Group #12 - Managerial Economics

Group #Twelve(12)

September 15, 2025

Business Problem and Six-Step Decision-Making Process

Business Problem Chosen

GYE NYAME BREAD is a medium-sized bakery shop that offers a variety of bread products such as sugar bread, butter bread, banana bread, wheat bread, coconut bread, and more. The business is facing **low sales** due to increased raw-material costs that have **skyrocketed** bread prices over the past two months.

Stated price change: from 50 cedis to 100 cedis per loaf.

1. Define the Problem

Low sales driven by price increases, where price increases result from:

- Higher input costs (e.g., banana, wheat, coconut, margarine, flavors).
- High importation costs.
- Bread spoilage.

2. Gather Information

- I. Competitor offerings (price, delivery options, promotions, etc.).
- II. Spoilage rates.
- III. Customer feedback (in-store, reviews, social media).

 Reported feedback: Product quality is considered high, but the sudden price increase (from 50 to 100 cedis) is causing customers to look elsewhere.
- IV. Quality of the bread.

3. Identify Alternatives

- I. Reduce importation of raw materials in favor of local purchases.
- II. Run an aggressive local marketing and promotion campaign (sampling, ads).
- III. Add online ordering plus delivery (partner with platforms such as Yango or Uber).
- IV. Monitor.

4. Evaluate Alternatives (Pros, Cons, Risks)

- A. Promotions increase visibility but add cost.
- B. Reducing importation by purchasing locally can cut end-product cost, but quality/taste may change.
- C. Delivery/online services can reach more customers but require setup investment.
- D. Price cuts may boost sales volume but lower profit margins.

5. Select the Best Alternative

Recommendation: Combine B + C + A.

Actions:

- I. Launch online ordering with a delivery partner (C) to reach stay-at-home customers and match competitors.
- II. Implement price reductions enabled by cost savings from local sourcing (B).
- III. Introduce 1–2 low-risk "healthy" product variants as a trial (C) to test demand.

Rationale: This mix addresses access (delivery), visibility, and product appeal without heavy margin sacrifices.

6. Implement the Decisions and Evaluate Results

- I. Purchase more raw materials locally.
- II. Launch an online ordering system with delivery partners.
- III. Introduce two new, healthier product lines and promote them on social media.
- IV. Monitor sales weekly for three months.

Mathematical Problems and Verified Solutions

Problem 1: Airline Charges

An airline charges:

- 3,000 cedis for 2,000 km
- 7,000 cedis for 4,000 km

We are to determine the cost equation.

Solution

Equation of line:

$$y = mx + c$$

$$m = \frac{7000 - 3000}{4000 - 2000} = \frac{4000}{2000} = 2$$

Using (2000, 3000):

$$3000 = 2(2000) + c \implies c = -1000$$

$$\therefore y = 2x - 1000$$

(a) Cost of 3200 km

$$y = 2(3200) - 1000 = 5400$$

Answer: 5,400 cedis

(b) Distance for 4000 cedis

$$4000 = 2x - 1000 \implies x = 2500$$

Answer: 2,500 km

Problem 2: Number of People

Equation:

$$N = 10n + 120$$

(a) When n = 14

$$N = 10(14) + 120 = 260$$

Answer: 260 employees

(b) When N = 190

$$190 = 10n + 120 \quad \Rightarrow \quad n = 7$$

Answer: 7 cafes

Problem 3: Sales Revenue and Advertising

Equation:

$$S = 90000 + 12A$$

(a) When A = 0

$$S = 90000$$

Answer: 90,000 cedis

(b) When A = 8000

$$S = 90000 + 12(8000) = 186000$$

Answer: 186,000 cedis

(c) When S = 150000, find A

$$150000 = 90000 + 12A \implies A = 5000$$

Answer: 5,000 cedis

(d) When A = 1

$$S = 90000 + 12(1) = 90012$$

Answer: 90,012 cedis

Problem 4: Copies (Paper vs Electronic)

Equations:

$$x + y = 35000$$
 (1), $300x + 250y = 9170000$ (2)

Multiply (1) by 250:

$$250x + 250y = 8750000$$

Subtract from (2):

$$50x = 420000 \quad \Rightarrow \quad x = 20000$$

Substitute in (1):

$$20000 + y = 35000 \implies y = 15000$$

Answer: x = 20,000 paper copies, y = 15,000 electronic copies

Problem 5: Differentiation

(a) Total Revenue

$$TR = 50Q - 3Q^2$$
, $\frac{d(TR)}{dQ} = 50 - 6Q$

Answer:
$$\frac{d(TR)}{dQ} = 50 - 6Q$$

(b) Polynomial Function

$$y = -2Q^{3} + 15Q^{2} - 24Q - 3$$
$$\frac{dy}{dQ} = -6Q^{2} + 30Q - 24$$

Answer:
$$\frac{dy}{dQ} = -6Q^2 + 30Q - 24$$

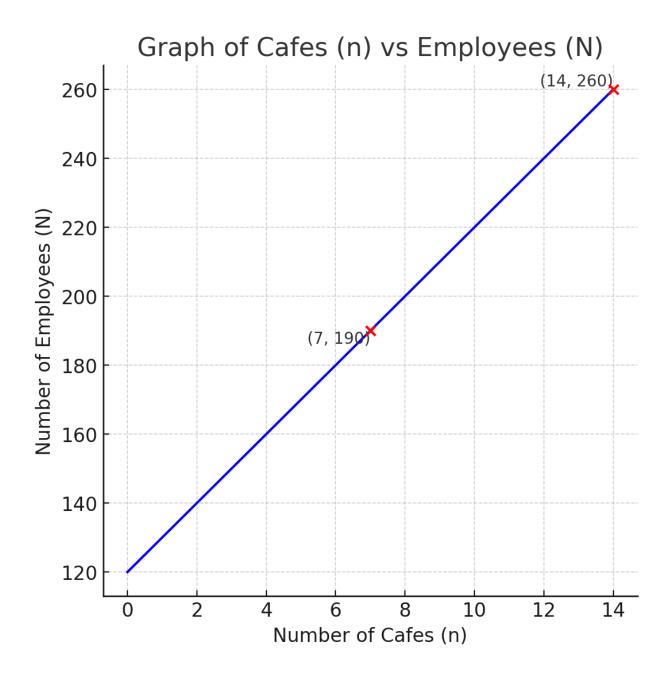


Figure 1: Cafe Number and Employee Graph

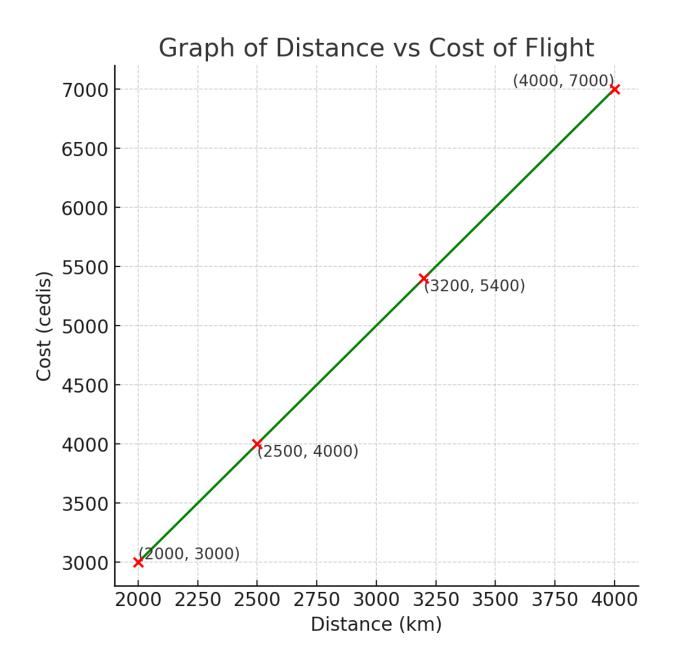


Figure 2: Distance and Flight Cost Graph

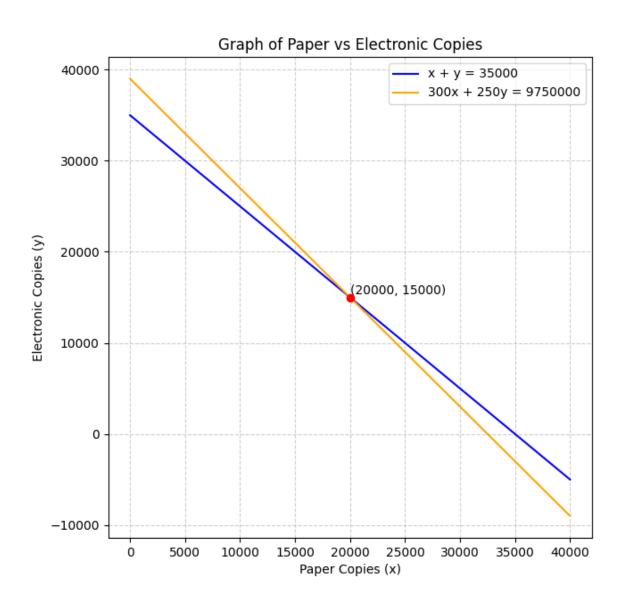


Figure 3: Paper and Electronic Copies Graph