

## Department of Computer Science Final-Term Semester Examination – Spring 2024

Course Code: CS-3102L Course Title: Artificial Intelligence Lab

Class/Section: BSCS-6C Time Allowed: 1.5 Hour

Date: 25-06-2024 Max Marks: 40

Course Instructor: Mr. Sagar

Module: A

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Note:

1. Attempt <u>all</u> questions.

#### **Submission Instructions:**

1. Edit in your given .doc file and submit as pdf naming convention cs234477\_BSCS-6C\_A

Q1. Write a block of code ensures that each unvisited neighbor of the current node is added to the openset, its parent is recorded, and the cost to reach it (g[m]) is calculated and stored. This is essential for the A\* algorithm to explore the graph efficiently and reconstruct the shortest path.

```
def update neighbors(n, open set, closed set, parents, g):
#get neighbors gets adjacent neighbors of the nodes
 for (m, weight) in get_neighbors(n):
    if m not in open_set and m not in closed_set:
     open_set.add(m) # this ensures that each unvisited neighbor node is
added to the open set
      parents[m] = n
      g[m] = g[n] + weight
    else:
      if g[m] > g[n] + weight:
         # Update g[m] according to the values
         g[m] = g[n] + weight
         # recording of its parents
         parents[m] = n
         # If m is in the closed set, it is removed and added to the otehr
         if m in closed set:
           closed_set.remove(m)
           open_set.add(m)
```



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**Q2.** Write a piece of code tokenize this sentence: **My friend and I didn't buy anything on our trip** and show the Pos-tagging by using spacy library.

```
import spacy
nlp = spacy.load('en_core_web_sm')

string = "My friend and I didn't buy anything on our trip."
print(string)

doc = nlp(string)

for token in doc:
    print(f"{token.text} :----: {token.pos_}")
```



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- Q3. Write a code to perform following operations.
  - 1. Separate X and Y assume in Dataset 9 (A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, Z) features.
  - 2. Feature Scaling
  - 3. Train Test Split
  - 4. Model Train and Test

```
#assuming we have a df with columns ABCD ....
X = df[['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H', 'Z']]
Y = df['Y']
# feature scaling
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
X_scaled_df = pd.DataFrame(X_scaled, columns=X.columns)
# train
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, Y, test_size=0.2)
#print to verify
#Model Train and Model Test
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(X_train, Y_train)
Y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(Y_test, Y_pred)
print("\nConfusion Matrix:\n", conf_matrix)
```



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**Q4.** Write a function to perform following operations on Textual Dataset.

- 1. Tokenize the Uncleaned Corpus
- 2. Remove Stop Words
- 3. Perform Stemming
- 4. Convert cleaned corpus into the model understandable form.

```
#1. Tokenize the Uncleaned Corpus
texts = [
  "This is the first document. It contains some text.",
  "Here is another document with different text.",
  "And here is the third document with more text."
|# imagine a long array
tokenized_texts = []
# nltk is imported and relevant set is downloaded
  for text in texts:
    # Tokenize the uncleaned corpus
    tokens = word_tokenize(text)
    tokenized_texts.append(tokens)
  print(tokenized_texts)
# 2 filter out stop words
#say stopword is downloaded from library
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
words = [w for w in words if w in stop words]
print(words)
# 3 stemming
stemmed_texts = []
#tokens are already made in #1
  for text in texts:
    stemmed_tokens = [ps.stem(token) for token in tokens]
    stemmed_texts.append(stemmed_tokens)
  print(stemmed_texts)
#this is all done using the relevant libraries
cleaned_corpus = []
  for text in texts:
   cleaned_text = ' '.join(tokens)
   cleaned_corpus.append(cleaned_text)
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
X = vectorizer.fit_transform(cleaned_corpus).toarray()
print(X) #X is now pre processed!
```



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