purchase amount of all orders.

**Ques 2** Write a SQL statement to find the average purchase amount of all orders.

**Ques 3** Write a SQL statement to find the number of salesmen currently listing for all of their customers.

**Solution:** create table orders(ord\_no number, purch\_amt number(6,2),ord\_date date, customer\_id number, salesman\_id number);

Table created.

2023 Oracle - Live SQL 22.4.1, running Oracle Database 19c EE Extra

```
insert into orders values (70001,150.5,DATE '2012-10-05',3005,5002);
insert into orders values (70009,270.65,DATE '2012-09-10',3001,5005);
insert into orders values (70002,65.26,DATE '2012-10-05',3002,5001); insert
into orders values (70004,110.5,DATE '2012-08-17',3009,5003); insert into
orders values (70007,948.5,DATE '2012-09-10',3005,5002); insert into
orders values (70005,2400.6,DATE '2012-07-27',3007,5001); insert into
orders values (70008,5760, DATE '2012-09-10',3002,5001); insert into
orders values (70010,1983.43,DATE '2012-10-10',3004,5006); insert into
orders values (70003,2480.4,DATE '2012-10-10',3009,5003); insert into
orders values (70012,250.45,DATE '2012-06-27',3008,5002); insert into
orders values (70012,75.29,DATE '2012-08-17',3003,5007); insert into
orders values (70013,3045.6,DATE '2012-04-25',3002,5001);
```

```
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
```

Select sum(purch\_amt) from orders;

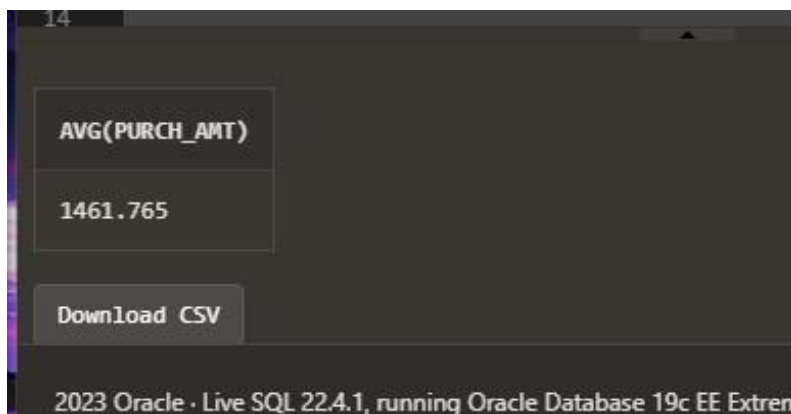
SUM(PURCH\_AMT)

17541.18

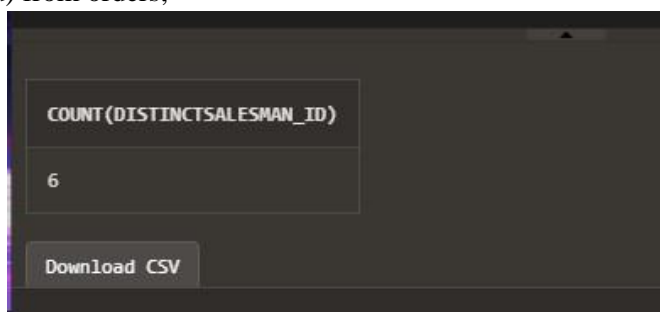
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select avg(purch\_amt) from orders;



Select count(distinct salesman\_id) from orders;



Using the criteria given below customer\_id | cust\_name

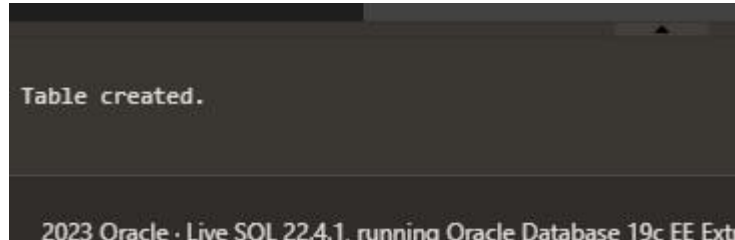
city	grade	salesman_id	-----+-----+-----	
-----+-----+-----		3002	Nick Rimando	
New York	100	5001		
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
3001	Brad Guzan	London		5005

**Ques 4** Write a SQL statement to know how many customers have listed their names.

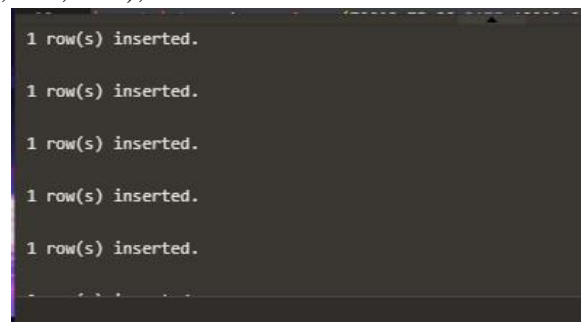
**Ques 5** Write a SQL statement to find the number of customers who gets at least a gradation for his/her performance.

### Solution:

Create table customers (customer\_id number, cust\_name varchar(20), city varchar(20), grade number, salesman\_id number);



insert into customers values(3002,'Nick Rimando ', 'New York',100,5001); insert  
into customers values(3007,'Brad Davis ', 'New York',200,5001); insert into  
customers values(3005,'Graham Zusi ', 'California',200,5002); insert into  
customers values(3008,'Julian Green ', 'London',300,5002); insert into customers  
values(3004,'Fabian Johnson ', 'Paris',300,5006); insert into customers  
values(3009,'Geoff Camerson ', 'Berlin',100,5003); insert into customers  
values(3003,'Jozy Altidor', 'Moscow',200,5007); insert into customers  
values(3001,'Brad Guzan ', 'London', null,5005);



select cust\_name from customers;

CUST_NAME
Nick Rimando
Brad Davis
Graham Zusi
Julian Green
Fabian Johnson
Geoff Camerson
Jozy Altidor
Brad Guzan

select count(all grade) from customers;

COUNT(ALLGRADE)
7
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**Use the following schema for solving questions**

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
-----	-----	-----	-----	----- 70001
150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002	
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	5003

70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70013	3045.6	2012-04-25	3002	5001

**Ques 6 Write a SQL statement to get the maximum purchase amount of all the orders.**

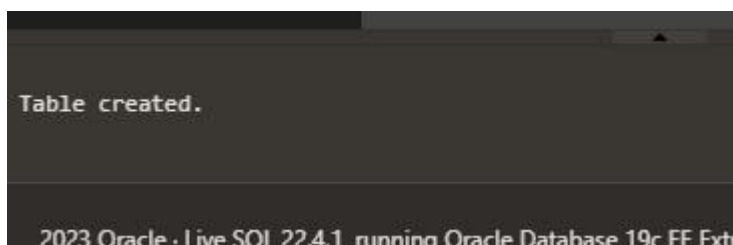
**Ques 7 Write a SQL statement to get the minimum purchase amount of all the orders.**

**Ques 8 Write a SQL statement to find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer with their ID and highest purchase amount.**

**Ques 9 Write a SQL statement to find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date with their ID, order date and highest purchase amount.**

**Ques 10 Write a SQL statement to find the highest purchase amount on a date '2012-0817' for each salesman with their ID.**

**Solution:** create table orders(ord\_no number, purch\_amt number(6,2),ord\_date date, customer\_id number, salesman\_id number);



```
insert into orders values (70001,150.5,DATE '2012-10-05',3005,5002); insert
into orders values (70009,270.65,DATE '2012-09-10',3001,5005); insert into
orders values (70002,65.26,DATE '2012-10-05',3002,5001); insert into
orders values (70004,110.5,DATE '2012-08-17',3009,5003); insert into
orders values (70007,948.5,DATE '2012-09-10',3005,5002); insert into
orders values (70005,2400.6,DATE '2012-07-27',3007,5001); insert into
orders values (70008,5760, DATE '2012-09-10',3002,5001); insert into
orders values (70010,1983.43,DATE '2012-10-10',3004,5006); insert into
orders values (70003,2480.4,DATE '2012-10-10',3009,5003); insert into
orders values (70012,250.45,DATE '2012-06-27',3008,5002); insert into
orders values (70012,75.29,DATE '2012-08-17',3003,5007); insert into
orders values (70013,3045.6,DATE '2012-04-25',3002,5001);
```

```
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
```

select max(purch\_amt) from orders;

```
MAX(PURCH_AMT)
5760
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```

select min(purch\_amt) from orders;

```
MIN(PURCH_AMT)
65.26
Download CSV
```

select customer\_id, max(purch\_amt) from orders group by customer\_id;

CUSTOMER_ID	MAX(PURCH_AMT)
3009	2480.4
3005	948.5
3002	5760
3004	1983.43
3003	75.29
3008	250.45
3001	270.65
3007	2400.6

select customer\_id, ord\_date, max(purch\_amt) from orders group by customer\_id, ord\_date;

CUSTOMER_ID	ORD_DATE	MAX(PURCH_AMT)
3001	10-SEP-12	270.65
3005	10-SEP-12	948.5
3002	10-SEP-12	5760
3008	27-JUN-12	250.45
3002	25-APR-12	3045.6
3003	17-AUG-12	75.29
3009	17-AUG-12	110.5
3009	10-OCT-12	2480.4
3002	05-OCT-12	65.26
3005	05-OCT-12	150.5
3004	10-OCT-12	1983.43
3007	27-JUL-12	2400.6

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select salesman\_id, max(purch\_amt) from orders where ord\_date=DATE '2012-08-17' group by salesman\_id;

SALESMAN_ID	MAX(PURCH_AMT)
5003	110.5
5007	75.29

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2 rows selected.

Use the following schema

customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
3002	Nick Rimando	New York	100	5001
3007	Brad Davis	New York	200	5001
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3008	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3009	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003

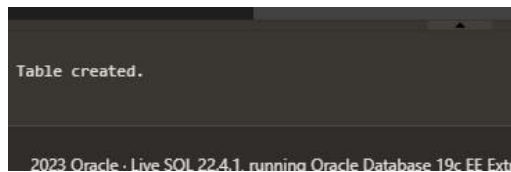


3003		Jozy Altidor		Moscow		200		5007
3001		Brad Guzan		London				5005

**Ques 11 Write a SQL statement which selects the highest grade for each of the cities of the customers.**

**Solution:**

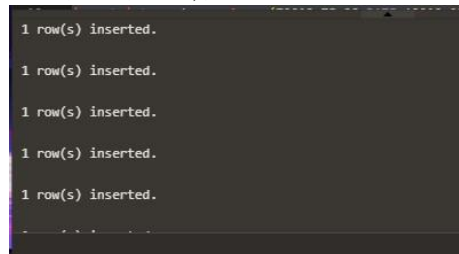
Create table customers (customer\_id number, cust\_name varchar(20), city varchar(20), grade number, salesman\_id number);



```
Table created.
```

2023 Oracle Live SQL 22.4.1, running Oracle Database 19c EE Extra

```
insert into customers values(3002,'Nick Rimando ', 'New York',100,5001);
insert into customers values(3007,'Brad Davis ', 'New York',200,5001);
insert into customers values(3005,'Graham Zusi ', 'California',200,5002);
insert into customers values(3008,'Julian Green ', 'London',300,5002); insert
into customers values(3004,'Fabian Johnson ', 'Paris',300,5006); insert into
customers values(3009,'Geoff Camerson ', 'Berlin',100,5003); insert into
customers values(3003,'Jozy Altidor', 'Moscow',200,5007); insert into
customers values(3001,'Brad Guzan ', 'London', null,5005);
```



```
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
```

```
select city, max(grade) from customers group by city;
```

CITY	MAX(GRADE)
London	300
Paris	300
California	200
New York	200
Moscow	200
Berlin	100

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6 rows selected

Use the following schema for following questions

EMPLOYEE\_ID | FIRST\_NAME | LAST\_NAME | EMAIL | PHONE\_NUMBER |  
HIRE\_DATE | JOB\_ID | SALARY | COMMISSION\_PCT | MANAGER\_ID |  
DEPARTMENT\_ID |

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+-----+-----+-----+
|      100 | Steven | King   | SKING   | 515.123.4567 | 1987-06-17 | AD_PRES |
24000.00 |      0.00 |      0 |          90 |
|      101 | Neena  | Kochhar | NKOCHHAR | 515.123.4568 | 1987-06-18 |
AD_VP   | 17000.00 |      0.00 |      100 |      90 |
|      102 | Lex    | De Haan | LDEHAAN | 515.123.4569 | 1987-06-19 | AD_VP   |
17000.00 |      0.00 |      100 |      90 |
|      103 | Alexander | Hunold | AHUNOLD | 590.423.4567 | 1987-06-20 |
IT_PROG | 9000.00 |      0.00 |      102 |      60 |
|      104 | Bruce  | Ernst  | BERNST  | 590.423.4568 | 1987-06-21 |
IT_PROG | 6000.00 |      0.00 |      103 |      60 |
|      105 | David  | Austin | DAUSTIN | 590.423.4569 | 1987-06-22 |
IT_PROG | 4800.00 |      0.00 |      103 |      60 |
|      106 | Valli  | Pataballa | VPATABAL | 590.423.4560 | 1987-06-23 |
IT_PROG | 4800.00 |      0.00 |      103 |      60 |
|      107 | Diana  | Lorentz | DLORENTZ | 590.423.5567 | 1987-06-24 |
IT_PROG | 4200.00 |      0.00 |      103 |      60 |
|      108 | Nancy  | Greenberg | NGREENBE | 515.124.4569 | 1987-06-25 |

```

```

FI_MGR | 12000.00 | 0.00 | 101 | 100 |
| 109 | Daniel | Faviet | DFAVIET | 515.124.4169 | 1987-06-26 | FI_ACCOUNT
| 9000.00 | 0.00 | 108 | 100 |
| 110 | John | Chen | JCHEN | 515.124.4269 | 1987-06-27 | FI_ACCOUNT |
8200.00 | 0.00 | 108 | 100 |
| 111 | Ismael | Sciarra | ISCIARRA | 515.124.4369 | 1987-06-28 | FI_ACCOUNT
| 7700.00 | 0.00 | 108 | 100 |
| 112 | Jose Manuel | Urman | JMURMAN | 515.124.4469 | 1987-06-29 |
FI_ACCOUNT | 7800.00 | 0.00 | 108 | 100 |
| 113 | Luis | Popp | LPOPP | 515.124.4567 | 1987-06-30 | FI_ACCOUNT |
6900.00 | 0.00 | 108 | 100 |
| 114 | Den | Raphaely | DRAPHEAL | 515.127.4561 | 1987-07-01 |
PU_MAN | 11000.00 | 0.00 | 100 | 30 |
| 115 | Alexander | Khoo | AKHOO | 515.127.4562 | 1987-07-02 |
PU_CLERK | 3100.00 | 0.00 | 114 | 30 |
| 116 | Shelli | Baida | SBAIDA | 515.127.4563 | 1987-07-03 |
PU_CLERK | 2900.00 | 0.00 | 114 | 30 |

```

**Ques 12 Write a query to list the number of jobs available in the employees table.**

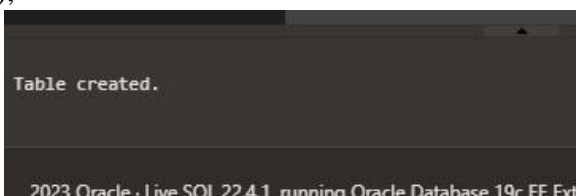
**Ques 13 Write a query to get the total salaries payable to employees**

**Ques 14 Write a query to get the minimum salary from the employees table.**

**Ques 15 Write a query to get the maximum salary of an employee working as a Programmer.**

#### Solution:

Create table employees (employee\_id number, first\_name varchar(30), last\_name varchar(30), email varchar(35), phone\_number varchar(30), hire\_date date, job\_id varchar(10), salary float, commission\_pct float, manager\_id number, department\_id number(10));

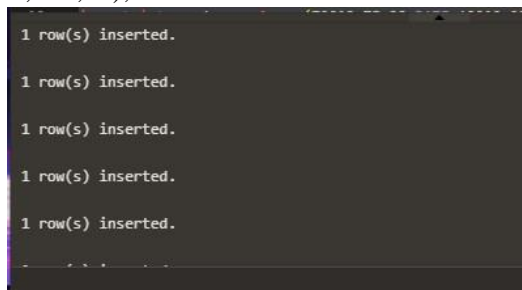


```

insert into employees
values(100,'Steven','King','SKING','515.123.4567', to_date('17-06-1987', 'DD-MM-YYYY'),
'AD_PRES',24000.00,0.00,0,90);

```

```
insert into employees values(101,'Neena','Kochhar','NKOCHHAR','515.123.4568', to_date('18-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'AD_VP',17000.00,0.00,100,90);
insert into employees values(102,'Lex','De Haan','LDEHAAN','515.123.4569', to_date('19-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'AD_VP',17000.00,0.00,100,90);
insert into employees values(103,'Alexander','Hunold','AHUNOLD','590.423.4567', to_date('20-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'IT_PROG',9000.00,0.00,102,60);
insert into employees values(104,'Bruce','Ernst','BERNST','590.423.4568', to_date('21-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'IT_PROG',6000.00,0.00,103,60);
insert into employees values(105,'David','Austin','DAUSTIN','590.423.4569', to_date('22-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'IT_PROG',4800.00,0.00,103,60);
insert into employees values(106,'Valli','Pataballa','VPATABAL','590.423.4560', to_date('23-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'IT_PROG',4800.00,0.00,103,60);
insert into employees values(107,'Diana','Lorentz','DLORENTZ','590.423.5567', to_date('24-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'IT_PROG',4200.00,0.00,103,60);
insert into employees values(108,'Nancy','Greenberg','NGREENBE','515.124.4569', to_date('25-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_MGR',12000.00,0.00,101,100);
insert into employees values(109,'Daniel','Faviet','DFAVIET','515.124.4169', to_date('26-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_ACCOUNT',9000.00,0.00,108,100);
insert into employees values(110,'John','Chen','JCHEN','515.124.4269', to_date('27-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_ACCOUNT',8200.00,0.00,108,100);
insert into employees values(111,'Ismael','Sciarra','ISCIARRA','515.124.4369', to_date('28-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_ACCOUNT',7700.00,0.00,108,100);
insert into employees values(112,'Jose Manuel','Urmán','JMURMAN','515.124.4469', to_date('29-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_ACCOUNT',7800.00,0.00,108,100);
insert into employees values(113,'Luis','Popp','LPOPP','515.124.4567', to_date('30-06-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'FI_ACCOUNT',6900.00,0.00,108,100);
insert into employees values(114,'Den','Raphaely','DRAPHEAL','515.127.4561', to_date('01-07-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'PU_MAN',11000.00,0.00,100,30);
insert into employees values(115,'Alexander','Khoo','AKHOO','515.127.4562', to_date('02-07-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'PU_CLERK',3100.00,0.00,114,30);
insert into employees values(116,'Shelli','Baida','SBAIDA','515.127.4563', to_date('03-07-1987', 'DD-
MMYYYY'),'PU_CLERK',2900.00,0.00,114,30);
```



```
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
1 row(s) inserted.
```

```
select job_id, count(job_id) from employees group by job_id;
```

JOB_ID	COUNT(JOB_ID)
AD_VP	2
FI_ACCOUNT	5
PU_CLERK	2
PU_MAN	1
IT_PROG	5
FI_MGR	1
AD_PRES	1

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select sum(salary) from employees;

SUM(SALARY)
155400

Download CSV

select min(salary) from employees;

MIN(SALARY)
2900

Download CSV

select max(salary) from employees where job\_id='IT\_PROG';

