#### 1

# AI1103 - Assignment 1

# G Vojeswitha - AI20BTECH11024

# Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Vojeswitha05/

Probability\_AI1103/blob/main/Assignment\_4/simulation 4.py

### and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Vojeswitha05/

Probability\_AI1103/blob/main/Assignment\_4/latex 4.tex

## 1 GATE EC, Q.23

Two independent random variables X and Y are uniformly distributed in the interval [-1,1]. The probability that max [X,Y] is less than  $\frac{1}{2}$  is

- A) 3/4
- B) 9/16
- C) 1/4
- D) 2/3

#### 2 Solution

 $X \sim U(-1,1)$ 

$$F_X(x) = P(X < x)$$
 (2.0.1)

$$= \int_{-1}^{x} \frac{1}{2} dx \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}(x+1) \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le -1\\ \frac{1}{2}(x+1) & -1 < x < 1\\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.4)

 $Y \sim U(-1,1)$ 

$$F_Y(y) = P(Y < y)$$
 (2.0.5)

$$= \int_{-1}^{x} \frac{1}{2} dy$$
 (2.0.6)

$$=\frac{1}{2}(y+1)\tag{2.0.7}$$

$$F_Y(y) = \begin{cases} 0 & y \le -1\\ \frac{1}{2}(y+1) & -1 < y < 1\\ 1 & y \ge 1 \end{cases}$$
 (2.0.8)

 $Pr(\max(X,Y)) < \frac{1}{2}$  implies that  $X < \frac{1}{2}$  &  $Y < \frac{1}{2}$ 

Given X and Y are independent, so

$$Pr(X < \frac{1}{2}, Y < \frac{1}{2}) \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$= Pr(X < \frac{1}{2}) \times Pr(Y < \frac{1}{2}) \qquad (2.0.10)$$

$$= F_X(\frac{1}{2}) \times F_Y(\frac{1}{2}) \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \tag{2.0.12}$$

$$=\frac{9}{16} \tag{2.0.13}$$

Option B is correct

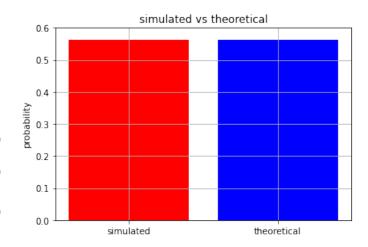


Fig. 4: simulated vs theoretical