Component Based MMIX Simulator using Multiple Programming Paradigms

A dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the MSc in Advanced Computing Technologies

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Abstract

There are currently over 2,500¹ different programming languages, with more created every year. These programming languages can get grouped together in numerous different ways. This makes the decision of what language to use when starting a new project extremely difficult.

There are several ways in which we can reach this decision; choose the language that your team knows best; choose the language that makes the most sense to implement the critical part of your system; choose a simple general purpose language; choose a language that has got an active community. There is no acknowledged best approach to take.

Another approach would be to split your application up into separate components and using a different programming language for each component. This allows us choose the most appropriate programming language for each component.

The purpose of this project is to examine this approach. The application that we will create will be a simulator for an artificial machine language. The artificial machine language that we will use is called MMIX, it was developed by Donald Knuth as part of his seminal work The Art of Computer Programming [Knu11].

¹From the language list[Kin]

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Chapter 1

Introduction

As software systems get larger and more complex there is a need to handle this complexity. There is a prevailing design paradigm, which addresses these issues, that is to break these systems up into smaller components. This is a sentiment mentioned by Turner [Tur90] He calls these components "collections of modules", these components will interact with each other to make the complete system.

When you have control over the development of more than one of these components it is a traditional approach to use a single programming paradigm for your components. There is, however, no reason that you cannot use different languages and paradigms for these for each components. The goal of this project is to create a relatively complex system that is made up of multiple components where each component uses the most appropriate programming paradigm for the relevant component.

The system that we have created in this project was inspired by Jeliot [oJ07], which is a tool that is used as an aid in the teaching of Java. The Jeliot system allows a user to give it a piece of Java source code and it will show the user what the underlying java virtual machine is doing when it runs the code.

In his seminal work The Art of Computer Programming [Knu11] Professor Donald Knuth designed an artificial machine language that he called MIX. In a later volume of his work Professor Knuth updated this machine architecture, which he calls MMIX. He later detailed this new version of the architecture in a fascicle [Knu]. This project will create a system that take MMIX assembly code and shows the user, graphically, what the simulated machine is doing. It should be noted that all definitions of an MMIX computer and the assembly language used to program it come directly from either one of these sources.

Chapter 2

Assembler

2.1 Introduction

The first component that we developed takes a text file containing the MMIX assembly language code and translated it into a binary representation of the code. This component it typically called a *compiler*, to quote [ALSU06]

A compiler is a program that can read a program in one language – the *source* language – and translate it into an equivalent program in another language – the *target* language.

A compiler operates as a series of phases, each of which transforms one representation of the source program into another. A typical decomposition of a compiler into phases, taken from [ALSU06] is shown in Figure 2.1.

A number if these phases are used to convert a higher level language down into a specific machine language. In this project we already start with a machine language, which means that we do not need these phases. A program that takes an assembly language file and translates it into machine language is typically called an *assembler*.

The four phases that we need for our project are Lexical Analysis, Syntax Analysis, Semantic Analysis and Code Generation. There are two of these phases, syntax analysis and semantic analysis, which are usually combined into a single phase, which is typically called a *Parser*.

The first thing that we need to do is decide which programming language is the most appropriate for this component. The component takes a fixed input and always produces the same output. The component does not contain any user interaction and it does not need a user interface. These requirements led us to choose a functional language for this component. The language we chose was Haskell.

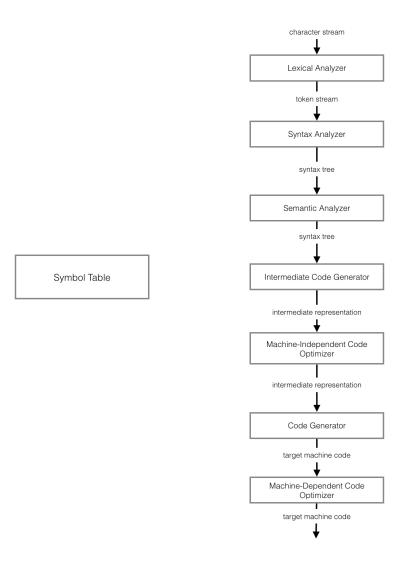


Figure 2.1: Phases of a compiler

We describe how each of these phases are implemented in Haskell in the next few sections.

2.2 Lexer

The initial phase of compilation, lexical analysis, takes a stream of characters and converts them into tokens. Lexical analysis is a well know problem and there are many tools that have been created to make this task simpler. There are several lexers that already exist for Haskell and we have chosen to use a

lexer called Alex[Mar].

The first thing that you need to do when creating a lexer with Alex is to determine what set of tokens you will need to create. There are several parts to the MMIX assembly language (Mmixal). The first part is the way you define what operation should be performed by the computer at a specific point in the program. This is acheived with a machine language instruction, which is typically called an Opcode. Each instruction needs some additional parameters which informs the computer on what the instruction should operate on, these parameters are typically called operands. There are two distinct types of Opcodes in Mmixal. The first type does not vary based on what operands are used with it. The second type does vary based on the operands, and the binary representation of the Opcode is different for the different set of operands. At the end of the assembly process these instructions will be converted into a binary representation that will be stored in the memory of an MMIX computer.

The next type of instruction is used by the assembler specify either the initial state of the computer or assign internal details used as part of the assembly process. The instructions are called, in fascile 1[Knu], pseudo instructions. These pseudo instructions do not necessarily result in anything being stored in memory.

The mmixal language also defines labels, registers, expressions and a few other things.

For this project we are using three basic groupings of tokens. The first group contains a single token, this token is for opcodes that do not vary based on their operands, we have called this token TOpCodeSimple. The second group of tokens also contains a single token, this is the token for opcodes that do vary based on their operands, we have called this token TOpCode. The third group contains all of the other tokens, see the code listing in Appendix A.1.1 for a complete list of these.

When you have determined what tokens are allowed you need to describe what sequences of characters should be converted to the individual tokens. The way that you describe the tokens in Alex is to create a list of regular expressions, for each regular expression you specify which token should be created if this sequence is found.

The Alex lexer tool allows us to insert code at specific points in the process. The functions that we are using allows us to simplify the process of creating tokens.

The Alex lexer requires us to store all of these definitions in a file with an extension of x. When all of the definitions have been completed you run the definition file through the Alex lexer tool and it generates a haskell source

file that will perform the lexical analysis for you.

2.3 Parser

Once we have got a stream of tokens from the lexer, we need to perform syntax analysis and semantic analysis to make sure that the supplied program is both syntactically and semantically correct. Both of these steps are usually performed at the same time with a component called a *Parser*. Parsing, like lexical analysis, is a well know problem and there are many tools that have been created to make this task simpler. These tools are generally called parser generators as they take a definition file and produce the actual parser. There are several parser generators that already exist for Haskell and we have chosen to use a parser generator called Happy[GM].

The requirement for a parser is to take a stream of tokens, make sure that the stream is syntactically and semantically correct, and then output an intermediate representation of the code that can be used to generate the final binary representation.

The first thing that we did was to design our intermediate representation, there are four different type of code lines in mmixal, as shown below.

```
BUF OCTA 0 %Labelled Pseudo Instruction Line

LOC #100 %Plain Pseudo Instruction Line

Main JMP 9F %Labelled Opcode Line

STWU n,ptop,jj %Plain Opcode Line
```

The way that the Happy parser generator works is that we need to create a definition file that specifies all of the syntactically and semantically correct types of statements in our language. We specify the valid statements using a context free grammar. A context free grammar contains two basic parts, an identifier and list of tokens, or identifiers, that the identifier represents. A cut down version of the parser definition file we have used can be found in Figure 2.2 and a full description of the intermediate representation can be found in Appendix B. The complete definition file can be found in Appendix A.1.2.

The Happy parser generator requires us to store all of these definitions in a file with an extension of y. When all of the definitions have been completed you run the definition file through the Happy parser generator tool and it generates a Haskell source file that will perform the syntactic and semantic analysis for you.

Figure 2.2: Sample Context Free Grammar

2.4 Code Generation

Now that we have got our program converted into an intermediate representation, in our case a list of *Lines*, we need to convert this into a binary representation. The mmixal language contains a set of features called *Local Labels* and processing these is the first step we perform when generating the code.

2.4.1 Local Labels

Local labels help compilers and programmers use names temporarily. They create symbols which are guaranteed to be unique over the entire scope of the input source code and which can be referred to by a simple notation. There are two parts to consider when implementing the local labels, the first is the location of the label itself, and the other is references to these labels used elsewhere in the program.

The location of a local label is specified by placing a single digit followed directly by an H, i.e. θH as a label at the start of a line. It should be noted that an individual local label can be specified many times in a single program, when they are referenced the closest label in the required direction is used. The way that we handle this is that we rename all of the local labels to system generated labels, these labels are actually illegal for user so we know that we are not creating duplicates. The format that we use is $??LS\#H^*$ where # is the local label number and * is a counter. We keep note of a separate counter for each of the possible local label numbers.

The local labels are referenced as either forward or backward references, i.e. 2B specifies that we should look backwards in the code until we find a 2H local label and use that local. To achieve this we start off by creating two separate maps, one for forward references and one for backward references. Initially the forward references point to the first possible local label for the mapped digit, the backward references do not contain a reference and any

use of it is a semantic error in the program. When we have these maps we iterate through the program replacing any reference to a local label with the appropriate system generated label from the specific map. We then check to see if the line actually contains a local label specification, if it does we update both the forward and backward maps with the appropriate changes.

At the end of this process we have converted all local labels into system generated labels that can be handled as if they were ordinary user specified labels.

2.4.2 Symbol Table

As we can see in Figure 2.1 one of the data structures that we need to create as part of the code generation process is called a *Symbol Table*. This is simply a map that is used to record what labels have been specified and where in the program they actually point to. To create this we simply iterate through each of the lines of the program and if they contain a label we firstly check to see if it is already present and if it does not we add the label with the current location to the symbol table.

The symbol table is used extensively in the later steps of the code generation.

2.4.3 Assembler Directives

There are a number of pseudo instructions that give the assembler instructions on how we should direct the assembly of the program. There are a number of these directive including: -

- IS Defines the value of the label to be the value of the expression.
- LOC Changes the current location.
- **GREG** Allocates a new general purpose register, see section 2.4.4.
- **BYTE** Store an array of bytes in the current location.
- WYDE Store an array of wydes in the current location.
- TETRA Store an array of tetrabytes in the current location.
- OCTA Store an array of octabytes in the current location.

2.4.4 Automatically Assigned Registers

An MMix computer, by definition, contains 256 general purpose registers. The programmer can either specify which register to use directly or they can get the assembler to assign one automatically for them. A new general purpose register is allocated every time the assembler comes across a *GREG* pseudo instruction. The first register that is automatically assigned is \$FE (254). Every, subsequent, automatically generated register uses the next lowest register. We have achieved this by iterating over the lines, sending along the value of the next assignable register. If the line is a GREG instruction then we change the command to one that contains the assigned register, and we then decrement the next assignable register before passing it on the the next line.

2.4.5 Handling Operands

Each opcode instructions can be supplied one, two or three operands to specify exactly what we expect to happen. The majority of opcodes can either be supplied with three registers, or it can be supplied with two registers and an immediate value. The registers could, of course, be replaced by labels which represent registers. If the line specifies three registers then the plain opcode is used when we generate the code. In the other case then when we generate the code we increment the opcode by one to let the computer know not to look for this register.

If the opcode is for a branching instruction then it will be supplied with a register and an address. For these instructions we need to determine the number of instructions between the current memory location and the memory location of the required address. We need the number of instructions, not just the difference in memory locations. This is calculated by determining the difference between the memory addresses and dividing this value by four. This address could be either ahead of, or before, the current location. If it is ahead of the current location then we use the plain opcode when generating the code. If the address is before the current location the we generate the code we increment the opcode by one.

2.4.6 Generating the Output

The final stage of the assembler is the actual outputting of the binary representation of the program. The way that we have achieved this is a two stage process. In the first stage we convert the intermediate representation of the code into a new representation of the code that makes creating the output file simpler.

```
CodeLine {
    cl_address = 256,
    cl_size = 4,
    cl_code = "\240\NUL\NUL\ETB"
```

}

This representation includes the start address for this line of code, the size of the code and the binary representation of that line of code.

The final stage is to output these code lines to a file. The structure of the file contains two separate parts, the first part contains the data the needs to be placed in memory, and the second part contains the initial values that the used registers need to be set to.

To create the first part we group the code lines together into contiguous blocks. The first four bytes of this section contains the number of blocks that we have got, we then include the details for each block. The first four bytes of each block contains the start address of the block, next next four bytes of the block contains the size of the block, after this we include the actual code for the block.

The first four bytes of the second part contains the number of registers we are defining. We then include the details for each register. The first byte of the register is register number, the next eight bytes are the initial value of that register.

2.5 Executable

TODO — HOW WE RUN THE ASSEMBLER, WHAT THE PARAMETERS ARE & WHAT THE OUTPUT IS

2.6 Component Testing

When it comes to testing this component we tested it these levels.

- We tested the lexer on its own.
- We tested the lexer and parser together.
- We tested the Local Label generation on its own.
- We tested the Automatically Assigned Registers on their own.
- We tested the Code Generation on its own.
- We tested the component as a whole.

There are several sample programs that are written in mmixal, we used several of these when testing the assembler. The main mmixal program we used to test this component is one that determines the first 500 prime numbers. A fuller description of this program can be found at Chapter 5.2.1.

Chapter 3

Virtual Machine

3.1 Introduction

The majority of computers that currently exist are based on the Von Neumann Model, a description of this can be found at [Fus10]. The main parts of a computer can be summarised as a control unit, a processing unit, memory and some for of Input/Output devices.

To execute a program a Von Neumann computer repeatedly performs the following cycle of event:

- 1. Fetch instruction from memory.
- 2. Decode instruction.
- 3. Evaluate address.
- 4. Fetch operands from memory.
- 5. Execute operation.
- 6. Store results.
- 7. Increment the program counter.
- 8. Go back to step 1

This is typically called the fetch, decode, execute cycle.

The virtual machine that we have created has most of these parts, but it relies on the GUI for all of its Input/Output devices. The virtual machine that we have created does fetch, decode, execute cycle described above.

The first thing that we need to do is decide which programming language is the most appropriate for this component. The component takes a is supplied with a program and then it is continually asked to process the next statement. There is no shared state between the VM and any other components. These requirements led us to choose a message oriented language for this component. The language we chose was Erlang.

3.2 Memory

The way that memory is organized can be considered a hierarchy, to quote Aho et al[ALSU06]

A memory hierarchy consists of several levels of storage with different speeds and sizes, with the levels closest to the processor being the fastest but smallest... Memory hierarchies are found in all machines. A processor usually has a small number of registers consisting of hundreds of bytes, several levels of caches containing kilobytes to megabytes, physical memory containing megabytes to gigabytes, and finally secondary storage that contains gigabytes and beyond.

For this project we will only be considering the physical memory and the registers.

Memory in an MMix computer works with patterns of 0s and 1s, commonly called binary digits or bits. A sequence of eight bits is commonly called a byte. An MMix computer can also handle 16 bit sequences, called a wyde, a 32 bit sequence, called a tetrabyte and a 64 bit sequence, called an octabyte.

When we are referencing memory we use M[k] to denote that we are referencing the byte stored in memory address k. When we need to reference more that one byte at a time we use the following terminology.

Wyde

$$M_2[0] = M_2[1] = M[0]M[1]$$

TetraByte

$$M_4[4k] = M_4[4k+1] = \dots = M_4[4k+3] = M[4k]M[4k+1]\dots M[4k+3]$$

${\bf OctaByte}$

$$M_8[8k] = M_8[8k+1] = \dots = M_8[8k+7] = M[8k]M[8k+1]\dots M[8k+7]$$

3.3 Registers

An MMIX computer contains two distinct types of registers, 256 general purpose registers and 32 special purpose registers. A complete list of the special registers can be found in Figure 3.1. A Von Neumann computer uses a program counter to keep track of which instruction to execute next. This is not stored as a register in the definition of an MMix computer but to aid understanding of what the computer is doing we have included it as one of the special registers.

We have currently only implemented a small number of these special registers.

3.3.1 rA Arithmetic Status Register

The Arithmetic Status Register is used to keep track of any required arithmetic events. The eight bytes in the register are used for different flags. The least significant byte contains eight event bits. These bits are commonly referred to as DVWIOUZX, the meanings of these flags can be seen in Figure 3.2.

The next least significant byte contains eight "enable" bits with the same name DVWIOUZX and the same meanings.

When an exceptional condition occurs, there are two cases: If the corresponding enable bit is 0, the corresponding event bit is set to 1; but if the corresponding enable bit is 1, MMIX interrupts its current instruction stream and execute a special "exception handler". Thus, the event bits record exceptions that have not been "tripped".

This leaves six high order bytes. At present, only two of those 48 bits are defined. The two bits corresponding to 2^{17} and 2^{16} in rA specify a rounding mode, as follows: -

- 00 Round to the nearest
- 01 Round off
- 10 Round up
- 11 Round down

3.4 Central Processing Unit

The Central Processing Unit (CPU) is at the heart of the virtual machine. The CPU is responsible for steps 2 - 7 in the fetch, decode, execute cycle. The first stage of fetch, decode, execute cycle that the CPU is responsible

Identifier	Description
rA	Arithmetic Status Register
${ m rB}$	Bootstrap Register
m rC	Continuation Register
m rD	Dividend Register
${ m rE}$	Epsilon Register
m rF	Failure Location Register
rG	Global Threshold Register
m rH	Himult Register
rI	Interval Counter
rJ	Return-Jump Register
${ m rK}$	Interrupt Mask Register
rL	Local Threshold Register
${ m rM}$	Multiplex Mask Register
rN	Serial Number
m rO	Register Stack Offset
$_{ m rP}$	Prediction Register
rQ	Interrupt Request Register
${ m rR}$	Remainder Register
rS	Register Stack Pointer
m rT	Trap Address Register
${ m rU}$	Usage Counter
${ m rV}$	Virtual Translation Register
${ m rW}$	Where Interrupted Register
rX	Execution Register
rY	Y Operand
m rZ	Z Operand
rBB	Bootstrap Register
rTT	Dynamic Trap Address Register
rWW	Where Interrupted Register
rXX	Execution Register
rYY	Y Operand
m rZZ	Z Operand

Figure 3.1: Special Registers

for is the decode stage. This is simple achieved with a function that pattern matches against the value and runs the relevant decoded function. There are two different types instructions that the CPU could be running, as described in Chapter 2. The set of instructions that can be in one of three forms, with three registers or with two registers and an immediate value, are all implemented in a similar manner. In the case where we have three registers we obtain the value stored in the third register and then both versions functions call a shared function which performs the actual operation.

Flag Description

- D Integer Divide Check
- V Integer Overflow
- W Float-to-Fix Overflow
- I Invalid Operation
- O Floating Overflow
- U Floating Underflow
- Z Division by Zero
- X Floating Inexact

Figure 3.2: rA Register Flags

- 3.5 Calling the Operating System
- 3.6 Communication
- 3.7 Component Testing

Chapter 4

Graphical User Interface

4.1 Introduction

One of the key objectives of the project chosen was to assist students understanding of how a computer program works. This objective makes the graphical user interface (GUI) a key component. A sample screenshot can be seen in Figure 4.1.

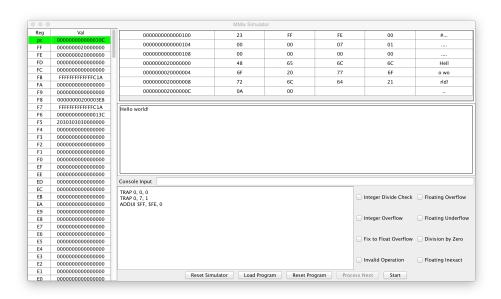


Figure 4.1: GUI Sample Screenshot

The first thing that we need to do is decide which programming language is the most appropriate for this component. This component needs to be

able to display a graphical user interface and it also needs to be able to communicate with the Virtual Machine, see Chapter 3. These requirements led us to a more general purpose language and we chose to use Scala.

4.2 User Interface Design

We decided to split the user interface(UI) up into a number of smaller regions, which are typically called panels.

4.2.1 Console Panel

The console panel is a fairly simple panel that simulates the interaction between the computer and the end user. This panel contains two separate areas, the main area shows details that the programmer wants to inform the user about. The other area allows the user to enter some data and send it to the program, when they are so prompted.

4.2.2 Controls Panel

The controls panel is the area of the GUI that contains the buttons which allow the user to interact with the simulator. The controls panel contains the following buttons: -

- Reset Simulator This button completely resets the simulator, removing any currently loaded program from memory.
- Load Program This button allows the user to choose a file that contains the binary representation of an MMIX program. This program will then be loaded in from the file and passed on to the virtual machine. When this process has finished the application will be ready to start simulating the program. This process obviously has to be able to understand the binary representation of the mmixal program that our assembler creates.
- Reset Program This button will reset the GUI and the virtual machine back to the same state it was in when the application was first loaded.
- **Process Next** This button, when enabled, will process the next available statement.
- Start / Stop This button allows the GUI to automate the processing of the next statements, freeing the user up from having to constantly press the process next button.

4.2.3 Main State Panel

The main state panel contains two separate areas, the main area contains a list of all of the instructions that the VM has processed. This list is displayed in reverse order so that the last statement executed is at the top of the list. The other area shows a number of flags, these flags are stored in the arithmetic status register, which is described in section 3.3.1.

4.2.4 Memory Panel

The memory panel contains a table that describes the current state of the memory in the VM. The each row in the table starts with a column the tells the user the starting memory address for this row. The next four columns give a hexadecimal representation of the contents of those memory locations. The final column contains an ASCII representation of the data in those four memory locations, if the cell contains a non printable ASCII character then it is substituted with a '.'.

If the processing of an instruction changes the content of a memory location then those memory locations are highlighted in green.

4.2.5 Registers Panel

The registers panel contains the current values stored in all of the general purpose and special registers. It also includes the current value of the additional program counter register we are using to keep count of the location of the next instruction to be processed.

If the processing of an instruction changes the content of a register then those registers are highlighted in green.

4.3 Asynchronous UI Programming with Actors

The development of a graphical user interface will always contain a few non-functional requirements, one that should always be present is that the GUI should be responsive. We mean, by this, that the GUI should always respond to what the user does with it, no matter what processing it is also doing at the same time. This has traditional been the domain of multi-threaded programming, however there is now a new approach available to us, we can use an actor library.

When we use an actor library you gain a mechanism for easily handling concurrency and parallelism. A highly regarded actor library that is available in Scala is called Akka [Inc]. To quote the Akka website: -

Actors give you:

- Simple and high-level abstractions for concurrency and parallelism.
- Asynchronous, non-blocking and highly performant eventdriven programming model.
- Very lightweight event-driven processes (several million actors per GB of heap memory).

The way that we have designed the GUI is that we have created a separate actor for each of the panels and a separate actor that is responsible for communicating with the virtual machine. The panel actors are responsible for both updating the panels with information from the VM and handling any input from the users. The virtual machine actor is responsible for communicating with the VM.

4.4 Communication

There are two types of communication that we need to handle in the project, communication between the GUI and the BM, along with communication between the various UI panels.

4.4.1 GUI to VM Communication

We need a mechanism for transferring data and commands between the GUI written in Scala and the VM written in Erlang. There is a built in function inside Erlang which will convert a term, which is the name Erlang uses for a data structure, into binary. This function is called *term_to_binary* and it takes a value as a parameter. The function creates a binary representation based on a fixed format the can be found on the Erlang website [Eri].

We have written an object, in Scala, that will perform the same translation. It will convert binary streams from Erlang into Scala data structures and it will convert Scala data structures into a binary stream that Erlang can understand. This object has been embedded inside the Virtual Machine Actor, the full source code is available in Appendix A.2.10.

This object allows us the ability to marshal data structures between the two components but we also need to handle the actual transferral action. We have decided to, initially, require that both the GUI and VM processes

should run on the same physical machine. This requirement allows us to simple create a UDP connection between the two processes.

4.4.2 UI Panel Communication

The communication between the UI panels, and the virtual machine actor all happens with Akka messages. As an example when we ask the VM to process the next statement it will respond with not only all of the things that have changed but what instruction was executed and all some updates to the console. This results in the virtual machine actor sending messages to the main state panel actor, the memory panel actor, the registers panel actor and potentially the console panel actor.

4.5 Component Testing

Chapter 5

Simulator Application

5.1 Introduction

5.2 Integration Testing

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & LOC & Data_Segment \\ & GREG & @ \\ txt & BYTE & "Hello world!",10,0 \\ & LOC & \#100 \\ \\ Main & LDA & \$255,txt \\ & TRAP & 0,Fputs,StdOut \\ & TRAP & 0,Halt,0 \\ \end{array}$

5.2.1 Generate Prime Numbers Sample Application

Conclusion

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Appendix A

Source Code

A.1 Assembler

A.1.1 Lexer

```
module MMix_Lexer where
 import Data.Char (chr)
import Numeric (readDec)
import Numeric (readHex)
import Debug.Trace
%wrapper "monadUserState"
<0>$white+
                                                                                                       { mkT TIS }
{ mkT TGREG }
{ mkT TLOC }
 <0>[Ii][Ss]
<0>[Ii][Ss]
<0>[Gg][Rr][Ee][Gg]
<0>[Li][00][Cc]
<0>[Bb][Yy][Tt][Ee]
<0>[Ww][Yy][Dd][Ee]
<0>[Ww][Yy][Dd][Ee]
<0>[Tt][Ee][Tt][Rr][Aa]
<0>[Ss][Ee][Tt]

                                                                                                     { mkT TLOC }
{ mkT TByte }
{ mkT TWyde }
{ mkT TTetra }
{ mkT TOcta }
{ mkT TSet }
{ mkLocalLabel }
{ mkLocalForwardOperand }
{ mkLocalBackwardOperand }
{ mkT TDataSegment }
} mkT TDataSegment }
  <0>($digit)H
 <0>($digit)F
 <0>($digit)B
                                                                                                       { mkT TDataSegment }
{ mkT TAtSign }
{ mkT TPlus }
{ mkT TMinus }
{ mkT TMult }
 <0>Data_Segment
 <0>\+
 <0>\-
<0>\*
 <0>\/
<0>\(
                                                                                                       { mkT TDivide }
{ mkT TOpenParen }
{ mkT TCloseParen }
<0>\)
<0>\#$hexdigit+
<0>\$$digit+
<0>[Tt][Rr][Aa][Pp]
<0>[Ff][Cc][Mm][Pp]
<0>[Ff][Uu][Nn]
                                                                                                       { mkHex }
{ mkRegister }
                                                                                                      { mkRegister }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x00 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x01 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x02 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x03 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x03 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x05 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x06 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x06 }
{ mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0x07 }
 <0>[Ff][Ee][Qq][L1]
<0>[Ff][Aa][Dd][Dd]
 <0>[Ff][Ii][Xx]
<0>[Ff][Ss][Uu][Bb]
 <0>[Ff][Ii][Xx][Uu]
```

```
<0>[Ff][L1][Oo][Tt]
<0>[Ff][L1][Oo][Tt][Uu]
<0>[Ss][Ff][L1][Oo][Tt]
                                                         f mkT $ TOpCode 0x08 }
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x0A
                                                                    TOpCode 0x0C
                                                         { mkT $
<0>[Ss][Ff][L1][Oo][Tt][Uu]
<0>[Ff][Mm][Uu][L1]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x0E }
                                                                    TOpCodeSimple 0x10 }
                                                         f mkT $
<0>[Ff][Cc][Mm][Pp][Ee]
<0>[Ff][Uu][Nn][Ee]
                                                                    TOpCodeSimple 0x11
TOpCodeSimple 0x12
                                                            mkT $
                                                         { mkT $
<0>[Ff][Ee][Qq][L1][Ee]
<0>[Ff][Dd][Ii][Vv]
                                                         { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCodeSimple 0x13
TOpCodeSimple 0x14
<0>[Ff][Ss][Qq][Rr][Tt]
<0>[Ff][Rr][Ee][Mm]
                                                                    TOpCodeSimple 0x15
TOpCodeSimple 0x16
                                                         { mkT $
                                                           mkT
<0>[Ff][Ii][Nn][Tt]
<0>[Mm][Uu][L1]
                                                          { mkT $
                                                                    TOpCodeSimple 0x17
                                                                    TOpCode 0x18 }
TOpCode 0x1A }
                                                         { mkT
<0>[Mm][Uu][L1][Uu]
<0>[Dd][Ii][Vv]
                                                           mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x1C
                                                           mkT
<0>[Dd][Ii][Vv][Uu]
<0>[Aa][Dd][Dd]
                                                           mkT $ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x1E }
TOpCode 0x20 }
<0>[L1][Dd][Aa]
<0>[Aa][Dd][Dd][Uu]
                                                           mkT $ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x22
TOpCode 0x22
<0>[Ss][Uu][Bb]
<0>[Ss][Uu][Bb][Uu]
<0>2[Aa][Dd][Dd][Uu]
                                                           mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x24
                                                                    TOpCode 0x26
                                                           mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x28
TOpCode 0x2A
                                                           mkT $
<0>4[Aa][Dd][Dd][Uu]
                                                           mkT
[uU][bd][bd][ba]8<0>
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x2C
<0>16[Aa][Dd][Dd][Uu]
                                                            mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x2E
<0>[Cc][Mm][Pp]
<0>[Cc][Mm][Pp][Uu]
                                                         { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x30
TOpCode 0x32
<0>[Nn][Ee][Gg]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x34
<0>[Nn][Ee][Gg][Uu]
                                                            mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x36
                                                                    TOpCode 0x38
TOpCode 0x3A
<0>[Ss][L1]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
<0>[Ss][L1][Uu]
                                                            mkT
<0>[Ss][Rr]
                                                           mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x3C
<0>[Ss][Rr][Uu]
                                                            mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x3E
<0>[Bb][Nn]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x40
<0>[Bb][Zz]
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x42
<0>[Bb][Pp]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x44
<0>[Bb][Oo][Dd]
                                                            mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x46
<0>[Bb][Nn][Nn]
                                                            mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x48
<0>[Bb][Nn][Zz]
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x4A
<0>[Bb][Nn][Pp]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x4C
                                                           mkT
<0>[Bb] [Ee] [Vv]
<0>[Pp] [Bb] [Nn]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x4E
TOpCode 0x50
                                                            mkT
                                                           mkT
mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x52
                                                                    TOpCode 0x54
                                                           mkT
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x56
                                                           mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x58
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x5A
                                                                    TOpCode 0x5C
                                                           mkT
<0>[Pp][Bb][Ee][Vv]
<0>[Cc][Ss][Nn]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x5E
TOpCode 0x60
                                                            \mathtt{mk}\,\mathtt{T}
                                                                 $
                                                           mkT
<0>[Cc][Ss][Zz]
<0>[Cc][Ss][Pp]
                                                            mkT $ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x62
TOpCode 0x64
<0>[Cc][Ss][Do][Dd]
<0>[Cc][Ss][Nn][Nn]
<0>[Cc][Ss][Nn][Zz]
<0>[Cc][Ss][Nn][Zp]
                                                           mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x66
                                                                    TOpCode 0x68
                                                            mkT
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x6A
TOpCode 0x6C
                                                            mkT
<0>[Cc][Ss][Ee][Vv]
                                                            mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x6E
<0>[Zz][Ss][Nn]
                                                                     TOpCode 0x70
                                                            mkT
<0>[Zz][Ss][Zz]
<0>[Zz][Ss][Pp]
                                                           mkT $ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x72
TOpCode 0x74
<0>[Zz][Ss][Oo][Dd]
<0>[Zz][Ss][Nn][Nn]
                                                            mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x76
                                                            mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x78
<0>[Zz][Ss][Nn][Zz]
                                                           mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x7A
TOpCode 0x7C
<0>[Zz][Ss][Nn][Pp]
                                                            mkT
<0>[Zz][Ss][Ee][Vv]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x7E
<0>[L1][Dd][Bb]
<0>[L1][Dd][Bb][Uu]
                                                                     TOpCode 0x80
                                                            mkT
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x82
<0>[L1][Dd][Ww]
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x84
<0>[11] [MM] [MM] [Un]
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x86
<0>[L1][Dd][Tt]
<0>[L1][Dd][Tt][Uu]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x88
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x8A
<0>[L1][Dd][Oo]
<0>[L1][Dd][Oo][Uu]
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x8C
                                                                    TOpCode 0x8E
                                                           mkT
                                                                 $
<0>[L1][Dd][Ss][Ff]
<0>[L1][Dd][Hh][Tt]
                                                           mkT
mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x90
TOpCode 0x92
<0>[Cc][Ss][Ww][Aa][Pp]
<0>[L1][Dd][Uu][Nn][Cc]
                                                            mkT $ mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x94
TOpCode 0x96
<0>[L1] [Dd] [Vv] [Tt] [Ss]
<0>[Pp] [Rr] [Ee] [L1] [Dd]
                                                            mkT $ TOpCode 0x98
                                                           mkT
                                                                    TOpCode 0x9A
<0>[Pp][Rr][Ee][Gg][Oo]
                                                            mkT $
                                                                    TOpCode 0x9C
<0>[Gg] [Oo]
<0>[Ss] [Tt] [Bb]
<0>[Ss] [Tt] [Bb] [Uu]
                                                                    TOpCode 0x9E
                                                           mkT $
                                                           mkT $ TOpCode 0xA0
mkT $ TOpCode 0xA2
<0>[Ss][Tt][Ww]
                                                         { mkT $ TOpCode 0xA4 }
```

```
<0>[Ss][Tt][Ww][Uu]
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xA6 }
<0>[Ss][Tt][Tt]
<0>[Ss][Tt][Tt][Uu]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xA8
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode OxAA
<0>[Ss][Tt][Oo]
<0>[Ss][Tt][Oo][Uu]
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xAC
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode OxAE
<0>[Ss][Tt][Ss][Ff]
<0>[Ss][Tt][Hh][Tt]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xB0
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xB2
<0>[Ss][Tt][Cc][Oo]
<0>[Ss][Tt][Uu][Nn][Cc]
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xB4
{ mkT $ TOpCode 0xB6
<O>[SS][TY][Nn][Cc][Dd]
<O>[Pp][Rr][Ee][SS][Tt]
<O>[SS][YY][Nn][Cc][Ii][Dd]
<O>[Pp][Uu][SS][Hh][Gg][Oo]
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xB8
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode OxBA
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xBC
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xBE
<0>[0o][Rr]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xC0
<0>[0o][Rr][Nn]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xC2
<0>[Nn][Oo][Rr]
<0>[Xx][Oo][Rr]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xC4
TOpCode 0xC6
<0>[Aa][Nn][Dd]
<0>[Aa][Nn][Dd][Nn]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xC8
TOpCode 0xCA
<0>[Nn][Aa][Nn][Dd]
<0>[Nn][Xx][Oo][Rr]
<0>[Bb][Dd][Ii][Ff]
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCode 0xCC
                                                                               TOpCode 0xCE
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xD0
<0>[Ww][Dd][Ii][Ff]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xD2
<0>[Tt][Dd][Ti][Ff]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xD4
<0>[0o][Dd][Ii][Ff]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xD6
<0>[Mm][Uu][Xx]
<0>[Ss][Aa][Dd][Dd]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode OxD8 }
TOpCode OxDA }
<0>[Mm][Oo][Rr]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xDC
<0>[Mm][Xx][Oo][Rr]
                                                                      mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode OxDE }
<0>[Ss] [Ee] [Tt] [Hh]
<0>[Ss] [Ee] [Tt] [Mm] [Hh]
<0>[Ss] [Ee] [Tt] [Mm] [L1]
<0>[Ss] [Ee] [Tt] [L1]
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE0 }
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                                TOpCodeSimple 0xE1
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE2
                                                                                TOpCodeSimple 0xE3
<0>[Ii][Nn][Cc][Hh]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE4 }
<0>[Ii][Nn][Cc][Mm][Hh]
<0>[Ii][Nn][Cc][Mm][L1]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE5
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE6
<0>[II][Nn][Cc][L1]
<0>[0o][Rr][Hh]
<0>[0o][Rr][Mm][Hh]
<0>[0o][Rr][Mm][L1]
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE7
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xE8
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                   { mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0xE9
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple OxEA
<0>[00][Rr][L1]
<0>[Aa][Nn][Dd][Nn][Hh]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xEB
<0>[Aa] [Nn] [Dd] [Nn] [Mm] [Hh] 
<0>[Aa] [Nn] [Dd] [Nn] [Mm] [L1]
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xED
TOpCodeSimple 0xEE
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                   f mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple OxEF
TOpCode OxFO }
<0>[Aa][Nn][Dd][Nn][L1]
                                                                   { mkT $
<0>[Aa][Nh][Dd][Nh][LI]
<0>[Jj][Mm][Pp]
<0>[Pp][Uu][Ss][Hh][Jj]
<0>[Gg][Ee][Tt][Aa]
                                                                   { mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xF2 }
TOpCodeSimple 0xF4 }
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
<0>[Pp][Uu][Tt]
<0>[Pp][Oo][Pp]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCode 0xF6 }
TOpCodeSimple 0xF8
<0>[Rr][Ee][Ss][Uu][Mm][Ee]
<0>[Ss][Aa][Vv][Ee]
                                                                   { mkT $ 
{ mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xF9 }
TOpCodeSimple 0xFA }
<0>[Ss][Yy][Nn][Cc]
<0>[Ss][Ww][Yy][Mm]
<0>[Gg][Ee][Tt]
                                                                     mkT $ TOpCodeSimple 0xFC }
                                                                     mkT $
                                                                               TOpCodeSimple 0xFD
                                                                     mkT $ TOpCodeSimple OxFE }
                                                                     mkT $ TOpCodeSimple OxFF }
<0>[Tt][Rr][Ii][Pp]
                                                                     mkT TFputS }
mkT TStdOut }
<0>Fputs
                                                                     mkT THalt }
mkInteger }
<0>Halt
<0>$digit+
                                                                     mainteger f
mkT TComma }
startString 'andBegin' string }
addCharTOString '\\' }
addCharTOString '\\' }
endString 'andBegin' state_initial }
addCurrentToString }
mkChar }
<0>\,
<0>\"
<string>\\\"
<string>\\\\
<string>\"
<string>.
<0>\'.\'
                                                                      mkChar }
<0>$alpha [$alpha $digit \_ \']*
                                                                      mkIdentifier }
<0>.
                                                                   { mkError }
data Token = LEOF
                    | TIdentifier { tid_name :: String }
                      TIdentifier { tid_name :: String }
TError { terr_text :: String }
TInteger { tint_value :: Int }
THexLiteral { thex_value :: Int }
TRegister { treg_value :: Int }
TStringLiteral { tsl_text :: String }
TLocalForwardOperand { tlfo :: Int }
TLocalBackwardOperand { tlbo :: Int }
TLocalLabel { tll :: Int }
TIS
                       TIS
                       TByte
                    ITGREG
```

```
TLOC
                   TWyde
TTetra
                   {\tt TOcta}
                   TSet
                   TFputS
TStdOut
                   THalt
                   TOpCode { toc_value :: Int }
TOpCodeSimple { soc_value :: Int }
                   TDataSegment
                   TAtSign
                   TComma
                   TPlus
                   TMult
                   TMinus
                   TDivide
                   TOpenParen
TCloseParen
                   TByteLiteral Char
                   W String
CommentStart
                   {\tt CommentEnd}
                 | CommentBody String
                 deriving (Show, Eq)
state_initial :: Int
state_initial = 0
data AlexUserState = AlexUserState
                             lexerStringState :: Bool , lexerStringValue :: String
lexerStringState = False
, lexerStringValue = ""
}
setLexerStringState :: Bool -> Alex ()
setLexerStringState ss = Alex $ \s -> Right (s{alex_ust=(alex_ust s){lexerStringState=ss}}, ()
 setLexerStringValue :: String \rightarrow Alex () \\ setLexerStringValue ss = Alex $$ \s -> Right (s{alex_ust=(alex_ust s){lexerStringValue=ss}}, () 
getLexerStringValue :: Alex String
getLexerStringValue = Alex $ \s@AlexState{alex_ust=ust} -> Right (s, lexerStringValue ust)
addCharToLexerStringValue :: Char -> Alex ()
addCharToLexerStringValue c = Alex $ \s -> Right (s{alex_ust=(alex_ust s){lexerStringValue=c:
    lexerStringValue (alex_ust s)}}, ())
addCurrentToString :: (t, t1, t2, String) -> Int -> Alex Token
addCurrentToString input((_, _, _, remaining) length = addCharToString c input length
      where
           c = if (length == 1)
                then head remaining else error "Invalid call to addCurrentString"
addCharToString :: Char \mbox{->} t \mbox{->} t1 \mbox{->} Alex Token addCharToString c \mbox{\_} =
           \verb"addCharToLexerStringValue" c
word a@(_,c,_,inp) len = mkT (W (take len inp)) a len
extractValue :: Num a => [(a, String)] -> a
extractValue ((value, ""):_) = value
extractValue _ = error "Invalid Hex Value"
mkHex :: Monad m => (t, t1, t2, String) -> Int -> m Token
mkHex input length =
    mkT (THexLiteral decValue) input length
      where
           str = getStr input length
           hexPart = tail str
decValue = extractValue $ readHex hexPart
```

```
mkLocalLabel input length = mkT (TLocalLabel val) input length
           where val = read (getStr input 1) :: Int
mkChar input length = mkT (TByteLiteral val) input length
           where val = (getStr input 2) !! 1 :: Char
\label{lem:mkLocalForwardOperand} \begin{tabular}{ll} mkLocalForwardOperand & val) & input length & where val = read (getStr input 1) :: Int & value & value
mkLocalBackwardOperand input length = mkT (TLocalBackwardOperand val) input length
           where val = read (getStr input 1) :: Int
where
                  registerText = getStr input length
val = read (tail registerText) :: Int
mkIdentifier :: Monad m => (t, t1, t2, String) -> Int -> m Token
mkIdentifier input length =
    mkT (TIdentifier label) input length
    where label = getStr input length
 mkError :: Monad m => (t, t1, t2, String) -> Int -> m Token
mkError input length =
  mkT (TError label) input length
  where label = getStr input length
getStr (_, _, _, remaining) length = take length remaining
mkT :: (Monad m) => Token -> t -> t1 -> m Token
mkT token _ _ = return $ token
alexEOF = return LEOF
startString _ _ =
           do
                   setLexerStringValue ""
                    setLexerStringState True
                    alexMonadScan
 endString input length =
                    s <- getLexerStringValue
setLexerStringState False
                    mkT (TStringLiteral (reverse s)) input length
then return [ LEOF ]
                                                                                else do toks <- loop
return $ tok : toks
                                      loop
A.1.2 Parser
 module MMix_Parser where
import Data.Char import MMix_Lexer
```

%name parseFile
%tokentype { Token }
%error { parseError }
%monad { Alex }
%lexer { lexwrap } { LEOF }

OP_CODE { TOpCode \$\$ }
OP_CODE_SIMPLE { TOpCodeSimple \$\$ }
SET { TSet }

%token

```
COMMA
                            { TComma }
      HALT
FPUTS
                               THalt }
                               TFputS }
      STDOUT
                              TStdOut }
TByteLiteral $$ }
      BYTE LIT
                              TIdentifier $$ }
TRegister $$ }
      ID
      REG
                              TInteger $$ }
TLocalLabel $$ }
      TNT
      LOCAL_LABEL
      FORWARD
BACKWARD
                              TLocalForwardOperand $$ }
                               TLocalBackwardOperand $$ }
      LOC
                              TLOC }
                              TIS }
      IS
      WYDE
                              TWyde }
      TETRA
                              TTetra }
                              TOcta }
TGREG }
      OCTA
      GREG
                              TPlus }
TMinus }
      PLUS
      MINUS
                              TMult }
TDivide }
      MULTIPLY
      DIVIDE
                              TAtSign }
TDataSegment }
      AΤ
      DS
      BYTE
                              TByte }
TStringLiteral $$ }
      STR
      HEX
                              THexLiteral $$ }
TOpenParen }
      CLOSE
                            { TCloseParen }
%%
                       : AssignmentLines { reverse $1 }
Program
AssignmentLine :: {Line}
       OperatorList : OperatorElement { $1 : [] } | OperatorList COMMA OperatorElement { $3 : $1 }
OperatorElement : HALT
                                           { PseudoCode 0 }
                                         { fputs }
{ PseudoCode 1 }
{ Register (chr $1) }
{ LocalForward $1 }
{ LocalBackward $1 }
                        I FPUTS
                          STDOUT
                          BEG
                        I BACKWARD
                        | Expression { Expr $1 }
PI : LOC Expression
      LOC Expression { LocEx $2 } 

GREG Expression { GregEx $2 } 

SET OperatorElement COMMA OperatorElement { Set ($2, $4) } 

BYTE Byte_Array { ByteArray (reverse $2) } 

WYDE Byte_Array { WydeArray (reverse $2) } 

TETRA Byte_Array { CotaArray (reverse $2) } 

OCTA Byte_Array { IsNumber $2 } 

IS INT { IsNumber $2 } 

IS REG { IsNumber (ord $2) } 

IS REG { IsNegister $2 } 

IsIdentifier { IsIdentifier $2 }
                                     { LocEx $2 }
    | IS INT
| IS BYTE_LIT
| IS REG
     | IS Identifier
                                     { IsIdentifier $2 }
Byte_Array : STR { reverse $1 }
                | HEX { (chr $1) : [] }
| BYTE_LIT { $1 : [] }
                | Byte_Array COMMA STR { (reverse $3) ++ $1 }
| Byte_Array COMMA BYTE_LIT { $3 : $1 }
| Byte_Array COMMA HEX { (chr $3) : $1 }
GlobalVariables : DS { 0x20000000 }
```

```
| OPEN Expression CLOSE { [ExpressionClose] ++ $2 ++ [ExpressionOpen] }
Term : Primary_Expression { $1 }
      | Term MULTIPLY Primary_Expression { ExpressionMultiply $1 $3 }
| Term DIVIDE Primary_Expression { ExpressionDivide $1 $3 }
Primary Expression : INT
                                                        { ExpressionNumber $1 }
                           Identifier
                                                        { ExpressionIdentifier $1 }
                                                       { ExpressionNumber (ord $1) } { ExpressionAT } { ExpressionNumber $1 }
                           BYTE_LIT
                           ΑT
                           HEX
                         data Line = PlainOpCodeLine { pocl_code :: Int, pocl_ops :: [OperatorElement], pocl_loc :: Int
      :: Int }
deriving (Eq, Show)
data Identifier = Id String
| LocalLabel Int
                    deriving (Eq, Show, Ord)
data OperatorElement = ByteLiteral Char
                     PseudoCode Int
                   | Register Char
| Ident Identifier
| LocalForward Int
                    .
| LocalBackward Int
                   | Expr ExpressionEntry
                   deriving (Eq, Show)
data ExpressionEntry = ExpressionNumber Int
                                 ExpressionRegister Char ExpressionEntry
                                 ExpressionIdentifier Identifier
ExpressionGV Int
                                 Expression
                                 ExpressionAT
                                 ExpressionPlus ExpressionEntry ExpressionEntry
ExpressionMinus ExpressionEntry ExpressionEntry
ExpressionMultiply ExpressionEntry ExpressionEntry
ExpressionDivide ExpressionEntry ExpressionEntry
                                 ExpressionOpen
                                 ExpressionClose
                               deriving (Eq, Show)
GregAuto GregSpecific Char
                               GregSpecific Char
GregEx ExpressionEntry
ByteArray [Char]
WydeArray [Char]
TetraArray [Char]
OctaArray [Char]
IsRegister Int
IsNumber Int
                                IsIdentifier Identifier
                              | Set (OperatorElement, OperatorElement) deriving (Eq., Show)
-- fullParse "/home/steveedmans/test.mms"
-- fullParse "/home/steveedmans/hail.mms"
defaultPlainOpCodeLine = PlainOpCodeLine { pocl_loc = -1, pocl_sim = False }
defaultLabelledOpCodeLine = LabelledOpCodeLine { lpocl_loc = -1, lpocl_sim = False }
defaultPlainPILine = PlainPILine { ppl_loc = -1 }
defaultLabelledPILine = LabelledPILine { lppl_loc = -1 }
parseError m = alexError $ "WHY! " ++ show m
lexwrap :: (Token -> Alex a) -> Alex a
lexwrap cont = do
    token <- alexMonadScan</pre>
```

```
cont token

fputs = PseudoCode 7

fullParse path = do
    contents <- readFile path
    print $ parseStr contents

parseStr str = runAlex str parseFile</pre>
```

A.1.3 Symbol Table

```
module SymbolTable where
 import MMix Parser
 import Registers
 import qualified Data.Map.Lazy as M import Data.Char (chr, ord)
 import Text.Regex.Posix
 import DataTypes
 type Table = M.Map String Int
type BaseTable = M.Map Char Int
type RegisterOffset = (Char, Int)
 type CounterMap = M.Map Int Int
createSymbolTable :: Either String [Line] -> Either String SymbolTable
createSymbolTable (Left msg) = Left msg
createSymbolTable (Right lines) =
    let symbols = foldl getSymbol (Right M.empty) lines
    regs = createRegisterTable $ Right lines
getSymbol :: Either String SymbolTable -> Line -> Either String SymbolTable
| otherwise = Right $ M.insert ident (address, Nothing) table getSymbol (Right table) _ = Right $ table
 getRegisterFromSymbol :: SymbolTable -> Identifier -> Int
 getRegisterFromSymbol st id = reg
where reg = case M.lookup id st of
                            M.lookup id st or

Just(_, Just (IsRegister r)) -> r

-> -1
 determineBaseAddressAndOffset :: (M.Map ExpressionEntry Char) -> RegisterAddress -> Maybe(
 neg1sterUffset)
determineBaseAddressAndOffset rfa (required_address, _) =
   case (M.lookupLE (ExpressionNumber required_address) rfa) of
   Just((ExpressionNumber address), register) -> Just(register, offset)
   where offset = required_address - address
   _ -> Nothing
        RegisterOffset)
where registersByAddress = registersFromAddresses registers
```

```
requiredAddress = symbols M.! identifier
                exactRegister = extractRegister requiredAddress
                                    = case exactRegister of
                result
                                           Just(reg) -> Just(reg, 0)
-> determineBaseAddressAndOffset registersByAddress
mapSymbolToAddress _ _ = Nothing
extractRegister :: RegisterAddress -> Maybe(Char)
extractRegister (_, Just(IsRegister reg)) = Just(chr reg)
extractRegister _ = Nothing
getSymbolAddress :: SymbolTable -> Identifier -> Int
getSymbolAddress symbols identifier = add
where Just(add, _) = M.lookup identifier symbols
update_counter :: Int -> Maybe Int -> Int -> CounterMap -> CounterMap
update_counter label (Just old_counter) adjustment counters = M.insert label new_counter
      where new_counter = old_counter + adjustment
update_counter _ _ counters = counters
updated_label :: Int -> Maybe Int -> Identifier
updated_label label (Just current_counter) = Id $ system_symbol label current_counter updated_label label _ = Id $ "??" ++ (show label) ++ "HMissing"
transformLocalSymbolLabel :: CounterMap -> Line -> (CounterMap, Line)
transformLocalSymbolLabel counters ln@(LabelledOpCodeLine _ _ (LocalLabel label) _ _) = (
       new_counters, ln{lpocl_ident=new_label})
     where current_counter = M.lookup label counters
    new_label = updated_label label current_counter
             new_counters = update_counter label current_counter 1 counters
cocalSymbolLabel counters ln@(LabelledPILine _ (LocalLabel label) _) = (new_counters,
transformLocalSymbolLabel
        ln{lppl_ident=new_label})
setLocalSymbolLabel :: CounterMap -> [Line] -> [Line] -> [Line]
setLocalSymbolLabel _ acc [] = reverse acc setLocalSymbolLabel current_counters acc (x:xs) =
     let (new_counters, new_line) = transformLocalSymbolLabel current_counters x
   new_acc = new_line : acc
     in setLocalSymbolLabel new_counters new_acc xs
setLocalSymbolLabelAuto :: Either String [Line] -> Either String [Line]
setLocalSymbolLabelAuto (Right lns) = Right $ operands_set
     where labels_set = setLocalSymbolLabel localSymbolCounterMap [] lns
operands_set = transformLocalSymbolLines initialForwardSymbolMap
                    initialBackwardSymbolMap labels_set []
setLocalSymbolLabelAuto msg = msg
localSymbolCounterMap :: CounterMap localSymbolCounterMap = M.fromList $ map (\x -> (x, 0)) [0..9]
initialForwardSymbolMap :: M.Map Int Identifier
initialForwardSymbolMap = M.fromList $ map (\x -> (x, (Id (system_symbol x 0)))) [0..9]
initialBackwardSymbolMap :: M.Map Int (Maybe Identifier)
initialBackwardSymbolMap = M.fromList $ map (\x -> (x, Nothing)) [0..9]
transformLocalSymbolLines :: M.Map Int Identifier -> M.Map Int (Maybe Identifier) -> [Line] ->
transformLocalSymbolLines :: m.map int Identifier -> m.map int (maybe identifier) ->
    [Line] -> [Line]
transformLocalSymbolLines _ _ [] acc = reverse acc
transformLocalSymbolLines f b (x:xs) acc = transformLocalSymbolLines f' b' xs new_acc
    where (f', b', new_line) = transformLocalSymbol f b x
        new_acc = new_line : acc
transformLocalSymbolLine :: M.Map Int Identifier -> M.Map Int (Maybe Identifier) -> Line ->
transformLocalSymbolLine f b ln@(PlainOpCodeLine _ elements _ _) = ln{pocl_ops = new_elements}
where new_elements = transformLocalSymbolElements f b elements [] transformLocalSymbolLine f b ln@(LabelledOpCodeLine _ elements _ _ _) = ln{lpocl_ops =
       new_elements}
     where new_elements = transformLocalSymbolElements f b elements []
transformLocalSymbolLine _ _ ln = ln
```

```
{\tt transformForward} \ :: \ {\tt M.Map} \ {\tt Int} \ {\tt Identifier} \ {\tt ->} \ {\tt Line} \ {\tt ->} \ {\tt M.Map} \ {\tt Int} \ {\tt Identifier}
ransformForward f ln@(LabelledOpCodeLine _ _(Id label) _ _)
| is_system_id label = M.insert l new_id f
| otherwise = f
where Just(I, _) = system_id label

new_id = Just(Id label)

transformBackward b ln@(LabelledPILine _ (Id label) _)

| is_system_id label = M.insert l new_id b

| otherwise = b
          ptherwise = p
where Just(1, _) = system_id label
    new_id = Just(Id label)
 transformBackward b 1 = b
 transformLocalSymbolElements :: M.Map Int Identifier -> M.Map Int (Maybe Identifier) -> [
OperatorElement] -> [OperatorElement] -> [OperatorElement] transformLocalSymbolElements _ _ [] acc = reverse acc transformLocalSymbolElements f b (x:xs) acc = transformLocalSymbolElements f b xs new_acc
      where new_value = transformLocalSymbolElement f b x
new_acc = new_value : acc
transformLocalSymbolElement _ _ element = element
extractWithDefault :: Maybe (Maybe Identifier) -> OperatorElement -> OperatorElement extractWithDefault (Just (Just v)) _ = Ident v extractWithDefault _ d = d
system_id :: String -> Maybe (Int, Int)
system_id label
      | is_system_id label = Just(1, c)
      otherwise = Nothing
where 1 = read $ drop 2 $ take 3 label
c = read $ drop 4 label
system_symbol_pattern = "^\\?\\?[0-9]H[0-9]+$"
is_system_id :: String -> Bool
is_system_id symbol = symbol = system_symbol_pattern
system_symbol :: Int -> Int -> String
system_symbol label counter = "??" ++ (show label) ++ "H" ++ (show counter)
 A.1.4 Common Data Types
 module DataTypes where
import qualified Data.Map.Lazy as M import MMix_Parser
type SymbolTable = M.Map Identifier RegisterAddress
type RegisterAddress = (Int, Maybe PseudoInstruction)
instance Ord ExpressionEntry where
    (ExpressionNumber num1) 'compare' (ExpressionNumber num2) = num1 'compare' num2
```

A.1.5 Expressions

```
module Expressions where
import MMix_Parser
import DataTypes
import qualified Data.Map.Lazy as M
isSingleExprNumber :: ExpressionEntry -> Maybe Int
isSingleExprNumber (ExpressionNumber val) = Just v
isSingleExprNumber _ = Nothing
evaluateAllLocExpressions :: Either String [Line] -> Either String SymbolTable -> Either
            String [Line]
evaluateAllLocExpressions (Left msg) _ = Left msg
evaluateAllLocExpressions _ (Left msg) = Left msg
evaluateAllLocExpressions (Right lines) (Right st) = Right $ evaluateAllLocLines st lines []
evaluateAllLocLines :: SymbolTable -> [Line] -> [Line] -> [Line]
evaluateLocLine :: SymbolTable -> Line -> Line
evaluateLocLine st ln@(LabelledPILine (LocEx expr) _ address) = ln{lppl_id = (LocEx (
        ExpressionNumber v))}
where v = evaluate expr address st
evaluateLocLine st ln@(PlainPILine (LocEx expr) address) = ln{ppl_id = (LocEx (ExpressionNumber v))}
        where v = evaluate expr address st
evaluateLocLine _ ln = ln
evaluateAllExpressions :: Either String [Line] -> Either String SymbolTable -> Either String [
            Linel
evaluateAllExpressions (Left msg) _ = Left msg
evaluateAllExpressions _ (Left msg) = Left msg
evaluateAllExpressions (Right lines) (Right st) = Right $ evaluateAllLines st lines []
evaluateAllLines :: SymbolTable -> [Line] -> [Line] -> [Line]
evaluateAllLines _ [] acc = reverse acc
evaluateAllLines st (ln:lns) acc = evaluateAllLines st lns (new_line : acc)
where new_line = evaluateLine st ln
evaluateLine :: SymbolTable -> Line -> Line
evaluateLine st ln@(LabelledPILine (GregEx (ExpressionRegister reg expr)) _ address) =
            new line
        where v = evaluate expr address st
new_reg = ExpressionRegister reg (ExpressionNumber v)
new_line = ln{lppl_id = (GregEx new_reg)}
evaluateLine st ln@(LabelledPILine (LocEx expr) _ address) = ln{lppl_id = (LocEx (
        ExpressionNumber v))}
where v = evaluate expr address st
evaluate Line \ st \ ln@(PlainPILine \ (LocEx \ expr) \ address) = ln\{ppl\_id = (LocEx \ (Expression Number \ valuate Line \ (Expression Number \ valuate Line \ (LocEx \ (Expression Number \ valuate \ (LocEx \ (Expression Number \ (Expression 
        where v = evaluate expr address st
where v = evaluate expr address st
evaluateLine st ln@(PlainInDpCodeLine _ ops _ _) = ln{pocl_ops = updated_operands}
where updated_operands = evaluateOperands st [] ops
evaluateLine st ln@(LabelledOpCodeLine _ ops _ _ _) = ln{lpocl_ops = updated_operands}
where updated_operands = evaluateOperands st [] ops
evaluateLine _ ln = ln
evaluateLine _ ln
evaluateOperands :: SymbolTable -> [OperatorElement] -> [OperatorElement] -> [OperatorElement]
evaluateOperands st acc [] = reverse acc
evaluateOperands st acc (op:ops) = evaluateOperands st (new_op : acc) ops
where new_op = evaluateOperand st op
evaluateOperand :: SymbolTable -> OperatorElement -> OperatorElement
evaluateOperand _ op@(Expr (ExpressionNumber _)) = op
evaluateOperand _ op@(Expr (ExpressionRegister _ _)) = op
evaluateOperand _ op@(Expr (ExpressionIdentifier _)) = op
evaluateOperand _ opw(Expr (ExpressionGV _)) = op
evaluateOperand _ opw(Expr (ExpressionGV _)) = op
evaluateOperand _ opw(Expr ExpressionAT) = op
evaluateOperand st (Expr expr) = Expr (ExpressionNumber val)
where val = evaluate expr 0 st
evaluateOperand _ op = op
evaluate :: ExpressionEntry -> Int -> SymbolTable -> Int
evaluate (ExpressionNumber val) _ = val
evaluate ExpressionAT loc = loc
evaluate (ExpressionMinus expr1 expr2) loc st = v1 - v2
where v1 = evaluate expr1 loc st
v2 = evaluate expr2 loc st
evaluate (ExpressionPlus expr1 expr2) loc st = v1 + v2
         where v1 = evaluate expr1 loc st
v2 = evaluate expr2 loc st
evaluate (ExpressionMultiply expr1 expr2) loc st = v1 * v2
```

A.1.6 Locations

```
module Locations where
import MMix_Parser
import Expressions
setInnerLocation nextLoc acc [] = reverse acc
setInnerLocation nextLoc acc (ln:lns) = setInnerLocation newLoc newAcc lns
    where (newLoc, newLine) = setLocation nextLoc ln
    newAcc = newLine : acc
setLocation :: Int -> Line -> (Int, Line)
setLocation nextLoc ln@(PlainPILine (LocEx loc) _) =
setLocation nextLoc In@(PlainPilline (LocEx loc) _) =
case isSingleExprNumber loc of
   Just val -> (val, ln { ppl_loc = val })
   _ -> (nextLoc, ln)
setLocation nextLoc ln@(LabelledPILine (LocEx loc) _ _) =
setLocation nextLoc inw(Labelledrilline (Locix 100) _ _, =
    case isSingleExprNumber loc of
    Just val -> (val, ln { lppl_loc = val })
    _ -> (nextLoc, ln)
setLocation nextLoc ln@(LabelledPILine (ByteArray arr) _ _) = (newLoc, ln { lppl_loc = nextLoc
       where size = length arr
adjustment = case (rem size 4) of
                aujustment = case (rem size 0 \rightarrow 0 x \rightarrow 4 - x newLoc = nextLoc + size
setLocation nextLoc ln@(PlainPILine (ByteArray arr) _) = (newLoc, ln { ppl_loc = nextLoc })
   where size = length arr
   adjustment = case (rem size 4) of
                                     0 -> 0
x -> 4 - x
tLoc + size
                newLoc = nextLoc
\tt setLocation\ nextLoc\ ln@(LabelledPILine\ (WydeArray\ arr)\ \_\ )\ =\ (newLoc\ ,\ ln\ \{\ lppl\_loc\ =\ loc\ ,\ ln\ \{\ lppl\_loc\ =\ loc\ ,\ ln\ \{\ lppl\_loc\ =\ loc\ ,\ ln\ \}\ \}
         addjusted_loc })
       where addjusted_loc = case (rem nextLoc 2) of
                addjusted_loc = case (lem herzhoc 2) 01
0 -> nextLoc
x -> nextLoc + x
newLoc = addjusted_loc + ((length arr) * 2)
setLocation nextLoc ln@(PlainPILine (WydeArray arr) _) = (newLoc, ln { ppl_loc = addjusted_loc
       where addjusted_loc = case (rem nextLoc 2) of
                                            0 -> nextLoc
x -> nextLoc + x
newLoc = addjusted_loc + ((length arr) * 2)
setLocation nextLoc ln@(LabelledPILine (TetraArray arr) _ _) = (newLoc, ln { lppl_loc =
         addjusted_loc })
newLoc = addjusted_loc = case (rem nextLoc 4) of

0 -> nextLoc

x -> nextLoc + (4 - x)

newLoc = addjusted_loc + ((length arr) * 4)

setLocation nextLoc ln@(PlainPILine (TetraArray arr) _) = (newLoc, ln { ppl_loc = addjusted_loc })

where addjusted_loc .)
addjusted_loc })
where addjusted_loc = case (rem nextLoc 8) of
where addjusted_loc = case (rem nextLoc 8) of
```

A.1.7 Registers

```
module Registers
--(
         RegisterAddress,
         RegisterTable,
         createRegisterTable
where
import MMix_Parser
import qualified Data.Map.Lazy as M
import Data.Char (chr, ord) import Expressions
import DataTypes
type RegisterTable = M.Map Char ExpressionEntry
type AlternativeRegisterTable = M.Map ExpressionEntry Char
setAlexGregAuto :: Either String [Line] -> Either String [Line]
setAlexGregAuto (Right lns) = Right $ setGregAuto 254 [] lns setAlexGregAuto msg = msg
specifyGregAuto :: Line -> Int -> (Line, Int)
where new_line = ln{ppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister (chr nxt) val)}
new_counter = nxt - 1
specifyGregAuto line nxt = (line, nxt)
createRegisterTable :: Either String [Line] -> Either String RegisterTable
createRegisterTable (Left msg) = Left msg
createRegisterTable (Right lines) = foldl getRegister (Right M.empty) lines
getRegister :: Either String RegisterTable -> Line -> Either String RegisterTable
getRegister (Left msg) _ = Left msg
getRegister (Right table) (LabelledOpCodeLine _ _ (Id "Main") address _)
getRegister (Right table) (Labelleauptodeline _ _ (Id "Main") address _ |
| M. member (chr 255) table = Left $ "Duplicate Main section definition"
| otherwise = Right $ M.insert (chr 255) (ExpressionNumber address) table
getRegister (Right table) (LabelledPILine _ (Id "Main") address)
| M.member (chr 255) table = Left $ "Duplicate Main section definition"
| otherwise = Right $ M.insert (chr 255) (ExpressionNumber address) table
getRegister (Right table) (PlainPILine pi@(GregEx (ExpressionRegister r ExpressionAT)) address
addRegister table r (ExpressionNumber address)
getRegister (Right table) (LabelledPILine pi@(GregEx (ExpressionRegister r ExpressionAT)) _
address) =
           addRegister table r (ExpressionNumber address)
getRegister (Right table) (LabelledPILine pi@(GregEx (ExpressionRegister r (ExpressionNumber v
        )))
               address) =
           addRegister table r (ExpressionNumber v)
```

A.1.8 Code Generation

```
module CodeGen where
  import SymbolTable
  import qualified Data.Map.Lazy as M import qualified Data.List.Ordered as O
  import qualified Data.ByteString.Lazy as B
  import Data.Binary
  import MMix_Parser
import Data.Char (chr, ord)
  import Registers
import Expressions as E
  import Numeric (showHex)
  import DataTypes
 type AdjustedOperands = (Int, String)
 data CodeLine = CodeLine { cl_address :: Int, cl_size :: Int, cl_code :: [Char] }
                                                         deriving(Show)
instance Eq CodeLine where
   (CodeLine address1 _ _) == (CodeLine address2 _ _) = address1 == address2
instance Ord CodeLine where
               (CodeLine address1 _ _) 'compare' (CodeLine address2 _ _) = address1 'compare' address2
  encodeProgram :: Either String [CodeLine] -> Either String RegisterTable -> Either String
                   String
  encodeProgram (Left code_error) _ = Left code_error
 encodeProgram _ (Left register_error) = Left register_error
encodeProgram (Right code) (Right regs) = Right $ map chr $ encodeProgramInt code regs
genCodeForLine :: SymbolTable -> RegisterTable -> Line -> Maybe(CodeLine)
genCodeForLine symbols registers (LabelledOpCodeLine opcode operands _ address simple_code) =
    genOpCodeOutput symbols registers opcode operands address simple_code
genCodeForLine symbols registers (PlainOpCodeLine opcode operands address simple_code) =
    genOpCodeOutput symbols registers opcode operands address simple_code
genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (ByteArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine {cl_address =
    address, cl_size = s, cl_code = arr})
    where s = length arr
genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine fol address =
    genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine fol address =
    genCo
wnere s = length arr
genCodeForLine _ (LabelledPILine (WydeArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine {cl_address =
   address, cl_size = s, cl_code = wyde_array})
where wyde_array = make_bytes arr 2
   s = length wyde_array
s = length wyde_array
genCodeForLine _ _ (LabelledPILine (TetraArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine {cl_address =
    address, cl_size = s, cl_code = wyde_array})
    where wyde_array = make_bytes arr 4
    s = length wyde_array
genCodeForLine _ _ (LabelledPILine (OctaArray arr) _ address) = Just(CodeLine {cl_address =
        address, cl_size = s, cl_code = wyde_array})
    where wyde_array = make_bytes arr 8
    s = length wyde_array
genCodeForLine symbols registers (LabelledPILine (Set (e1, e2)) _ address) =
    genPICodeOutput symbols registers address e1 e2
genCodeForLine symbols registers (PlainPILine (Set (e1, e2)) address) =
    genPICodeOutput symbols registers address e1 e2
genCodeForLine _ _ _ = Nothing
 genPICodeOutput :: SymbolTable -> RegisterTable -> Int -> OperatorElement -> OperatorElement
                      -> Maybe(CodeLine
```

```
genPICodeOutput symbols registers address i1@(Expr (ExpressionIdentifier _)) i2@(Expr (
genPICodeOutput symbols registers address r1@(Register _) r2@(Register _) = genOpCodeOutput
    symbols registers 192 operands address True
    where operands = r1 : r2 : (Expr (ExpressionNumber 0)) : []
where operands = r1 : r2 : (ExpressionNumber 0) : []
genPICodeOutput symbols registers address r10(Register _) r20(Expr (ExpressionNumber _)) =
    genOpCodeOutput symbols registers 227 operands address True
    where operands = r1 : r2 : []
genPICodeOuput _ _ _ _ = Nothing
genOpCodeOutput :: SymbolTable -> RegisterTable -> Int -> [OperatorElement] -> Int -> Bool ->
         Maybe CodeLine
maybe codeLine
genOpCodeOutput symbols registers 254 operands address = Just(CodeLine {cl_address = address
, cl_size = 4, cl_code = code})
where code = splitSpecialRegisters symbols operands
+ jump_adjustment)) : jump_code})
| opcode == 34 = case splitOperandsAddress symbols registers operands of
                                       Just(address_adjustment, address_code) -> Just(CodeLine {cl_address =
    address, cl_size = 4, cl_code = (chr (opcode +
    address_adjustment)) : address_code})
                                            -> Nothing
       | otherwise = case splitOperands symbols registers operands of
| Just((adjustment,params)) -> Just(CodeLine {cl_address = address, cl_size = 4, cl_code
                       = (chr (opcode + adjustment)) : params})
                 -> Nothing
_ -> Nothing
localLabelOffset :: Int -> Int -> (Int, Int)
localLabelOffset current required
| required < current = (1, (quot (current - required) 4))
| otherwise = (0, (quot (required - current) 4))
formatElement :: SymbolTable -> OperatorElement -> Char
formatElement _ (ByteLiteral b) = b

formatElement _ (Register r) = r
formatElement st (Expr x@(ExpressionIdentifier id)) =
    case M.lookup id st of
             (Just (_, Just (IsRegister r))) -> chr r
(Just (_, Just (IsIdentifier r))) -> formatElement st (Expr (ExpressionIdentifier r))
otherwise -> evaluateByteToChar st x
formatElement st (Expr x) = evaluateByteToChar st x
evaluateByteToChar :: SymbolTable -> ExpressionEntry -> Char
evaluateByteToChar st x = chr digit
where plain_digit = (E.evaluate x 0 st)
                digit = if plain_digit < 0
then 256 + plain_digit
                                    else plain_digit
jumpOperands :: SymbolTable -> [OperatorElement] -> Int -> (Int, String)
jumpOperands :: SymbolTable -> [OperatorElement] -> Int -> (Int,
jumpOperands symbols ((Ident id):[]) address = (adjustment, code)
   where ro = getSymbolAddress symbols id
        (adjustment, offset) = localLabelOffset address ro
        b2 = rem offset 256
        q2 = quot offset 256
        b1 = rem q2 256
        b0 = quot q2 256
        code = (chr b0) : (chr b1) : (chr b2) : []
splitOperandsAddress :: SymbolTable -> RegisterTable -> [OperatorElement] -> Maybe(
         AdjustedOperands)
splitOperandsAddress symbols registers (x:(Expr (ExpressionNumber y)):[]) = Just(1, code)
splitOperandsAddress symbols registers (x:(Expr (ExpressionNumber y)):[]) = Just(1, code)
where registersByAddress = registersFromAddresses registers
    Just(reg, offset) = determineBaseAddressAndOffset registersByAddress (y, Nothing)
    formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
    code = formatted_x : reg : (chr offset) : []
splitOperandsAddress symbols registers (x:Expr (ExpressionIdentifier y):[]) =
    case mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers y of
    Just(y_reg, y_offset) -> Just(1, code)
```

```
where formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
          code = formatted_x : y_reg : (chr y_offset) : []
otherwise -> Nothing
perandsAddress _ _ _ = Nothing
 splitOperandsAddress _ _ _
 splitLocalOperands :: SymbolTable -> [OperatorElement] -> Int -> (Int, String)
splitLocalOperands symbols (x:(Ident id):[]) address = (adjustment, code)
      where ro = getSymbolAddress symbols id
              ro = getSymbolAddress symbols id
formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
(adjustment, offset) = localLabelOffset address ro
b1 = chr (quot offset 256)
b2 = chr (rem offset 256)
              code = formatted_x : b1 : b2 : []
splitOperands :: SymbolTable -> RegisterTable -> [OperatorElement] -> Maybe(AdjustedOperands)
splitOperands symbols registers ((Ident id):[]) = Just(1, code)
where ro = mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers id
              code = case ro of

Just((base,offset)) -> (chr 0) : base : (chr offset) : []
 splitOperands symbols registers ((Ident id1):(Expr (ExpressionIdentifier id2)):[]) = Just(1,
        code)
      where ro1 = mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers id1
              ro2 = mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers id2
              code = formatted_x : ops
splitOperands symbols registers (x:(Ident id):[]) = Just(1, code)
      where ro = mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers id
              formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
              code = case ro of
                            Just((base,offset)) -> formatted_x : base : (chr offset) : []
otherwise -> []
splitOperands symbols registers (x:(Expr (ExpressionIdentifier id)):[]) = Just(1, code)
      where ro = mapSymbolToAddress symbols registers id
              formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
              splitOperands symbols registers (x : y : z : []]
where formatted_x = formatElement symbols x
formatted_y = formatElement symbols y
formatted_z = formatElement symbols z
              code = formatted_x : formatted_y : formatted_z : []
 splitOperands _ _ _ = Nothing
splitSpecialRegisters :: SymbolTable -> [OperatorElement] -> String
splitSpecialRegisters st (x:(Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id special))):[]) = (chr 254) : reg :
    special_register_to_operand special
      where reg = formatElement st x
special_register_to_operand :: String -> String special_register_to_operand "rA" = (chr 0) : (chr 21) : [] special_register_to_operand "rB" = (chr 0) : (chr 0) : []
special_register_to_operand "rB"
special_register_to_operand "rC"
special_register_to_operand "rB"
special_register_to_operand "rE"
special_register_to_operand "rF"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 1)
                                              = (chr 0) : (chr 2) :
= (chr 0) : (chr 22) :
 special_register_to_operand "rG"
                                               = (chr 0)
 special_register_to_operand "rH" special_register_to_operand "rH"
                                                 (chr 0) : (chr 3)
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 12) :
 special_register_to_operand "rJ"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 4)
 special_register_to_operand "rK"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 15) :
 special_register_to_operand "rL"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 20) :
                                                                              []
 special_register_to_operand "rM" special_register_to_operand "rN"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 5)
                                                                              []
                                                 (chr 0) : (chr 9)
 special_register_to_operand "r0" special_register_to_operand "rP"
                                              = (chr 0) : (chr 10) :
= (chr 0) : (chr 23) :
 special_register_to_operand "rQ"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 16) :
 special_register_to_operand "rR" special_register_to_operand "rS"
                                               = (chr 0) : (chr 6)
                                                                              []
                                              = (chr 0) : (chr 11) :
 special_register_to_operand "rT" special_register_to_operand "rU" special_register_to_operand "rU"
                                              = (chr 0) : (chr 13) : []
= (chr 0) : (chr 17) : []
= (chr 0) : (chr 18) : []
special_register_to_operand "rV" = (chr 0) : (chr 18) : [] special_register_to_operand "rV" = (chr 0) : (chr 18) : []
```

```
= (chr 0) : (chr 27) : []
special_register_to_operand "rBB" = (chr 0) : (chr 7) :
special_register_to_operand "rTT" = (chr 0) : (chr 14) :
                                                                                                    ٢٦
special_register_to_operand "rTT" = (chr 0) : (chr 14) : []
special_register_to_operand "rWW" = (chr 0) : (chr 28) : []
special_register_to_operand "rXX" = (chr 0) : (chr 29) : []
special_register_to_operand "rYY" = (chr 0) : (chr 30) : []
special_register_to_operand "rZZ" = (chr 0) : (chr 31) : []
make_bytes :: [Char] -> Int -> [Char]
make_bytes arr size = make_inner_bytes size arr []
make_inner_bytes _ [] acc = acc
make_inner_bytes size (x:xs) acc = make_inner_bytes size xs new_acc
       where extended_byte = make_byte x size []
new_acc = acc ++ extended_byte
make_byte :: Char -> Int -> [Char] -> [Char]
make_byte _ 0 acc = reverse acc
make_byte b 1 acc = make_byte b 0 (b : acc)
make_byte b n acc = make_byte b (n-1) ((chr 0):acc)
type BlockSummary = (Int, Int, [Int]) -- Starting Address, Size, Data in block
blocks :: [CodeLine] -> [BlockSummary]
blocks [] = []
blocks lines = nextBlock [] (O.sort lines)
nextBlock :: [BlockSummary] -> [CodeLine] -> [BlockSummary]
nextBlock [] (currentLine:rest) = nextBlock [((cl_address currentLine), (cl_size currentLine), (map ord (cl_code currentLine)))] rest
nextBlock (currentBlock:blocks) (currentLine:rest)
       | (start + size) == (cl_address currentline) = nextBlock (updateBlock:blocks) rest
| otherwise = nextBlock (newBlock:currentBlock:blocks) rest
              where (start, size, code) = currentBlock
                        (start, size, code) = currentBlock
extraCode = map ord (cl_code currentLine)
updatedCode = code ++ extraCode
updateBlock = (start, size + (cl_size currentLine), updatedCode)
newBlock = ((cl_address currentLine), (cl_size currentLine), extraCode)
nextBlock result [] = 0.sort result
encodeProgramInt :: [CodeLine] -> RegisterTable -> [Int]
encodeProgramInt prog regs = hdr ++ tbl
   where hdr = header prog
        tbl = encodeRegisterTable regs
header :: [CodeLine] -> [Int]
header program = details
where bs = blocks program
                 num_bs = char4 . length $ bs
bh = blockDetails (0.sort bs) []
                 details = num_bs ++ bh
encodeRegisterTable :: RegisterTable -> [Int]
encodeRegisterTable regs = size ++ vals
   where vals = M.foldrWithKey encodeRegister [] regs
        size = char4 $ M.size regs
encodeRegister :: Char -> ExpressionEntry -> [Int] -> [Int]
encodeRegister r (ExpressionNumber v) a = nextPart ++ a
    where nextPart = (ord r) : char8 v
blockDetails :: [BlockSummary] -> [Int] -> [Int]
blockDetails [] final = final
blockDetails (currentBlock:rest) acc = blockDetails rest newAcc
       where newAcc = acc ++ (blockDetail currentBlock)
blockDetail :: BlockSummary -> [Int]
blockDetail (start, size, code) = startc = char4 start
sizec = char4 size
                                                          startc ++ sizec ++ code
char4 :: Int -> [Int]
char4 val = char4tail [] val
char4tail :: [Int] -> Int -> [Int]
```

A.1.9 External Interface

```
module Main where
import MMix_Lexer
import MMix_Parser
import Text.Printf
import qualified Data. Map. Lazy as M
import qualified Data.List.Ordered as O import Data.Char
 import SymbolTable
import CodeGen
import Locations
import Registers
import DataTypes
import Expressions as E
main :: IO()
main = undefined
contents ifs ofs = do
       tents is s = qo
x <- readFile ifs
printf "%s\n" x
let s0 = parseStr x
let s1 = setLocalSymbolLabelAuto s0
let s2 = setAlexLoc s1</pre>
       let s2 = setAlexLoc s1
let initial_st = createSymbolTable s2
let s3 = evaluateAllLocExpressions s2 initial_st
let s4 = setAlexLoc s3
let s5 = setAlexGregAuto s4
let st = createSymbolTable s5
let s6 = evaluateAllExpressions s5 st
let regs = createRegisterTable s6
let st2 = createSymbolTable s6
let code = acg st2 regs s6
print code
let pg = encodeProgram code regs
        let pg = encodeProgram code regs case pg of
            Right encoded_program -> writeFile ofs encoded_program
Left error -> print error
        print pg
return s6
setAlexLoc :: Either String [Line] -> Either String [Line]
setAlexLoc (Right lns) = Right $ setLoc 0 lns
setAlexLoc m = m
setLoc :: Int -> [Line] -> [Line]
setLoc startLoc lns = setInnerLocation startLoc [] lns
showAlexLocs :: Either String [Line] -> Either String [Int]
showAlexLocs (Right lns) = Right $ showLocs lns showAlexLocs (Left msg) = Left msg
showLocs :: [Line] -> [Int]
showLocs lns = foldr showLoc [] lns
showLoc :: Line -> [Int] -> [Int]
showLoc (PlainPILine _ loc) acc = loc : acc
showLoc (LabelledPILine _ _ loc) acc = loc : acc
showLoc (PlainOpCodeLine _ _ loc _) acc = loc : acc
showLoc (LabelledOpCodeLine _ _ loc _) acc = loc : acc
acg (Right sym) (Right regs) (Right lns) = Right $ cg sym regs [] lns
acg _ _ = Left "Something is missing!!!"
--cg :: (M. Map String RegisterAddress) -> (M. Map Char Int) -> [Line] -> [Line]
```

A.2 Graphical User Interface

A.2.1 Scala Build Tool

```
name := "MMixGUI"

version := "1.0"

resolvers += "Typesafe Repositorty" at "http://repo.typesafe.com/typesafe/releases"

libraryDependencies ++= Seq(
   "org.scala-lang" % "scala-swing" % "2.10+",
   "com.typesafe.akka" %% "akka-actor" % "2.3.4"
)
```

A.2.2 Console Panel

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix.panels
import akka.actor.{Props, ActorLogging, Actor, ActorSystem}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.ConsolePanel.{ClearPanel, DisplayText}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.{GuiEvent, GUIProgressEventHandler}
import scala.swing.GridBagPanel.Fill
import scala.swing.
import scala.swing.BorderPanel.Position._
  case class DisplayText(txt : String) extends GuiEvent case object ClearPanel extends GuiEvent
class ConsolePanel(system: ActorSystem) extends BorderPanel with GUIProgressEventHandler {
   val worker = createWorkerActor()
preferredSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
   minimumSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
   lazy val lb1 = new Label {
  text = "Console Input "
  border = Swing.EmptyBorder(5,5,5,5)
   lazy val user_input = new TextField
   lazy val labeled_field = new GridBagPanel {
      val c = new Constraints
layout(lbl) = c
     c.weightx = 2.0
c.fill = Fill.Horizontal
layout(user_input) = c
   lazy val console = new TextArea {
      editable = false
border = Swing.CompoundBorder(Swing.EmptyBorder(5), Swing.LineBorder(java.awt.Color.BLACK)
   val scroller = new ScrollPane(console)
   layout(labeled_field) = South
   lavout(scroller) = Center
   override def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent): Unit = {
         rent matcn t
case DisplayText(txt) =>
val new_text = console.text + txt
console.text = new_text
         case ClearPanel =>
```

```
console.text = ""
}

def createWorkerActor() = {
  val guiUpdateActor = system.actorOf(
        Props(new ConsoleUpdateActor(this)), name = "consoleUpdateActor")
}

class ConsoleUpdateActor(handler: GUIProgressEventHandler) extends Actor with ActorLogging {
  def receive = {
        case msg : GuiEvent => handler.handleGuiProgressEvent(msg)
        case msg =>
        log.info(s"WE HAVE A MESSAGE $msg")
  }
}
```

A.2.3 Controls Panel

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix.panels
import akka.actor.
import com.steveedmans.mmix.actors.VirtualMachineActor
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.ConsolePanel.ClearPanel import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.MainStatePanel.ResetMainState import com.steveedmans.mmix.{GUIProgressEventHandler, MMixFile, GuiEvent}
import scala.swing.event.ButtonClicked
import scala.swing.{Swing, Orientation, BoxPanel, Button, FileChooser}
object ControlsPanel {
   case class GuiProgressEvent(percentage: Int) extends GuiEvent
   object ProcessingFinished extends GuiEvent case object ProgramFinished extends GuiEvent
   case object ProgramReady extends GuiEvent
class ControlsPanel(system: ActorSystem) extends BoxPanel(orientation = Orientation.Horizontal
        ) with GUIProgressEventHandler {
   import ControlsPanel._
   import ProcessNextActor.
   val worker = createActorSystemWithWorkerActor()
  lazy val resetSimulator = new Button {
  text = "Reset Simulator"
   listenTo(resetSimulator)
   contents += resetSimulator
lazy val loadProgram = new Button {text = "Load Program"}
   listenTo(loadProgram)
   listenlo(Toatriogram)
contents += loadProgram
lazy val resetProgram = new Button {text = "Reset Program"}
listenTo(resetProgram)
   contents += resetProgram
lazy val processNext = new Button {text = "Process Next"}
listenTo(processNext)
   listenio processione.

contents += processionext

lazy val automation = new Button {text = "Start"}
   listenTo(automation)
   contents += automation
   reactions += {
      case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == resetSimulator => println("RESET SIMULATOR")
case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == loadProgram => loadProgramFile()
     case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == loadFrogram => loadProgramFile()
case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == resetProgram => resetProgramAction()
case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == processNext => processNextAction()
case m : ButtonClicked if m.source == automation => toggleAutomation()
case m : ButtonClicked => println("A button has been pressed")
   def resetProgramAction() = {
   worker ! Stop
   def toggleAutomation() = {
      automation.text match {
   case "Start" => Swing.onEDT {
    automation.text = "Stop"
            worker ! StartAutomation
```

```
case _ => Swing.onEDT {
  automation.text = "Start"
             worker ! StopAutomation
         }
     }
  def loadProgramFile() = {
  var mmixFile = new FileChooser()
  if (mmixFile.showOpenDialog(this) == FileChooser.Result.Approve) {
   val file = MMixFile.openFile(mmixFile.selectedFile.getAbsolutePath)
   system.actorSelection("/user/memoryUpdateActor") ! MemoryPanel.NewProgram(file)
   system.actorSelection("/user/mainStateUpdateActor") ! ResetMainState
   system.actorSelection("/user/consoleUpdateActor") ! ClearPanel
   worker ! LoadProgram(file)
}
  println(s"Load Program Pressed")
}
   def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent) {
      event match {
   case GuiProgressEvent(pct) => println(pct)
   case ProcessingFinished => Swing.onEDT{
    processNext.enabled = true
         case FinishProcessing => Swing.onEDT {
  processNext.enabled = true
}
          case ProgramFinished => Swing.onEDT {
            processNext.enabled = false
automation.text = "Start"
             worker ! StopAutomation
        -- .r.ogrammeady => Swing.og
processNext.enabled = true
}
          case ProgramReady => Swing.onEDT {
 }
   def processNextAction() = {
      worker ! ProcessNext
   def createActorSystemWithWorkerActor():ActorRef = {
      val guiUpdateActor = system.actorOf(
   Props(new GUIUpdateActor(this)), name = "controlsUpdateActor")
      val vmActor = system.actorOf(Props[VirtualMachineActor], "vmActor")
      val workerActor = system.actorOf(
   Props(new WorkerActor(guiUpdateActor, vmActor)), name = "workerActor")
      workerActor
   class GUIUpdateActor(val gui:GUIProgressEventHandler) extends Actor {
  def receive = {
         case event: GuiEvent => gui.handleGuiProgressEvent(event)
class WorkerActor(val guiUpdateActor: ActorRef, val vmActor : ActorRef) extends Actor with
   ActorLogging {
import ProcessNextActor._
import VirtualMachineActor._
   import AutomationState._
import scala.concurrent.duration._
import context.dispatcher
   var currentState = STOPPED
   def receive = {
      case ProcessNext =>
          log.info("Processing Next Statement")
vmActor ! SendData(Symbol("process_next"))
      case LoadProgram(file) =>
          log.info(s"LOAD PROGRAM")
          log.info(s"LOAD PROGRAM")
vmActor ! SendData((Symbol("program"), file.Memory))
vmActor ! SendData((Symbol("registers"), file.Registers))
vmActor ! SendData(Symbol("get_all_registers"))
guiUpdateActor ! ControlsPanel.ProgramReady
      case Stop =>
```

```
log.info("Stopping the Virtual Machine")
  vmActor ! SendData(Symbol("stop"))
case StartAutomation =>
  log.info("Start Automation")
  currentState = RUNNING
  log.info("Processing Next Statement")
  vmActor ! SendData(Symbol("process_next"))
case StopAutomation =>
  log.info("Stop Automation")
  currentState = STOPPED
  case Automate =>
      currentState match {
      case RUNNING =>
            context.system.scheduler.scheduleOnce(250 millis, self, ProcessNext)
      case STOPPED =>
      log.info("We are not automating so we ignore this")
    }
  case msg =>
    log.info("We have received an unknown message $msg")
}

object AutomationState extends Enumeration {
  type AutomationState = Value
  val RUNNING, STOPPED = Value
}

object ProcessNextActor {
  case object Stop
  case object Stop
  case object Stop tartAutomation
  case object StopAutomation
  case object StopAutomation
  case object FinishProcessing extends GuiEvent
}
```

A.2.4 Main Form

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix
import akka.actor.ActorSystem
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels._
import scala.swing._
import scala.swing.DerderPanel.Position._
import scala.swing.BorderPanel.Position._
import scala.swing.event.WindowClosing

object main_form extends SimpleSwingApplication {
  val system = ActorSystem("MMixGui")
  def top = new MainFrame {
    title = "MMix Simulator"
    preferredSize = new Dimension(1200, 700)
    minimumSize = new Dimension(1200, 700)
    lazy val mainPanel = new BorderPanel {
        lazy val left = new RegisterPanel(system)
        lazy val remory = new MemoryPanel(system)
        lazy val console = new ConsolePanel(system)
        lazy val state = new MainStatePanel(system)
        lazy val rightPanel = new BoxPanel(orientation = Orientation.Vertical) {
            contents += memory
            contents += console
            contents += console
            contents += state
            contents += state
            contents = mainPanel
        listenTo(mainPanel)
        reactions += {
            case WindowClosing(_) => system.shutdown()
        }
    }
}
```

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A.2.5 Main State Panel

package com.steveedmans.mmix.panels

```
import java.awt.Color
import\ akka.actor. \{ActorLogging\,,\ Actor\,,\ Props\,,\ ActorSystem\}\\ import\ com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.MainStatePanel. \{UpdateMainStateRegisters\,,\ ResetMainState\,,\ Actor System\}
        RecordStatement}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.{GuiEvent, GUIProgressEventHandler}
import scala.collection.BitSet
import scala.swing.BorderPanel.Position._import scala.swing._
import scala.util.Random
object MainStatePanel {
   case class RecordStatement(statement : String) extends GuiEvent
  case class UpdateMainStateRegisters(registers: List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) extends GuiEvent case object ResetMainState extends GuiEvent
val worker = createWorkerActor()
preferredSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
   minimumSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
   lazy val console = new TextArea {
      editable = false
border = Swing.EmptyBorder(5)
   lazy val divide_check = new CheckBox("Integer Divide Check")
   lazy val overflow = new CheckBox("Integer Divide Check )
lazy val fix_to_float = new CheckBox("Fix to Float Overflow")
   lazy val invalid = new OheckBox("Invalid Operation")
lazy val floating_overflow = new CheckBox("Floating Overflow")
   lazy val underflow = new CheckBox("Floating Underflow")
lazy val zero = new CheckBox("Division by Zero")
lazy val Inexact = new CheckBox("Floating Inexact")
   lazy val arithmetic_flags = new GridPanel(4, 2) {
      contents += divide_check
contents += floating_overflow
contents += overflow
      contents += underflow
contents += fix_to_float
      contents += IIx_to_

contents += zero

contents += invalid

contents += Inexact
   val scroller = new ScrollPane(console)
   layout(scroller) = Center
   layout(arithmetic_flags) = East
   override def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent): Unit = {
      event match {
          case RecordStatement(statement) =>
         case kecordStatement(statement) =>
  val new_text = statement.toUpperCase + "\n" + console.text
  console.text = new_text
case ResetMainState =>
  console.text = ""
          case UpdateMainStateRegisters(registers) =>
         update_state(registers)
case msg =>
println(s"MAIN STATE PANEL EVENT HANDLER HAS RECEIVED A MESSAGE $msg")
  def update_state(registers : List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
  registers.foreach {
    case ('rA, value) => update_arithmetic_state(value)
    case _ => //Ignore
   def update_arithmetic_state(value : Long) = {
  Range(0,8).foldLeft(value){(acc, indx) =>
         ange(0,8).foldLeft(value)(\acc, lnu, )
indx match {
  case 0 => Inexact.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
  case 1 => zero.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
  case 2 => underflow.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
  case 3 => floating_overflow.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
  case 4 => invalid.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
  case 5 => fix_to_float.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
```

```
case 6 => overflow.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
    case 7 => divide_check.selected = ((acc % 2) == 1)
}
acc / 2
}

def createWorkerActor() = {
  val guiUpdateActor = system.actorOf(
    Props(new MainStatePanelUpdateActor(this)), name = "mainStateUpdateActor")
}

class MainStatePanelUpdateActor(handler: GUIProgressEventHandler) extends Actor with
    ActorLogging {
  def receive = {
    case msg : GuiEvent => handler.handleGuiProgressEvent(msg)
    case msg =>
    log.info(s"MAIN STATE PANEL HAS RECEIVED A MESSAGE $msg")
}
}
```

A.2.6 Memory Panel

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix.panels
import akka.actor.{Actor, Props, ActorSystem}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.{MMixFile, GuiEvent, GUIProgressEventHandler}
import scala.collection.SortedMap
import scala.swing.
import com.steveedmans.mmix.Utilities._
import java.awt.Color
def hex = java.lang.Long.parseLong(s, 16)
}
class HexString(val s : String) {
object MemoryPanel {
  val BLOCK SIZE : Int = 4
   val td = Map.empty[String, String]
   case class NewProgram(file : MMixFile) extends GuiEvent
  case class UpdateAddress(address: Long, value: Byte) extends GuiEvent case object StartNewSetOfUpdates extends GuiEvent case object RefreshTable extends GuiEvent
   implicit def str2hex(str: String) : HexString = new HexString(str)
   // 16 hex digits for a memory address
   def mem_address(address : Long) : String = {
      "%016X".format(address)
  def mem_contents(value : Int) : String = {
  "%02X".format(value.toByte)
class MemoryPanel(system: ActorSystem) extends ScrollPane with GUIProgressEventHandler {
   import MemoryPanel._
  val worker = createWorkerActor()
   lazy val data = new BoxPanel(orientation = Orientation.Vertical)
   var memory : Map[String, String] = Map.empty
var main_memory = SortedMap[Long, Int]()
var updated_locations : List[Long] = List.empty
  var panel_content = getContent()
data.contents ++= panel_content
preferredSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
minimumSize = new Dimension(100, 200)
  border = Swing.CompoundBorder(Swing.EmptyBorder(5), Swing.LineBorder(java.awt.Color.BLACK))
viewportView = data
  def reset(memory : Map[String, String]) = {
   println(s"About to set the memory to $memory")
}
  def extract_blocks(memory : Map[String, String]): List[SortedMap[Long, Int]] = {
  val blocks = get_blocks(main_memory, List())
```

```
def getContent() : List[Component] = {
  val blocks = extract_blocks(memory)
   val blocks = extract_blocks(memory).reverse
val final_column = BLOCK_SIZE + 1
   val table = new Table(blocks.length, BLOCK_SIZE + 2) {
  rowHeight = 25
     autoResizeMode = Table.AutoResizeMode.Off
showGrid = true
gridColor = new Color(150, 150, 150)
     val address = block_start + column - 1
new Label {
          text = column match {
  case 0 =>
            mem_address(block_start)
case _ if column == final_column =>
data_row.values.map(b => {
   if (b >= 32 && b <= 127)
                   b.toChar
              }).mkString
            case _ if data_row.contains(block_start + column - 1) => mem_contents(data_row(address))
            case _ => "
          xAlignment = Alignment.Center
            opaque = true
             if (isSelected) {
              background = if (updated_locations.contains(address)) Color.GREEN else Color.
            cyan
} else {
               background = if (updated_locations.contains(address)) Color.GREEN else Color.
                     cyan
          } else {
            opaque = true
} else {
background = Color.GREEN
           opaque = updated_locations.contains(address)
      }
    }
   val model = table.peer.getColumnModel
model.getColumn(0).setPreferredWidth(140)
for (counter <- 0 until BLOCK_SIZE) {</pre>
     model.getColumn(counter + 1).setPreferredWidth(20)
   table.peer.getColumnModel.getColumn(final_column).setPreferredWidth(10 * BLOCK_SIZE)
}
def to_main_memory(blocks : Map[String, String]) : SortedMap[Long, Int] = {
   println("WORKING")
   blocks.foldLeft(SortedMap[Long, Int]())((acc, block) => {
     block match {
   case (start_location, data) =>
          process_block(hex2dec(start_location).toLong, data, acc)
       case _ =>
})
def process_block(start_location : Long, data : String, old_map : SortedMap[Long, Int]) = {
   val as_int = hex2bytes(data)
as_int.view.zipWithIndex.foldLeft(old_map)((acc, item) => {
     item match {
       case (value, index) =>
        val location = start_location + index
acc + (location -> value)
case _ =>
```

```
acc
         }
   })
   SortedmaplLong, Inc., - (
memory match {
   case _ if memory.size > 0 =>
   val (next_block, remaining) = get_block(memory)
   get_blocks(remaining, next_block :: blocks)
          case _ => blocks
      }
    def get_block(memory : SortedMap[Long, Int]) = {
      val block_data = memory.take(BLOCK_SIZE)
val block_start= block_data.head._1
val data = block_data.filter {
   case (cell, value) =>
            (cell - block_start) < BLOCK_SIZE</pre>
       (data, memory.drop(data.size))
    def createWorkerActor() = {
       val guiUpdateActor = system.actorOf(
   Props(new MemoryUpdateActor(this)), name = "memoryUpdateActor")
    override def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent): Unit = {
       event match {
   case NewProgram(file) =>
   println("WE HAVE A FILE IN THE GUI!")
            main_memory = to_main_memory(file.MemoryBlocks)
refreshTable()
         case UpdateAddress(location, value) =>
  main_memory += (location -> value)
  updated_locations = updated_locations.::(location)
          println(s"We are updating $location to $value")
case StartNewSetOfUpdates =>
            println("START NEW SET OF UPDATES")
updated_locations = List.empty
          case RefreshTable =>
println(s"REFRESH TABLE with $updated_locations")
             refreshTable()
   }
   def refreshTable() {
  val contents = getContent()
  data.contents --= panel_content
  panel_content = contents
  data.contents ++= panel_content
  data.rouglidate()
       data.revalidate()
       data.repaint()
    class MemoryUpdateActor(handler: GUIProgressEventHandler) extends Actor {
      def receive = {
  case msg : GuiEvent =>
            handler.handleGuiProgressEvent(msg)
}
```

A.2.7 MMix File

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix
import scala.io.Source
sealed trait MMixFile {
  def MemoryBlocks : Map[String, String]
  def Memory : List[(Int, List[Byte])]
  def Registers : List[(Any, Long)]
}
object MMixFile {
  def openFile(fileName : String) : MMixFile = {
    val file = readFile(fileName)
    val (numBlocks, rest) = Utilities.nextChar4(file)
```

```
val bs = List.fill(numBlocks)(0)
   val (regs_data, regs_code) = bs.foldLeft((rest, List[(String, String)]())){
      (a, b) => {
val (c, d) = a
         val (e, f, g) = readBlock(c)
val h = (f, g) :: d
         (e, h)
   println(regs_code)
   val (numRegs, rest_r) = Utilities.nextChar4(regs_data)
   val bsr = List.fill(numRegs)(0)
   val (remaining, regs) = bsr.foldLeft(rest_r, List[(Byte, Long)]()){
        val (c, d) = a
val (e, f, g) = readRegister(c)
val h = (f, g) :: d
        (e, h)
  new MMixFileImpl(regs_code, regs)
private def readRegister(data: List[Byte]) : (List[Byte], Byte, Long) = {
  val reg = data.head
  val (value, remaining) = Utilities.nextChar8(data.tail)
  (remaining, reg, value)
private def readBlock(data : List[Byte]) : (List[Byte], String, String) = {
   rivate def readblock(data : List[Byte]) : (List[B
val (address, s1) = Utilities.nextChar4Hex(data)
val (size, s2) = Utilities.nextChar4(s1)
val (code_list, rest) = s2.splitAt(size)
val code = Utilities.bytes2hex(code_list)
   (rest, address, code)
private def readFile(fileName : String) = {
   Source.fromFile(fileName).map(_.toByte).toList
  extends MMixFileImpl(code : List[(String, String)], restends MMixFile {
  override def toString = {
    s"MMIX File with Code = $code & Registers = $registers"
}
private class MMixFileImpl(code : List[(String, String)], registers : List[(Byte, Long)])
  override def MemoryBlocks: Map[String, String] = {
  code.toMap[String, String]
}
   override def Memory : List[(Int, List[Byte])] = {
     code map {
  case (address, memory) => BlockOfMemory(address, memory)
   def BlockOfMemory(address : String, memory : String) : (Int, List[Byte]) = {
  val start_address = Integer.parseInt(address, 16)
  val memory_list = Utilities.hex2bytes(memory)
      (start_address, memory_list)
   override def Registers : List[(Any, Long)] = {
     registers
```

A.2.8 Register Panel

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix.panels
import java.awt.Color
import java.util.Date
```

```
import \verb| com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.MainStatePanel.UpdateMainStateRegisters| \\
import scala.collection.mutable.Map
import akka.actor.{ActorLogging, ActorSystem, Actor, Props} import com.steveedmans.mmix.{Utilities, GuiEvent, GUIProgressEventHandler}
import scala.swing.
object RegisterPanel {
  case class FullRegisterSet(registers : List[(Any, Long)]) extends GuiEvent case class UpdatedRegisters(registers : List[(Any, Long)]) extends GuiEvent
  def createRegister(key : Any, value : Long, modified : Date) : Register = {
    (key, value) match {
    case (sym : Symbol, value : Long) => Register(SystemRegister(sym), value, modified)
    case (reg : Int, value : Long) => Register(UserRegister(reg), value, modified)
   sealed trait RegisterType {
  _ ..ait Regis def key : String }
  case class SystemRegister(name : Symbol) extends RegisterType {
  def key : String = name.name
  case class UserRegister(value : Long) extends RegisterType {
     def key : String = Utilities.byte2hex(value.toByte).toUpperCase
   case class Register(registerType : RegisterType, var value : Long, var modifiedDate : Date)
      def key : String = {
     registerType.key

     def getValue : String = {
   Utilities.long2hex(value)
     }
import RegisterPanel.
   val worker = createWorkerActor()
  lazy val panel = new BoxPanel(orientation = Orientation.Vertical)
var panel_content = createTable()
panel.contents ++= panel_content
viewportView = panel
preferredSize = new Dimension(240, 10)
var data : scala.collection.mutable.Map[String, Register] = Map.empty
   var data_keys : Array[Register] = _
   def createTable() : List[Component] = {
     val table = new Table(290, 2) {
rowHeight = 20
         gridColor = new Color(150, 150, 150)
         override def rendererComponent(isSelected: Boolean, hasFocus : Boolean, row : Int,
           column: Int): Component = {
val last_modified = data_keys match {
   case dk if dk != null => if (data_keys.size > 0) data_keys(0).modifiedDate else new
           case _ => new Date()
}
                      Date()
            new Label {
              text = (row, column) match {
                  case (0, 0) => "Reg"
case (0, 1) => "Val"
                  case (0, 1) => "Val"
case (row : Int, 0) if row <= data.size =>
data_keys(row - 1).key
case (row : Int, 1) if row <= data.size =>
data_keys(row -1).getValue.toUpperCase
               xAlignment = Alignment.Center
              background = (row, data.size) match {
   case (r, s) if (r > 0) && (s > 0) && (r <= s) => if (data_keys(row - 1).
   modifiedDate == last_modified) Color.green else Color.cyan
                 case _ => Color.cyan
               opaque = (hasFocus, isSelected, data.size) match {
```

```
case _ => false
            }
        }
  }
    val model = table.peer.getColumnModel
val col0 = model.getColumn(0)
    col0.setPreferredWidth(60)
    col0.setHeaderValue("Reg")
    val col1 = model.getColumn(1)
col1.setPreferredWidth(160)
   col1.setHeaderValue("Val")
List(table)
}
def createWorkerActor() = {
   system.actorOf(Props(new RegistersUpdateActor(this)), name = "registersUpdateActor")
override def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent): Unit = {
  event match {
      case FullRegisterSet(registers) =>
  set_registers(registers)
      case UpdatedRegisters(registers) =>
  update_registers(registers)
      case _ =>
  println("Handle Registers Gui Event")
 def split_registers(registers: List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
   registers.partition(kvp => {
  kvp match {
    case ('rA, _) => false
      }
})
 def set_registers(registers: List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
   val (user_regs ters (registers: List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
  val (user_regs, main_state_regs) = split_registers(registers)
  update_main_state(main_state_regs)
  val regs = convertToListOfRegisters(user_regs)
  data_keys = regs.sortWith(sort_register).toArray
   data = scala.collection.mutable.Map() ++ regs.map({ rr => (rr.key, rr) }).toMap
panel.revalidate()
   panel.repaint()
def update_registers(regs : List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
  val today = new java.util.Date()
  val (user_regs, main_state_regs) = split_registers(regs)
    update_main_state(main_state_regs)
    convertToListOfRegisters(user_regs).foreach(reg => {
      val ev = data(reg.key)
val nv = ev.copy(modifiedDate = today, value = reg.value)
      data(reg.key) = nv
   data_keys = data.map(_._2).toList.sortWith(sort_register).toArray
panel.revalidate()
    panel.repaint()
def update_main_state(ms_registers : List[Tuple2[Any, Long]]) = {
   system.actorSelection("/user/mainStateUpdateActor") ! UpdateMainStateRegisters(
           ms_registers)
 def convertToListOfRegisters(registers : List[(Any, Long)]) : List[Register] = {
   val today = new java.util.Date()
registers map { case (k, v) =>
       RegisterPanel.createRegister(k, v, today)
def sort_register(r1: Register, r2: Register) = {
   (r2.registerType, r1.registerType) match {
      case (sr : SystemRegister, _ : UserRegister) if sr.key == "pc" => false case (_ : SystemRegister, _ : UserRegister) => true case (_ : UserRegister, sr : SystemRegister) if sr.key == "pc" => true
```

```
case (_ : UserRegister, _ : SystemRegister) => false
    case (v1 : SystemRegister, v2 : SystemRegister) =>
        v1.name.name.compareTo(v2.name.name) > 0
    case (v1 : UserRegister, v2 : UserRegister) =>
        val v1T = Utilities.byte2hex(v1.value.toByte).toUpperCase
        val v2T = Utilities.byte2hex(v2.value.toByte).toUpperCase
        v2T.compareTo(v1T) > 0
}

def sort_updated_registers(r1: Register, r2: Register) = {
    r1.modifiedDate.compareTo(r2.modifiedDate) match {
        case diff if diff == 0 =>
            sort_register(r1, r2)
        case diff => diff > 0
}
}

class RegistersUpdateActor(handler: GUIProgressEventHandler) extends Actor with ActorLogging
    {
    import RegisterPanel._
    def receive = {
        case frs : FullRegisterSet =>
            handler.handleGuiProgressEvent(frs)
        case ur : UpdatedRegisters =>
            handler.handleGuiProgressEvent(ur)
        case msg =>
            log.info(s"WE HAVE A MESSAGE $msg")
}
}
```

A.2.9 Utilities

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix
abstract class GuiEvent
trait GUIProgressEventHandler {
  def handleGuiProgressEvent(event: GuiEvent)
object Utilities {
  def fromChar4(original : List[Byte]) : Int = {
     original.foldLeft(0){
  (a,b) =>
          val next_val = if (b < 0) 256 + b else b
a * 256 + next_val
     }
   def fromChar8(original : List[Byte]) : Long = {
     original.foldLeft(0 : Long){
  (a,b) =>
          val next_val : Long = if (b < 0) 256 + b else b val new_acc : Long = a * 256 + next_val
           new_acc
    }
  def nextChar4(start : List[Byte]) : (Int, List[Byte]) = {
  val (next, rest) = start.splitAt(4)
  (fromChar4(next), rest)
  def nextChar8(start : List[Byte]) : (Long, List[Byte]) = {
  val (next, rest) = start.splitAt(8)
  (fromChar8(next), rest)
  def nextChar4Hex(start : List[Byte]) : (String, List[Byte]) = {
     val (next, rest) = start.splitAt(4)
(bytes2hex(next), rest)
// From https://gist.github.com/tmyymmt/3721117
  def hex2bytes(hex: String): List[Byte] = {
  if(hex.contains(" ")){
   hex.split(" ").map(Integer.parseInt(_, 16).toByte).toList
} else if(hex.contains("-")){
```

```
hex.split("-").map(Integer.parseInt(_, 16).toByte).toList
     hex.sliding(2,2).toArray.map(Integer.parseInt(_, 16).toByte).toList
def bytes2hex(bytes: List[Byte], sep: Option[String] = None): String = {
  sep match {
  case None => bytes.map("%02x".format(_)).mkString
     case _ => bytes.map("%02x".format(_)).mkString(sep.get)
def byte2hex(byte: Byte) : String = {
  bytes2hex(List(byte))
def hex2dec(hex: String): BigInt = {
  hex.toLowerCase().toList.map(
     "0123456789abcdef".indexOf(_)).map(
       BigInt(_)).reduceLeft( _ * 16 + _)
def int2hex(num : Int) : String = {
  import scala.math._
  if (num == 0) {
     bytes2hex(List(0,0,0,0))
  } else {
     bytes2hex(Range(0, 4).foldLeft(List[Byte](), num) {
       (accumulator, _) =>
  val (workingList, remainder) = accumulator
  ((remainder % 256).toByte :: workingList, remainder >>> 8)
 }._1)
}
def long2hex(num : Long) : String = {
  import scala.math._
if (num == 0) {
     bytes2hex(List(0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0))
  } else {
  bytes2hex(Range(0, 8).foldLeft(List[Byte](), num) {
       (accumulator, _) =>
  val (workingList, remainder) = accumulator
          ((remainder % 256).toByte :: workingList, remainder >>> 8)
    }._1)
 }
```

A.2.10 Virtual Machine Actor

```
package com.steveedmans.mmix.actors
{\tt import java.net.\{InetAddress, DatagramPacket, DatagramSocket\}}
import akka.actor.{Actor, ActorLogging}
import daka.actor.tator.tator.ggging/
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.MainStatePanel.RecordStatement
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.MemoryPanel.{RefreshTable, StartNewSetOfUpdates}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.ProcessNextActor.Automate
import com.steveedmans.mmix.panels.{RegisterPanel, ConsolePanel, ControlsPanel, MemoryPanel,
       MainStatePanel}
import com.steveedmans.mmix.Utilities
object VirtualMachineActor {
  case class SendData(data : Any)
   case object ProcessNextStatement
   private object Udp_Client {
     val bufsize = 50
val port = 4000
     val SMALL_INTEGER_EXT = 97
val INTEGER_EXT = 98
      val SMALL_TUPLE_EXT = 104
val SMALL_BIG_EXT = 110
      val ATOM_EXT = 100
val STRING_EXT = 107
      val LIST EXT = 108
      val NIL_EXT = 106
      val PROCESS_NEXT = Symbol("ProcessNext")
```

```
def term_to_binary(term : Any) : Array[Byte] = {
  val data : List[Int] = 131 :: construct_term(term)
  data.map(i => i.toByte).toArray
def construct_term(term : Any) : List[Int] = term match {
   ef construct_term(term : Any) : List[Int] = term match {
   case b : Byte => SMALL_INTEGER_EXT :: b.toInt :: Nil
   case b : Int if (b >= -128) && (b < 256) => SMALL_INTEGER_EXT :: b :: Nil
   case i : Int => INTEGER_EXT :: int_to_bytes(4, i)
   case l : Long => SMALL_BIG_EXT :: 8 :: 0 :: long_to_bytes(1)
   case atom : Symbol => ATOM_EXT :: symbol_to_bytes(atom)
   case list : List[_] => LIST_EXT :: list_to_bytes(list)
   case tup : Product => SMALL_TUPLE_EXT :: tuple_to_bytes(tup)
   case str : String => STRING_EXT :: string_to_bytes(str)
int_to_bytes(4, size) ::: data ::: List[Int](NIL_EXT)
def string_to_bytes(value : String) : List[Int] = {
  int_to_bytes(2, value.length) ::: value.toCharArray.map(c => c.toInt).toList
def tuple_to_bytes(tuple : Product) : List[Int] = {
   tuple.productArity :: tuple.productIterator.foldRight(List[Int]()) {
    (value, results : List[Int]) => construct_term(value) ::: results
def symbol_to_bytes(atom : Symbol) : List[Int] = {
    val atomString = atom.toString()
val size = int_to_bytes(2, atomString.length - 1)
size ::: atomString.toList.drop(1).map(char => char.toInt)
def long_to_bytes(value : Long) : List[Int] = {
     Range(0, 8).foldLeft(List[Int](), value) {
        (accumulator, _) =>
  val (workingList, remainder) = accumulator
  val next_acc = (remainder % 256).toInt
  (next_acc :: workingList, remainder >>> 8)
   }._1.reverse
def int_to_bytes(length : Int, value : Int) : List[Int] = {
  Range(0, length).foldLeft(List[Int](), value) {
         ( caccumulator, _) =>
  val (workingList, remainder) = accumulator
  ((remainder % 256) :: workingList, remainder >>> 8)
def binary_to_term(data : List[Byte]) : Tuple2[Any, List[Byte]] = {
  val version = data.head
  version match {
    case -125 => extract_term(data.tail)
    case _ => (Symbol("UNKNOWN"), List.empty)
}
def extract_term(data : List[Byte]) : Tuple2[Any, List[Byte]] = {
    if (data.isEmpty)
        nu11
         data.head match {
             case SMALL_INTEGER_EXT => getByte(data.tail)
            case SMALL_INTEGER_EXT => getByte(data.tail)
case INTEGER_EXT => getInteger(data.tail)
case SMALL_BIG_EXT => getLong(data.tail)
case SMALL_TUPLE_EXT => getTuple(data.tail)
case ATOM_EXT => getAtom(data.tail)
case LIST_EXT => getLargeList(data.tail)
case STRING_EXT => getString(data.tail)
case NIL_EXT => (List(), data.tail)
case unknown =>
    println(s"Unknown Ext - $unknown")
    (data.head.Nil)
                  (data.head, Nil)
}
```

```
def getByte(data : List[Byte]) = {
          (data.head : Int, data.tail)
       def byte_to_int(data : List[Byte]) = {
  data.foldLeft(0)((acc, item) => {
    val unsigned_item = if (item < 0) 256 + item else item
    (acc << 8) + unsigned_item</pre>
         })
       def getInteger(data: List[Byte]) = {
   (byte_to_int(data.take(4)), data.drop(4))
       def getLong(data: List[Byte]) : Tuple2[Long, List[Byte]] = {
          val size = data.head
val sign = data.tail.head
          val (bits_plus, rest) = data.splitAt(size+2)
val bits = bits_plus.drop(2)
(Utilities.hex2dec(bits.foldRight("")((item, acc) => {
         val item_hex = Utilities.byte2hex(item)
acc + item_hex
})).toLong, rest)
       }
      def getTuple(data : List[Byte]) = {
  val (items_as_list, remaining) = getList(1, data)
  items_as_list match {
    case a1 :: Nil => ((a1), remaining)
    case a1 :: a2 :: Nil => ((a1, a2), remaining)
    case a1 :: a2 :: a3 :: Nil => ((a1, a2, a3), remaining)
    case a1 :: a2 :: a3 :: Nil => ((a1, a2, a3), remaining)
    case a1 :: a2 :: a3 :: a4 :: Nil => ((a1, a2, a3, a4), remaining)
    case _ => throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid length Tuple")
}
       def getString(data : List[Byte]) = {
          val len = byte_to_int(data.take(2))
(data.drop(2).take(len).map(b => b.asInstanceOf[Char]).mkString, data.drop(len + 2))
      def getLargeList(data : List[Byte]) = {
  val (accumulated_term, remaining) = getList(4, data)
  if (remaining.head == NIL_EXT)
   (accumulated_term, remaining.tail)
           else {
              println("SHOULD NOT GET HERE!")
  (accumulated_term, remaining)
       (accumulator, _) =>
  val(item, remainingData) = extract_term(accumulator._2)
                 (item :: accumulator._1, remainingData)
         (result.reverse, remainingData)
       def getAtom(data : List[Byte]) = {
  val (result, remainingData) = getString(data)
  (Symbol(result), remainingData)
       def receive_packet(socket: DatagramSocket): Any = {
  val in_buf = new Array[Byte](5000)
  var in_packet = new DatagramPacket(in_buf, in_buf.length)
           socket.receive(in_packet)
          val (term, remaining) = binary_to_term(in_buf.toList)
term
 }
class VirtualMachineActor extends Actor with ActorLogging {
   import VirtualMachineActor._
   val sock = new DatagramSocket()
   var buf = new Array[Byte](Udp_Client.bufsize)
```

```
val in buf = new Arrav[Bvte](5000)
    var in_packet = new DatagramPacket(in_buf, in_buf.length)
    val local = InetAddress.getByName("localhost")
    def receive = {
       case ProcessNextStatement =>
log.info("PROCESS NEXT STATEMENT")
          val out = Udp_Client.term_to_binary(Udp_Client.PROCESS_NEXT)
val out_packet = new DatagramPacket(out, out.length, local, Udp_Client.port)
          sock.send(out_packet)
       case SendData(data) =>
         val out = Udp_Client.term_to_binary(data)
val out = Udp_Client.term_to_binary(data)
val out_packet = new DatagramPacket(out, out.length, local, Udp_Client.port)
sock.send(out_packet)
          handle_response(Udp_Client.receive_packet(sock))
    def handle_message(message : Any) = {
      message match {
  case ('display, txt : String) =>
          context.actorSelection("/user/consoleUpdateActor") ! ConsolePanel.DisplayText(txt)
case 'halt =>
          context.actorSelection("/user/controlsUpdateActor") ! ControlsPanel.ProgramFinished case ('memory_change, changes : List[Tuple2[Any, Integer]]) =>
            location, value.byteValue)
            log.info("Update memory locations")
          case msg =:
            log.info(msg.toString)
      }
    def convert_to_long(orignal_list : List[Tuple2[Any, Any]]) : List[Tuple2[Any, Long]] = {
       orignal_list.map {
   case (reg, value: Integer) =>
        (reg, value.longValue())
   case (reg, value: Long) =>
        (reg, value)
      }
   7
    def handle_response(response : Any) = {
      response match {
  case 'finished =>
             log.info("FINISHED")
         List[Any]) =>
log.info(s"REGISTERS UPDATES RETURNED SIZE = ${registers.size}")
log.info(s"THE NUMBER OF ADDITION MESSAGES ARE = ${messages.size}")
log.info(s"The command executed was $statement")
context.actorSelection("/user/mainStateUpdateActor") ! RecordStatement(statement)
context.actorSelection("/user/memoryUpdateActor") ! StartNewSetOffUpdates
context.actorSelection("/user/registersUpdateActor") ! RegisterPanel.UpdatedRegisters(
             convert_to_long(registers))
messages.foreach(handle_message)
context.actorSelection("/user/workerActor") ! Automate
             context.actorSelection("/user/memoryUpdateActor") ! RefreshTable
             log.info(s"UNKNOWN RESPONSE $response")
}
      }
```

A.3 Virtual Machine

A.3.1 Branch

%%%-----

```
%%% Qauthor steveedmans
%%% @copyright (C) 2015, <COMPANY>
%%% @doc
%%%
%%% @end
%%% Created : 08. Sep 2015 20:04
%%%----
-module(branch).
-author("Steve Edmans").
%" """
-export([bn/1, bz/1, bp/1, bod/1, bnn/1, bnz/1, bnp/1, bev/1, jmp/1]).
-export([branch_forward/5, branch_backward/5]).
branch_forward(Fun, PC, RX, Address, Stmt) ->
 branch backward(Fun. PC. RX. Address. Stmt) ->
  NewPC = case Fun(RX) of
false -> PC + 4;
true -> PC - (4 * Address)
  end, {Stmt, [{pc, NewPC}], []}.
bn(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
  RXVal < 0.</pre>
bz(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX), RXVal == 0.
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
RXVal > 0.
bp(RX) ->
bod(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
  (RXVal rem 2) == 1.
bnn(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX), RXVal >= 0. \%\% non negative
bnz(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
  RXVal /= 0.
bnp(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
RXVal =< 0.
bev(RX) ->
  RXVal = registers:query_adjusted_register(RX),
  (RXVal rem 2) == 0.
jmp(_RX) -> true.
```

A.3.2 Communication

```
registers:init().
   register_ra:start()
   memory:start_link(),
    start_server().
start_server() ->
   loop(Socket) ->
      {udp, Socket, Host, Port, Bin} ->
io:format("Received Binary ~w~n", [Bin]),
N = binary_to_term(Bin),
          case process_message(N) of
{updates, Updates} ->
            {updates, Updates} ->
RV = {updates, Updates},
    io:format("The message being returned is ~w~n", [RV]),
TTB = term_to_binary(RV),
    io:format("Sending back ~w~n", [TTB]),
gen_udp:send(Socket, Host, Port, TTB);
{all_registers, Registers} ->
    gen_udp:send(Socket, Host, Port, term_to_binary({all_registers, Registers}));
    ->
    gen_udp:send(Socket, "..." - "..."
%%
          gen_udp:send(Socket, Host, Port, term_to_binary(finished))
end,
      loop(Socket);
stop ->
          gen_udp:close(Socket),
          erlang:display(registers:contents()),
          registers:stop(),
register_ra ! stop,
          memory:contents(),
          memory:stop()
   end.
process_message(process_next) ->
    {updates, process_next_statement()};
process_message(stop) ->
   self() ! stop,
   stopping;
process_message({program, Code}) ->
   memory:store_program(Code),
process_message({registers, Registers}) ->
lists:map(fun({X, Y}) -> {set_unadjusted_register(X, Y)} end, Registers),
Pc = registers:query_register(255),
   registers:set_register(pc, Pc),
   updating;
updating;
process_message(get_all_registers) ->
    {all_registers, registers:contents()};
process_message(N) ->
    io:format("Unrecognized Message ~w~n", [N]),
set_unadjusted_register(R, V) ->
  registers:set_register(R, V).
set_adjusted_register(R, V) ->
   AY = utilities:signed_integer16(V), registers:set_register(R, AY).
process_next_statement() ->
   next_statement().
get_special_registers() ->
Ra = get_register_ra(),
[Ra].
get_register_ra() ->
   register_ra ! {self(), value},
   receive
  io:foral {rA, Ra}
             io:format("We received a message ~w~n",[Ra]),
next_statement() ->
   PC = registers:query_register(pc),
FullOpCode = memory:get_byte(PC),
io:format("We are processing address ~w containing ~w~n", [PC, FullOpCode]),
```

```
{Code, Updates, Msgs} = cpu:execute(FullOpCode, PC),
Upd = get_special_registers(),
%% io:format("The special registers are ~w~n", [Upd]),
FullUpdates = Updates ++ Upd,
lists:map(fun({R, V}) -> {registers:set_register(R, V)} end, FullUpdates),
{Code, FullUpdates, Msgs}.
```

A.3.3 CPU Main Header

```
%%%-----
%%% @author steveedmans
%%% @copyright (C) 2015, <COMPANY>
%%% @doc
%%% This header file contains all of the definitions used by the cpu
%%% module
%%% Created : 18. Aug 2015 12:08
-author("steveedmans").
-define(TRAP.
-define(FCMP,
                   16#01).
-define(FUN.
                   16#02).
-define(FEQL,
                   16#03)
-define (FADD,
                   16#04).
-define(FIX,
                   16#05)
-define(FSUB,
                   16#06).
-define(FIXU,
                   16#07).
-define(FLOT.
                   16#08).
-define(FLOTÚ,
                   16#0A)
-define(FLOTUI, 16#0B).
-define(SFLOT, 16#0C).
-define(SFLOTI, 16#0D).
-define(SFLOTU, 16#0E).
-define(SFLOTUI,16#0F).
-define(FMUL, -define(FCMPE,
                   16#10).
                   16#11).
-define(FUNE,
                   16#12)
                   16#13).
-define(FDIV, -define(FSQRT,
                   16#14)
                   16#15).
-define(FREM, -define(FINT,
                   16#16)
-define(MUL, -define(MULI,
                   16#18).
-define(MULU.
                   16#1A).
-define(MULUÍ,
                   16#1B).
-define(DIV,
                   16#1C).
-define(DIVI,
-define(DIVU.
                   16#1E).
-define(DIVUI,
-define(ADD,
                   16#20).
-define(ADDÍ,
-define(ADDU.
                   16#22).
-define(ADDUI,
                   16#23)
-define(SUB.
                   16#24).
-define(SUBI,
-define(SUBU,
                   16#26).
-define(SUBUI,
-define(ADDU2,
                   16#27)
                   16#28).
-define(ADDU2I, 16#29).
-define(ADDU4, 16#2A).
-define(ADDU4I, 16#2B).
-define(ADDU8, 16#2C).
-define(ADDU8I, 16#2D).
-define(ADDU16, 16#2E).
-define(ADDU16I,16#2F)
-define(CMP, 16#30)
                   16#30).
-define(CMPI,
                   16#31).
-define(CMPU,
                   16#32).
-define(CMPUI,
                   16#33).
16#34).
-define(NEG,
-define(NEGI.
                   16#35)
-define(NEGU,
                   16#36).
-define(NEGUI, -define(SL,
                   16#37)
-define(SLI,
                   16#39)
-define(SLU,
-define(SLUI.
                   16#3B).
-define(SR,
                   16#3C).
-define(SRI.
                   16#3D).
-define(SRU,
```

```
-define(SRUI.
                   16#3F).
-define(BN,
                   16#40).
-define(BNB,
                   16#41)
-define(BZ,
-define(BZB.
                   16#43).
-define(BP,
                   16#44)
-define(BPB,
                   16#45).
-define(BOD, -define(BODB,
                   16#46).
16#47).
                   16#48).
16#49).
-define(BNN,
-define(BNNB.
-define(BNZ,
                   16#4A).
-define(BNZB,
                   16#4B).
-define(BNP,
                   16#4C).
16#4D).
-define(BEV, -define(BEVB,
                   16#4E).
16#4F).
-define(PBN, -define(PBNB,
                   16#50).
16#51).
-define(PBZ,
                   16#52)
-define(PBZB,
                   16#53).
-define(PBP,
                   16#54).
                   16#55).
-define(PBOD
                   16#56).
-define(PBODB,
                   16#57).
-define(PBNN,
                   16#58)
                   16#59)
-define(PBNZ.
                   16#5A).
-define(PBNP, -define(PBNPB,
                   16#5C).
-define(PBEV.
                   16#5E).
-define(PBEVB,
-define(CSN,
                   16#60).
-define(CSNI,
                   16#61)
-define(CSZ,
                   16#62).
-define(CSZI,
                   16#63).
-define(CSP.
                   16#64).
-define(CSPI,
                   16#65).
-define(CSOD,
                   16#66).
-define(CSODI
                   16#68).
-define(CSNNI,
                   16#69)
-define(CSNZ.
                   16#6A).
-define(CSNZI,
                   16#6B).
                   16#6C).
-define(CSNPI,
                   16#6D).
16#6E).
-define(CSEV,
-define(CSEVI,
                   16#6F)
                   16#70).
-define(ZSNI, -define(ZSZ,
                   16#71).
16#72).
-define(ZSZI,
                   16#73).
-define(ZSP,
                   16#74).
-define(ZSPÍ,
                   16#75)
-define(ZSOD,
                   16#76).
-define(ZSODI,
                   16#77)
-define(ZSNN,
                   16#78).
-define(ZSNNI,
                   16#79).
16#7A).
-define(ZSNZI.
                   16#7B).
-define(ZSNP
-define(ZSNPI,
                   16#7D).
-define(ZSEV,
-define(ZSEVI.
                   16#7F).
-define(LDB,
-define(LDBI,
                   16#81).
-define(LDBU
                   16#82)
-define(LDBUI.
                   16#83).
-define(LDW,
-define(LDWI.
                   16#85).
-define(LDWU
                   16#86).
-define(LDWUI,
                   16#87).
-define(LDT,
                   16#88).
                   16#89).
-define(LDTU,
                   16#8A).
16#8B).
-define(LDO,
                   16#8C).
-define(LDOI,
                   16#8D).
-define(LDOU
                   16#8E).
-define(LDOUI,
                   16#8F).
-define(LDSF, -define(LDSFI,
                   16#90).
                   16#91).
-define(LDHT,
                   16#92)
```

```
-define(LDHTI.
                    16#93).
-define(CSWAP,
-define(CSWAPI,
                    16#94)
                    16#95).
-define(LDUNC,
                    16#96)
                    16#97).
-define(LDVTS,
-define(LDVTSI,
                    16#99)
-define(PRELD, 16#9A).
-define(PRELDI, 16#9B).
-define(PREGO, -define(PREGOI,
                    16#9C)
                    16#9D).
-define(GO, -define(GOI,
                    16#9E)
                    16#9F).
-define(STB
                    16#A0)
                    16#A1).
-define(STBI,
-define(STBU, -define(STBUI,
                    16#A2).
16#A3).
-define(STW, -define(STWI,
                    16#A4)
                    16#A5)
-define(STWU,
                    16#A6).
-define(STWUI,
                    16#A7).
-define(STT, -define(STTI,
                    16#A8).
                    16#A9).
-define(STTU, -define(STTUI,
                    16#AA).
                    16#AB).
-define(STO, -define(STOI,
                    16#AC).
16#AD).
-define(STOU
                    16#AE).
-define(STSF,
                    16#B0).
-define(STHT.
                    16#B2).
-define(STHTÍ,
-define(STCO,
                    16#B4).
-define(STCOI,
                    16#B5)
-define(STUNC,
                    16#B6).
-define(STUNCI,
-define(SYNCD.
                    16#B8).
-define(SYNCDI,
-define(PREST,
                    16#B9).
                    16#BA).
-define(PRESTI, 16#BB).
-define(SYNCID, 16#BC).
-define(SYNCIDI,16#BD).
-define(PUSHGO, 16#BE).
-define(PUSHGOI,16#BF).
-define(OR,
                    16#C0).
-define(ORI,
                    16#C1).
-define(ORN,
                    16#C2).
-define(ORNI,
                    16#C3).
16#C4).
-define(NORI,
                    16#C5).
16#C6).
-define(XORI,
                    16#C7).
                    16#C8).
-define(ANDI.
                    16#C9)
-define(ANDN,
                    16#CA).
-define(ANDNI,
                    16#CB).
-define(NAND,
-define(NANDI,
                    16#CD).
16#CE).
-define(NXORI.
                    16#CF).
-define(BDIF,
-define(BDIFI,
                    16#D1).
-define(WDIF,
-define(WDIFI.
                    16#D3).
-define(TDIF,
-define(TDIFI,
                    16#D5).
-define(ODIF,
                    16#D6)
-define(ODIFI.
                    16#D7).
-define(MUX,
                    16#D8).
-define(MUXI.
                    16#D9).
-define(SADD,
                    16#DA).
-define(SADDI,
                    16#DB).
-define(MOR, -define(MORI,
                    16#DC)
                    16#DD).
-define(MXOR, -define(MXORI,
                    16#DE).
16#DF).
-define(SETH,
                    16#E0).
-define(SETMH,
                    16#E1).
-define(SETML,
                    16#E2).
                    16#E3).
-define(SETL,
                    16#E4).
-define(INCH.
-define(INCMH,
                    16#E5).
-define(INCML,
                    16#E6).
```

```
-define(INCL.
                          16#E7).
-define(ORH,
                          16#E9).
-define(ORML,
-define(ORL, -define(ANDNH,
                          16#EB).
-define(ANDNH, 16#EC).
-define(ANDNHH, 16#ED).
-define(ANDNML, 16#EE).
-define(ANDNL, 16#EF).
-define(JMP, -define(JMPB,
                          16#F0).
                          16#F1).
-define(JMPB, 16#F1).
-define(PUSHJ, 16#F2).
-define(PUSHJB, 16#F3).
-define(GETA, 16#F4).
-define(GETAB, 16#F5).
-define(PUT, -define(PUTI,
                        16#F6).
16#F7).
-define(POP, 16#F8).
-define(RESUME, 16#F9).
-define(SAVE, 16#FA).
-define(UNSAVE, 16#FB).
-define(SYNC,
                          16#FC).
-define(SWYM,
                          16#FD).
-define(GET, -define(TRIP,
                          16#FE).
```

A.3.4 CPU Execute Statment

```
%%%-
%%% Cauthor steveedmans
%%% Ccopyright (C) 2015, <COMPANY>
NNN 30073. XXX Odoc
XXX Odoc
XXX This header file contains the execute command
,
-----
%%%-----
-author("steveedmans").
-include("cpu.hrl").
%% Determine which function we are executing
execute(?TRAP, PC) ->
  trap(PC);
%% 10-1F
execute(?DIV, PC) ->
  mmix_div(PC);
execute(?DIVI, PC) ->
  divi(PC);
%% 20-2F
execute(?ADD, PC) ->
add(PC);
execute(?ADDI, PC) ->
  addi(PC);
execute(?ADDUI, PC) ->
  addui(PC);
execute(?SUB, PC) ->
sub(PC);
execute(?SUBI, PC) ->
  subi(PC);
execute(?SUBU, PC) ->
subu(PC);
execute(?SUBUI, PC) ->
  subui(PC);
%% 30-3F
execute(?CMP, PC) ->
cmp(PC);
execute(?CMPI, PC) ->
 cmpi(PC);
execute(?NEG, PC) ->
```

```
neg(PC);
execute(?NEGI, PC) ->
  negi(PC);
%% 40-4F
execute(?BN, PC) ->
bn(PC);
execute(?BNB, PC) ->
bnb(PC);
execute(?BZ, PC) ->
bz(PC);
execute(?BZB, PC) ->
bzb(PC);
execute(?BP, PC) ->
bp(PC);
execute(?BPB, PC) ->
bpb(PC);
execute(?BOD, PC) ->
bod(PC);
execute(?BODB, PC) ->
bodb(PC);
execute(?BNN, PC) ->
bnn(PC);
execute(?BNNB, PC) ->
bnnb(PC);
execute(?BNZ, PC) ->
bnz(PC);
execute(?BNZB, PC) ->
bnzb(PC);
execute(?BNP, PC) ->
bnp(PC);
execute(?BNPB, PC) ->
bnpb(PC);
execute(?BEV, PC) ->
bev(PC);
execute(?BEVB, PC) ->
bevb(PC);
%% 50-5F
execute(?PBN, PC) ->
pbn(PC);
execute(?PBNB, PC) ->
pbnb(PC);
execute(?PBZ, PC) ->
pbz(PC);
execute(?PBZB, PC) ->
pbzb(PC);
execute(?PBP, PC) ->
pbp(PC);
execute(?PBPB, PC) ->
pbpb(PC);
execute(?PBOD, PC) ->
pbod(PC);
execute(?PBODB, PC) ->
pbodb(PC);
execute(?PBNN, PC) ->
pbnn(PC);
execute(?PBNNB, PC) ->
pbnnb(PC);
execute(?PBNZ, PC) ->
pbnz(PC);
execute(?PBNZB, PC) ->
  pbnzb(PC);
pbnzb(PC);
execute(?PBNP, PC) ->
  pbnp(PC);
execute(?PBNPB, PC) ->
pbnpb(PC);
execute(?PBEV, PC) ->
pbev(PC);
execute(?PBEVB, PC) ->
  pbevb(PC);
%% 60-6F
execute(?CSN, PC) ->
csn(PC);
execute(?CSNI, PC) ->
   csni(PC);
execute(?CSZ, PC) ->
   csz(PC);
execute(?CSZI, PC) ->
```

```
cszi(PC);
execute(?CSP, PC) ->
csp(PC);
execute(?CSPI, PC) ->
  cspi(PC);
execute(?CSOD, PC) ->
  csod(PC);
execute(?CSODI, PC) ->
  csodi(PC);
execute(?CSNN, PC) ->
csnn(PC);
execute(?CSNNI, PC) ->
   csnni(PC);
execute(?CSNZ, PC) ->
  csnz(PC);
execute(?CSNZI, PC) -> csnzi(PC);
execute(?CSNP, PC) ->
csnp(PC);
execute(?CSNPI, PC) ->
  csnpi(PC);
execute(?CSEV, PC) ->
csev(PC);
execute(?CSEVI, PC) ->
csevi(PC);
%% 70-7F
execute(?ZSN, PC) ->
zsn(PC);
execute(?ZSNI, PC) ->
zsni(PC);
execute(?ZSZ, PC) ->
zsz(PC);
execute(?ZSZI, PC) ->
  zszi(PC);
execute(?ZSP, PC) ->
zsp(PC);
execute(?ZSPI, PC) ->
zspi(PC);
execute(?ZSOD, PC) ->
zsod(PC);
execute(?ZSODI, PC) ->
  zsodi(PC);
execute(?ZSNN, PC) ->
zsnn(PC);
execute(?ZSNNI, PC) ->
  zsnni(PC);
execute(?ZSNZ, PC) ->
zsnz(PC);
execute(?ZSNZI, PC) ->
zsnzi(PC);
execute(?ZSNP, PC) ->
zsnp(PC);
execute(?ZSNPI, PC) ->
  zsnpi(PC);
execute(?ZSEV, PC) ->
zsev(PC);
execute(?ZSEVI, PC) ->
zsevi(PC);
%% 80-8F
execute(?LDWU, PC) ->
execute(!LDWU, PC) ->
  ldwu(PC);
execute(?LDWUI, PC) ->
  ldwui(PC);
execute(?LDO, PC) ->
ldo(PC);
execute(?LDOI, PC) ->
  ldoi(PC);
```

```
execute(?LDOU, PC) ->
ldou(PC);
execute(?LDOUI, PC) ->
  ldoui(PC);
%% 90-9F
%% AO-AF
execute(?STB, PC) ->
  stb(PC);
execute(?STBI, PC) ->
stbi(PC);
execute(?STBU, PC) ->
stbu(PC);
execute(?STBUI, PC) ->
stbui(PC);
stbul(PC);
execute(?STWU, PC) ->
stwu(PC);
execute(?STWUI, PC) ->
stwui(PC);
execute(?STOU, PC) ->
stou(PC);
execute(?STOUI, PC) ->
  stoui(PC);
%% B0-BF
%% CO-CF
execute(?OR, PC) ->
mmix_or(PC);
execute(?ORI, PC) ->
  ori(PC);
%% DO-DF
%% E0-EF
execute(?SETL, PC) ->
setl(PC);
execute(?INCL, PC) ->
incl(PC);
incl(PC);
execute(?ORH, PC) ->
orh(PC);
execute(?ORMH, PC) ->
ormh(PC);
execute(?ORML, PC) ->
  orml(PC);
execute(?ORL, PC) -> orl(PC);
%% F0-FF
execute(?JMP, PC) ->
jmp(PC);
execute(?JMPB, PC) ->
jmpb(PC);
execute(?GET, PC) ->
  mmix_get(PC);
execute(OpCode, _PC) ->
  io:format("We encountered a command that we do not recognized ~w~n", [OpCode]),
{"ERROR", [], []}.
A.3.5 CPU
%%%-----
```

```
-include("cpu execute.hrl").
next_command(PC) ->
%% Execute the individual instructions
%% 00-0F
trap(PC) ->
      io:format("TRAP~n"),
     RXX, RY, RZ) = three_operands(PC),
Msgs = trap:process_trap(RX, RY, RZ),
Updates = [next_command(PC)],
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("TRAP "B, "B, "B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
      {Stmt, Updates, Msgs}.
%% 10-1F
mmix_div(PC) ->
      RX, RY, RZ) = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("DIV $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
divi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
divi(PC) ->
      RTX, RY, RZ) = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("DIVI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
divi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ).
divi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
  RYVal = registers:query_register(RY),
  Updates = [next_command(PC)],
            Z == 0 ->
                register_ra ! {event, divide_check},
XtraUpdates = [{RX, 0}, {rR, RYVal}];
           true ->
Quot = RYVal div Z,
Rem = RYVal rem Z,
                 Rem = RIVAI rem Z, increase and rem = RIVAI rem Z, Quot, Rem]), XtraUpdates = [{RX, Quot}, {rR, Rem}]
      end
      FullUpdates = Updates ++ XtraUpdates,
      {Stmt, FullUpdates, []}.
%% 20-2F
add(PC) ->
      {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
      RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ADD $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
 addi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
addi(PC) ->
      {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ADDI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
Stmt = lists:rlatten(10_110:rormat("ADDI $ .10B, $ .10B, $ .10B, $ . 10B, $
 addui(PC) ->
      io:format("ADDUI ~w~n",[PC]),
     overflow ->
  [{rA, 1} | Updates];
                                       - ->
Updates
                                  end,
      io:format("New List ~w^n",[NewList]),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ADDUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
{Stmt, NewList, []}.
 sub(PC) ->
      {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
      RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("SUB $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
      subi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
```

```
subi(PC) ->
subi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("SUBI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
subi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ).
subi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
RYVal = registers:query_register(RY),
ZNeg = utilities:twos_complement(Z),
{_Overflow, Subtraction} = add_values(RYVal, ZNeg),
{Stmt, [{RX, Subtraction}, next_command(PC)], []}.
subu(PC) ->
{RX RY RZ} = three_operands(PC)
         {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
       RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("SUBU $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
Result = subi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal),
register_ra ! {remove, overflow},
 Result.
subui(PC) ->
        {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("SUBUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
        Result = subi(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ),
register_ra ! {remove, overflow},
 %% 30-3F
cmp(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
        RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CMP $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CMP" $ .10B, 
              V = if
RYVal < Z -> utilities:minus_one();
RYVal > Z -> 1;
RYVal == Z -> 0
         end,
        io:format("Compare ~w with ~w which equals ~w~n", [RYVal, Z, NV]),
{Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
neg(PC) ->
    {RX, Y, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
    RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
    Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("NEG $~.16B, ~B, $~.16B", [RX, Y, RZ])),
    negi(PC, Stmt, RX, Y, RZVal).
    negi(PC) ->
    {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
    Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("NEGI $~.16B, ~.B, ~B", [RX, Y, Z])),
    negi(PC, Stmt, RX, Y, Z).
    negi(PC, Stmt, RX, Y, Z) ->
    Diff = Y - Z,
    NV = if
    Diff < 0 -> utilities:minus one() + Diff + 1:
 neg(PC) ->
                                Diff < 0 -> utilities:minus_one() + Diff + 1;
                                                               -> Diff
                               true
        end, io:format("The difference is ~w which goes to ~.16B~n", [Diff, NV]), {Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
bn(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
         RAA, 1, 2) - Unice_operands(10),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BN $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
         branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt)
bnb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
         Address = rval(Y, Z),
         NAUTESS - IVAILI, 2),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
         {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
         Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BZ $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
         {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
         Address = rval(Y, Z),
```

```
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BZB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
    {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
    that, 1, 2) - three_operation(),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BP $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt)
bpb(PC) ->
   {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
   Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BPB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bod(PC) ->
   Address = rval(Y, Z),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BOD $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bod/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bodb(PC) ->
   odb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BODB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bod/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bnn(PC) ->
   RRX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNN $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bnnb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNNB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bnz(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNZ $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt)
bnzb(PC) ->
  {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
  Address = rval(Y, Z),
   Address = rval(r, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNZB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
   RXX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNP $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bnpb(PC) ->
    {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
   Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BNPB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bev(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
   Address = rval(1, 2),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BEV $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bev/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
bevb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("BEVB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bev/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
%% 50-5F
pbn(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBN $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
    branch:branch\_forward(fun \ branch:bn/1\,,\ PC\,,\ RX\,,\ Address\,,\ Stmt)\,.
    {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
   Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbz(PC) ->
    {RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
```

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Address = rval(Y, Z).
     Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBZ $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbzb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
     Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBZB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
     p(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBP $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbpb(PC) ->
     pb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBPB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbod(PC) ->
     pod(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBOD $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bod/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbodb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBODB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bod/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbnn(PC) -
     vnn(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNN $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
     wnnb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNNB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNZ $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbnzb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNZB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
     imp(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNP $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
phnpb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBNPB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
pbev(PC) ->
    pev(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBEV $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:bev/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
    Devb(PC) ->
{RX, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(Y, Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("PBEVB $~.16B, ~B", [RX, Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:bev/1, PC, RX, Address, Stmt).
%% 60-6F
csn(PC) ->
     RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSN $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
     {\tt cs(fun\ branch:bn/1,\ PC,\ Stmt,\ RX,\ RY,\ RZVal)}\,.
csni(PC) ->
     {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
```

```
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
   cs(fun branch:bn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSZ $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    cs(fun branch:bz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
cszi(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSZI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
   cs(fun branch:bz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csp(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSP $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
cs(fun branch:bp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).cspi(PC) \rightarrow
   FIRT, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSPI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
cs(fun branch:bp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csod(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSOD $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
   cs(fun branch:bod/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
   RXX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSODI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
   cs(fun branch:bod/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csnn(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNN $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
cs(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
cs(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
csnni(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNNI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
cs(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csnz(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNZ $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
   cs(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
cs(Tun oranch:one,1, 10, 5cm, cm,
csnzi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNZI $~.16B, $~.16B, $B", [RX, RY, Z])),
cs(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csnp(PC) ->
   imp(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNP $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
cs(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
cs(lum blanch.bmp/1, 10, 62m0, Am, m., m.)
csnpi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNPI $~.16B, $~.16B, $B", [RX, RY, Z])),
cs(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
csev(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSEV $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
   cs(fun branch:bev/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
csevi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSEVI $~.16B, $~.16B, $B", [RX, RY, Z])),
cs(fun branch:bev/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
cs(Fun, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
Updates = case Fun(RY) of
                   true -> [{RX, Z}, next_command(PC)];
false -> [next_command(PC)]
                   end,
   {Stmt, Updates, []}.
%% 70-7F
zsn(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
```

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RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSN $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    zs(fun branch:bn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zsni(PC)
   {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNI $~.16B, $~.16B, "B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsz(PC) ->
   RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSZ $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    zs(fun branch:bz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zszi(PC) ->
   {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSZI $~.16B, $~.16B, "B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
   RZVal = registers:query.register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSP $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    zs(fun branch:bp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zspi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSPI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsod(PC) ->
   sod(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSOD $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
zs(fun branch:bod/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zsodi(PC) ->
    {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
   tnx, R1, Zf = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSODI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bod/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsnn(PC) ->
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC)
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNN $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
zs(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zsnni(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
    Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNNI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
    zs(fun branch:bnn/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsnz(PC) ->
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
   RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNZ $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    zs(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zsnzi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNZI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
    zs(fun branch:bnz/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsnp(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNP $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    zs(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zs(fun branch:onp/1, PC, Sumt, RA, RI, RZ,GI/.
zsnpi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSNPI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bnp/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
zsev(PC) ->
   sev(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSEV $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
zs(fun branch:bev/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
zsevi(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("CSEVI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])),
zs(fun branch:bev/1, PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
end,
   {Stmt, Updates, []}.
```

```
%% 80-8F
 ldwu(PC) ->
      {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
      RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDWU $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
ldwui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
ldwui(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDWUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
10(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDO $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
ldoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
 ldoi(PC) ->
      {RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
      Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDOI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])), ldoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
 ldou(PC) ->
ldou(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDOU $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
ldoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
ldoui(PC) ->
{RX, RY, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDOUI $~.16B, $
      Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("LDOUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, Z])), ldoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z).
stmt = lists:flatten(lo_lib:format("LDUUI $ .16B, $ .10
ldoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
{_Overflow, Address} = immediate_address(RY, Z),
Value = memory:get_octabyte(Address),
io:format("Set the register ~w to ~w^n", [RX, Value]),
{Stmt, [{RX, Value}, next_command(PC)], []}.
%% 90-9F
%% A0-AF
stb(PC) ->
      io:format("STWU ~w~n", [PC]),
      RX, RY, RZ) = three_operands(PC),
io:format("Registers "w - "w - "w"n",[RX, RY, RZ]),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STB $".16B, $".16B, $".16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
      stbui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
 stbi(PC) ->
      io:format("STWUI ~w~n", [PC]),
      10:format("SIWUL W m , LFUJ/, {RX, RY, RZVal}} = three_operands(PC), Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STBI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZVal])),
        stbui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
 stbu(PC) ->
      io:format("STWU ~w~n", [PC])
     RXX, RY, RZ] = three_operands(PC),
io:format("Registers ~w - ~w - ~w - ~w - ~m, [RX, RY, RZ]),
RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STBU $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
Result = stbui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal),
      register_ra ! {remove, overflow},
      Result.
     tbui(PC) ->
io:format("STWUI ~w^n", [PC]),
{RX, RY, RZVal} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STBUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZVal])),
Result = stbui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal),
      register_ra ! {remove, overflow},
Result.
stbui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
      io:format("Registers ~w - ~w - ~w~n", [RX, RY, Z]),
IA = immediate_address(RY, Z),
      case IA of
            {_, Location} ->
  RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
  io:format("Set the address ~w to the least significant bits of ~w~n", [Location, RXVal])
                  LSB = utilities:get_0_byte(RXVal),
                  io:format("Which is "w"n", [LSB]),
```

```
MemoryChanges = memory:set_byte(Location, LSB),
io:format("The memory changes are ~w^n", [MemoryChanges]),
NewMessages = [[memory_change, MemoryChanges]],
io:format("We are sending back ~w^n", [NewMessages]),
{Stmt, [next_command(PC)], NewMessages}
stwu(PC) ->
io:format("STWU ~w~n", [PC]),
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
io:format("Registers ~w - ~w - ~w n", [RX, RY, RZ]),
    RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STWU $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    stwui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
stwui(PC) ->
    io:format("STWUI ~w~n", [PC]),
    {RX, RY, RZVal} = thre_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STWUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZVal])),
    {\tt stwui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal)}\,.
stwui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
io:format("Registers ~w - ~w
                                                         ~w - ~w~n",[RX, RY, Z]),
    IA = immediate_address(RY, Z), case IA of
        {_, Location} ->
    RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
    io:format("Set the address ~w to the least significant bits of ~w~n", [Location, RXVal])
           LSB = utilities:get_O_wyde(RXVal),
io:format("Which is ~w~n", [LSB]),
MemoryChanges = memory:set_wyde(Location, LSB),
io:format("The memory changes are ~w~n", [MemoryChanges]),
NewMessages = [{memory_change, MemoryChanges}],
io:format("We are sending back ~w~n", [NewMessages]),
{Stmt, [next_command(PC)], NewMessages}
    end.
stou(PC) ->
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
    RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STOU $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
stoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
stoui(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("STOUI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
stoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ).
stoui(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ).
    IA = immediate_address(RY, Z),
case IA of
        {_, Location} ->
  RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
            naval = registers:query_register(RA),
io:format("Set the address ~w to ~w~n", [Location, RXVal]),
MemoryChanges = memory:set_octabyte(Location, RXVal),
io:format("The changes to memory are ~w~n", [MemoryChanges]),
NewMessages = [{memory_change, MemoryChanges}],
form to are analy[02].
            {Stmt, [next_command(PC)], NewMessages};
-> {"STOUI Address Error", [], []}
    end.
%% BO-BF
 %% CO-CF
mmix_or(PC) ->
  {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
  RZVal = registers:query_register(RZ),
  Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("OR $~.16B, $~.16B, $~.16B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    ori(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZVal).
ori(PC) ->
    {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ORI $~.16B, $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RY, RZ])),
    ori(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, RZ).
ori(PC, Stmt, RX, RY, Z) ->
   RYVal = registers:query_register(RY),

NVal = RYVal bor Z,

io:format("ORI ~w ~w (~w) ~w = (~w)~n", [RX, RY, RYVal, Z, NVal]),

{Stmt, [{RX, NVal}, next_command(PC)], []}.
%% DO-DF
%% EO-EF
setl(PC) ->
```

```
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
io:format("SETL'n", []),
io:format("Registers "w - "w - "w"n", [RX, RY, RZ]),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
Update = registers:set_register_lowwyde(RX, RVal),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("SETL $".16B, "B", [RX, RVal])),
{Stmt, [Update, next_command(PC)], []}.
incl(PC) ->
   io:format("Process INCL"n"),
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("INCL $".16B, "B", [RX, RVal])),
   RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
{_Overflow, NV} = add_values(RXVal, RVal),
io:format("We will add ~w to ~w and we get ~w~n", [RVal, RXVal, NV]),
{Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
orh(PC) ->
   R(RX, RY, RZ) = three_operands(PC),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
RValA = RVal bsl 48,
   RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
   NV = RXVal bor RValA,
    Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ORH $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RVal])),
   \{ \texttt{Stmt, [\{RX, NV\}, next\_command(PC)], []} \}.
ormh(PC) ->
   rmn(PC) ->
{RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
RValA = RVal bsl 32,
RXValA = registers:query_register(RX),
NV = RXVal bor RValA,
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ORMH $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RVal])),
format(RY, NV)
   {Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
orml(PC) ->
   io:format("Process ORH~n"),
   {RX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
   RValA = RVal bsl 16,
RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
   NV = RXVal bor RValA,
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ORML $~.16B, "B", [RX, RVal])),
   {Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
orl(PC) ->
   RXX, RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
RVal = rval(RY, RZ),
RXVal = registers:query_register(RX),
   NV = RXVal bor RVal,
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("ORL $~.16B, ~B", [RX, RVal])),
   {Stmt, [{RX, NV}, next_command(PC)], []}.
%% FO-FF
jmp(PC) ->
    {X, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
   Address = rval(Yval(X, Y), Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("JMP "B", [Address])),
branch:branch_forward(fun branch:jmp/1, PC, X, Address, Stmt).
jmpb(PC) ->
   upb(PC) ->
{X, Y, Z} = three_operands(PC),
Address = rval(rval(X, Y), Z),
Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("JMPB ~B", [Address])),
branch:branch_backward(fun branch:jmp/1, PC, X, Address, Stmt).
mmix_get(PC) ->
   REAL_Bet(FC) = \( \)
{RX, _RY, RZ} = three_operands(PC),
$R = operand_to_special_register(RZ),
$RegVal = registers:query_register(SR),
$Stmt = lists:flatten(io_lib:format("GET $~.16B, ~w", [RX, SR])),
   {Stmt, [{RX, RegVal}, next_command(PC)], []}.
%% Utilities
operand_to_special_register(0) -> rB;
operand_to_special_register(1) -> rD;
operand_to_special_register(2) -> rE;
                                                         -> rH;
operand_to_special_register(3)
operand_to_special_register(4) -> rJ;
operand_to_special_register(5) -> rM;
operand_to_special_register(6) -> rR;
```

```
operand_to_special_register(7) -> rBB;
operand_to_special_register(8) -> rC;
operand_to_special_register(9)
                                                                 -> rN;
operand_to_special_register(10) -> r0;
operand_to_special_register(11) -> rS;
 operand_to_special_register(12) -> rI;
operand_to_special_register(13) -> rT;
operand_to_special_register(14) -> rTT;
operand_to_special_register(15) -> rK;
operand_to_special_register(16) -> rQ;
operand_to_special_register(17) -> rU;
operand_to_special_register(18) -> rW;
operand_to_special_register(10) -> rm;
operand_to_special_register(19) -> rG;
operand_to_special_register(20) -> rL;
operand_to_special_register(21) -> rA;
operand_to_special_register(22) -> rF;
operand_to_special_register(23) -> rP;
operand_to_special_register(24) -> rW;
operand_to_special_register(25) -> rX;
operand_to_special_register(25) -> rX;
operand_to_special_register(26) -> rY;
operand_to_special_register(27) -> rZ;
operand_to_special_register(28) -> rWx;
operand_to_special_register(29) -> rXX;
operand_to_special_register(30) -> rYY;
operand_to_special_register(31) -> rZZ.
rval(RY, RZ) ->
(RY * 256) + RZ.
three_operands(PC) ->
    First = operand(PC+1),
Second = operand(PC+2),
    Third = operand(PC+3), {First, Second, Third}.
operand(Location) ->
    memory:get_byte(Location).
address_two_registers(RX, RY) ->
    R1 = registers:query_register(RX),
R2 = registers:query_register(RY),
add_values(R1, R2).
immediate address(RY, RZ) ->
    manufact address(R1, R2)
R1 = registers:query_register(RY),
io:format("The other value is ~w~n", [R1]),
add_values(R1, RZ).
add_values(V1, V2) ->
A = (V1 + V2),
io:format("The total is ~w~n", [A]),
MaxMemory = utilities:minus_one(),
    if
        A > MaxMemory
               register_ra ! {event, overflow}, {overflow,(A - (MaxMemory + 1))};
            -> {no_overflow, A}
```

A.3.6 Memory

```
get_nstring/1,
 set_byte/2,
 set_wyde/2,
 set octabvte/2.
 contents/0]).
%% gen_server callbacks
-export([init/1,
 handle_cal1/3,
 handle cast/2.
 handle_info/2,
 terminate/2,
 code_change/3]).
22-----
%% @doc
%% Starts the server
%% Qend
     -----
gen_server:start_link({local, ?MEMORY_SERVER}, ?MODULE, [], []).
%%-----
%% @doc
%% Store a new program in memory %%
%% @end
%%-----
stop() ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, stop_program).
contents() ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, get_contents).
get_byte(Location) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {get_byte, Location}).
get_wyde(Location) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {get_wyde, Location}).
get_tetrabyte(Location) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {get_tetrabyte, Location}).
get_octabyte(Location) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {get_octabyte, Location}).
get_nstring(Location) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {get_nstring, Location}).
set_byte(Location, Value) ->
  gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {set_byte, Location, Value}).
set_wyde(Location, Value) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {set_wyde, Location, Value}).
set_tetrabyte(Location, Value) ->
  gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {set_tetrabyte, Location, Value})).
set_octabyte(Location, Value) ->
 gen_server:call(?MEMORY_SERVER, {set_octabyte, Location, Value}).
xx-----
%% Oprivate
%% Odoc
%% Initializes the server
```

```
%%
                                                                  ignore /
 %%
                                                                {stop, Reason}
 %% Qend
 {ok, TableId}.
 xx-----
 %% Oprivate
 %% @doc
%% Handling call messages
%%
%% @end
 22----
  -spec(handle_call(Request :: term(), From :: {pid(), Tag :: term()},
     handle_call(reset_memory, _From, TableId)
 clear_memory(TableId);
handle_call({store_program, Program, StartLocation}, _From, TableId) ->
handle_call({store_program, Program, StartLocation}, _From, TableId) -
store_program(Program, StartLocation, TableId),
{reply, ok, TableId};
handle_call({get_byte, Location}, _From, TableId) ->
{reply, get_memory_location_byte(Location, TableId), TableId};
handle_call({get_wyde, Location}, _From, TableId) ->
{reply, get_memory_location_wyde(Location, TableId), TableId};
handle_call({get_tetrabyte, Location}, _From, TableId) ->
{reply, get_memory_location_tetrabyte(Location, TableId), TableId};
handle_call({get_ortabyte, Location}, _From, TableId), TableId};
table in the first transfer in the firs
                                                                                                                                         TableId). TableId:
handie_call({set_byte, Location, Value}, _From, TableId) ->
    {reply, [set_byte(Location, Value, TableId)], TableId};
handle_call({set_wyde, Location, Value}, _From, TableId) ->
    {reply, set_wyde(Location, Value, TableId), TableId};
handle_call({set_octabyte, Location, Value}, _From, TableId) ->

{reply, set_octabyte(Location, Value, TableId), TableId};
handle_call(stop_program, _From, _TableId) ->
 {stop, normal};
handle_call(get_contents, _From, TableId) ->
erlang:display(contents(TableId)), {reply, ok, TableId}; handle_call(_Request, _From, State) ->
      {reply, ok, State}.
 %% Oprivate
 %% Handling cast messages
 %% Qend
                       _____
 -spec(handle_cast(Request :: term(), State :: term()) ->
      fection the continuous form (), state : term() /
fnoreply, NewState :: term(), timeout() | hibernate} |
fstop, Reason :: term(), NewState :: term()).
handle_cast(_Request, State) ->
      {noreply, State}.
 %%-----
 %% Oprivate
 %% Handling all non call/cast messages
%% Manusery 2:-
%%
%% Ospec handle_info(Info, State) -> {noreply, State} /
%%
%% Ospec handle_info(Info, State) -> {noreply, State} /
%%
%%
%* {stop, Reason, State}
 %% Qend
   -spec(handle_info(Info :: timeout() | term(), State :: term()) ->
       {noreply, NewState :: term()} |
      {noreply, NewState :: term(), timeout() | hibernate} |
```

```
{stop, Reason :: term(), NewState :: term()}).
handle_info(_Info, State) ->
{noreply, State}.
XX- Oprivate
XX Oprivate
XX Odoc
XX This function is called by a gen_server when it is about to
XX terminate. It should be the opposite of Module:init/1 and do any
XX necessary cleaning up. When it returns, the gen_server terminates
XX with Reason. The return value is ignored.
%%
%% Ospec terminate(Reason, State) -> void()
%% Gend
%%-----
%% Oprivate
%% Convert process state when code is changed
%% Ospec code_change(OldVsn, State, Extra) -> {ok, NewState} %% Oend
%%-----
 rspec(code_change(OldVsn :: term() | {down, term()}, State :: term(),
  Extra :: term()) -> {ok, NewState :: term()} | {error, Reason :: term()}).
code_change(_OldVsn, State, _Extra) ->
  {ok, State}.
%%%-----
_____
contents(TableId) ->
  erlang:display("Contents"),
  ets:tab2list(TableId)
clear_memory(TableId) ->
  erlang:display("Clear Memory")
  ets:delete_all_objects(TableId).
store_program([], _Location, State) ->
  {ok, State};
store_program([Entry|Rest], Location, TableId) ->
ets:insert(TableId, {Location, Entry}),
store_program(Rest, (Location + 1), TableId).
get_memory_location_byte(Location, TableId) ->
  case ets:lookup(TableId, Location) of
   [{_, Byte}] -> Byte;
   _ -> 0
  end.
get_memory_location_wyde(Location, TableId) ->
  AdjustedLocation = utilities:adjust_location(Location, 2),
  Byte0 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation) of
    [{_, B0}] -> B0;
  - -> 0
end,
Byte1 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 1) of
            [{_, B1}] -> B1;
_ -> 0
end,
  Value = (Byte0 * 256) + Byte1,
Byte1 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 1) of
             [{_, B1}] -> B1;
-> 0
  Byte2 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 2) of
[{_, B2}] -> B2;
_ -> 0
```

```
end.
             case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 3) of
             [{_, B3}] -> B3;
_ -> 0
end,
   Value = (((((Byte0 * 256) + Byte1) * 256) + Byte2) * 256) + Byte3,
   Value.
get_memory_location_octabyte(Location, TableId) ->
  AdjustedLocation = utilities:adjust_location(Location, 8),
Byte0 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation) of
              _, B
_ -> 0
end,
                [{_, B0}] -> B0;
   Byte1 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 1) of
                [{_, B1}] -> B1;
_ -> 0
  end,
Byte2 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 2) of
             [{_, B2}] -> B2;
_ -> 0
end,
   Byte3 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 3) of
                [{_, B3}] -> B3;
_ -> 0
              end,
   Byte4 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation) of
              [{_, B4}] -> B4;
_ -> 0
end,
   Byte5 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 1) of
               [{_, B5}] -> B5;
_ -> 0
              end,
   Byte6 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 2) of
               [{_, B6}] -> B6;
_ -> 0
              end.
   Byte7 = case ets:lookup(TableId, AdjustedLocation + 3) of
               [{_, B7}] -> B7;
_ -> 0
             end,
  Value
get_memory_location_nstring(Location, TableId) ->
   get_memory_location_nstring(Location, TableId, []).
get_memory_location_nstring(Location, TableId, Accumulator) ->
  CurrentByte = get_memory_location_byte(Location, TableId),
case CurrentByte of
     0 -> lists:reverse(Accumulator);
       -> get_memory_location_nstring((Location + 1), TableId, [CurrentByte | Accumulator])
set_byte(Location, Value, TableId) ->
  io:format("Set the memory location ~w in the table to ~w~n", [Location, Value]),
   ets:insert(TableId, {Location, Value}),
   {Location, Value}.
set_wyde(Location, Value, TableId) ->
  Adjusted_Location = utilities:adjust_location(Location, 2),
B0 = utilities:get_0_byte(Value),
B1 = utilities:get_1_byte(Value),
C0 = set_byte(Adjusted_Location, B1, TableId),
C1 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 1), B0, TableId),
[C0 c1]
   [CO, C1].
set_octabyte(Location, Value, TableId) ->
  Adjusted_Location = utilities:adjust_location(Location, 8), BO = utilities:get_0_byte(Value),
  B0 = utilities:get_1_byte(Value),
B1 = utilities:get_2_byte(Value),
B2 = utilities:get_3_byte(Value),
  B4 = utilities:get_4_byte(Value),
B5 = utilities:get_5_byte(Value),
  B6 = utilities:get_6_byte(Value),
B6 = utilities:get_6_byte(Value),
B7 = utilities:get_7_byte(Value),
C0 = set_byte(Adjusted_Location, B7, TableId),
C1 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 1), B6, TableId),
C2 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 2), B5, TableId),
C3 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 3), B4, TableId),
   C4 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 4), B3, TableId),
```

```
C5 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 5), B2, TableId),
C6 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 6), B1, TableId),
C7 = set_byte((Adjusted_Location + 7), B0, TableId),
[C0, C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7].
```

A.3.7 rA Register

```
%%% Qauthor steve edmans
%%% Qcopyright (C) 2015, <COMPANY>
 %%% @doc
%%% The module creates an actor that we use to handle the Arithmetic Status Register (rA).
 %%% @end
 %%% Created : 13. Sep 2015 11:33
 %%%----
  module(register_ra)
 -author("steveedmans").
 -define(ROUND TO NEAREST, 0).
-define(ROUND_TO_OFF,
-define(ROUND_TO_UP,
                                              2).
 -define(ROUND_TO_DOWN,
 -export([start/0, loop/3, calculate_byte/2]).
    register(register_ra, spawn(register_ra, loop, [?ROUND_TO_NEAREST, sets:new(), sets:new()]))
loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, EventBits) ->
       stop ->
           true;
       {From, value} ->
           RAVal = return_state(From, RoundingMode, EnableBits, EventBits), io:format("The rA Value is ~w~n", [RAVal]),
       io:format("The rA Value is "w'n", [RAVal]),
loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, sets:new());
{From, rounding_mode} ->
From ! {self(), RoundingMode},
loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, EventBits);
       {event, Flag} ->
loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, Flag));
       {remove, Flag} ->
loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, remove_flag(EventBits, Flag));
           io:format("We received this message ~w~n", [Msg]),
           loop(RoundingMode, EnableBits, EventBits)
 return_state(From, RoundingMode, EnableBits, EventBits) ->
    EventValue = calculate_byte(sets:to_list(EventBits), 0),
EnableValue = calculate_byte(sets:to_list(EnableBits), 0
    Value = ((RoundingMode * 256) + EnableValue) * 256 + EventValue,
calculate_byte([floating_inexact|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 1);
calculate_byte([division_by_zero|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 2);
calculate_byte([floating_underflow|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 4);
calculate_byte([floating_overflow|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 8);
calculate_byte([invalid_operation|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 16);
calculate_byte([float_to_fix|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 32);
calculate_byte([overflow|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 64);
calculate_byte([divide_check|Rest], Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 128);
calculate_byte( ( Total) -> Total) -> calculate_byte(Rest, Total + 128);
 calculate_byte(_, Total) -> Total
remove_flag(EventBits, Flag) ->
  case set:is_element(Flag, EventBits) of
       true ->
           sets:del_element(Flag, EventBits);
       false ->
          EventBits
    end.
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, divide_check) ->
  case sets:is_element(divide_check, EnableBits) of
      true ->
           EventBits;
    -- .
sets:add_element(divide_check, EventBits)
end;
       false ->
 set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, overflow) ->
```

```
case sets:is element(overflow. EnableBits) of
    true ->
EventBits;
       sets:add_element(overflow, EventBits)
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, float_to_fix) ->
  case sets:is_element(float_to_fix, EnableBits) of
  true ->
       EventBits;
     false ->
       sets:add_element(float_to_fix, EventBits)
  end;
end, set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, invalid_operation) -> case sets:is_element(invalid_operation, EnableBits) of
       EventBits;
     false ->
       sets:add_element(invalid_operation, EventBits)
  end:
cau,
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, floating_overflow) ->
case sets:is_element(floating_overflow, EnableBits) of
true ->
       EventBits:
  {\tt sets:add\_element(floating\_overflow\,,\;\;EventBits)} end;
ena;
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, floating_underflow) ->
  case sets:is_element(floating_underflow, EnableBits) of
     true ->
  sets:add_element(floating_underflow, EventBits)
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, division_by_zero) ->
  case sets:is_element(division_by_zero, EnableBits) of
   true ->
       EventBits:
       sets:add_element(division_by_zero, EventBits)
  end:
set_flag(EnableBits, EventBits, floating_inexact) ->
  case sets:is_element(floating_inexact, EnableBits) of
    true ->
       EventBits:
  sets:add_element(floating_inexact, EventBits)
end;
set_flag(_EnableBits, EventBits, _Flag) ->
   EventBits.
```

A.3.8 Registers

```
ets:delete(registers).
contents() ->
   FL = ets:tab2list(registers),

{\begin{align*} lists:filter(fun(X) -> tst_filter(X) end, FL). \end{align*}
%%tst_filter(X) ->
%% {_, V} = X,
%% V /= 0.
set_register_lowwyde(RX, RVal) ->
  CVal = query_register(RX),
  CQuot = CVal div 16#10000,
  NVal = CQuot * 16#10000 + RVal,
   {RX, NVal}.
set_register(Register, Value) ->
  io:format("Set Register ~w to ~w~n",[Register, Value]),
   ets:update_element(registers, Register, {2, Value}).
query_register(Register) ->
  [{Register, Value}] = ets:lookup(registers,Register),
   Value.
query_adjusted_register(Register) ->
  Unadjusted_Value = query_register(Register),
  utilities:signed_integer16(Unadjusted_Value).
create table() ->
   ets:new(registers, [set, named_table]).
create_user_defined_registers(Registers) ->
  lists:map(fun(X) -> {ets:insert(Registers,{X, 0})} end, lists:seq(0, 255)).
create_mmix_specific_registers(Registers) ->
```

A.3.9 Trap

A.3.10 Utilities

```
%%%
%%% Created : 08. Sep 2015 20:04
%%%-----
 -module(utilities).
-author("Steve Edmans").
%% API
-export([signed_integer16/1, hex2int/1, hex2uint/1, get_8_bytes/1]).
-export([get_0_wyde/1,get_1_wyde/1,get_2_wyde/1,get_3_wyde/1]).
-export([get_0_byte/1,get_1_byte/1,get_2_byte/1,get_3_byte/1,get_4_byte/1,get_5_byte/1,get_6_byte/1,get_7_byte/1]).
-export([adjust_location/2, twos_complement/1, minus_one/0]).
hex2uint(L) ->
   << I:64/unsigned-integer >> = hex_to_bin(L),
I.
hex2int(L) ->
   << I:64/signed-integer >> = hex_to_bin(L),
hex_to_bin(L) -> << <<(h2i(X)):4>> || X<-L >>.
h2i(X) ->
   case X band 64 of
64 -> X band 7 + 9;
_ -> X band 15
end.
signed_integer16(V) ->
  FV = io_lib:format("~16.16.0B", [V]),
  FV1 = lists:flatten(FV),
  hex2int(FV1).
get_8_bytes(V) ->
   A = integer_to_list(V, 16),
B = lists:reverse(A),
C = split_bytes(B, []),
   pad_with_8_zero(C).
split_bytes([], Acc) -> Acc;
split_bytes([], Acc] -> Acc;
split_bytes([B[]], Acc] -> [{lists:reverse([B | "0"])} | Acc];
split_bytes(X, Acc) ->
{B, R} = lists:split(2, X),
NewAcc = [{lists:reverse(B)} | Acc],
split_bytes(R, NewAcc).
pad_with_8_zero([_,_,_,_,_,_,|[]] = L) -> L;
pad_with_8_zero([_,_,_,_,_,_,|_] = L) ->
{_Lose, RL} = lists:split(1, L),
    pad_with_8_zero(RL);
pad_with_8_zero(L) ->
  NL = lists:append([{"00"}], L),
   pad_with_8_zero(NL).
get_0_byte(V) ->
  VB = get_8_bytes(V),
  {_, [{B}|_]} = lists:split(7, VB),
  byte_to_int(B).
get_1_byte(V) ->
   VB = get_8_bytes(V),
{_, [{B}|_]} = lists:split(6, VB),
byte_to_int(B).
get_2_byte(V) ->
   VB = get_8_bytes(V),
{_, [{B}|_]} = lists:split(5, VB),
    byte_to_int(B).
get_3_byte(V) ->
   VB = get_8_bytes(V),
{_, [{B}|_]} = lists:split(4, VB),
byte_to_int(B).
get_4_byte(V) ->
   VB = get_8_bytes(V),
{_, [{B}]_]} = lists:split(3, VB),
byte_to_int(B).
get_5_byte(V) ->
   VB = get_8_bytes(V),
{_, [{B}|_]} = lists:split(2, VB),
```

Appendix B

Intermediate Assembler Representations

- **B.1** Definitions
- **B.2** Test Application
- B.2.1 Sample Test MMIXAL Code

The sample mmixal application I am using to test the system is taken from Fascile 1[Knu]. The complete code listing is: -

```
IS
IS
                       500
$255
             GREG
            GREG
            GREG
            GREG
GREG
            IS
LOC
                       kk
Data_Segment
                       2
PRIME1+2*L
PRIME1 WYDE
            LOC
            GREG
GREG
ptop
                       PRIME1+2-@
j0
BUF
            OCTA
LOC
                       #100
            GREG
SET
                       n,3
                     jj,j0
n,ptop,jj
            SET
            STWU
2 H
                      jj,2
jj,2F
n,2
kk,j0
            INCL
            ΒZ
            INCL
4 H
           INCL n,.
SET kk,j0
LDWU pk,ptop,kk
DIV q,n,pk
GET r,rR
BZ r,4B
t.q,pk
5 H
6 H
7 H
81
                      kk,2
6B
            INCL
            JMP
GREG
                       "First Five Hundred Primes"
                       #a,0
NewLn
            BYTE
Blanks
                      " ",0
t,Title
0,Fputs,StdOut
mm,2
mm,mm,j0
t,Blanks
0,Fputs,StdOut
pk,ptop,mm
#2030303030000000
0B,BUF
t,RUF+4
            LDA
TRAP
2 H
            NEG
ЗН
             ADD
            LDA
            TRAP
2 H
            GREG
            STOU
            LDA
                       t,BUF+4
                      pk,pk,10
r,rR
r,'0'
r,t,0
t,t,1
1 H
            GET
INCL
            STBU
SUB
            PBNZ
LDA
                       pk,1B
t,BUF
            TRAP
INCL
                       0,Fputs,StdOut
mm,2*L/10
                       mm,2B
t,NewLn
            PBN
            LDA
                     t, NewLn

0, Fputs, StdOut

t, mm, 2*(L/10-1)

t, 3B

0, Halt, 0
             TRAP
             CMP
             PBNZ
```

B.2.2 Parsed Sample File

The final intermediate representation of the parsed source code for the test application is: -

```
lppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister '\253' (ExpressionNumber 0)), lppl_ident = Id "q"
LabelledPILine {
    lppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister '\252' (ExpressionNumber 0)), lppl_ident = Id "r"
LabelledPILine {
    lppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister '\251' (ExpressionNumber 0)), lppl_ident = Id "jj
", lppl_loc = 0
LabelledPILine {
    lppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister '\248' (ExpressionNumber 0)), lppl_ident = Id "mm
", lppl_loc = 0
PlainPILine {
    ppl_id = LocEx (ExpressionNumber 536870912), ppl_loc = 536870912
PlainPILine {
    ppl_id = LocEx (ExpressionNumber 536871912), ppl_loc = 536871912
PlainPILine {
    ppl_id = LocEx (ExpressionNumber 256), ppl_loc = 256
PlainPILine {
    ppl_id = Set (Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "jj")),Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "j0")
       "))), ppl_loc = 260
LabelledOnCodeLine {
    lpocl_code = 166, lpocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "n")),Expr (
ExpressionIdentifier (Id "ptop")),Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "jj"))],
lpocl_ident = Id "??2H0", lpocl_loc = 264
    odeline {
pocl_code = 231, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "jj")),Expr (
ExpressionNumber 2)], pocl_loc = 268
PlainOpCodeLine {
```

```
PlainOpCodeLine {
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 76, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "t")),Ident (Id "???2HO")],
pocl_loc = 304
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 240, pocl_ops = [Ident (Id "??6H0")], pocl_loc = 312
PlainPILine {
    ppl_id = GregEx (ExpressionRegister '\245' ExpressionAT), ppl_loc = 316
}
LabelledPILine {
    lppl_id = ByteArray "First Five Hundred Primes", lppl_ident = Id "Title", lppl_loc =
    316
LabelledPILine
    IPILine {
   lppl_id = ByteArray "\n\NUL", lppl_ident = Id "NewLn", lppl_loc = 341
LabelledPILine {
     lppl_id = ByteArray " \NUL", lppl_ident = Id "Blanks", lppl_loc = 343
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 52, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "mm")),Expr (
ExpressionNumber 2)], pocl_loc = 355
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 34, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "t")),Expr (
ExpressionIdentifier (Id "Blanks"))], pocl_loc = 363
PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 174, pocl_ops = [Ident (Id "??OHO"),Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "BUF"))
], pocl_loc = 375
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 34, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "t")),Expr (
ExpressionNumber 536870924)], pocl_loc = 379
```

```
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 254, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "r")),Expr (
        ExpressionIdentifier (Id "rR"))], pocl_loc = 387
PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 90, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "pk")), Ident (Id "??1H0")],
    pocl_loc = 403
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 34, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "t")),Expr (
ExpressionIdentifier (Id "BUF"))], pocl_loc = 407
    PlainOpCodeLine {
PlainOpCodeLine {
    pocl_code = 231, pocl_ops = [Expr (ExpressionIdentifier (Id "mm")),Expr (
ExpressionNumber 100)], pocl_loc = 415
PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
    PlainOpCodeLine {
```