▼ Getting started with neural networks: Classification and regression

Classifying movie reviews: A binary classification example

```
The IMDB dataset
```

```
Loading the IMDB dataset
```

```
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import imdb
(train_data, train_labels), (test_data, test_labels) = imdb.load_data(
    num_words=10000)
```

```
train_data[0]
```

```
104,
88,
4,
381,
297,
98,
32,
2071,
56,
26,
141,
6,
194,
7486,
18,
4,
226,
22,
21,
134.
476,
26,
480,
```

25, 104, 4,

144, 30, 5535, 18, 51, 36, 28, 224,

226, 65, 16,

38, 1334, 88, 12, 16, 283,

16, 4472, 113, 103, 32, 15,

5345, 19, 178, 32]

train_labels[0]

1

Decoding reviews back to text

Preparing the data

Encoding the integer sequences via multi-hot encoding

```
import numpy as np
def vectorize_sequences(sequences, dimension=10000):
    results = np.zeros((len(sequences), dimension))
    for i, sequence in enumerate(sequences):
        for j in sequence:
            results[i, j] = 1.
    return results
x_train = vectorize_sequences(train_data)
x_test = vectorize_sequences(test_data)

x_train[0]
    array([0., 1., 1., ..., 0., 0., 0.])

y_train = np.asarray(train_labels).astype("float32")
y_test = np.asarray(test_labels).astype("float32")
```

Building your model

Model definition and compilation

Validating the data set

```
x_val = x_train[:10000]
partial_x_train = x_train[10000:]
y_val = y_train[:10000]
partial_y_train = y_train[10000:]
```

Training model

```
epochs=20,
batch_size=512,
validation_data=(x_val, y_val))
```

```
Epoch 1/20
  Epoch 2/20
  Epoch 3/20
         :===========] - 1s 26ms/step - loss: 0.2240 - accuracy: 0.9169 - val_loss: 0.3061 - val_accuracy: 0.8778
  30/30 [====
  Epoch 4/20
  30/30 [====
         Epoch 5/20
  30/30 [=============] - 1s 25ms/step - loss: 0.1489 - accuracy: 0.9452 - val_loss: 0.3192 - val_accuracy: 0.8724
  Epoch 6/20
         30/30 [====
  Epoch 7/20
  30/30 [============== - 1s 31ms/step - loss: 0.1027 - accuracy: 0.9636 - val_loss: 0.3231 - val_accuracy: 0.8846
  Epoch 8/20
         :============] - 1s 32ms/step - loss: 0.0765 - accuracy: 0.9753 - val_loss: 0.3449 - val_accuracy: 0.8796
  30/30 [====
  Enoch 9/20
  30/30 [============== - 1s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0599 - accuracy: 0.9833 - val_loss: 0.4233 - val_accuracy: 0.8748
  Epoch 10/20
  30/30 [============] - 1s 40ms/step - loss: 0.0530 - accuracy: 0.9835 - val_loss: 0.4439 - val_accuracy: 0.8734
  Epoch 11/20
  30/30 [=====
         Epoch 12/20
  Epoch 13/20
  30/30 [=====
        Epoch 14/20
  30/30 [============== ] - 1s 22ms/step - loss: 0.0358 - accuracy: 0.9890 - val_loss: 0.4788 - val_accuracy: 0.8791
  Epoch 15/20
  30/30 [=====
        Epoch 16/20
  Epoch 17/20
  30/30 [=============] - 1s 24ms/step - loss: 0.0037 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.5565 - val_accuracy: 0.8765
  Epoch 18/20
  30/30 [=====
         Epoch 19/20
  Epoch 20/20
  history_dict = history.history
history_dict.keys()
  dict_keys(['loss', 'accuracy', 'val_loss', 'val_accuracy'])
```

▼ Training and validation loss

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
history_dict = history.history
loss_values = history_dict["loss"]
val_loss_values = history_dict["val_loss"]
epochs = range(1, len(loss_values) + 1)
plt.plot(epochs, loss_values, "bo", label="Training loss")
plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_values, "b", label="Validation loss")
plt.title("Training and validation loss")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

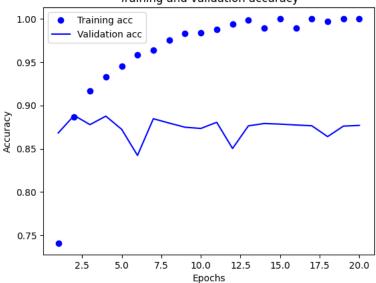
Training and validation loss



Training and validation accuracy

```
plt.clf()
acc = history_dict["accuracy"]
val_acc = history_dict["val_accuracy"]
plt.plot(epochs, acc, "bo", label="Training acc")
plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, "b", label="Validation acc")
plt.title("Training and validation accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Training and validation accuracy



▼ Retraining a model from scratch

```
model = keras.Sequential([
  layers.Dense(64, activation="relu"),
  layers.Dense(64, activation="relu"),
   layers.Dense(1, activation="sigmoid")
])
model.compile(optimizer="rmsprop",
          loss="binary_crossentropy",
          metrics=["accuracy"])
model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=15, batch_size=512)
results = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
   Epoch 1/15
   Epoch 2/15
   49/49 [====
                    =========] - 1s 19ms/step - loss: 0.2613 - accuracy: 0.8981
   Epoch 3/15
   49/49 [====
                                  - 1s 19ms/step - loss: 0.2100 - accuracy: 0.9181
   Epoch 4/15
               49/49 [===:
   Epoch 5/15
                    =========] - 1s 14ms/step - loss: 0.1468 - accuracy: 0.9458
   Epoch 6/15
```

```
Epoch 7/15
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
49/49 [============== ] - 1s 14ms/step - loss: 0.0307 - accuracy: 0.9917
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
49/49 [============== ] - 1s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0236 - accuracy: 0.9938
Epoch 15/15
782/782 [=============] - 3s 3ms/step - loss: 0.5511 - accuracy: 0.8669
```

results

[0.5510864853858948, 0.866919994354248]