Component Based MMIX Simulator using Multiple Programming Paradigms

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1 Introduction

There is a prevailing design paradigm to break systems up into smaller components The idea behind this paradigm is that these components can be swapped out for alternatives when the need requires. They can also be developed in parallel and potentially by separate teams of developers. There is now a proliferation of

2 Existing Implementations

3 Outline Design

The MMIX simulator application will consists of three separate components. The task of converting the MMIX assembly language source text into the corresponding binary representation will be performed by a component I am calling the Assembler. The task of actually simulating an MMIX computer will be performed by a component that I am calling the Simulation Engine. The final component will be responsible for representing the current state of the MMIX computer to the user, along with orchestrating all of the interactions with the other components. I am calling this component the User Interface. The interactions between the components can be illustrated by the .

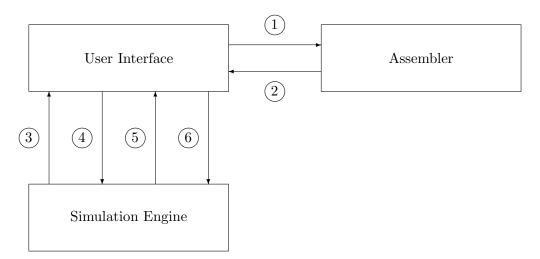


Figure 1: Component Interaction

- 1. Source Text
- 2. Binary Representation
- 3. Binary Representation
- 4. Current State

- 5. Process Next Step
- 6. Change of State

3.1 Assembler

3.2 Simulation Engine

Reset Simulator Load Program Reset Program Process Next Statement

3.3 Graphical User Interface

The main way that users will interact with the simulator is through a graphical user interface (GUI). The GUI will be responsible for all of the interactions with the other components.

3.3.1 Programming Paradigm

3.3.2 Initial Design

The GUI can be broken up into 4 separate sections as illustrated in figure

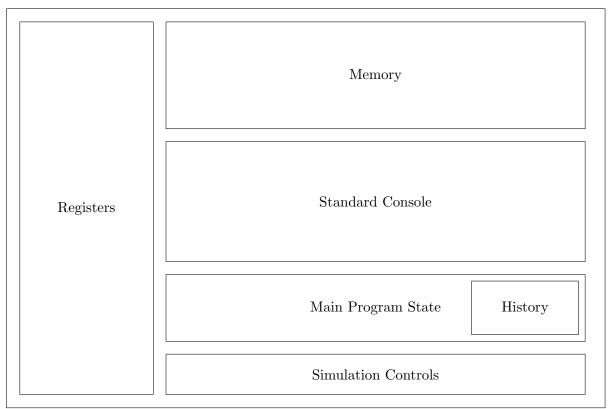


Figure 2: Graphical User Interface

3.3.3 Memory

The memory section of the GUI will contain a representation of the simulators current memory.

00000000: 8fff 0100 0000 0701 f4ff 0003 0000 0702 00000010: 0000 0000 2c20 776f 726c 640a 00, world..

3.3.4 Registers

The registers section of the GUI will display a list of all of the available registers in the simulated MMIX machine. It will show not only the names of the registers but there current values.

3.3.5 Main Program State

3.3.6 Standard Console

There are a number of embedded computers that do not interact directly with a user however it is quite rare for a general purpose computer to have no interactions. The MMIX simulator have got standard input and output channels. These are accessed through the standard console area on the GUI.

- 3.4 Simulation Controls
- 4 Development Plan
- 5 Testing
- 6 Summary